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BAKER PROPOSES PLAN TO REVIVE CAIRO TALKS REJECTED BY ISRAEL By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- U.S. Secretary's of State James Baker has sent the foreign ministrates of Israel and Egypt a five-point plan aimed at reviving Egyptian-brokered negotiations between Israeli and Palestinian delegations.

The move comes after Israel's Inner Cabinet on Friday deadlocked 6-6 along party lines in a vote on Egypt's invitation to host preliminary Israeli-Palestinian negotiations in Cairo. A tie vote is by law a negative one.

The American plan, which was transmitted in writing Sunday, calls for Israeli-Palestinian talks in Cairo, based on Israel's May 14 plan for Palestinian elections in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

It suggests consultations among Israel, Egypt and the United States over the composition of the Palestinian delegation to participate in such talks. And it specifically proposes that the foreign ministers of Israel and Egypt come to Washington, within two weeks, to meet with Baker.

The American plan appears to be a response to calls from the Likud bloc to help Israel and Egypt reach agreement on the scope of and participants in preliminary negotiations in Cairo, first proposed last month by Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak.

While the six Likud ministers in the Inner Cabinet formally voted against Mubarak's invitation during Friday's session, Likud is apparently unwilling to bear the onus of obstructionism.

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, the Likud eader, reportedly cabled Washington after Friday's vote to say that he did not want the peace nitiative to die.

Shamir is due to meet at the White House with President Bush on Nov. 15 and apparently vants to ensure that there is still momentum in he peace process at that time.

hone Calls With Baker

Labor, whose six ministers supported the gyptian invitation, indicated it would not break p the unity coalition government, pending new merican efforts to keep the initiative alive.

Following the vote, Baker spoke by telehone to Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Arens of ikud and his Egyptian counterpart, Esmat Abdel leguid.

The State Department would not reveal etails of the conversations. But it now appears sey were the first of a series of intensive diploatic contacts over the weekend that resulted in a five-point Baker plan.

Baker said Sunday on NBC-TV's "Meet the ess" program that he had discussed "some ecific language" that the two foreign ministers ere considering.

"This is not a separate or competing prosal," he insisted. "What we are trying to do is implement the basic Shamir election proposal.

"We are working with language to try to idge the gap between Israelis, on the one side, d Palestinians on the other. And we will contue to work very hard to do that," he said.

But the secretary of state rejected suggesons that the United States play a more active involved. But we are not involved by getting on an airplane and flying over to the Middle East," he made clear.

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Shamir, in an interview Tuesday with the daily Ha'aretz, credited the United States with being "very interested in promoting the peace initiative. They really want to help," he said.

But the prime minister added, "That does not mean that we have to accept everything that they say or think up."

The Baker plan seeks to overcome one of the thorniest issues blocking Likud's acceptance of the Egyptian proposal for Israeli-Palestinian talks in Cairo: the composition of the Palestinian delegation.

Likud Hard-Liners To Convene

Likud will not countenance negotiating with a Palestinian delegation that includes anyone from outside the West Bank and Gaza Strip whom it considers would automatically be an agent of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Shamir reiterated in the Ha'aretz interview that Israel would accept American efforts to revive the peace initiative only if they ensure that the PLO has no role whatsoever in the proposed talks.

He said the Egyptian proposal as it now stands "means a delegation set up by the PLO, and that contravenes the policy guidelines of our government."

While Shamir wants to avoid being painted as the obstacle to further progress in the peace process, he also is facing trouble from extremist elements of his party who oppose any approach to the Palestinians.

Hard-line Ministers Ariel Sharon and Yitzhak Moda'i are urging Shamir and Arens to reject the Baker proposal. To further that end, they have called a meeting of their supporters in the Likud Central Committee to be held in Tel Aviv on Wednesday night.

Moreover, the so-called "Eretz Yisrael Lobby" of Knesset members assembled in Jerusalem on Tuesday to demand that Shamir resolutely reject the American effort.

The group is composed of about 30 Knesset members representing elements of Likud, the National Religious Party and the right-wing Tehiya, Tsomet and Moledet parties.

But Shamir dismissed the lobby. Their activities are "superfluous and damaging," he told Ha'aretz.

(JTA correspondents David Friedman and Howard Rosenberg in Washington contributed to this report.)

IMPASSE ON PEACE PROCESS LEADS TO RENEWED VIOLENCE IN TERRITORIES By Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Arab activists used the latest impasse in the peace process to escalate violence in the West Bank and Gaza Strip on Yom Kippur.

Five Palestinians were killed in fierce clashes with Israeli security forces Monday. A sixth was shot dead by a fellow Arab.

Two Israeli soldiers were burned in a Molo-



tov cocktail attack in Nablus. More Israeli cars were set afire in East Jerusalem, bringing to 21 the number torched this month.

! The latest upsurge, in response to a leaflet issued by the intifada leadership, was seen by Arabs and Israelis alike as a calculated reaction to the Inner Cabinet's rejection by tie vote Friday of Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's invitation to host an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue in Cairo.

The local leadership of the uprising, apparently under guidance of the Palestine Liberation Organization, felt that in face of the hardened Israeli position it too should adopt a hard line.

"The intifada will now become stronger, more effective, but still without the use of firearms," said Faisal Husseini, an influential Palestinian from East Jerusalem whom the Israelis regard as a supporter of the PLO.

The Palestinian community generally was disappointed with the outcome of the Inner Cabinet meeting, especially since the intensive political activity of the past month raised expectations.

Hopes Shifted To Washington

They have now shifted their hopes from United States to pressure Israel to accept the PLO as a negotiating partner.

Minister Yitzhak Shamir is to meet with President Bush at the White House.

Although Shamir has always insisted he would never yield to pressure if it were applied by his American ally, the Palestinians are convinced he dare not show up in Washington without some concessions.

They believe, accordingly, that the Israeli leader will offer more if the intifada intensifies and regains the attention of the world news media, which it has lost in recent months.

"We shall escalate the struggle so that the Israelis understand that there is no other way but to talk to the Palestinians," said Husseini, whose name has appeared on several lists of a potential Palestinian negotiating team.

Only the radical left wing in the Palestinian camp was pleased by the Inner Cabinet's rejectionist vote.

It is their belief that only a further deterioration of the situation in the territories will force the Israelis to accept a solution.

Moderate Palestinians, however, are speaking of the need to shift Israeli public opinion in favor of peaceful compromise. They have readymade allies in the Israeli Peace Now movement.

Last week, Peace Now attempted to hold a dialogue with Palestinian moderates in the West Bank town of Tulkarm.

They were barred by Israel Defense Force roadblocks. Hundreds of Israelis and Palestinians demonstrated on both sides of the barrier.

The Israeli authorities seem determined to prevent ad hoc peace initiatives by the local populace, Israeli or Arab. They have banned a Palestinian news conference in East Jerusalem.

They have prevented diplomats and journalists from visiting the Arab town of Beit Sahur, where the residents are on a tax strike.

That ban was ridiculed in an editorial Tuesday in the Hebrew daily Ha'aretz. "As a result of the blocking efforts, the Beit Sahur event received more local and international attention than otherwise," the newspaper pointed out.

HUSSEIN, WARNING OF VIOLENCE, SAYS NEXT MOVE IS UP TO ISRAEL By Ruth E. Gruber

ROME, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Italian leaders now on a one-week visit to the United States agreed with King Hussein of Jordan on Monday that the next move in the Middle East peace process is up to Israel.

The Jordanian ruler conferred here with Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti, Foreign Minister Gianni de Michelis and President Francesco Cossiga.

Cossiga and Andreotti flew Tuesday to Washington, where presumably the Middle East will figure in their talks with U.S. officials.

They appeared to concur in Hussein's analysis of the situation in light of the Israeli government's rejection last Friday of Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's 10-point guideline for an Israeli-Palestinian dialogue in Cairo.

The visiting monarch warned that the Palestinian uprising in the territories, or intifada, will turn into a full-fledged revolt and only the extremists will benefit.

"The process begun in December 1987 by the intifada is irreversible," he declared. "All over Cairo to Washington, apparently expecting the the world the climate has changed, except in the Middle East, and this is inconceivable."

Hussein insisted it is up to Israel to make Their target date is Nov. 15, when Prime the next move to unfreeze the peace process. Palestine Liberation Organization leader Yasir Arafat has done all that he is able, he said.

> Israel's rejection of Mubarak's proposals does not mean that it is up to the Arabs to make another initiative, Hussein added.

ISRAEL SUFFERS FIRST SETBACK OF NEW U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY By Allison Kaplan

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Israel received its first setback of the 44th General Assembly on Friday, when the world body voted 140-2 to condemn Israeli policies in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

Only the United States and Israel voted against the measure, which was sponsored by 21 Arab nations and a number of non-aligned countries.

Eleven countries were absent for the vote, and six nations abstained: Antigua, El Salvador, Grenada, St. Vincent and the Grenadines, Uruguay, and Zaire.

The resolution charges that Israel "violates the human rights of Palestinian people in the occupied Palestinian territory." Specifically, Israel is condemned for shooting civilians, demolishing homes and detaining and deporting Palestinians.

Secretary-General Javier Percz de Cuellar is requested in the resolution to assess the situation, and the Security Council is asked to take urgent measures to "provide international protection" to Palestinians in the territories.

Speaking before the vote, Johanan Bein, Israel's acting U.N. ambassador, called the resolution "vitriolic rhetoric." Referring to the recent Palestinian arson in northern Israel, Bein said that some of the resolution's sponsors "would prefer to have the peace process destroyed like the charred forests of Mount Carmel."

Israel expects its next major challenge in the General Assembly to come next week, when the Arab nations are likely to mount their annual drive to deny Israel credentials.

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UNESCO LIKELY TO POSTPONE VOTE ON ADMITTING PLO STATE UNTIL 1991 By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- The Palestine Liberation Organization's bid for admission to UNESCO as a Palestinian state has been effectively sidetracked as a result of strong pressure from the United States and its Western European allies.

The 51-member executive committee, which is the governing body of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, is expected to adopt a resolution to defer the PLO's request for two years, diplomatic sources said Tuesday.

The resolution will be voted on Wednesday and will be submitted, for almost certain approval, to the UNESCO General Conference, the agency's equivalent of the General Assembly, which convenes here from Oct. 17 to Nov. 16.

If the resolution passes, the PLO's request for full membership will not come up for debate until UNESCO's General Conference convenes here for its 136th session in October 1991.

The resolution was drafted after intensive lobbying against PLO membership by the Western European delegations and the U.S. observer mission.

John Bolton, the U.S. assistant secretary of state for international organization affairs, played a pivotal role, according to diplomatic sources here.

Bolton wrote a strongly worded letter last week to UNESCO's director general, Federico Mayor Zaragoza, warning that admission of the PLO would kill any chance of the United States rejoining the agency.

The United States withdrew from UNESCO in 1985, charging mismanagement and anti-Western

bias.

Bolton also argued that a new status for the PLO in UNESCO would seriously harm the ongoing peace process in the Middle East.

Privileges Granted To PLO State

Writing similar letters to the UNESCO official were Sen. Daniel Patrick Moynihan (D-N.Y.) and a bipartisan group of five members of the U.S. House of Representatives, led by Rep. Gus Yatron (D-Pa.).

Yatron is chairman of the House Foreign Affairs subcommittee on human rights and inter-

national organizations.

The resolution was introduced by a bloc of countries that support the PLO's aspirations, yet

it was to some degree a compromise.

While for all practical purposes it postpones the issue of admission, it would grant the "Palestinian state" certain cultural and educational privileges.

But it falls far short of full membership

rights.

The countries sponsoring the resolution were Qatar, Malaysia, Indonesia, Egypt, Cuba, Sri Lanka, East Germany, Jordan, Mauritania, India and Senegal.

The resolution represents the latest of several setbacks for the PLO this year in its efforts to gain international recognition as a sovereign state.

The General Assembly of the World Health Organization, meeting in Geneva last spring, also voted to postpone for two years a PLO request for membership.

LONG CONVOY OF SUPPORTERS FOLLOWS ABIE NATHAN TO JAIL By Hugh Orgel

TEL AVIV, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Peace activist Abie Nathan, escorted by a noisy 1,000-car convoy of supporters, reported to the Eyal minimum-security prison Tuesday morning to begin serving a six-month sentence.

Nathan was sentenced last week for violating a 1986 law against contacts with terrorists. He freely admitted that he met with Palestine Liberation Organization chief Yasir Arafat and other PLO figures in Tunis and Paris several times last year.

He made clear he will continue such activities when he is released from jail if they can advance the cause of peace.

His arrival at prison was itself a peace rally. Nathan was accompanied by some 2,000 well-

wishers who honked horns and blew bugles.

Loudspeakers on cars blared the familiar signature of Nathan's "Voice of Peace" radio ship, which broadcasts peace messages and pop music from international waters.

Scores of Knesset members from the Labor Party and left-wing factions were in the throng along with popular entertainers.

A heavy police force diverted traffic from the site of the impromptu rally and kept away a small number of counterdemonstrators from Rabbi Meir Kahane's Kach movement.

Before entering the jail, which is less a prison than a training school for prison guards, Nathan held aloft an olive branch.

"They've clipped my wings only for a little while, but they know I will be back on the air and I will be back to fly to every corner of the Earth if I have to, to search out the enemy, or what we call the enemy, and to talk to him, to convince him," Nathan said.

AMBULANCES BUSY, STREETS QUIET DURING YOM KIPPUR IN ISRAEL By Hugh Orgel

TEL AVIV, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Magen David Adom ambulances were stoned as they raced through the streets of some Israeli citics and towns on medical emergencies Monday.

The culprits were not ultra-Orthodox Jews outraged by violations of Yom Kippur strictures, but indolent youths bored by the quiet of the day, the authorities said.

Magen David Adom, which operates ambulance and first-aid services in Israel, reported answering 2,269 emergency calls during the 24hour fast that began at sundown Sunday.

A spokesman said MDA paramedics rushed 749 people from their homes to hospitals for emergency treatment during the day, including heart attack victims. Mobile intensive-care units handled another 99 cases.

In addition, MDA ambulances transported 83 pregnant women in labor to hospitals. First aid was rendered to 121 young children who fell off bicycles or skateboards. One youth, 17-year-old Ilan Najjar of Netanya, died of a fractured skull suffered when he fell off his bicycle.

More than 100 fasting worshipers were treated at synagogues for hunger or heat fatigue.

Apart from the ambulances, the only vehicles on the streets were those operated by the military, police or firefighters, as well as cars transporting workers to operate public utilities.



THOUSANDS MOURN SLAIN JEWISH LEADER; POLICE HAVE NO SOLID LEADS IN MURDER By Yossi Lempkowicz

BRUSSELS, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Some 5,000 mourners, senior government officials and church dignitaries among them, attended the funeral of slain Jewish community leader Joseph Wybran here last Friday.

A massive police investigation has yet to yield solid clues to the murderer of Wybran, a medical doctor who was mortally wounded on Oct. 3 by a bullet fired into his head in the parking lot of Erasmus Hospital.

The authorities now tend to dismiss the claims of responsibility made by Islamic extremists and an obscure Palestinian terrorist group.

They are not ruling out, however, the possibility that Wybran was the victim of extreme right-wing Catholic terrorists, incensed over his efforts to negotiate the removal of a Carmelite convent from the grounds of the former Auschwitz death camp in Poland.

Wybran, 49, was chairman of the Coordinating Committee of Jewish Organizations in Belgium, representing the country's 30,000 Jews.

He was the first European Jewish leader murdered since World War II. Apart from reacting with profound sadness to his death, Jews here are nervous that the murder might be the prelude to other terrorist acts against them.

Justice Minister Melchior Wathelet, one of several ministers attending the funeral, promised the Jewish community the government would "use all means to find the killers. No clue will be neglected," he said.

So far, only a burnt-out car has been found near Erasmus Hospital, where Wybran headed the department of immunology, hematology and blood transfusions.

Police say it may be connected to the killer, but they have no proof yet.

Cooperation With Israel

But police investigators tagged the murder from the outset as terrorist-motivated.

That brought a claim last week from an extremist Islamic group in Beirut calling itself "Soldiers of Righteousness" that it executed Wybran because he was an agent of the Mossad, the Israeli intelligence agency.

The police here took that seriously for a time, because the same shadowy group also claimed credit for the murder here last March of a Saudi Arabian national who headed the Islamic Center in Brussels.

It claimed, as well, to have been the kidnappers of a Belgian doctor in Lebanon, Jan Cools, whom it accused of being a Mossad agent. Cools was released unharmed in June.

Last Thursday, Brussels newspapers received anonymous letters from an organization calling itself "Palestine Proud and Free," which claimed to have killed the Jewish leader with the support of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

The PLO office in Brussels promptly denied involvement with Wybran's death and said allegations to the contrary were "gross provocations."

Belgian security agencies are working with Israeli intelligence. So far, leads have been few.

Wybran was buried at the Jewish cemetery in Kraainem, near Brussels. Dignitaries at the funeral, included Justice Minister Wathelet, Foreign Minister Mark Eyskins and Cardinal Godfried Daneels, the Catholic primate of Belgium.

TWO BROOKLYN TEEN-AGE YOUTHS ATTACKED OUTSIDE HILLEL HOUSE By J.J. Goldberg
The New York Jewish Week

NEW YORK, Oct. 10 (JTA) -- Two Jewish students were severely injured in an apparently anti-Semitic attack just outside Brooklyn College, after attending a fraternity party at the college's Hillel House last weekend.

The students, Steven Weisburg and Joshua Fogel, both age 19, were leaving a fraternity party when they were set on by an estimated 10 to 20 white males. The assailants reportedly taunted them with ethnic slurs and then attacked without provocation.

A third student, Steven Eilat, 18, who left the party shortly after Weisburg and Fogel, was slightly injured when he attempted to intervene.

Weisburg was hospitalized with a lacerated spleen, which was removed, as well as skull fractures and leg injuries. Fogel had a fractured skull, a broken nose and bruises all over his body. Both were listed in satisfactory condition.

Police were said to be focusing their investigation on a street gang based nearby, known as the Kings Highway Boys, named after the street that runs nearby.

The gang is predominantly Italian-American, according to various community sources, but also includes some Irish-American and Hispanic members. Sources say it has engaged in a series of assaults on blacks and others over the last few years.

All three Jewish students are graduates of local yeshiva high schools. Both Weisburg and Fogel spent last year studying in Israel, Weisburg at Bar-Ilan University and Fogel at the Neveh Zion yeshiva, according to New York City Councilman Noach Dear, who represents a nearby section of Flatbush.

Weisburg had been planning to return to Israel after Sukkot to continue his studies at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem, said Sarah Bulka, assistant principal at the Yeshivah of Flatbush.

May Help Hate-Crimes Bill

The attack touched off a flood of public statements from politicians and Jewish organizational figures, from mayoral candidates David Dinkins and Rudolph Giuliani to the American Jewish Congress, American Jewish Committee and Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith.

Giuliani visited the youths in the hospital, as did Israeli Consul General Uriel Savir and Dinkins' wife, Joyce. Dinkins telephoned the youths in the hospital from California.

The Bias Crimes Unit of the New York City Police Department assigned at least five officers to assist in the local precinct's investigation.

Investigators were said to be gathering information from eyewitnesses and were reportedly close to issuing arrest warrants for four youths in their late teens and early 20s.

The incident appears to have strengthened demands for the New York State Legislature to pass a stalled hate-crimes bill, which would add special penalties for violent crimes motivated by racial, ethnic, religious or sexual prejudice.

The bill has been held up in the state Senate by the Republican majority, which objects to the sections designating anti-homosexual violence as a bias crime.

Brooklyn College students planned to hold a rally Wednesday outside Hillel House.