

**SHAMIR INTENDS TO PRESENT THE  
 INNER CABINET WITH HIS OWN PEACE  
 PLAN BASED ON DIRECT TALKS WITH  
 JORDAN AND THE CAMP DAVID ACCORDS**  
 By David Landau

JERUSALEM, May 10 (JTA) -- Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir said Sunday he would present the Inner Cabinet with his own peace plan, based on direct talks with Jordan and on the Camp David Accords. In a television interview on the eve of the fateful Inner Cabinet debate on an international conference for Middle East peace, Shamir said his plan would also contain "places, times and procedures -- that is, matters of tactics." But he would reveal these only to the Inner Cabinet itself.

The 10-member Inner Cabinet is to meet Monday morning to begin what is likely to be a long discussion of Foreign Minister Shimon Peres' proposal that Israel agree to an international conference -- on certain conditions. Peres has pledged that if the Cabinet balks at his plan, he will urge Shamir to agree to dissolve the Knesset and hold new elections.

Shamir in his interview said that he objected to Peres' proposals and that they were unrealistic. His own proposal, on the other hand, accorded with the original coalition agreement of the unity government, and he urged that the government stay in power and act according to its original platform. To force elections now would be "irresponsible," Shamir added. He did not rule out an effort by Likud to set up a narrow-based government if Labor left the unity coalition.

**Shamir's Top Aide Flies To Washington**

Earlier Sunday, Shamir's top aide, Yossef Ben-Aharon, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, flew to Washington to brief Secretary of State George Shultz and other key Administration figures on Shamir's plan and on the Premier's and Likud leader's objections to Peres' proposals.

Peres' bureau stated Sunday that this high official's mission was arranged without the Foreign Minister's prior knowledge or consent.

Political observers said Ben-Aharon's purpose in meeting with U.S. Administration officials, the Congress and the media, would be above all to counter the Likud's negative and anti-peace image.

In his interview, Shamir cast doubt on Peres' scenario of an "international opening" to be followed at once by substantive bilateral negotiations between Israel and each of the Arab parties in regional working groups. He said Peres was "the only one using this term 'international opening,'" and that "we know the Russians demand a real conference -- not merely a ceremonial start."

Regarding Peres' assertion that the U.S. was committed to leave the conference, along with Israel, if other parties contravened the agreed-upon ground rules, Shamir said this too was unrealistic.

"One does not enter into such a serious thing as a conference in order to leave it," he said. Israel would stay, even if the course of events at the conference did not go according to

its liking. "Therefore we ought not to rely on the memorandum of understanding between Peres and Shultz or on similar things," the Premier said.

He rejected the view that Likud was confronted with the option of "peace or territories" and said that if real negotiations got under way he would have "offers to make to King Hussein ... not necessarily territorial ... One must use one's imagination."

**Refuses To Withdraw Accusation Against Peres**

The Premier did not withdraw an accusation attributed to him in the media here that Peres is ready to negotiate with the PLO. He said he could not disclose the factual grounds for this charge. But he conceded that one piece of evidence was the weekend statement of the Maltese Prime Minister that Peres' aide, Avraham Tamir, had sent messages, through him, to PLO chief Yasir Arafat and to Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi.

Tamir and Peres' spokesman, Uri Savir, Sunday both denied this. Shamir said he did not believe "one hundred percent" either the original statement by the Maltese leader or the denial ...

Peres, meanwhile, has cancelled a visit to Argentina and other South American countries scheduled for next week.

He intends to fly to the U.S. for a brief visit this week where he will meet with the Secretary of State. But he plans to be home by the weekend in order to continue his fight for the conference proposal.

**BARBIE TRIAL TO OPEN MONDAY;  
 STUNNING REVELATIONS EXPECTED**  
 By Edwin Eytan

LYON, May 10 (JTA) -- The trial of Klaus Barbie, the "butcher of Lyon," will open here Monday in a blaze of global media attention unprecedented for this city of 457,000 in east central France which he ruled by terror 45 years ago as the regional Gestapo chief.

The apparent world-wide fascination with this trial, however, does not stem from the nature of Barbie's crimes. The litany of Nazi horrors has been unfolded many times, in many places over the past four decades; Barbie's contribution to the Holocaust was smaller in scope and scale than many others. He was, after all, only a local chieftain.

What has drawn 800 accredited reporters from all over the world to Lyon this week -- five American television networks, three from West Germany, two from Japan, three French, one from Turkey and at least a dozen more from other countries -- are stunning revelations expected about collaboration with the Nazis of high-ranking Frenchmen, including members of the resistance, and the American role in protecting Barbie after the war and spiriting him to safe haven in Bolivia where he lived as a prosperous businessman until expelled in 1983.

Barbie's lawyer, Jacques Verges, a fiercely controversial maverick, described as "brilliant" by some, a past master of media manipulation by others, has promised to reveal "new names, new

facts," linking highly respected persons, many still living, with Barbie's Gestapo activities.

There is, in addition, the suspenseful drama of confrontation, not only in the courtroom, but already building up in the streets between Holocaust survivors and neo-Nazi activists for whom the "butcher of Lyon" is a hero.

On the eve of the trial, members of the Jewish community and of various associations of deportees, joined by Holocaust survivors and prosecuting attorneys representing the families of victims, made a tragic pilgrimage to Izieu, a village southeast of Lyon, where 44 Jewish children were arrested at an orphanage and deported to the gas chambers of Auschwitz at Barbie's orders.

The pilgrimage also visited the Jewish community building in Lyon and then stood with bowed heads at the local prison and tobacco factory, buildings used by the Gestapo for torture. Jews and non-Jews alike took part in the silent demonstration.

In another part of Lyon, several hundred neo-Nazis gathered to chant "Barbie is innocent" and to sing Nazi wartime marches. Thousands of letters, some claiming the Holocaust was a hoax, others brazenly threatening prosecution lawyers with "just retribution," have been circulating in Lyon for days before the trial.

As Marek Halter, the French Jewish writer, author of the international best-seller, "The Book of Abraham," and Holocaust survivor, remarked, "The trial is a must, but it runs the risk of turning into a catastrophe."

#### Formal Charges Against Barbie

Barbie will be formally charged with "crimes against humanity" for which the maximum penalty is life imprisonment. He is 73. The charges are based on the deportations from Izieu; the arrest and deportation of 86 Jews in a raid on the Jewish community offices in February 1943; and the organization of the last convoy of deportees from the city while Allied armies battered at its gates.

Barbie is also charged with arrests, maltreatment of prisoners, torture and deportation to certain death in hundreds of cases.

Barbie was taken into custody in January 1983 after his ouster from Bolivia at a time when the rightwing military junta was briefly displaced by a civilian regime. He has been incarcerated at the Lyon prison, the same one used by the Gestapo, for four years. During that period, trial dates were announced and then postponed. Some observers believed the French were reluctant to place Barbie in the prisoner's dock for what he might reveal about France under the collaborationist Vichy regime.

#### Vows a Scandalous Expose

Verges has vowed a scandalous expose. The Gestapo and pro-German French militia archives found after the war disclosed a revolting record. While many of the French Jews who survived owe their lives to the humanity and courage of their non-Jewish neighbors, the archives record over a million denunciations against Jews and resistance fighters.

Verges is expected to use these documents to shatter the myth of a uniformly brave and united France opposed to the German occupation. He may also try to raise the case of Jean Moulin, France's wartime resistance leader who was betrayed to the Gestapo by some of his associates

and died under torture. If the court prevents him from entering those documents, Verges said "I shall do so on the court steps in front of the television cameras."

His revelations could also embarrass the United States. Barbie worked for American military intelligence in Germany during the immediate postwar years. He and other Nazi war criminals were recruited for their alleged knowledge of Communists as the cold war between East and West began almost the moment the war against Hitler ended.

It is believed that Verges may try to put on the stand the American secret services to expose their amoral use of Barbie; and pro-Western Latin American dictators as well. Barbie served as advisor to at least two Presidents of Bolivia.

Verges himself has long been a favorite media subject. He gives it what it wants. (Recently he posed in a bubble bath for Paris Match). He has built a reputation for defending reprehensible "lost causes."

His clients included the notorious Hilarion Capucci, the Greek Catholic Archbishop of Jerusalem who served a prison term in Israel for smuggling arms to terrorists. Last winter he defended a Lebanese terrorist, Ibrahim Abdullah, who was charged with masterminding a wave of bombings in Paris last fall.

Barbie himself, arrogant, unrepentant, paces in his cell. The few outsiders who have seen him say he is as defiant as he was when arrested four years ago. He is also reported in poor health.

#### Precautionary Measures Taken

Meanwhile, as the climactic opening of the trial approaches, the city's monumental Palais de La Justice has been renovated for the occasion. A special hall has been built to accommodate the hundreds of journalists, victims' families and a small army of prosecution lawyers and court clerks.

Barbie will sit in a dock protected by bullet-proof glass. He will face nine jurors and the three magistrates who will preside at the trial. He will travel from prison to court and back each day in a specially built armored car.

The trial is expected to last 8-10 weeks. It will hear 93 witnesses for the prosecution, the most notable perhaps being Nobel Peace Laureate Elie Wiesel and Simone Veil, former President of the Parliament of Europe. Both are Auschwitz survivors.

#### **GRATEFUL FOR U.S. FINANCIAL AID, ROSENNE NOTES THAT U.S.-ISRAEL RELATIONS IS A TWO-WAY STREET** By Judith Colp

WASHINGTON, May 10 (JTA) -- Israeli Ambassador Meir Rosenne said Thursday that funds from the United States have enabled Israel to strengthen its economy.

But he said relations between the two countries are a "two-way street," and Israel has been an important U.S. ally.

Rosenne, who is scheduled to leave the Israeli Embassy at the end of the month, made his remarks at a farewell dinner hosted by the Prime Minister's Club and Ambassador's Society of Trustees of the Israel Bond Organization.

Rosenne said Israel has saved the U.S. billions of dollars by sharing sophisticated technology. He cited Israel's participation in SDI (Strategic Defense Initiative) and the building of

a transmitter for the Voice of America. But he noted that the "future and strength of Israel depends upon its capacity to build a society with a safe economy, and the U.S. has helped us a lot by bringing down inflation."

Rosenne said the future of Jewish emigration from the Soviet Union will depend on Israel's ability to provide housing and jobs.

Robert Keats, president of the Prime Minister's Club, admitted that "while relations between the U.S. and Israel have basically been excellent, there have been periods characterized by differences," such as in 1983, when Rosenne arrived in Washington. Keats was referring the disagreement over the war in Lebanon.

"But our relations have reached a new high," Keats said. Rosenne, whose successor has not yet been named, noted that it's not the diplomats who are responsible for good (U.S.-Israel) relations.

"The great hero is the Jewish Israeli citizen who serves three years in the army and in the reserves until the age of 55, and who pays the highest income tax in the world, and who in spite of the terrorist attacks keeps on smiling and fighting for a better tomorrow," he said.

#### PASSOVER FOOD SENT BY CJC TO CUBA'S JEWISH COMMUNITY MEETS WITH MISHAPS AND FAILS TO ARRIVE FOR THE HOLIDAY

By Ben Kayfetz

TORONTO, May 10 (JTA) -- The 900-member Jewish community in Cuba went without matzot and other Passover foods this year because the thousands of pounds of edibles donated by the Canadian Jewish Congress did not arrive in time to be distributed for the first seder, the CJC learned. One report from Havana said the shipment by sea never arrived and the CJC is considering other means of transportation.

Ian Kagedan, religious affairs director of the CJC, said the ship carrying 16,500 pounds of matzot, cooking oil and grape juice was unable to leave Montreal in mid-March as scheduled because of ice conditions in the St. Lawrence, and because the agents insisted the ship could not sail without a full cargo.

The vessel departed on April 4 and arrived at Havana April 12, the day before the first seder. Nevertheless, the CJC received a wireless message from Jose Blumenkranz, president of the Cuban Jewish community, conveying its thanks for the gift.

#### Ship Never Docked In Havana

However, Kagedan reported he was telephoned on April 16 by Raquel Markizer, whom he described as a community leader, to tell him the ship never docked in Havana.

Canada is the closest source of Passover foods for Cuban Jews because the U.S. embargo forbids trade with Cuba. But most of the products originate in the U.S. and are imported into Canada only during the 60 days before the holiday. This makes for a very tight schedule, especially when Passover falls earlier in the spring before the St. Lawrence is ice-free.

The CJC is considering future shipments by air which would escalate the costs from \$4,200 to \$25,000, excluding insurance. Because of the added expense, shipments by air may be limited to matzot.

#### CANADA CALLS ON E. GERMANY TO PAY WAR REPARATIONS

By Michael Solomon

MONTREAL, May 10 (JTA) -- Joe Clark, Secretary of State for External Affairs, has called on East Germany to pay compensation to former German Jews now living in Canada for the confiscation of their property by the Nazis during World War II.

Clark, who requested some \$4 million while visiting East Berlin last week, told East Germany's leader, Erich Honecker, that Canada supports a World Jewish Congress call for a moral payment for wrongs inflicted by the Nazis during the Holocaust.

Canada, Clark said, wants a lump-sum payment for the confiscation of property owned by Canadians of German descent, but East Germany said it prefers to look at the matter case-by-case. Officials in the Canadian Embassy in East Berlin told reporters that East German Foreign Minister Oskar Fischer did not respond directly to Clark's request.

Clark also raised the demand that East Germany join West Germany in acknowledging German responsibility for what was done to the Jews by Hitler's government. The East German position is that it is not responsible for the Nazis' action.

#### PERES, HUSSEIN HAVE AGREED ON WEST BANK FORMULA, SAYS SCHOLAR

By Yitzhak Rabi

NEW YORK, May 10 (JTA) -- A leading American expert on the Middle East, with close ties to Washington, Jerusalem and the major Arab capitals, said that Jordan's King Hussein and Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres have agreed to a formula "on mutual territorial accommodation in the West Bank."

Prof. Howard Sachar, author of the just-published "A History of Israel, Volume II" (Oxford University Press, \$19.95), said in a special interview with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here that he learned of the agreement from "well placed officials" in Washington.

Sachar's report was similar to recent Israeli press accounts of a secret accord under which Israel and Jordan would exercise joint control in the West Bank and Gaza Strip pending a final peace settlement.

"I believe there is a good chance to reach a peace agreement between Israel and Jordan," said Sachar, the author of nine books about the Middle East and Israel and a history professor at George Washington University, Washington, D.C.

"Significant contacts between Israeli Labor (Party) leaders and Jordan have been established in the last two years. There have been general meetings of the minds in the course of these contacts," Sachar said. Hussein, Sachar maintained, has consented to de facto bilateral negotiations with Israel "under the nominal framework of an international conference."

Hussein also agreed, Sachar said, not to include "identified members of the Palestine Liberation Organization" in his delegation to the international conference.

**NEW SIDDURIM FOR HUNGARY**

NEW YORK, May 10 (JTA) -- The American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee (JDC) will publish the first Hungarian siddur to be printed in that country since the war. JDC president Heinz Eppler announced that the agreement to publish 5,000 siddurim was worked out at a meeting in Hungary last month between JDC executive vice president Ralph Goldman and members of the Hungarian government.

"This new printing will provide a full supply of siddurim for the Hungarian Jewish community," said Eppler. "JDC has an extensive social service program there, and we are very pleased that we can also make this valuable contribution to the community's religious life."

JDC is working with the Jewish community of Budapest to publish the Pollak Siddur, a Hungarian translation by Rabbi Miksa Pollak, originally published in 1924. The translation was reprinted in the 1960's in Tel Aviv by Sinai Publishing, which granted permission for the present Budapest printing.

"This is a bilingual siddur," said Goldman. "The Hungarian version is well done from a literary point of view, and it reflects the spirit of the prayer. For example, where the prayer includes quotations from the Bible, Rabbi Pollak makes reference to where the quotation is located in the Bible." The Pollak Siddur also includes a summary of the important aspects of all Jewish holidays.

According to Rabbi Alfred Schoner, the Grand Rabbi of Hungary, the new siddurim will be used in synagogue services and Talmud Torah classes. He said the new edition will make the services and classes more pleasant for all participants.

Pollak was rabbi of a synagogue in Sopron, Hungary, from 1894 to 1944. He was highly regarded as a preacher, historian, and literary scholar, and wrote histories of the Jews of Hungary and studies of biblical imagery in Hungarian poetry. Pollak was arrested by the Nazis and taken to Auschwitz, where he died in 1944.

**BLACK SOUTH AFRICAN WOMEN  
INSPIRED BY A TOUR OF ISRAEL**

JERUSALEM, May 10 (JTA) -- A move to improve relations with South Africa's Black community was undertaken recently by NA'AMAT and the Afro-Asian Institute of Histadrut. From all indications, the effort was successful.

Thirty-one representatives of the Organization of Black South African Women, an umbrella group encompassing five organizations, came to Israel as the guests of the two Israeli organizations for a two-week study tour.

The tour included a visit to the Knesset, and Debra Mobiletse, head of the delegation, said afterwards that she and the delegation members were honored to have been accorded hospitality in the Knesset, a privilege denied to them in their own country where they did not even have the right to vote.

Masha Lubelsky, secretary general of NA'AMAT (Movement of Working Women and Volunteers), initiated the tour following her own visit last year to South Africa where she was the only white woman to address the Black South African Women's Convention.

The 31 Black women met with the heads of departments of NA'AMAT and inspected the organization's facilities throughout Israel to learn

about the programs operated by NA'AMAT to advance the status of women in the country.

Funded in part by NA'AMAT USA, The Women's Labor Zionist Organization of America, these facilities include 800 day care classrooms, a multitude of vocational training centers for women and teen-aged girls, boarding high schools, summer day camps for disadvantaged women, counseling programs for battered women and their husbands, and pre-release workshops for the rehabilitation of women prisoners. The delegation's visit to the Knesset was at the invitation of Labor Party MK Nava Arad, a former secretary general of NA'AMAT.

Mobiletse told the NA'AMAT leaders that she and the Black Women's delegation had learned much during their tour of Israel and promised to incorporate the ideas and concepts they had learned into their own lives upon returning home. NA'AMAT's experience and success in building a strong, effective movement that works to improve life for women and their families would serve as a model on which to build their own activities, Mobiletse said.

**3 ALLEGED JDL MEMBERS NABBED BY FBI**

NEW YORK, May 10 (JTA) -- FBI agents arrested three alleged members of the Jewish Defense League here Friday on charges linking them to six bomb and grenade incidents in the metropolitan area between 1984-86, four of them against Soviet diplomatic premises or visiting Soviet performers.

Victor Vancier, alias Chaim Ben Yosef, 30, of Queens, Jay Cohen, 23, also of Queens, and Sharon Katz, 44, of Manhattan, were arraigned before federal Magistrate John Caden in Brooklyn on a complaint filed by the office of U.S. Attorney for the Eastern District, Andrew Maloney.

The three were allegedly involved in the 1984 firebombing of a car in the compound of the Soviet Mission in Riverdale; the 1985 and 1986 pipe bombings of cars in Howard Beach owned by a member of a rival JDL faction; the 1986 firebombing at Avery Fisher Hall before a performance of the Soviet State Symphony; and the detonation of a tear gas grenade at the Metropolitan Opera last September during a performance by the Moiseyev Dance Company. Twenty persons were injured in the latter attack.

Vancier, who often describes himself as JDL "leader," was arrested as he was mailing a letter to JDL member Murray Young, according to Assistant U.S. Attorney Gregory O'Connell. Young, 59, was arrested last month on charges of illegal possession of a handgun and silencer.

O'Connell said Vancier's letter warned Young "to keep his mouth shut because the government doesn't have enough evidence and if everyone keeps their mouth shut, everything will be all right."

Vancier and Cohen were held in jail pending a hearing Monday. Katz was released on \$100,000 bail.

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PHILADELPHIA (JTA) -- Teddy Kollek, Jerusalem's popular mayor for 22 years, will receive the second annual award of the Raymond and Miriam Klein Foundation here on Tuesday. Kollek will receive \$100,000 and a citation for his many and varied services to Israel and world Jewry.