

**NEW PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN IN POLAND
COULD TRIGGER WAVE OF ANTI-SEMITISM****Official Media Cites Bonn-Jerusalem 'Axis'**
By David Kantor

BONN, Oct. 1 (JTA) -- The Communist controlled official Polish media is linking West Germany and Israel as "anti-Polish, reactionary allies" in a new propaganda campaign that could trigger a wave of anti-Semitism in Poland, a country now almost devoid of Jews.

The West German press cited as an example articles in the Polish political journal, "Perspektywy" alleging the existence of a Bonn-Jerusalem "axis" portrayed as "imperialist, revanchist and expansionist." The magazine, which reflects the thinking of Poland's Communist ruling elite, accused West Germany of seeking to change the borders of Europe and Israel, of failing to respect the sovereignty and integrity of its neighbors and violating their territory.

Seen As Diversionary Tactic

West German observers familiar with Poland's problems see the propaganda campaign as an attempt to divert attention from the government's economic and political difficulties. Along with other Eastern bloc countries, Poland is also waging a vigorous propaganda campaign against a possible rapprochement between East and West Germany.

But, according to observers here, the Polish authorities themselves fear the campaign may get out of hand and revive long standing anti-Semitic sentiments in the public with the distinct possibility of violence against the tiny surviving Jewish community.

That possibility was evident recently when soccer fans in Cracow displayed anti-Semitic banners against a competing team from Lodz, not because the team was Jewish but because a few Jews still live in that city. There have been several unconfirmed reports of violence against Jews in Poland, West German newspapers report.

Campaign Against West German Politician

Jews also were caught in a virulent Polish media campaign against a West German politician, Herbert Hupka, a Christian Democratic member of the Bundestag who visited Israel recently. Hupka is the long-time leader of an association of refugees and expellees from Schlesien, once German territory, now part of Poland.

Hupka was described as a fascist and revanchist who dreams of a new German Reich incorporating areas of Poland. The Polish media played up the fact that, while in Jerusalem, he met with former refugees from Schlesien who now live in the Jewish State. The implication was that Israelis support West German territorial expansion at Poland's expense.

Whatever the immediate effects of this campaign, there is absolutely no chance that Poland and Israel will renew diplomatic ties in the foreseeable future, according to West German observers.

**WEST GERMANY FLOODED WITH VIDEO
CASSETTES OF NAZI ERA PROPAGANDA FILMS**

By David Kantor

BONN, Oct. 1 (JTA) -- Video cassettes of

propaganda films made during the Nazi era are flooding the West German market. But the authorities say little can be done about it because the shops retailing the material insist it is only for the purpose of "scientific research."

The police are trying to trace the individuals or organizations responsible for the cassettes, so far without success. One police official said the films contain subtle disinformation about Jews and, in his opinion, are more dangerous than direct anti-Semitic propaganda.

The cassettes are referred to in the annual report just released by Heinz Galinsky, chairman of the Jewish Community of West Berlin. He said they include the Nazi film collection of Hitler's mistress, Eva Braun, who wed the Fuehrer just before their double suicide in the Chancellory bunker in 1945. This collection is being offered openly for sale, with the buyers asked only to sign a commitment not to exhibit them publicly, Galinsky said.

**STATE DEPARTMENT CRITICIZED FOR
GRANTING A VISA TO A FORMER NAZI**

By Kevin Freeman

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (JTA) -- Rep. Ted Weiss (D. NY) today sharply criticized the State Department for granting a visa to the Mayor of an Austrian ski resort community who has been identified as a former sergeant of an SS infantry brigade responsible for the murders of Jews and other civilians in Nazi occupied East Europe during World War II.

Franz Hausberger served as a Unterscharfuhrer in the notorious First SS Infantry Brigade which, according to the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, was responsible for mopping-up operations behind German lines in the Soviet Union. Later during the war, he was transferred to an administrative post in Amersfoort, a concentration camp in The Netherlands.

Embarrassment To Miami Beach Mayor

Hausberger's brief visit to the U.S. is of further embarrassment to Miami Beach Mayor Malcolm Fromberg, a past official of the B'nai B'rith International. Fromberg, apparently unaware of Hausberger's past activities, presented him with a gold city medallion. Hausberger and Fromberg were also joined by Governor Bob Graham at dedication ceremonies of a new boardwalk in Miami Beach, a heavily Jewish populated community.

Hausberger had come to Miami Beach to promote tourism to his city, Mayrhofen in the Austrian Alps. He reportedly fled the U.S. on Saturday night, September 22, one day after the ceremonies and shortly after Simon Wiesenthal, head of the Nazi Documentation Center in Vienna, revealed Hausberger's past and his travels to the U.S. Wiesenthal contacted the ADL and the U.S. authorities.

When confronted with Hausberger's past, Fromberg was quoted as saying, "Oh God. I don't believe this. There is no single incident, given my Jewish background that could happen that would cause me more anguish than this."

Dismayed By Inadequate Screening

Weiss said he was "dismayed by the State Department's inadequate screening of the visa application" of Hausberger. "I find it particularly appalling that Mr. Hausberger was permitted to enter our country ... to receive an award in Miami Beach," wrote Weiss in a

in a letter to Secretary of State George Shultz. Weiss noted that federal law specifically excludes from admission to the U.S. any alien who during the period of Nazi rule "ordered, incited, assisted or otherwise participated in the persecution" of any person because of their religious or national origin.

Hausberger never went on trial for his war crimes for lack of witnesses, but when his past was discovered in recent years, Dutch tourist organizations boycotted his hometown, which had until then been a frequent holiday resort.

In Vienna, Austrian Radio quoted two deputy mayors, one a Socialist and the other a Conservative, as having called for Hausberger's abstention from running again for the same post in the next municipal elections, saying his past has become an obstacle to the community's tourism business.

SYRIA ATTACKS ISRAEL, U.S. AS MAIN OBSTACLES TO A MIDEAST SETTLEMENT

By Yitzhak Rabi

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 1 (JTA) — Syria sharply attacked Israel and the United States today, charging that the alliance between them was the main obstacle to a Middle East settlement.

Addressing the General Assembly, Syria's Foreign Minister, Farouk Al-Shara, said the U.S. policy of arming Israel and giving it economic aid only encouraged Israeli "aggression." He said that Israel's settlement policy aimed at uprooting Arab inhabitants by Jewish settlers, was "utilizing both the Torah and the Nazi doctrine of security."

Al-Shara claimed that the Middle East is the most dangerous place in the world today, threatening international peace and security. He said his government believes that a just peace in the Middle East would be achieved through an international Middle East peace conference. Syria welcomes the recent Soviet proposals in that direction, he said. Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko called for such a conference in his speech to the General Assembly last week.

The Syrian Foreign Minister said the rejection by the U.S. and Israel of an international peace conference for the Middle East showed their contempt for the will of the international community.

Jordan F.M. Cites Basis For Peace

The General Assembly was also addressed today by Foreign Minister Taher Masri of Jordan who maintained that the Arab-Israeli conflict could be solved on the principle of "territory in exchange for peace."

He said this principle was contained in Security Council Resolution 242 which satisfies Israel's demands to live within secure, recognized borders and Arab demands that Israel withdraw from the Arab territories it occupied in 1967.

"The principle of 'territory for peace' is an international one, approved by the international community and has evolved over the past 17 years since the Israeli occupation of the Arab territories," the Jordanian Foreign Minister said. "This principle is an embodiment of a pillar of international law; that is, the inadmissibility of acquisition of territory by force and the need to prevent an aggressor from reaping the fruit of his aggression."

Conspicuously absent from the Jordanian diplomat's speech was any reference to Jordan's decision last week to resume diplomatic ties with Egypt, a decision that aroused much controversy in the Arab world.

(In Amman, King Hussein denounced Israel's call for peace talks between the two countries as a "maneuver." See separate story.)

PERES CRITICIZES HUSSEIN'S REJECTION OF ISRAEL'S CALL FOR PEACE TALKS

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Oct. 1 (JTA) — Premier Shimon Peres responded swiftly and sharply today to a speech by King Hussein to the Jordanian parliament rejecting Israeli peace overtures as a "maneuver" and "deception" and vowing that Jordan would not forego a single grain of soil in Arab lands occupying Israel.

"All who reject peace will eventually have to pay the price for their rejection," Peres declared in a statement issued shortly after the Jordanian King spoke in Amman where Parliament reopened after its summer recess. He stressed, however, that Israel would "continue to believe in peace and strive for peace" despite Hussein's negative statements.

Peres has invited Hussein several times to enter into peace talks with Israel without preconditions. Jordan's decision last week to resume full diplomatic ties with Egypt, broken when Israel and Egypt signed their peace treaty in 1979, was widely viewed here as a possible prelude to Jordan joining the peace process.

But those hopes seemed to be dashed by Hussein's attack today on Israel and the United States. He accused the latter of contributing to Israel's obstinacy by procrastination and hesitation, and its reversal of an earlier decision to sell Jordan modern weaponry.

Peace Talks Are 'Not A Tactical Ruse'

Peres declared that contrary to Hussein's charge, Israel's proposed peace talks with all of its neighbors are "not a tactical ruse because (peace) is a real and urgent need for all Mideast nations."

Referring to Hussein's assertion that Jordan would not give up "one grain of our soil" on the West Bank "not a stone in our mosques, churches and holy places," Peres said it was "inconceivable" that Jordan's conditions for peace talks are that all of its demands be accepted before the talks begin.

Peres reminded Hussein that Jordan was the aggressor in 1967 "out of the mistaken assumption that it could force Israel into defeat." He observed that there are "no prizes for mistakes and no compensation for aggression. Peace is not an act of charity. Either both sides need it or it cannot be attained."

There was disappointment in some government circles here over the harsh, uncompromising tenor of Hussein's speech, particularly after Israel's new unity government offered peace talks without preconditions. Only yesterday, Peres expressed "hope" that the renewed ties between Jordan and Egypt "will contribute toward the renewal of the peace process."

But some observers seemed relieved that Hussein's adamancy has ended, at least for the time being, a confrontation between the Labor and Likud components of the unity government over the framework of peace talks with Jordan. Likud insists they must be based exclusively on the Camp David accords; the Labor position is that negotiations with Jordan need not necessarily be limited by Camp David.

REMINDER: There will be no Daily News Bulletin dated October 8, Columbus Day, a postal holiday.

LAWMAKER SAYS IT WILL BE VERY DIFFICULT TO BRING SYRIA INTO THE MIDDLE EAST PEACE PROCESS

By David Friedman

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1 (JTA) — Sen. Arlen Specter (R. Pa.) stressed today that it will be "very, very difficult" to bring Syria into the Middle East peace process. "The Syrians really do not want to have a peace relationship with Israel," he told some 100 United Jewish Appeal leaders attending the third annual Hineni national leadership meeting.

Specter, who recently visited Israel, Egypt, Jordan, Saudi Arabia and Syria, said that Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak is taking a leadership role in the peace process and that King Hussein of Jordan would like to participate if the threat of terrorism can be controlled. He said the Saudis are not taking any part.

The United States has to take renewed leadership to try and bring about some "rationality" in the area, Specter said. But he noted it will be a "long-term process."

Specter hosted a luncheon for the UJA leaders at a Senate office building at which 26 Senators made brief remarks. Many spoke of support for Israel and particularly of the Senate approval by a 96-0 vote last week of the bill creating a free trade area between the United States and Israel.

The House is expected to adopt a similar bill tomorrow and a conference committee will then meet to work out the differences between the Senate and House bills.

One of the Senators at the luncheon, John Danforth (R. Mo.), said the work of the UJA demonstrated the proper role religion has played in politics since Moses, not in seeking to impose the idea of one group on the government, but in working for justice and uplifting the least fortunate in the society.

Danforth is one of the leading Senators upholding the separation of church and state. But Sen. Donald Riegle (D. Mich.) told the UJA leaders that Jews and others should share his "alarm" about what he called the increasing attack on the separation. He said he was "very concerned" about the increasing intrusion of religious fundamentalism into politics.

The UJA leaders are meeting with U.S. and Israeli officials during the three-day Hineni meeting which ends with a banquet tomorrow night addressed by Israeli Ambassador Meir Rosenne.

SHAMIR, SHULTZ HOLD ONE-HOUR MEETING

By Yitzhak Rabi

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (JTA) — Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel, emerging from an hour-long meeting with Secretary of State George Shultz, said today that Israel is interested in withdrawing from Lebanon "as soon as possible" and as soon as satisfactory security measures are established. He said that the issue of Lebanon was one of several topics he and Shultz discussed at their meeting at the United Nations Plaza Hotel.

Another issue he discussed with Shultz, Shamir said, concerned Israel's economic situation and the recent measures taken by the Israeli government to improve the country's economic condition.

The Shamir-Shultz meeting lasted 60 minutes, 20 of which the two diplomats spent alone. They were joined for the remainder by top aides. According to Shamir's spokesman, Avi Pazner, the meeting was largely in preparation for the talks to be held in Washington next week between Israeli Premier Shimon Peres, Shamir and Administration officials.

Pazner said Shultz opened today's meeting with Shamir by thanking Israel for the condolences it extended to the U.S. after the terrorist attack on the U.S. Embassy annex in East Beirut last month and its offers of medical assistance for the injured. Shultz said Israel was the only country to offer such assistance.

Issues Discussed At The Meeting

Shultz also expressed great interest in the meeting last week between Shamir and Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko at the United Nations. Shamir told Shultz that Gromyko wanted to convince Israel to join in an international conference for peace in the Middle East. He informed Shultz that he had replied that Israel favors only direct peace negotiations with its neighbors. Shultz said the U.S. is also opposed to an international conference.

According to Pazner, Israel's economic problems were discussed in general terms. He said details of this matter and the issue of Israel's request for further economic assistance from the U.S. will be discussed at the meetings in Washington next week.

Meanwhile, the spokesman said Shamir will meet tomorrow with Richard Murphy, Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs, to hear his report of his recent meetings in Damascus and Beirut.

Another topic discussed by Shamir and Shultz was strategic cooperation between Israel and the U.S. Pazner said he could not elaborate.

In response to a question by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, Shamir said the Reagan plan for Mideast peace, which President Reagan told the UN General Assembly last week that the U.S. was still committed to, was not discussed today with Shultz.

Shamir also met today with UN Secretary General Javier Perez De Cuellar and with the foreign ministers of Singapore, Philippines, Italy and Venezuela.

TRAGIC COINCIDENCE OF FACTORS SAID TO HAVE CAUSED HELICOPTER CRASH

TEL AVIV, Oct. 1 (JTA) — A tragic coincidence of engine malfunction, bad weather and difficult terrain led to the crash of an Israel Defense Force Bell-212 helicopter last week in which five soldiers were killed and five injured, according to the preliminary report of a military commission investigating the disaster.

The helicopter was on a training exercise in support of ground forces when it slammed into the side of a gorge in the Beit Shean Valley. The interim report said that the most experienced pilot could not have avoided the crash. But no conclusions will be drawn until the final report is submitted to the Air Force Commander.

The report cited the failure of one of the helicopter's two engines. But given good weather and flat ground, the pilot might have been able to make a safe emergency landing. In this instance, however, the weather was bad and the aircraft was maneuvering over rugged mountainous terrain and apparently lacked the power to scale the walls of the gorge.

The final report is expected to concentrate on the delay in the arrival of rescue teams. They took three hours to reach the scene of the crash. Initial accounts attributed the delay to the difficult terrain.

JERUSALEM (JTA) — The 12th Jerusalem International Book Fair will be held May 5-10, 1985, Mayor Teddy Kollek announced. The fair is expected to attract more than the 1,000 publishers from 36 countries who attended the last Jerusalem Book Fair in 1983.

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE YEAR 5744

By Kevin Freeman

NEW YORK, Oct. 1 (JTA) — This continues the developments around the world.

DECEMBER 1983 —

The U.S. charges that the "drastic decline" in Jewish emigration from the Soviet Union is the result of a "deliberate Soviet policy," not a drop in the requests for emigration. By the end of 1983, only 1,315 Jews leave the Soviet Union, the lowest number since the current phase of emigration began in 1971.

Italy and Israel sign a broad agreement defining the future economic, agricultural, scientific, technological and cultural relations and ways to deal with problems arising for Israel's agricultural exports from the impending admission of Spain and Portugal into the European Economic Community.

Miguel Angel Olea Enriquez, the representative from Chihuahua of the Partido Revolucionario Institution, the ruling party in the Mexican government, in a speech to the Mexican Chamber of Deputies, denounces Jews for alleged economic crimes and urges that "we must put a stop to these scoundrels."

President Raul Alfonsin appoints Dr. Gregorio Klimovsky of the Latin American Branch of the World Jewish Congress, and Rabbi Marshall Meyer, spiritual leader of Congregation Beth El in Buenos Aires, to the newly created national commission investigating the disappearance of individuals under previous regimes during the years of Argentina's "dirty war."

JANUARY 1984 —

Action is urged to protect the Jewish community in Syria after reports reach the United States of the murder of a 25-year-old pregnant Jewish mother, Lilian Antabi Abadi, and her two small children, in the Syrian town of Aleppo where some 700 Jews reside.

King Hassan blames domestic rioting in Morocco on "a multifaceted conspiracy perpetrated by Marxist-Leninists, Zionist agents and Kohmeinitists." Reports say that no Jews in Morocco's estimated 20,000 person Jewish community were killed or wounded in the rioting.

The Vatican is urged to conduct an investigation into its role in aiding and abetting the escape of Nazi war criminals from Europe after World War II following the publication of what becomes known as the La Vista report, a 1947 U.S. intelligence document linking the Vatican to illegal movement of Nazis from Europe.

FEBRUARY —

Deputy Prime Minister Alfonso Guerra of Spain backs off from recent statements by Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez who indicated at a meeting of the European Parliament in Strasbourg that Spain planned to soon establish diplomatic relations with Israel.

The change in leadership in the Soviet Union with the selection of Konstantin Chernenko to succeed Yuri Andropov as head of the Soviet Communist Party brings renewed hope that the Soviets will reopen the doors of emigration for Soviet Jews.

A new concordat signed by Premier Bettino Craxi, leader of the Socialist Party, and Cardinal Agostino Casaroli, the Vatican Secretary of State, is said to have wide implications for the Italian Jewish community by establishing a clear demarcation between the temporal and religious powers of the church and advancing religious pluralism in Italy.

Citing a Supreme Court decision of more than 20 years ago, Chile says it will not expel Walter

Rauff, the former SS leader who is responsible for designing the mobile gas vans used by the Nazis in the early stages of the Holocaust in which tens of thousands of Jews were killed.

Bohdan Zip, a conservative representing Calgary's Mountainview District in the Alberta Assembly, is reprimanded and forced to retract a statement he makes to reporters, that Jews inflated the number of deaths in the Holocaust in order to win sympathy for Israel.

MARCH —

The government of Jamaica announces that the spiritual leader of the Jewish community there, Ernest Henriques de Souza, is the recipient of the Prime Minister's Medal of Appreciation in the field of religion.

Olof Rydbeck, a commissioner of the United Nations Reliefs and Works Organization, publicly praises Israel for its treatment of Palestinian refugees in areas under its control, including parts of Lebanon.

Soviet Jewish Prisoner of Conscience Victor Brailovsky, a 48-year-old computer scientist who was arrested and charged with "circulating fabrications known to be false which defame the Soviet state and social system," is released after three years of internal exile and rejoins his family in Moscow.

Rumanian Chief Rabbi Moses Rosen says in an interview with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in Paris that he hopes President Nicolae Ceausescu will intervene to curtail the anti-Semitic campaign which has been launched in certain press and literary circles in Rumania.

APRIL —

Israel rejects a call from Pope John Paul II issued in the form of a comprehensive apostolic letter addressed to Catholics in Israel and around the world that there should be a "special internationally guaranteed status" for Jerusalem "so that one side or the other cannot place it under discrimination."

Israel issues a categorical denial of an NBC News report that it is supplying arms to Nicaraguan rebels fighting the Sandinista junta. But Contra leader Enriquez Bermudez tells NBC News: "We receive some weapons from Israel. The weapons were taken from the PLO in Lebanon" during the war.

There are 13 million Jews throughout the world, according to the American Jewish Year Book published annually by the American Jewish Committee. The book says that 95 percent of the world's Jews live in nine countries with some 5.728 million in the U.S. and 3.374 million in Israel.

About 5,000 people march through the Hessian town of Oberaula to protest the reunion there of veterans of the SS "Totenkopf" — Deaths Head — battalion, a unit with a notorious history of slaughtering Jews and others during World War II.

MAY —

Referring to the publication of virulently anti-Semitic articles in a number of Communist party newspapers and in a book of poetry, President Ceausescu of Rumania promises Chief Rabbi Moses Rosen that he will personally see to it that "such things did not happen again."

Baron Richard von Weizaecker, a 64-year-old member of Chancellor Helmut Kohl's ruling Christian Democratic Union, who as an officer in the Wehrmacht was implicated in the failed attempt to assassinate Hitler in 1944, is overwhelmingly elected as the sixth president of West Germany.

The Church of Scotland joins the Jewish Representative Council of Glasgow in a strong condemnation of anti-Semitism and an acknowledgement that the Christian church has been guilty over the centuries of fostering anti-Semitic attitudes.

(Continued Tomorrow)