

ISRAELI PLANE SHOT DOWN BY SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILES OVER LEBANON

By Hugh Orgel

TEL AVIV, Nov. 20 (JTA) -- Israel acknowledged today that one of its aircraft was shot down by surface-to-air missiles during an attack on terrorist targets in the Shouf mountains southeast of Beirut.

A military spokesman said the pilot parachuted safely in an area held by the Lebanese army and was taken prisoner by them. He said the downed plane crashed in a field near positions held by U.S. marines around Beirut. The Israelis denied a Syrian claim that two Israeli planes were downed by its Soviet-made anti-aircraft missiles. Only one plane was hit while attacking terrorist targets, the spokesman said.

Today's raid was the second Israeli air attack on terrorist bases in Lebanon since last Wednesday. The aircraft taking part in it were identified as Kfir, fighter-bombers designed and built in Israel.

The targets were described as training camps and bases used as a launching point for attacks in Lebanon by the pro-Syrian Al Saïqa terrorists and extremist Palestinian dissident groups headed by Ahmed Jibril and Naif Hawatme. According to the Syrians, the Israeli planes were attacking positions held by Lebanese Druze fighters led by Walid Jumblatt.

The Israeli air strike last Wednesday had been against pro-Iranian Shiite Moslems believed responsible for the truck-bombing of Israeli military headquarters in Tyre November 4 and the similar attack on U.S. and French military headquarters in Beirut, all of which caused heavy loss of lives. French carrier-based aircraft attacked the same targets last Thursday.

No Compromise With 'Forces Of Evil'

HERZOG BLASTS SOVIET UNION AND ITS SURROGATES IN SPEECH TO CJF ASSEMBLY; HINTS REAGAN POLICY DESERVES JEWISH SUPPORT

By Murray Zuckoff

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 20 (JTA) -- President Chaim Herzog of Israel hinted very strongly in a major speech here that America's policy of standing tough against Soviet and Cuban activity in central America deserves the support of the Jewish people. But he stopped just short of explicitly endorsing the Reagan Administration's current policy as the official Israeli position.

Nevertheless, his address here to 3,000 delegates at the 52nd General Assembly of the Council of Jewish Federations Thursday night was seen by many as an effort to bring into harmony the foreign policies of Israel and the United States and was also viewed as a speech uncharacteristic of a President of Israel who usually delivers ceremonial and non-political addresses to American Jewish audiences.

In a tough, no-nonsense, sledgehammer attack on the Soviet Union and its allies and surrogates in the Middle East, primarily Syria, Herzog told the Jewish communal leaders from the United States and Canada that, "what you have been experiencing in your own vicinity is not new to us. Already, in 1974, we faced Cuban armored brigades on the Golan Heights, not to mention the inevitable North Korean and North Vietnamese elements."

In 1974 Israel also faced Soviet missiles on the Golan Heights in the hands of the Syrians, Herzog recalled, and today the Damascus regime "is backed, armed and trained by the Soviet Union, with some 7,000 Soviet military advisers in its armed forces. It has one of the fastest growing armies in the world in addition to being host, on its own soil, to Soviet combat forces and a concentration of Soviet-manned missiles which threaten not only Israel and Jordan but also the Sixth Fleet in the Eastern Levant."

Herzog stressed that Israel has "no illusions whatsoever about the purpose of these forces here or elsewhere and we, in the midst of all our national debates on many issues, have no debate whatsoever, as to the real purpose of these forces and how to stand up to them. I think it is about time, too, that we as Jews realized the nature of these forces and that we should finally call a spade a spade."

The real purpose of these forces, the Israeli President declared, is "to kill Jews and to create the conditions for a new Holocaust. I would ask my fellow Jews to remember this when they view the activities of these evil forces in the world, wherever they might be, and react to efforts to neutralize them."

Behind all the forces of evil, "as everywhere, including in your own hemisphere, not so far from here, looms the ominous Soviet presence, pouring in the weapons of death, sabotage, of terror, of hatred and of subversion," Herzog said.

"Our bitter experience has been that this purveyor of death will stop at nothing as long as it feels that it can get away with it. It is not for us to tender evidence to others. We are only a small nation, fighting for our existence. What we can do is to apply the lesson that we have learned from bitter experience, namely that there can be no truck or compromise with these forces of evil."

Herzog noted that for a long time Israel has been accused of being intransigent for refusing to compromise with terror. "Now that the United States and France have also had to make a painful and tragic sacrifice (in the terrorist bombing attack on their armed forces in Lebanon last month), perhaps some of those in the world who were so ready with criticism in the past will begin to understand the nature of the enemy we have faced alone for years and to appreciate our motivation," the Israeli President said, to sustained applause.

Two-Front Attack On Jews

Discussing the situation of world Jewry, Herzog said the Jewish people is under attack on two fronts and that attack has "assumed sinister dimensions." One is the open Soviet-inspired attack which found its full expression in the November, 1975 United Nations General Assembly resolution condemning Zionism as a form of racism.

"The other arm of the attack which, in my view, is the more serious and the more sinister, because it is so much more subtle, is the process of disinformation in the West, which creates the atmosphere in which the more brutal political and physical anti-Semitic attacks can be mounted with comparative impunity," Herzog declared.

He noted that when in recent years terrorists attacked Jewish installations in Western Europe, killing and wounding innocent passersby, "the Jewish world, indeed the whole world, awoke to a realization that the cruel and

malignant malady of anti-Semitism had spread wider and had penetrated deeper than had previously been credited."

The gravity of the situation is intensified, Herzog said, because "these evil elements which brought on the Holocaust and brought the world to the most terrifying war that mankind has known, did not raise their heads" as long as the Holocaust and the destruction of Europe 40 years ago was a "real memory."

But now that the Holocaust and the war "have receded from the memory of much of mankind, even in those countries which were destroyed and decimated by the advancing Nazi armies; now that the bulk of the youth of the world knows nothing about the Holocaust -- the scene is set for the forces of evil which brought this Holocaust on the world, to raise their heads," Herzog said.

Charges Media Role In 'Disinformation'

Parallel to "the onslaught of the anti-Semitic coalition of fascists, left-wingers, Communists and Arabs to which we are witness, is the process of disinformation afoot in the free world, which is misleading the world not only about Israel and our conflict and distorting Israel's image, but is presenting developments in the Middle East to the world in such a manner as to give rise to gross errors and false political evaluations on the issues of the most vital importance to the security of the free world," Herzog charged.

This process of disinformation, in which the media plays a role, has resulted in an image "in which Israel's alleged intransigence is seen as endangering the peace of the world, and at the same time the terrorist activities of the PLO are endorsed as liberation movement activities," Herzog said.

What Israel does, therefore, whether successfully rescuing hostages in Entebbe, or engaging in activities which are unpopular in the world, such as the war in Lebanon, "inevitably reflect, in their turn, on the Jewish population" positively or negatively, the Israel chief of state said. "This places a very heavy responsibility on us in Israel, and hence, in my view we cannot and dare not ignore the effects of our actions and policies on world Jewry." This statement was greeted by applause.

Herzog pointed out that "it is true that certain aspects of Israeli society, as they came to expression today, are not always best calculated to arouse the enthusiasm of world Jewry but while many of these aspects of Israeli society are overemphasized, the very impressive positive aspects of our society are frequently ignored."

Herzog called upon world Jewry to be aware of new challenges "and act in order to strengthen the future of the Jewish people both here and in Israel." The Jews in America and Israel together must rise to meet these challenges so that in years to come, "the historians and our successors will look back and say that we did not betray the trust put in us by thousands of years of Jewish history," Herzog declared.

MORAL MAJORITY LEADER SAYS HE OPPOSES REAGAN'S MIDEAST PLAN, BACKS ISRAEL TOTALLY ON TERRITORIES
By David Landau and Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, Nov. 20 (JTA) -- Jerry Falwell, leader of the Moral Majority, predicted here today that the Reagan Administration would "moder-

ate" its call for a freeze of Israeli settlements on the West Bank and its support of Palestinian self-rule in the territory, linked to Jordan.

Those are key elements of the peace plan announced by President Reagan on September 1, 1982. The Administration has stated repeatedly since then that it stands by the plan which was totally rejected by Israel at the time and failed to induce either Palestinians or Jordan to enter negotiations with Israel.

Falwell, a strong supporter of Reagan, told a press conference here that while he is "the best President in my lifetime," he disagreed with his formula for a peaceful settlement of the Palestinian problem.

"There is no way that Israel can surrender so much of its real estate (the West Bank and Gaza) to hostile forces and hope to remain free ... Anyone intimately familiar (with Middle Eastern affairs) cannot agree with that," Falwell declared.

Arens: No Concession On Territories

The Moral Majority, a coalition of right-wing evangelical Christians in the U.S., is holding a convention here. The 630 delegates were addressed last night by Defense Minister Moshe Arens who stated flatly that Israel would make no concessions whatever on the West Bank. He said the U.S. should back Israel's position on the territories. "If the U.S. wants Israel to be strong -- and I know that it does -- it must understand that Israel cannot be strong if these areas (West Bank and Gaza) are cut off from the territory controlled by the State of Israel," Arens said.

He said that those who contend that Israeli concessions would relieve it of some of the burdens of defense "simply do not know whom we are dealing with here in the Mideast" where "hostility is endemic to the area."

Arens, who will accompany Premier Yitzhak Shamir to Washington for a meeting with President Reagan November 29, said "(We) are going hopeful that a new chapter will be opened of better, closer and stronger relations" between Israel and the U.S.

He said however that Israel was disappointed over what he called American "even-handedness between democracy and dictatorship." Referring to the truck-bomb attack on U.S. marine headquarters at Beirut airport October 23 which killed more than 230 American servicemen, Arens said "It took a massive loss of life" for American leaders to "finally realize whom we are dealing with."

Elaborating on that theme, Arens noted that in the past, the U.S. kept its cooperation with Israel at a relatively low key in order to pursue an even-handed policy in the region. It was "heart-rending that the recent outrages" were necessary to bring home the true nature of the West's adversaries in the Middle East, he said. He urged Americans not to take lightly the threats of suicide attacks against U.S., French and Israeli forces in Lebanon made over the weekend by Hussein Mussawi, leader of pro-Iranian Shiite Moslems in Lebanon believed responsible for the earlier attacks on the Americans and French in Beirut and Israeli headquarters in Tyre.

"Considering the atrocities already perpetrated, if we work together, if we use our brains and our guts, we will overcome this as well," Arens told the American Christian fundamentalists.

Falwell praised Israel for having "liberated Lebanon" and contended that if it were not for Israel, the Soviet Union would now own the oil fields of the Middle East. He also claimed that "four thousand years of history" supports Israel's claim to all of the Holy Land.

ARENS' AIDE IMPLIES CRITICISM OF U.S. JEWISH LEADERS FOR NOT HOLDING CJF ASSEMBLY IN JERUSALEM

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Nov. 20 (JTA) -- An aide to Defense Minister Moshe Arens implicitly criticized American Jewish leaders today for not holding the annual General Assembly of the Council of Jewish Federations (CJF) in Israel.

The aide, Nachman Shai, Arens' press spokesman, raised that matter with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in defending Arens' appearance last night before a convention here of the Moral Majority, a right-wing evangelical Christian group from the U.S. headed by Rev. Jerry Falwell.

Shai said Arens was "fully aware" of the controversial nature of the Moral Majority, the fundamentalist coalition which supports strongly conservative domestic policies in the U.S. and an uncompromising anti-Soviet foreign policy. But he decided to address the gathering nevertheless in appreciation of their holding their convention in Jerusalem, Shai said.

Noting that this coincided with the CJF's 52nd General Assembly in Atlanta, Ga., Shai asked, "What stops the Federations meeting annually in Jerusalem?" The Moral Majority, he said, brought more than 500 committed supporters of Israel to Israel's capital and it could fairly expect an Israeli leader of Arens' stature to appear before it.

DENATURALIZED SUSPECTED NAZI WAR CRIMINAL HELD BY U.S. FOR POSSIBLE EXTRADITION TO ISRAEL

CLEVELAND, Nov. 20 (JTA) -- A 63-year-old suspected Nazi war criminal was arrested Friday on an extradition request from Israel, the first time the federal government has arrested such a suspect for extradition to Israel, according to the Justice Department.

John Demjanjuk, a retired auto worker, reportedly called "Ivan the Terrible" for his behavior as a guard at the Treblinka death camp in Nazi-occupied Poland, and a native of Ukraine, had his United States citizenship revoked in 1981. Federal District Judge Frank Battisti ruled Demjanjuk had lied on his immigration documents to conceal his Nazi past, a decision upheld by the Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals. The Supreme Court refused to hear the case.

Formal Request By Israel

The local office of Immigration and Naturalization reported Demjanjuk was arrested at his home and, at a brief hearing, U.S. Magistrate David Perlman said he would release Demjanjuk over the weekend on his own recognizance. Perlman also ruled that if the suspect wanted to remain out of jail, he would have to post a \$50,000 bond tomorrow by handing over the deed to his \$60,000 home. Perlman set a January 23 hearing date.

The formal request by Israel for Demjanjuk's extradition was made last week so that Demjanjuk could be tried in Israel on charges of having committed war crimes as part of Nazi Germany's announced plan to exterminate the Jewish people. The Justice Department said Demjanjuk had been arrested in compliance with the Israel-United States extradition treaty.

The Justice Department filed deportation proceedings in Cleveland against Demjanjuk, who has maintained he was a Soviet soldier captured by

the German army in 1942 and held prisoner until the end of the war, after the court rulings.

The Justice Department's Office of Special Investigations, set up to deal with cases of suspected Nazi war criminals residing in this country, said the deportation proceedings would be delayed pending the outcome of the extradition action.

SPAIN WILL ESTABLISH DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH ISRAEL, BRONFMAN REPORTS

MADRID, Nov. 20 (JTA) -- Spain intends to establish diplomatic relations with Israel, according to Edgar Bronfman, president of the World Jewish Congress. He was informed of this by Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez during their private meeting at the Moncloa Palace, Bronfman told reporters at the airport as he ended a two-day official visit to Spain Thursday night.

Bronfman was the first world Jewish leader to make such a visit to this country since the end of the Franco era. He said Gonzalez told him he was committed to the principle of relations with Israel and intended to fulfill his commitments. "The Spanish Prime Minister has informed me that diplomatic relations between Spain and Israel will be established," the WJC leader declared.

He added that he gained the impression that Gonzalez already has a date or time in mind to act formally on this matter. He quoted the Prime Minister as saying that the timing would be dictated by "Spanish national interest only" and that no pressure from any quarter would influence the manner and timing of this decision.

WJC sources reported that Bronfman and Gonzalez agreed to hold an "Iberio-Jewish dialogue" next year under the joint sponsorship of the WJC and the Spanish government. It is expected to be held in Cordoba, the birthplace of Maimonides.

ISRAELI PRESS OFFERS POOR COVERAGE OF U.S. JEWRY, STUDY FINDS

By Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, Nov. 20 (JTA) -- The Israeli press covers the U.S. Jewish community only superficially, according to Judith Elizur of the Hebrew University Institute of Communications.

Elizur recently completed a study of coverage of the U.S. Jewish scene by four leading Hebrew dailies and the Israeli electronic media. She said that as a result of the superficial coverage Israeli leaders have little idea how their decisions affect American Jewry.

The study was commissioned by the Institute on American-Jewish-Israeli Relations of the American Jewish Committee. It counted the number of items on American Jewry appearing in the first weeks of January, April, July and October, 1982.

Of the Hebrew dailies, Yediot Aharonot was first with 35 items mentioning American Jewry, compared to 26 in Maariv, 11 in Haaretz and only three in Davar. Most stories dealt with Jewish organizations in the U.S., almost entirely in their Israel-related role, followed by those dealing with anti-Semitism and immigration.

* * *

PARIS (JTA) -- Former President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing will visit Israel next month, it was announced Sunday. Giscard, who had declined to visit Israel during his seven year incumbency is due in Jerusalem December 28, accompanied by his wife, for a 10-day visit.

**Secretary Of State Addresses CJF
SHULTZ SAYS U.S. - ISRAEL SHARE 'COMMON
AGENDA' FOR MIDEAST PEACE BUT FAULTS
BOTH ISRAELIS AND ARABS FOR REJECTING
REAGAN PLAN**

By Murray Zuckoff

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 20 (JTA) -- Secretary of State George Shultz last night outlined what he termed "the common agenda of Israel and the United States" in their effort to achieve a secure peace between Israel and its Arab neighbors.

In his address to Jewish communal leaders at the 52nd General Assembly of the Council of Jewish Federations, which was interrupted by frequent applause, Shultz described the effort to achieve a secure peace as "a central core to our diplomacy."

The common agenda of Israel and the United States that will be discussed in Washington this week and next, when President Reagan meets with President Chaim Herzog, Premier Yitzhak Shanon and Defense Minister Moshe Arens, will include the fate of Lebanon, Israel's relationship with Egypt, the possibilities for peace in the Middle East and the fate of the threatened Jewish communities around the world, especially the Soviet Union, Shultz said.

The Secretary of State referred a number of times to the close ties between the United States and Israel and pointed to Israel as "a powerful force for freedom and a strategic partner to America and the West." This is why "we have ensured -- and continue to ensure -- that Israel receives the help it needs to maintain a military advantage to deter its enemies," Shultz declared. "The Soviet military buildup in Syria underlines this necessity again and again and again." He added, "by helping Israel, we are also helping ourselves."

Regrets Israel's Rejection Of Reagan Plan

Nevertheless, Shultz faulted Israel on a number of issues. He noted that since the achievement of the Camp David accords, "the peace process has encountered many problems. On the Israeli side, we remain deeply concerned about the ongoing construction and expansion of settlements unilaterally changing the status of the occupied territories even while their future is subject to negotiations."

He cautioned that the "moral burden of the occupation can undermine the values on which Israel was founded and can divide its society."

At the same time, Shultz also made it clear that the struggle on the Arab side between those who want to secure a better future through negotiations and "those who reject peaceful solutions or simple recognition (of Israel) as a matter of ideology" are also hampering the peace process.

Shultz also expressed regret that Israel rejected Reagan's September, 1982 Mideast peace initiative. "The positions laid out in the President's initiative are fair, balanced and realistic," he said. "They were meant as a stimulus to negotiation, not as the dictated outcome of a negotiation."

Although the initiative "triggered a vigorous, and, on the whole, constructive debate among the Arab leaders, none of them has yet seized that opportunity," Shultz noted. "Likewise, it was a challenge to Israel to achieve true and lasting security through peace, rather than relying on the short-term illusion of security through territory. The Israeli government, I regret to note, rejected the President's initiative."

Another dimension of peace in the Middle East, Shultz said, involves the fate of the Palestinian people, "in particular ... the 1.3 million Palestin-

ians living in the West Bank and Gaza. Their well-being, their desire for a greater voice in determining their own destiny" is another issue of concern "even while we continue to pursue an agreed solution to the final status of the occupied territories."

Continuing, Shultz declared, "if their acceptance of a peaceful future with Israel is to be nurtured, they must be given some stake in that future by greater opportunities for economic development, by fairer administration practices and by greater concern for the quality of their lives."

Dealing with Jordan, Shultz said that King Hussein "has long sought a path toward moderation and conciliation" but that Jordan's participation in the peace process "has been inhibited by many considerations, including the absence of the necessary support from other moderate Arabs but most of all, the fierce opposition by Arab radicals."

Regarding the PLO, Shultz affirmed that it "has thus far excluded itself as a negotiating partner by its refusal to recognize Israel's right to exist."

Discussing the agony of Lebanon, the Secretary of State said that the yearning for peace runs deep in that country. "But the delicate balance in Lebanon was upset, primarily by the involvement by outside, non-Lebanese forces -- just as today, the primary obstacle to internal reconciliation is the presence of outside, non-Lebanese forces."

Shultz said that the Palestinian terrorists, expelled from Jordan in 1970, came to Lebanon and turned south Lebanon "into an armed camp, which became a state within a state, terrorizing the local population; ultimately it became a battleground."

Israel, he said, moved into Lebanon "with an announced intention to eradicate the threat once and for all. When the guns fell silent, the terrorists had been driven from Beirut and south Lebanon. Although we had not agreed with Israel's decision to invade Lebanon, we accepted the request of Lebanon and Israel to help them negotiate a longer-term solution to the basic problem."

Upholds Israel-Lebanon Accord

The May 17 Lebanon-Israel accord which followed has not yet been implemented, "largely because of Syria's refusal to negotiate the withdrawal of its own forces from Lebanon, reneging the repeated pledges to do so once Israel did so," Shultz said. He described the accord as "the only existing formula that ensures both Israeli withdrawal and a solution to the security problem that created the Lebanese crisis in the first place. We will not accept its abrogation."

Departing from his prepared text, Shultz wondered aloud what "is so unreasonable" about an agreement that provides security arrangements and commercial relations between two countries.

He said that "no one questions that Syria has legitimate security concerns with respect to Lebanon. But Syria, unlike Israel, has so far been unwilling to negotiate with Lebanon over how to reconcile those concerns with Lebanon's sovereign right to decide its own destiny."

America's support for Lebanon, Shultz added, "cannot be separated from our broader peace objectives in the Middle East." He said it would be a "serious mistake" to remove the multi-national force at this time, because its removal "would only upset the balance in Lebanon, undermine the chances for a political settlement, and precipitate new chaos."

TEL AVIV (JTA) -- An Israeli soldier was killed and six others were wounded Thursday when an explosive charge detonated near their convoy as it was moving on a road in the outskirts of Sidon in south Lebanon.