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SHAMIR: ISRAEL TO WITHDRAW FROM LEBANON ONLY AFTER BORDER SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS ARE WORKED OUT

By David Friedman

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21 (JTA) -- Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir made it clear today that security arrangements for the Israel-Lebanon border must be worked out between Israel and Lebanon before the Israeli army will withdraw from that country.

He stressed this to reporters after an hour-long meeting with Secretary of State George Shultz at the State Department this morning, at which he was briefed on Lebanese President Amin Gemayel's meetings earlier this week with President Reagan and other Administration officials.

Shamir, at Shultz's request, briefed the Americans on his visit to Costa Rica during the past few days. The Israeli Foreign Minister appeared less optimistic today than he was when he met with Shultz last week over the chances of an early withdrawal of Israeli, Syrian and Palestine Liberation Organization forces from Lebanon.

He had said, after talking to Shultz last week, that he hoped an agreement on withdrawal could be reached by the end of the year. Asked today, if he still felt that was possible, he replied, "I cannot say."

But Shamir said, "I believe we are going to solve the problem." He indicated that Israel would like to see a Lebanese-Israeli working committee make security arrangements for south Lebanon and work out an agreement on withdrawal. Presumably, he has in mind a committee similar to the Israeli-Egyptian working committees which made arrangements during the peace process between those countries.

U.S. Official Cites Problem

However, a senior U.S. official said later that the problem is not the arrangements for withdrawal but Israel's demand for a formal, written agreement with the Lebanese government. He said Gemayel and other Lebanese officials talked in Washington this week of rebuilding the "national consensus" in their country and this raised problems of how far Lebanon could go toward a formal agreement with Israel.

The U.S. official also indicated that Lebanon does not want a formal agreement because it might hamper its efforts to obtain financial aid from other Arab countries.

The next step in the process will be the return of Morris Draper, the special U.S. negotiator for Lebanon, to the Middle East, probably this week-end. He is expected to go to Lebanon first and then will visit Israel and Syria and, possibly, Saudi Arabia, according to an official here.

Meanwhile, Shultz was scheduled to make a formal call this afternoon on King Hassan of Morocco, chairman of the Arab League, who arrived here last night for a meeting with President Reagan tomorrow.

Hassan, accompanied by the Foreign Ministers of Syria, Tunisia, Saudi Arabia, Jordan and Alger-

ia, and by the Secretary General of the Arab League, Chedli Klibi, will have a working lunch at the White House with Reagan tomorrow, to be followed by a meeting with Shultz. They will meet with Vice President George Bush later in the day.

Meetings With Arab Delegation Outlined

A senior Administration official, briefing reporters today on these meetings, said they will not be negotiating sessions but an "exchange of views on how best to restore momentum to the Middle East peace negotiations."

He said the Arab League delegation is expected to seek "clarification" on President Reagan's peace initiative while the Administration will seek clarification of the communique issued at the Arab League summit conference in Fez, Morocco last month.

In particular, the official said, the U.S. would like to know if the implications in the plan proposed by King Fahd of Saudi Arabia last year and in the Fez summit communique, that the Arabs are willing to recognize and live in peace with Israel, are actually the Arab view. "If this is what it meant, why not just say so?" the official said. He said it was time for the Arabs to "come out of the closet" on this issue.

Cites Aim Of Reagan's Proposals

The official stressed that Reagan's proposals were aimed at broadened Arab participation in the Middle East peace talks. "Negotiations for peace must take place around the table between Arabs and Israelis," he said. He observed that negotiations cannot be between the U.S. and the Arabs and the U.S. and Israel, but the U.S. can participate in negotiations at the table with Arabs and Israelis.

The official also stressed that all negotiations must be based on United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 and on the Camp David accords. He noted that the negotiations are in two stages, the first being the autonomy talks which the U.S. is now trying to revive and, after a transition period following implementation of an autonomy agreement, a final stage of peace talks.

He said Reagan, in his September 1 speech, did not outline a plan but only proposals to facilitate the autonomy talks and suggestions that could form the basis for a just peace settlement. The official stressed that the President's proposals aimed at getting the Arab countries to join the autonomy talks. The official noted that for those who want to achieve peace, help the Palestinians obtain their rights or guarantee secure borders, "there is no alternative" but to negotiate. He said this is the "full thrust of the President's proposals of September 1." He stressed at the same time that no one is being asked to give up their positions as a precondition to coming to the negotiating table.

The U.S. is expected to use the talks here tomorrow to press the Arab League to allow Jordan to represent the Palestinians at the autonomy negotiations as President Reagan has recommended. The Administration official said today that most Palestinians living on the West Bank, Gaza and in Jordan support the proposal that King Hussein of Jordan speak for them.

KIRKPATRICK: U.S. WILL NOT COMPROMISE ON ISRAEL'S RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE UN

TORONTO, Oct. 21 (JTA) — The United States cannot and will not compromise on Israel's — or any other nation's — right to participate in the United Nations on an equal basis with all other states, U.S. Ambassador to the UN Jeane Kirkpatrick told the B'nai B'rith International Convention here. Addressing some 2,000 delegates and guests, Mrs. Kirkpatrick declared that any attempt to expel Israel would be viewed as an attack on the UN itself and would prompt the United States to withdraw its participation and financial support.

"To defend Israel's right to remain in the UN is nothing more or less than to defend all our hopes and dreams of peace in the world of reason as a process rather than violence," she said. Mrs. Kirkpatrick told the B'nai B'rith audience that the attack on Israel in the UN is only the latest of a series of attacks that began following the 1967 Six-Day War.

Israel's foes began laying the groundwork for the Jewish nation's ouster from the UN through resolutions designed to show that Israel is both racist and an enemy of peace, she said. The first objective was achieved through the 1975 resolution equating Zionism with racism. The second was gained last February when Israel was declared not to be a peace-loving state.

Campaign Has 'Spread Like Cancer'

The U.S. envoy explained that either action leaves Israel open to "legal" attacks with no "right" to defend itself. The campaign, she added, "is pervasive, intense, incisive, and vicious." It has "spread like cancer" to all arenas of the UN, she observed.

The Ambassador placed most of the blame for this campaign on supporters of the PLO, the non-aligned nations in the General Assembly and the Soviet Union, Libya and Algeria. Mrs. Kirkpatrick declared that all of the attempts to exclude Israel from the General Assembly and the UN's various agencies are "clearly unconstitutional under the Charter of the United Nations." Noting that the huge and frequent votes against Israel are dismaying, she asserted that the United States would not drop its fight. (Related UN story, P. 4.)

FRANCE WILL OPPOSE ANY MOVE TO EXPEL ISRAEL FROM UN ASSEMBLY

By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Oct. 21 (JTA) — France announced today that it will energetically oppose any attempt to expel Israel from the United Nations General Assembly or any other UN specialized agency. A Foreign Ministry spokesman said that France will not only vote against such a move but will exert its influence on friendly African and Latin American states to convince them to oppose it as well.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman said the French delegation to the International Telecommunications Union's Plenipotentiary Conference, now meeting in Nairobi, has been instructed to play an active role to prevent Israel's exclusion. The Arab states, with the help of a number of non-aligned countries have submitted a motion calling for Israel's expulsion. A vote on this was expected today.

France made it clear that "we want to convince the Arab states to recognize Israel and sign a peace agreement with it. Expelling Israel would

be a serious setback to any peaceful solution." France had voted against the non-recognition of the Israeli delegation's credentials at the last session of the International Atomic Energy Agency in Vienna.

FRANCE TO EXPAND ITS ROLE IN LEBANON

By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Oct. 21 (JTA) — France agreed yesterday to expand its role in Lebanon and pledged to support Lebanon's independence and territorial integrity. France also announced, after a two-hour meeting between President Francois Mitterrand and President Amin Gemayel of Lebanon, that it has agreed to co-chair, with the United States, an international committee for the reconstruction of Lebanon.

Gemayel, who arrived here yesterday after meeting with President Reagan in Washington, is scheduled to visit Rome today for talks with President Sandro Pertini and with Pope John Paul II at the Vatican.

France agreed to help Lebanon expand and re-equip its military forces. Lebanese officers will be trained in French military schools and France will provide modern equipment and the experts needed to maintain it. The French will also provide funds and equipment for the reconstruction of Lebanese telecommunications, roads and airforce equipment.

Gemayel said he had obtained "full (French) support for the withdrawal of all foreign forces stationed in Lebanon" and the promise of French aid "to help the Lebanese army deploy itself throughout the country." France appointed a special high commissioner in charge of funneling aid to Lebanon.

HOTLINE FOR TRAUMATIZED JEWS

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 21 (JTA) — The war in Lebanon and the fallout from that war in the form of biased media reporting and the growth of anti-Semitism in this country has traumatized a sizeable portion of the Jewish population. Many of them are suffering from severe anxiety and depression. In order to help them, the Dutch Jewish Mental Health Society has decided to establish a 24-hour hotline for such Jews to call in for psychological counselling. The service will function on an experimental basis for six months. Twenty five person will rotate in answering the hotline.

17 TUNISIAN JEWS RAP BEGIN

PARIS, Oct. 21 (JTA) — Seventeen Tunisian Jews have published a joint declaration denouncing Israeli Premier Menachem Begin "and his helpers heretics for having failed to respect the commandment: thou shalt not kill," according to a report from Tunis by Le Monde.

The French daily also reported that another declaration, signed by 190 Tunisian personalities, condemned "all forms of racism" and rapped recent anti-Semitic incidents in the Tunisian towns of Zarzis and Ben Gardane. Homes and businesses of Jews in those cities were recently set afire and looted and several Jews were injured. The declaration by the 190 personalities was published in the Tunisian ruling party's newspaper Al Aman.

Le Monde pointed out that with the two declarations, the Tunisian Jewish community now hopes that the current tensions will abate and that the situation will revert to the normal peaceful relations between the Jews and their neighbors.

ADL STUDY FINDS NUMEROUS EXAMPLES OF ERRORS IN TV NETWORK COVERAGE OF LEBANON WAR

NEW YORK, Oct. 21 (JTA) -- The Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith today made public its study of television network coverage of the war in Lebanon.

The study, based on data gathered for the ADL by media specialists, Garth-Furst International, Inc., acknowledges the networks' "desire for truth and accuracy" in news coverage and the "inherent difficulties" in war reporting. It nevertheless cites numerous examples of errors found in examining tapes of the evening news broadcasts of the three major networks -- CBS, NBC and ABC -- from June 4 to September 1, 1982. The report covers only the tapes from this period.

According to Kenneth Bilkin, ADL's national chairman, "the following factors contributed to our perception of a lack of balance in the news media's handling of Israel's actions in Lebanon":

- * Inflated casualty figures reported and not corrected, as well as other factual errors.

- * Melodramatic portrayals of Israeli censorship.

- * Lingering and graphic daily coverage of the wounded and suffering that overwhelmed or overlooked the political, historical and military context of the situation.

- * Simple, nondimensional reporting of PLO posturing and a lack of critical analysis of the nature and background of the PLO role.

Study Raises 'Larger' Questions

Bilkin said he and other ADL officials have already met with executives from CBS, NBC and ABC to discuss "some of the difficulties and consequences of reporting fast-breaking events, especially when they occur in faraway places." The study, he declared, raised "larger" questions concerning media news reporting.

"The American media," it points out, "are no longer mere spectators -- they have become a factor in shaping public opinion, and, in some cases, U.S. foreign policy. In light of these developments, do the media need to formulate a new set of responsibilities toward the viewing public or are they on the right track already?"

The "greatest inaccuracies" were found to have occurred in reporting casualty figures in June, particularly during the first 10 days of the month when Israel did not release casualty figures. In July and August there was an improvement in reporting of casualties, the study noted.

Often, it went on, the networks provided casualty totals without a source or based on a biased source, the Palestine Red Crescent, an arm of the PLO but neglected to report updated figures provided by observers such as the International Committee of the Red Cross.

Other Subjects Examined

On the subject of censorship, the study concluded that although Israeli censorship was a factor in network reporting, treatment of it "was overplayed" and "went beyond normal journalistic practice."

Turning to the question of balance and bias, ADL said "the issue is extremely difficult to place in perspective," adding that "we believe that all of the networks, no matter unwittingly or unconsciously, contributed to some distortions and lack of objective perspective in their coverage of the war."

The ADL said it recognizes that evaluating the fairness of reporting political and military events raises the issue of whether any such evaluation can be wholly free of subjective consideration. Bilkin added, "We wish to record our awareness of the difficulties which the news media experience in seeking to fulfill their responsibilities."

ISRAELI OFFICIAL DEFENDS

ISRAEL'S INCURSION INTO LEBANON

TORONTO, Oct. 21 (JTA) -- Israel's incursion into Lebanon was defended here by Eliahu Ben-Elissar, chairman of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee and Israel's first Ambassador to Egypt. He told some 1,400 delegates and guests attending the B'nai B'rith International convention that Israel's military action in Lebanon was necessary for the elimination of the PLO infrastructure and gaining the security of Israel.

Ben-Elissar stated that the Israelis now want to leave Lebanon as soon as possible. Complete withdrawal will take place as soon as the remnants of the PLO forces and Syrian army depart, he said. Ben-Elissar, who said his address was a message from Israeli Premier Menachem Begin, stated that Jews have learned painfully from a long history that all Jews are responsible for the survival and well-being of each other.

"We had to enter Lebanon for one main reason," he said. "The PLO had turned Lebanon -- which used to be an independent sovereign state -- into a PLO state, not to make it a new Palestine, but to make it the base for attacks on Israel."

Citing the huge caches of arms and miles of tunnels discovered under and around Beirut, Ben-Elissar asked: "Should Israel have left to the PLO the opportunity to choose the time of attack?" He added that he did not believe that the PLO could have defeated Israel but it could have caused many casualties. "How many casualties should there have been before we should have responded?" he asked. Israel, he said, cannot afford the luxury of gambling with its security.

Ben-Elissar criticized the Western press as biased, dishonest and unprofessional in reporting the Lebanese war. He accused the press, by its reporting, of provoking outbursts of terrorism against Jews in Europe and elsewhere. "I don't accuse the world of anti-Semitism but how do you explain what is happening?" he asked.

Ben-Elissar told the B'nai B'rith audience that the Begin government wants to adhere to the Camp David agreements and opposes any plan that alters them. Israel cannot give any territory to Jordan or PLO leader Yasir Arafat, he said. "Seeing what the PLO has done in Lebanon, just imagine what it would do in an area completely under its control," he declared.

In response to a question from a B'nai B'rith delegate he said that Begin stands ready to go to Damascus or Amman to discuss peace with Syria or Jordan, once those nations recognize Israel.

JERUSALEM (JTA) -- A Jewish settler in Kiryat Arba, Zvi Segal, was stabbed in the back as he walked through the Arab market in Hebron Wednesday. He also had his pistol stolen in the attack. Despite his wound, Segal was able to reach the Machpela Tomb and alert IDF soldiers there. A curfew was imposed on the area.

CORRECTION: Premier Menachem Begin will address an International Israel Bond dinner in Los Angeles on November 14, not November 4, as was stated in the October 19 Bulletin.

SPECIAL TO THE JTA WALL POSTERS IN L.A. AREA LINKED TO EXTREMIST RIGHTWING GROUP By Kevin Freeman

NEW YORK, Oct. 21 (JTA) -- The appearance in the Los Angeles area of a series of six wall posters linking a proposed state handgun registration measure to Nazi atrocities committed against Jews in the Holocaust may be the work of a group with ties to the extremist rightwing and virulently anti-Semitic Liberty Lobby organization, according to an official of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith in Los Angeles.

The posters have appeared on traffic control boxes on main boulevards in Westminster and Huntington Beach and just last Monday outside the headquarters of Californians Against Street Crime, the group campaigning for passage of the measure known as Proposition 13, which would require state residents to register handguns and restrict future sales in the state.

The black and white posters show photographs of Nazi storm troopers, stacked bodies of victims killed in the concentration camps and Nazi execution victims. One particularly horrifying poster contains a photograph of a Nazi officer with a pistol to the head of an elderly man who is sitting on the edge of a mass grave filled with corpses. The poster declares in bold letters, "Gun Registration Equals Mass Extermination."

Other posters, for example, show two youths being hanged and the words, "Gun Registration Equals Youth Extermination." Another poster showing the bodies of death camp victims stacked in a pile, states: "Get On The Bang Wagon ... Register Your Guns." Still another pictures Nazi troops and the phrase, "First Register Their Guns, Then Register the Jews." The group which is officially campaigning against Proposition 13, Citizens Against the Gun Initiative, has denied any connection with the posters.

Identifies A Group Called COBRA

Robert Glasser, assistant regional director for the ADL in Los Angeles, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in a telephone interview that the posters contain two small markings that might disclose the identity of the organization that has circulated them.

Glasser said that there are two types of markings in the bottom right hand corner of some of the posters. One type, he said, is a small sized capital letter "A" surrounded by a larger capital letter "G." He said it was unclear as to what this symbol represents.

But another symbol on other posters has a picture of a small head of a cobra with the mouth forming the letter "C" and then the word "COBRA." Glasser pointed out that this symbol has not been used before, as far as the ADL knows. However, he pointed out that there is an organization called COBRA which is led by a man who has extensive ties to the Liberty Lobby organization.

COBRA is an acronym for Citizens Opposing Bigotry and Racism in America, a Los Angeles-based organization headed by Aric Leavitt. Glasser told the JTA, Leavitt, according to Glasser, is listed on the national board of policy for Liberty Lobby, the anti-Semitic hate group headed by Willis Carto.

Glasser also noted that Leavitt is a strong supporter of California State Senator John Schmitz, an ultra-conservative Republican who caused an uproar last year when he said at a legislative hearing that opponents of a measure to outlaw abort-

tion in California appeared to him as "a sea of hard Jewish and (arguably) female faces" and are "murderous marauders." In a letter last May to a local newspaper in the Los Altos area, Leavitt wrote of Jews as "dual loyalists" and "money changers."

While Glasser noted that the evidence pointing to a COBRA-Liberty Lobby association is circumstantial, he said the Liberty Lobby is known to have linked itself to conservative issues such as gun control, abortion and prayer in public schools.

Glasser also pointed out that the photographs used in the posters are duplications of original photographs and that the printing process for the posters is highly professional. He said the ADL office is trying to trace the original photos and their origin.

ARABS END BID TO OUST ISRAEL FROM UN ASSEMBLY By Yitzhak Rabi

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 21 (JTA) -- Only a few days before Israel's credentials are scheduled to be presented for approval in the General Assembly, the Arab countries retreated from their decision of two weeks ago to seek Israel's suspension from the Assembly.

According to reports here, the shift was decided upon at a closed meeting of the 21 members of the Arab League two days ago. The decision not to seek Israel's suspension meant in effect that the Arabs succumbed to American pressure and the warning last Saturday by Secretary of State George Shultz that if Israel were expelled from the Assembly the U.S. would walk out of it and terminate its payments to the world organization.

Another reason for the Arabs' retreat, according to diplomats here, was that a move at this time to suspend Israel would be incompatible with President Reagan's Middle East proposals and the declaration the Arab states adopted at their summit meeting in Fez, Morocco last month. That declaration urged guarantees for countries in the Mideast. The Arabs view the Fez declaration and Reagan's proposals as generally positive steps.

Seeking Statement Of Condemnation

Instead of seeking to exclude Israel from the Assembly, the Arabs have decided to issue a joint statement condemning Israel for what they contend are repeated violations of the UN Charter and its defiance of Security Council resolutions. Arab and Moslem delegates were holding consultations today on the text of the statement that is to be presented to the General Assembly Monday when the credentials of Israel and other member-states are presented for approval.

The Arabs' decision to drop the suspension bid did not come as a surprise here. Apart from Libya and Iran, which spearheaded the suspension drive, all the Arab countries seemed to be aware of the grave consequences such a move would have on the UN as an organization in general and to the Arab cause in particular.

The U.S. contributes 25 percent of the UN's annual budget of \$600 million. If the U.S. withdraws its financial support, the UN will lose its ability to operate effectively. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar also made it clear to the Arabs that suspending Israel would be a severe blow to the UN's prestige and would curtail dramatically its humanitarian programs for Palestinian refugees.

Diplomats here said, however, that the drive to deny Israel its credentials will probably come up again next year during the 38th session of the General Assembly.