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## SHAMIR: ISRAEL, THE U.S., LEBANON SHARE 'COMMON GOAL' TO END PLO, SYRIAN DOMINATION OF LEBANON

By David Friedman

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir emerged from a meeting with President Reagan this morning maintaining that Israel and the United States, as well as the government of Lebanon, share a "common goal" to end the domination of Lebanon by the Palestine Liberation Organization and the Syrian army.

"We have to reach this goal as soon as possible," Shamir told reporters after the nearly half-hour meeting. But he would not say whether Reagan had been "firm" with him about maintaining the cease-fire, as the President said yesterday he would be.

But a White House statement issued shortly after the meeting said the "President stressed the need for a complete end by all parties to the hostilities in and around Beirut as a prerequisite" to enable Reagan's special envoy, Philip Habib, to complete his "urgent work." The statement declared: "The world can no longer accept a situation of constantly escalating violence."

Reagan told reporters at the White House yesterday, following Israel's 14-hour bombardment of Beirut and the cease-fire which ensued, "I think it's absolutely imperative that this cease-fire at this stage of the negotiations must not be violated by anyone." Although he did not criticize Israel for its bombardment, the President appeared upset at the latest breakdown of the cease-fire. "I lost patience a long time ago," he said.

### Diplomatic Settlement Is Stressed

However, Shamir stressed to reporters today that Israel has always wanted to maintain the cease-fire but it must be an "absolute and mutual cease-fire, not a one sided cease-fire." He said the PLO has taken advantage of the cease-fire by "killing and wounding our soldiers."

The Israeli official said that his country wants a diplomatic solution. But the PLO will not leave west Beirut until it has decided that it has only one choice, either negotiating "or by other means." Shamir said there is no deadline but that the situation cannot last forever.

Both Shamir's and Reagan's statements stressed that an early diplomatic settlement is necessary in order to go on with the task of helping Lebanon as well as achieving a broader peace in the Middle East. "Progress will be made when we will see the PLO leave Lebanon," Shamir said.

He also said that an early PLO departure is needed to end the "suffering" of the Lebanese people. The White House statement noted "the President highlighted the humanitarian needs of the large civilian population of west Beirut with emphasis on the need to maintain essential services and to assure adequate supplies of food and medicine." Presumably, this was aimed at the Israeli blockade of west Beirut.

Meanwhile, last Friday, Sen. Charles Percy (R. Ill.) chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said he was "deeply disturbed" by the

seizure by the PLO of the warehouse housing food controlled by the United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) and he called upon the PLO to release the warehouse "immediately."

He said the PLO has been blocking food from the warehouse since July 5 and seized the warehouse on July 19. He said the seizure by the PLO means that UNRWA is not only unable to distribute food to west Beirut but cannot distribute food from the warehouse that is earmarked for south Lebanon. Percy noted that Israel has been "criticized for restricting food supplies. Now we find it is being done by the PLO. This is deplorable."

Meanwhile, Shamir was scheduled to meet later today with Secretary of State George Shultz at the State Department and with Defense Secretary Caspar Weinberger at the Defense Department. (Separate story, P.3.) The Foreign Minister is to meet with the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations on Wednesday in New York.

### CABINET TO HOLD SPECIAL MEETING ON UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION

By Gil Sedon

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- The Cabinet is scheduled to hold a special session at the end of the week to determine Israel's position regarding a resolution adopted yesterday by the United Nations Security Council authorizing the Secretary General "to deploy immediately on the request of the government of Lebanon, United Nations observers to monitor the situation in and around Beirut."

Until now Israel has been reluctant to accept such a plan, fearing that such a team of observers would serve as a buffer zone for the Palestine Liberation Organization by separating the Israel Defense Force from the terrorists. The PLO has already welcomed the Security Council resolution.

However, since Israel has agreed to give U.S. special envoy Philip Habib time to work out a solution for evacuating the PLO forces from west Beirut, it was decided here today to postpone a definite response to the Security Council resolution until Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir returns from Washington after meetings with President Reagan, Secretary of State George Shultz, Defense Secretary Caspar Weinberger and legislators.

### Full Cabinet Debate Sought

Before the Cabinet takes any official action, Premier Menachem Begin said he would insist on a full Cabinet debate and the presence of all the ministers at the meeting. He is apparently sensitive about having a Cabinet resolution adopted with only some of the ministers present following criticism voiced at yesterday's Cabinet session of Defense Minister Ariel Sharon for having ordered the takeover of the Beirut airport without consulting with the ministers.

Sharon explained that the decision to take over the airport was a "local, tactical move" which did not require a Cabinet decision. He said the purpose of the action was to take over what had been, in effect, a no-man's land, and that there was no intention to storm Beirut.

A senior political source said today that the purpose of yesterday's pounding of terrorist targets in west Beirut by the combined Israeli land, air and

sea forces was to serve as a warning to the terrorists that time was running out, that Israel would not countenance their violations of cease-fires, and not the beginning of the battle to capture Beirut.

The source said Israel was "losing its patience" with the lack of progress in getting the PLO out of Beirut. It was noted that the source happened to use the same phrase as President Reagan did last evening when he said "I lost patience a long time ago." The President was referring to the latest breakdown of the cease-fire. It was also observed here that the U.S. was well aware that Israel was using extraordinary restraint in the face of the continued weeks-long foot-dragging by the PLO to evacuate Beirut.

#### Growing Differences Between U.S., Israel

Sources here noted that there were growing differences between the U.S. and Israel over the approach to the diplomatic negotiations over the situation in Lebanon. Whereas Israel wants to speed up the negotiations by continuing the military pressure, the U.S. feels that the unstable cease-fires serve as a major obstacle to Habib's mission.

Israel's view is that the basic problem is getting the PLO out of Lebanon, and not the cease-fire issue, which is considered of secondary importance. Israel has made it clear in the past, and it was reiterated yesterday by Begin at the Cabinet meeting, that the cease-fire has to be total and mutual, that Israel would accept a cease-fire only on that condition.

Begin responded today to a cable Reagan sent him on the occasion of the Premier's 69th birthday Saturday. Begin wrote: "I feel like a Premier who was authorized to command a brave army which faces Berlin in which Hitler and his associates hide in a deep subterranean bunker, among innocent people .... My generation has vowed that anybody who declares his intention to annihilate the Jewish people, his fate will be doomed. The experience of Berlin shall not repeat itself."

#### NINTH CEASE-FIRE BROKEN

By Hugh Orgel

TEL AVIV, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- The ninth cease-fire since the start of the Lebanon campaign, enforced yesterday after the heaviest day's fighting yet seen in the war, did not last long. Reports from the Lebanese capital today spoke of firing by terrorists using artillery and missiles at Israeli positions and into Christian areas of east Beirut. Israeli forces returned the fire. But the level of hostilities was well below that experienced yesterday.

The Israeli army spokesman said that three Israeli soldiers had been killed yesterday by a direct hit on the armored personnel carrier in which they had been travelling. The spokesman had earlier reported that nine other soldiers had been wounded, most of them not seriously.

Defense Minister Ariel Sharon confirmed to a meeting of high school graduates in Tel Aviv last night that Israeli forces had completely captured the Beirut international airport.

Sharon assured the youngsters, who will be joining the army shortly to begin their compulsory military service, that they would be joining "not only the best army in the world, but also the most moral one." He explained that special orders had been given to avoid civilian casualties as far as possible, with the Israeli troops tak-

ing extra risks to reduce civilian casualties. He said that Israel would insist on all terrorists leaving east Beirut and all foreign forces leaving Lebanon, "which means the Syrians as well as the terrorists." Sharon said he hoped the destruction of PLO terrorist forces would help lead to a reconciliation between Israelis and Arabs on the West Bank and the Gaza Strip.

#### JEWISH MEMBERS OF TERRORIST GROUP CLAIM RESPONSIBILITY FOR ATTACK ON ISRAELI DIPLOMAT'S CAR

By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Jewish members of an extremist leftwing terrorist organization, "Direct Action," last night claimed responsibility for the attack on an Israeli diplomat's car. Direct Action, a group which has carried out numerous attacks on western diplomats in Paris, said that some of its "Jewish members carried out the attack to protest the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and to prevent the genocide of the Palestinian people."

Three shots were fired last evening at the parked car belonging to a low-ranking official serving with the Israel Embassy here. The car was empty and Embassy spokesmen said the owner has been on summer vacation for more than a week.

The Direct Action statement said that some of its Jewish members carried out the attack under the name of "Special Action Group Marcel Rayman." The statement also referred to Thomas Elek and Mendel Langer. All three were prominent leaders of the anti-Nazi Jewish Communist resistance movement during World War II. They were captured by the Nazis and executed in 1944. The statement said, "We shall remain faithful to the example given to us by the three" former Jewish resistance fighters.

Police believe Direct Action is responsible for the murder of an American deputy military attache in Paris and for the machine gunning of the Israeli Defense Ministry's purchasing mission here last spring. According to local intelligence reports, many of the terrorist organization's members come from middle class Jewish families.

#### YEFET BEN-AVRAHAM ZADAKA DEAD AT 87

TEL AVIV, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Yefet Ben-Avraham Zadaka, leader of the Samaritan community in Israel, died last Friday in his home in Holon. He was 87 years old. He was buried in the Samaritan cemetery in Kiryat Shau. His father, Avraham Zadaka, was the first Samaritan to leave Nablus in 1905 to settle in Jaffa, bringing the Samaritan community into close contact with the Jewish community for the first time and laying the foundation for the Israeli-Samaritan community in Jaffa as an offshoot of the main community in Nablus. Yefet Zadaka broke with Samaritan tradition when he married a Jewish woman in 1924. This has become a practice followed by many other Samaritans.

#### EGYPTIAN-ISRAELI TALKS ON TABA HAS BEEN DEFERRED

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Talks between Israel and Egypt on resolving the still-disputed issue of the border of Taba have been deferred, apparently because of the Lebanon situation. The talks were to have begun in Alexandria yesterday.

Israeli sources said the Cairo press, and especially the semi-official Al Ahram, has stepped up its intense preoccupation with the Taba issue, insisting on early arbitration and claiming that Egypt has already appointed its own arbiter, an elderly jurist named Dr. Wahid Raafat. Raafat himself has published articles supporting the Egyptian claim and even contending against the legality of Israel's presence at Eilat, which is alongside the disputed tract at Taba.

Israel for its part seeks a process of conciliation rather than arbitration. Conciliation is a more voluntary arrangement based on good faith, whereas arbitration involves the binding ruling of an arbitration panel.

Both words -- conciliation and arbitration -- appear in the Camp David peace treaty article dealing with conflict-resolution, and Israel holds that they must each be tried in turn. Egypt contends that the parties can go to arbitration without going first through the state of conciliation.

#### SHAMIR DENIES COOLNESS TOWARD HIM BY REGAN

By David Friedman

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel denied today that he found a coolness toward him by President Reagan when he met with him at the White House this morning.

"It was a friendly atmosphere in the mornings as it was now (at the State Department) in the afternoon," Shamir told reporters after a nearly three-hour meeting with Secretary of State George Shultz, including a working lunch.

"Of course there are some difficulties" between the United States and Israel, Shamir added. But he stressed as he had this morning that the two countries had "identical goals in Lebanon."

Pool reporters who attended the picture-taking session at the opening of the meeting at the White House said there was none of the usual friendly small talk that normally marks those occasions. The reporters noted that when Israeli Ambassador Moshe Arens tried to break the ice with a remark, the Americans did not respond.

But when Shamir was asked directly this afternoon if the U.S. was trying to put some distance between itself and Israel, because of Israel's bombardment of west Beirut, Shamir replied, "I wouldn't say so."

Shamir said his talks with Shultz, which he described as "very friendly," centered on Lebanon but in more detail than the earlier half-hour White House meeting. He repeated again the Israeli position of the "absolute necessity" that the PLO have to leave Beirut and Lebanon as soon as possible. He again added that the PLO has to decide whether to do this by "negotiations or by otherwise."

Shamir said the "next few days" may tell whether the efforts by special envoy Philip Habib will be successful. He did not explain what he meant. Also discussed at the State Department today the prospects for peace in the Middle East after the issue of Lebanon is resolved, Shamir said.

#### TURKISH AGENCIES DROP ANTI-ISRAEL BOYCOTT CLAUSE FROM BID CONTRACTS

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- A federal investigation, initiated by a complaint from the American Jewish Congress, has led to a change of policy by the Turkish government regarding Turkey's cooperation in Arab boycott efforts against the State of Israel, the AJCongress reported.

Earlier this year, public advertisements by Turkish state agencies requesting companies to bid on construction and equipment contracts in Turkey, financed by a Saudi Arabia investment fund, explicitly barred bidders who did not observe anti-Israel boycott requirements estab-

lished by Saudi Arabia and other Arab states. Specifically, the offending clause stated that no bidders would be considered "who are not within the scope of the boycott resolutions of the kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the League of Arab States." As a result of Treasury Department intervention, Turkey has now agreed to eliminate such a requirement from all future bid solicitations, according to John Chapoton, assistant secretary of the Treasury for tax policy.

The inclusion of a provision in some Turkish government agency bid solicitations limiting bidders to those acceptable to Saudi Arabia was cited in a series of letters in February and March to Secretary of the Treasury Donald Regan by Will Maslow, general counsel of the AJCongress and editor of its publication "Boycott Report."

In writing to Regan, Maslow noted that if such a boycott clause requirement represented Turkish government policy, U.S. law required that Turkey be added to the U.S. government's statutory list of countries participating in the Arab boycott of Israel. Furthermore, under the law, American companies complying with boycott related requirements would be jeopardizing their tax benefits.

#### Result Of The Inquiry

The Treasury Department investigation, Chapoton noted in a July 14 letter to Maslow, disclosed that no evidence had been found that Turkey itself requires participation in or cooperation with the Arab boycott of Israel. The inquiry revealed that the clauses barring bidders on the Arab blacklist were inserted at the request of the Saudi Arabia Fund for Development, which financed the Turkish projects in question.

Chapoton informed AJCongress that Turkey has advised that "the offending language will not appear in future Turkish bid invitations." He also noted that because Turkey has normal diplomatic and commercial relations with Israel and does not maintain or participate in the anti-Israel boycott policy, it does not belong on the U.S. government's list of boycotting countries.

#### OPHIRA NAVON URGES AID FOR CHILDREN OF LEBANESE REFUGEES

By Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Ophira Navon, the wife of President Navon, urged today cooperation between Israeli and overseas welfare agencies to rehabilitate the children of Lebanese refugees. A survey team she sponsored found recently that orphanages operated by the Lebanese government did not accept children of the thousands of Palestinian refugees in Lebanon. Mrs. Navon spoke at a press conference here.

The survey team found that one Christian welfare agency had taken in 30 orphans in recent weeks, she reported. A central orphanage in Sidon, sheltering 600 children, accepted only 14 new orphans during the current fighting. A children's village with 24 residents and a capacity of 100, took only one homeless child, the team reported.

Mrs. Navon proposed that Israel approach the international agencies to organize assistance for the badly-housed refugee children. She also proposed that Israel, working through the international agencies, bring pregnant women and mothers with young children away from such embattled areas as west Beirut to more secure section of Lebanon.

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JERUSALEM (JTA) -- About 700 Druze leaders from the Hassbay and Shuf areas in Lebanon met Monday with thousands of Israeli Druze at their holy place -- Nabi Shueb in the Galilee. This is the first time since 1947 that such a meeting took place.

## CAREY SIGNS INTO LAW MEASURES TO STRENGTHEN LEGAL SAFEGUARDS FOR BUYERS OF KOSHER PRODUCTS

By Ben Gallo

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- A number of measures to strengthen legal safeguards in New York State for purchasers of kosher products -- including what was described as a landmark requirement for registration of kosher delicatessens for the first time -- have been signed into laws by Governor Hugh Carey.

They are the first such kosher consumer protection laws in the United States, Rabbi Schולם Rubin, chief supervisor of the kosher law enforcement division of New York State's Department of Agriculture and Markets, said today. The division, which has a staff of roving inspectors, is responsible for implementation of the state's wide range of such protection measures.

The new laws also deal with meat and with poultry and parve products. The latter refer to products which contain neither meat nor milk ingredients and can be used with either category.

Rubin said there are more than 200 kosher delicatessens in New York State. Under a law signed July 21, which will take effect September 1, operators and owners of the delicatessens will be required to register the name of the individual who provides the rabbinical supervision which assures that the delicatessen is kosher.

### Requirement Of The Law

He said a registry will be in place in his division office by September 1 for such registration. The law also will require registration of the name of the endorsing rabbi at slaughterhouses. That registration requirement applies to supervision of non-prepackaged meat and meat preparations. Each such piece of meat or carcass has a tag indicating the name of the ritual slaughterer, as well as the stamp of the federal Department of Agriculture, Rubin said.

He said that since every meat wholesaler handles both kosher and non-kosher meat, the wholesalers must register with his division the name of the person assuring that his kosher meat is actually kosher. If there is no rabbinic supervisor in the plant of a wholesaler, the owner assumes the responsibility and must register accordingly.

The same requirement applies to the fabricator, who cuts up carcasses for sale by the kosher butcher. Similarly, the kosher butcher shop owners will have to register the source of the supervision under which a shop operates as a kosher establishment.

### Law On Dating Kosher Poultry

Rubin said another bill, which will become law December 1, requires the dating of kosher poultry which has not been eviscerated, soaked and salted immediately after ritual slaughter. The new measure, signed by Carey on May 20, provides that all such poultry -- known in New York State as "New York dressed poultry" -- must, after December 1, have affixed to the carcass a tag or plumba stating the date and time of ritual slaughter.

He said that because many observant homemakers prefer to eviscerate and soak and salt poultry themselves, hundreds of thousands of pounds of such poultry are shipped into the state each week.

Rubin said this raises a problem because if a bird is not washed within 72 hours of slaughter, it becomes impossible to rid the carcass of all of its

forbidden blood. After that period of time, he said, salting will not remove all the blood.

Under present law, Rubin said, all kosher poultry has affixed to the carcass a plumba or tag certifying it has been ritually slaughtered. If the kosher poultry is shipped into New York State, it must have the tag certifying kosher slaughter, but the housewife has no way of knowing how long a time has elapsed between slaughter and her time of purchase.

The requirement of the new law mandating affixing of a tag indicating time and date of slaughter will alert the housewife not to buy an uneviscerated, unsalted bird 72 hours or more after it has been slaughtered, Rubin noted.

### Issue Of Using The Term 'Parve'

He reported an area particularly susceptible of abuse is use of the term "parve" on food. He said some manufacturers put the word on the label of products solely to get sales from observant consumers and that a check of ingredients of a product labeled "parve" may indicate use of sodium casinate or other ingredients which may be of dairy origin.

He said such suspect "parve" foods can be analyzed in a special section of the state's laboratories in Albany and that producers of products packaged as "parve" found to have dairy ingredients are subject to fines for fraudulent labeling.

Any person or company found to be involved in violating kashrut rules in processing of meat or meat products can be tried on criminal charges and be given civil penalties ranging from \$50 to \$5,000 for each offense on conviction, Rubin said.

Asked how a New York State law is enforced in the other states, Rubin said that authorities of other states are never involved. He said the practice of his division is to write to out-of-state firms at all levels -- slaughtering firms, wholesalers, processors and manufacturers -- asking each firm to fill out the New York State kosher enforcement division form which identifies the endorsing rabbi or rabbinical supervisor for the products the company wants to sell in New York State.

He said the companies cooperate fully because they want to do business with consumers of kosher products in New York State. He added that authorities of other states have never challenged the enforcement activities of his division in those states, although in strict legal terms, New York State officials have no authority to seek to enforce New York State law in other states.

### SOVIETS CONTINUE TO CLAMP DOWN ON JEWISH EMIGRATION

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (JTA) -- Charlotte Jacobson, chairman of the Soviet Jewry Research Bureau of the National Conference on Soviet Jewry, today reported that 186 Jews arrived from the Soviet Union in Vienna with Israeli visas, during July. She noted that "Soviet authorities have decided to allow the Jewish emigration movement to become a trickle, merely allowing a few to come through gates that are virtually closed. In the meantime, hundreds of thousands of others are dammed behind those gates."

The Soviet Jewry Research Bureau will continue to closely monitor Jewish emigration from the USSR, Jacobson said. She along with NCSJ's chairman, Theodore Mann, will discuss the situation at a special meeting of the NCSJ Executive Committee which will evaluate U.S. participation in the Third International Conference on Soviet Jewry in Paris, in October.

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PARIS (JTA) -- Lebanese Socialist Druze leader Walid Jumblatt said Monday that the Palestinians have only one choice: an outright massacre or the Camp David option.