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BEGIN RECEIVES PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM MUBARAK, VARIOUS ISSUES-DISCUSSED BUT NO BREAKTHROUGHS ARE REPORTED By Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, June 3 (JTA) — Egyptian Foreign Minister Kamel Hassan Ali delivered a personal message from Preidant Hosni Mubarak to Premier Menachem Begin yesterday, reportedly proposing that the two of them meet in the near future. The message also dealt with resumption of the autonomy talks, it was reported baday. Begin told Ali he appreciated Mubarak's

message which reportedly asserted that peace between their countries was "eternal." Begin and the Egyption visit br bath said they hoped the autonomy talks would be resumed quickly but neither indicated progress in resolving the venue issue. Begin insists that some of the sessions be held in Jenuselem. Mubarok refuses to send the Egyption negotiating team to the Israeli capital. Prospects of a three-way summit-meetina

between Begin, Mubarak and President Reagan in Washington later this month appeared to have dimmed. Hossani Ali told reporters after his meeting with Begin that the leaders of Israel and Egypt should hold a meeting of their own before attending a summit in Washington. But he did not suggest how such a meeting could come about, adven Mubaraki's refusal to ao to Jerusalem.

The Egyption President was scheduled to visit I srael last April but the trip was called off when the Israelis made it clear he would be welcomed only in Jerusalem. All is visit here yesterday had not been scheduled in advance and gave rise to speculation that Mubarak had something urgent to communicate to Begin. But the Egyptian Foreign Minister insisted that despite Its hasty nature, his visit "constituted normal contact between two friendly countries." He said Israell Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir would pay a return visit to Cain east August.

#### Burg Denies "Agreement"

Meanwhile, Interior Minister Yosef Burg expressed surprise boday of a report in Maariv quoting the Egyptian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Butnos Ghall, as soying a "gentlemen's agreement" existed between Egypt and Israel not to hold the autonomy talks in their respective capitals. Ghall, who heads a delegation of Egypt's ruling National Democratic Party visiting Israel, met with Maariv's editorial staff yesterday.

He suggested to Mäariv that Burg, who heads Israel's autonomy negotiating team; would confirm the existence of such a gentlemen's agreement. But Burg said today that he knew of no such thing. He said it was unnatural to exclude Jarusalem as a venue for the talks, especially when the normalization process between Israel and Egypt was gaining momentum. According to Burg, Ghall himself suggested more than three months ago that Egypt might agree to hold the talks in Jerusalem after Israel completed its withdrawal from Strait, which it did on April 25.

REAGAN, MITTERRAND DISCUSS MIDEAST By Edwin Eitan

PARIS, June 3 (JTA) -- President Reagan discussed the Middle East as an "area of tension"

PARIS, June 3 (JIA) -- President Keagan discussed the Middle East so an "area of Tension" with French President Francois Mitherrand baday. Reagan, in Paris for a two-ody summit meeting of the world's seven industrialized nations, had a two-hour lunch'and poli fical discussion with Mitherrand. He later said that "areas of tension, Central America, the Falklands and the Middle East" were among the main subjects he discussed. French and American officials would reveal no details.

Just before he drove to the Elysee Palace, Reagan met Sharon Ray, the widow of the U.S. Assistant Military Attache Lt. Col. Charles Ray, who was shot dead last January outside his home. Reagan warmly embraced the widow and said he has posthumously promoted her husband to full colonel. Ray was shot with a 7.65 mm aistal which

ballistic experts say was also used to murder Israeli Embassy Second Secretary Yaokov Barsimantov last April. The same terrorist organization. "Lebonese Revolutionary Armed Faction" claimed responsibility for both killings.

REAGAN'S WARNING TO RUMANIA ON JEWISH EMIGRATION HAILED

NEW YORK, June 3 (JTA) — President Reagan's stern warning to the Rumanian government that it must significantly improve its emigration procedures for Jews seeking to go to Israel or face the loss of most favored notion (MFN) trade status with the U.S., was hailed as a "breakthrough" by a Jewish emigration activist today.

But Dr. Jacob Birnbaum, notional director of the Center for Russian and East European Lewry here, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that a major struggle is shaping up in Congress on this issue. He urged American Jews to support members of both houses who are seeking to block the extension of MFN to Rumania for another year because of the Bucharest government's treatment of ethnic and religious minorities which include Baptists, Pentacostals, Orthodox and other religious groups as well as Jews.

Letters of protest to President Nicolae
Ceausescu of Romania are currently being circulated
in the Senate by Sens. Daniel Moynithan (D,NY) and
William Armstrong (R,Colo.) and in the House by
Reps. Stephen Solarz (D,NY) and Robert Doman
(R,Colif.).

#### MFN Extension Recommended

Reagan, despite his strongly worded criticism of Rumania's emigration policies and procedures, hos recommended to Congress that MFN status be extended to Rumania for nonher year, Under the 1974 Trade Reform Act which incorporates the Jackson/Vanik Amendment, Congress can vate preferred trade status for Communist blac countries and yafter the President determines that they have open emigration policies. House hearings on the matter are expected to begin this month. The Senate will hold hearings in July.

Reagan, in his message to Congress yesterday, declared that he was "gravely concerned about the Rumanian government"s failure to improve its repressive emitgration procedures and the significant decrease in Numanian Jewish emigration to Israel which is disturbing." Reagan's message noted that "This emigration has drapped from an annual rate of some 4000 prior to the 1975 extension of MFN to Rumania to the current (1981) low level of 952. Furthermore, contrary to the 1979 agreement with American Jewish leaders, Rumania continues to maintain a considerable backlog of long-standing emigration coess. This backlog at present involves at least 652 cases, "Reagan said.

He added that "Also contrary to the 1979 agreement, the Rumani an opvernment has not improved its emigration procedures. The process is cumbersome and plagued with obstacles for 4ghose who merely wish to obtain emigration application forms. All of these factors demonstrate Rumania's negative emigration policy which clearly controvenes the text and purpose of the Jackson/Vonik Amendment."

#### 'Strong Letter' Expected

Reagan noted that "In waiving the prohibition of MFN renewal for Rumania this year, I have weighed the above factors within the context of the satisfactory state of general U.S., Rumanian relations. However, I intend be inform the Rumanian government that unless a noticeable improvement in its emigration procedures takes place and the rate of Jewish emigration to Israel ingreases significantly, Rumania's MFN renewal for 1983 will be in serious feapardy."

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Birnbaum bold the JTÁ that a "high White House surce" in Stormed him that "The Administration will now be sending a very strong letter to the Rumanian government." He sold the Center for Russian and European Jewry "heartily applauds" Reagan's message. He said however that the backlog-of emigration applications in Rumania was "well over 1000" rather than the 652 figure cited by the President.

Birnhoum called on American Jewish leaders to "insist that the Rumanian government raise the flow of Jewish emigration to the rate current before Rumania obtained MFN in 1975, i.e. 3000-4000 per annum", and that it reduce to less than six months the application procedure for emigration.

SYRIAN INTERVENTION SEEN IF ISRAEL GOES INTO LEBANON By Gil Sedan

TEL AVIV, June 3 (JTA) — Gen. Yehoshus Saguy, chief of mill tary intel ligence, sold buday there was a strong possibility that Syria would intervene in the event of a major Israell mill tary operation against the Palestinian terrorists in Lebanon. On the other hand, according to Saguy, "a large scale Israeli operation could eliminate, the extra-terri brial entity of the terrorists along the Lebanese coast."

Saguy offered his assessment of the situation at a press conference which covered a broad range of subjects from the uneasy alliance between Syria and the Palestine Liberation Organization to the alarm among the Arab states on the Persian Gulf over, a likely military victory by Iran over Iraq. Saguy said the question of Syrian intervention against Israel in Lebanon depended entirely on whether President Hadrez Assad of Syria felt strong enough to control the situation. He noted that Syrian air force attempts to Interfere with Israeli reconnaisance flights over Lebanon allowed the Syrians, at relatively small cost to themselves, to demonstrate that they are the only Arab state actively involved in a controntation with Israel, But it also shows that the Syrians are prepared to intervene, he said.

# Palestinians Prepared

According to Saguy, the Palestinians in Lebanon are now better prepared for an Israeli attack than they were a year ago. He said they have dug funnels in the mountains to protect their personnel and weapons from air attack. They have stockpiled supplies in the hinterland and enlarged their arrenal to include long range artillery, more Katyusha rockets and 80 tanks.

But the terrorists have an interest in maintaining the cease-fire along the Lebanese border, the Israeli intelligence chief said. They want to maintain the delicate balance that prevents Israel from moving from

static to offensive warfare.

"The problem of the terrorists is how to keep active, but at the same time be protected from Israel. If Israel applies force, they hope someone will get them out of the mess," Saguy said. But, he added, the terrorists have no great trust for the Syrians. "It is no hopeymono between Syria and the PLO."

## Admirs Being Wrong On Iraq

Saguy admitted that he had erred earlier in in believing that Iraq would have the upper hand in its war with Iran. "I did not take into account elements of morale and motivation in Iran," he said. He said the question now is whether the Iranians would invade Iraq or attack Iraqi forces along their northern border. He said the Iranians are ready for a case-fire if President's Gaddam Hussein of Iraq resigns. "This may not put Hussein under an immediate threat, but the actual demand means there is a price on his head,"

Saguy sold.

He noted that Iran's reconquest of Khoramshahr has alarmed the Persian Gulf Arab states which had supported froughing the 20 months of war. They now fear that "the sword of (the Iranian) revolution will be almed at them." Saguy said Egypt is taking advantage of this situation which it sees as an opportunity to re-join the Arab world, dispose of their automaded Soviet equipment, get money from the oil producing states and appear to be making a gesture toward their Arab brethren.

Saguy ruled out the possibility that Egypt would send troops to Iraq, "although the mere talk of sending troops has had its own affect." He said that since Egypt signed its peace agreement with Israel, there has been no sign of any change in the attitude of other Arab countries toward Israel.

TEL AVIV, (JTA) — A new 20-km (12 mile) road was officially opened in Galilee Thursday, by-passing a dangerous passage through the town of Tiberias on the shores of Lake Tiberias. The new road cuts some 20 minutes from travelling time from EI d'AVIV to Upper Galilee and avoids all built-üp urban areas. The new highway follows an almost level path and skirts round the previous 600 foot drop down to below sep level. Construction work was carried out by the public works department of the government and was said to be some of the most complicated earth moving and road construction work ever carried out.

#### JWY COMMANDER PROTESTS STATE DEPARTMENT MEETING WITH 2 OUSTED WEST BANK MAYORS By Helen Silver

WASHIN GTON, June 3 (JTA) — The national commonder of the Jewish War Veterans, Robert Zweiman, has sent a telegram to Secretary of State Alexander Haig protesting and seeking clarification of a meeting Tuesday between two State Department officials and two West Bank Pelestinian mayors, who Zweiman said had "files" to the Palestinian Liberation Organization.

The two mayors—Fahd Kawasma of Hebron and Mohammed Milhem of Halhull — met with two Assistant Secretaries of State; Nicholas Veliotes, who is in charge of the Near East and South Asian department; and Elliott Abrams, who heads the human rights division, according to a

State Department spokesman.

Department spokesman Alan Romberg revealed yesterday that the two mayors called at the State Department for talks on the West Bank situation, U.S., policy and the prospect for Polestinian autonomy. The talks, Romberg pointed out, were initiated by the mayors and "hook place in the context of our willingness be meet with a broad range of Polestinians other than members of the Polestine Liberation Organization."

The telegram Zweiman sent yesterday by holg stated, "We are concerned that our government met with individuals having ties to the PLO Please explain." U.S. Dolley toward the PLO, which was reiterated by Holg just last week, is that there will be no dialogue or negotiations with the terrorist organization until it recognizes Israel's right to exist and accepts United Nations Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338:

BILL WOULD DELETE REPARATIONS
FROM INCOME FOR SOCIAL SECURITY
By Judith Kohn

NEW YORK, June 3 (JTA) — A bill is circulating in the U.S. House of Representatives that would exclude Holocaust reparations payments from countable income in determining eligibility for Supplemental Security Income (SSI).

Reparations to Holocaust survivors for personal injuries suffered during World War II are provided under the Federal Law on the Compensation of Victims of the National Socialist Persecution, enacted by West Germany in 1956.

The bill was introduced last month by Rep. Henry Waxman (D.Calit.) after the case of a constituent, Felicia Grunfeder, was brought to his attention. Grun feder's SSI payments, provided to Social Security recipients on the basis of need, were terminated by the government after it declared her monthly reparations payments as unearmed income, placing her total income over the eligibility limit for SSI.

Grunfeder, who lost her fother to the Nozis at a young age, survived the Warsaw Ghetto uprising and was later sinuggled out of the ghetto to the protection of a gentile couple. She was subsequently intermed as a gentile at a work camp in Poland, where she was found by her mother at the war's end.

Still suffering from the psychological scars left by her experiences under Nazi Germany

Grunfeder had been using her SSI payments for psychiatric counseling. When the payments were ended last summer, she filed suit against the government.

## Government Argues Against Exclusion

In a legal paper submitted to the court last year, the government argued that Grunnfeder "obviously can use the funds received from the German Government to meet her basic needs... and thus obviate any need for the need-based SSI benefits." Consequently, the brief stated, "plaintiff is on equal footing with all others whose excludable income, from whatever source, exceeds the SSI standards."

Grunfeder's attomey, Josh Lazar, argued that the reparations were supposed to be punitive payments against the German government and in no way were they to be considered a welfare-type payment. He also pointed to exemptions granted American Indians who received reparations from the U.S. Government.

But a brief prepared by Assistant U.S. Attorney James Arnold concluded that the granting of exemption to certain American Indian tribes "is based on the moral obligation of the United States to those tribes..." In contrast, the paper continued, "the United States has no corresponding moral obligation to victims of Nazi persecution."

## Court Ruling Due

U.S. Magistrote John Krönenberg issued a tentative ruling on the case last December, when he recommended that the courts not be involved in the Federal Health and Human Services decision process and suggested that Grunfeder seek relief from the Legislature. "I have a choice of frustrating the intent of Congress or frustrating, the intent of Compress or frustrating the intent of Cemolaws," Kronenberg said. "It's up to Congress to

Grunfeder's case has since been referred to Federal District Court Judge Cynthia Halcomb Hall in Los Angeles, who is scheduled to hear it later this month. A ruling is expected at the end of July

or beginning of August.

Meanwhile, the bill introduced by Waxman would amend a provision of the Social Security Act which includes Holocaust reparations as countable income in determining SSI eligibility. Waxman's bill has 34 co-sponsors.

## WEINBERGER, JEWS IN SECRET MEETING

NEW YORK, June 3 (JTA) -- A source close to the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations confirmed to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency foday a press report that Defense Secretary Caspar Weinberger held a secret meeting with American Jewish leaders in New York last month in an attempt to Teconcile their sharp policy differences with the Reagan Administration in the Middle East.

According to the report, the meeting focused on Administration plans, strongly advacated by Weinberger, to sell advanced U.S., notably Jordan. But the problem was not resolved, the report said. The meeting, at the Princeton Club, was arranged by Jacob Stein, President Reagon's former liaison to Jewish groups. The report of the closed meeting quoted Administration officials and Jewish leaders as saying there was basic agreement that U.S. Interests come that and that I than in the U.S. Interest to protect I said is security. The differences stem from the Administration's view that it can influence Arab countries.

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## ADL CALLS ON REAGAN ADMINISTRATION TO END APPEASEMENT OF SAUDI ARABIA

NEW YORK, June 3 (JTA) — The Anti-Defamation League of 8 hiolia Pithi is calling on the Reagan Administration to end the "appeasement" of Saudi-Arabia that has been a hallmark of U.S., policy in recent years under Democratic and Republican Administrations

According to Abraham H. Foxman, ADL's associate national director and head of its international Affairs Division, there has been for almost a decade the illusion that Saudi Arabia is a moderate, pro-Western, stable friend of the U.S., a reliable ally, and a partner in America's Middle East peacemaking efforts.

foxman made public a 40-page ADL Research Report documenting a long record of anti-American actions by the Saudis which have resulted in a 1139 percent increase in the price of world crude oil over 1973 (from \$2.70 to \$34), have sobotaged the Camp David peace process, and financed such anti-American, pro-Soviet elements in the Middle East as Syria, larg and the Palestine Liberation Cryganization,

The report, fittled "The U.S.-Saudi Relationship," is to be presented at a session of ADL's 69th annual National Commission meeting which began today and ends Monday at the Grand Hyatt Hotel here.

## U.S. Policy Called "Wishful Thinking"

boxman said it is "Wishful thinking and a misreading of reality" for U.S., leaders to think Saudi Arabia can serve as "the linchpin of a strategic consensus" against Soviet peneration of the Persian-Culf or "the key" to broadening Middle Eastern peace beyond Egypt and Israel.

"It is time for Washington to recognize that the Saudi regime is .. dependent on the United States for its security and survival." the ADL report soid, this "underlying reality," it went on, is "boo often forgothen by U.S., policymakers in Washington who have fallen all over themselves to meet Saudi demands and to pass Saudi Iltmus tests" without requiring reciprocal treatment from the Saudis.

The record shows, the League report said, that "in moments of crisis, when the security and the survival of the Royal Family and its regime are clearly at stake, the Saudis inevitably turn to the United States.

"Between such crises, however, the Saudis try to pursue policies that serve anti-American purposes, weeken the West, play into the hands of the Soviets, and strengthen pro-Soviet, anti-American forces in the Arab world, the report stressed.

The ADL report added; "Soudi policy is based on two considerations; fear and weakness. Fear and the knowledge of their own weakness prompts the Soudi princes to pay protection money — 'balsheesh' — to the pro-Soviet revolutionary forces in the Arab world. That is why Soudi Arabia finances the PLO, provides money for Syria to purchase Soviet weapons, makes common cause at Arab summit meetings with Iraq, and finances re-building of the Iraqi nuclear facility."

#### "Bill of Particulars"

The ADL set forth the following 'Bill of Particulars' pointing out that Saudi Arabia; Has waged sustained economic warder against the U.S., the Western industrialized nations and lesser developed countries for a decade or more; Has refused to support the Camp David peace process, despite this country's repeated pleas to do so and despite the 1978 sale of sophisticated American F-15 military jets to the Saudis and the 1981 sale of F-15 enhancement equipment, 1,177 heat-seeking Sidewinder air-to-tir missiles, seven KC-135 tanker planes, 22 ground-based radar stations, and five AWACS surveillance planes.

Also Soudi Arabia broke relations with President Anwar Sadat of Egypt after he signed the peace treaty with Israel; — Finances pro-Soviet enemies of the U.S. in the Arab world — Syria, Iraq and the PLO; — Hos Fitted diplomatically with the Soviet Union; Has permitted Soviet overflights of its territory, and allows the transhipment of Soviet war supplies for revolutionary, Iraq through its territory and ports; Is financing reconstruction of the Iraqi nuclear reactor destroyed by the Israeli Air Force in the summer of 1981, and is financing the building of an Islamic abmic bomb by Packstan.

It also has refused to permit the establishment of U.S. military bases on its soil for the defense of Saudi oil fields and the entire Persian Gulf; Put extreme pressure on Oman to withdraw permission for the U.S. to use Omani territory for military maneuvers related to the defense of the Persian Gulf (The Saudis and other Gulf states under Saudi influence offered the Sultanate of Oman \$1.2 billion if Oman would cancel the agreement allowing the U.S. access to its territory and military facilities); Insists that Israel, not the Soviet Union, is the main threat to Saudi and Persian Gulf security; Objected to, and for a time blocked, American oil purchases to fill the U.S. Strategic Petroleum Reserve; Denounced the U.S. effort to rescue the American hostages held by the Khomeini regime in Iran as "American military aggression"; Repeatedly belied its claims to "moderation" by calling for jihad -- holy war -- against Israel and by disseminating blatant anti-Jewish propaganda.

The whole "conventional wisdom" of Saudi Arabia as a moderate, stable, pro-Western friend and ally of the U.S., the ADL report says, is propagandist mythology promulgated by an array of pro-Saudi friends and paid agents active on the American scene,

Among these, the report soy, are lawyers, bublic relations experts, an array of State Department "Arabists," former ambassadors who have served in Arab capitals, and major all companies such as Exxon, Texaco, Mobil and Stendard Oil of Cali firmia, who are partners in the Arabian-American Oil Company (ARAMCO). ARAMCO, ADL States, "has, in large measure, shaped the way Americans and their government perceive Saudi Arabia and the Saudi Royal Family."

The ADL report was prepared by Jerome H.
Bakst, director of the agency's Research and
Evaluation Department.

NEW YORK, (JTA)—The first ORI operational presence in Greet Britain since the immediate post World War II years has opened recently in Manchester, It was announced by Beverly Minkoff, National President of Women's American ORI.