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ISRAEL'S WORKING PAPER FOR SUMMIT INCLUDES PROPOSAL FOR WITHDRAWAL UPDATED VERSION OF AUTONOMY PLAN

By Barbie Zelizer-Meyouhas

JERUSALEM, Aug. 24 (JTA)--A strategy paper on the forthcoming Camp David summit was submitted this morning to Premier Menachem Begin following drafting efforts by an inter-ministerial committee composed of Eliahu Ben-Elissar, head of the Prime Minister's office, Gen. Avraham Tamir, head of the army's planning branch, Meir Rosenne, legal advisor to the Foreign Ministry, and Meir Gabai, director-general of the Justice Ministry. The paper will be presented to the Cabinet Sunday, after which it will be submitted to the summit meeting in Maryland Sept. 5.

The 100-page document is composed of three parts: an outline of the Israel-Egypt negotiations till now, proposals for steps to be taken by Israel at Camp David and objectives for negotiations to follow the summit. The document includes a comprehensive proposal for withdrawal from territories based on Security Council Resolution 242, an updated version of Israel's autonomy plan, draft proposals for a possible mutual declaration of principles and ideas for the solution of the 1967 refugee problem.

The document does not differ from the government's peace plan as stated till now, but rather suggests alternative ways to implement it. It also offers a comparison between Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's position as conveyed in his talks with Israeli personalities, such as Defense Minister Ezer Weizman, and the Egyptian stand offered by Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammed Kaamel at the Leeds Castle conference.

Based On Two Major Approaches

The paper amounts to recommendations based on two major approaches: reinstating Egyptian sovereignty over all of Sinai and promoting a Jordanian-sponsored autonomy on the West Bank and Gaza Strip. In both cases, Israel reserves the right to maintain a security and civilian presence in certain parts of the areas.

The document does not include maps, a feature which perhaps speaks for its more general nature when compared with previous Israeli proposals. The plan also avoids mention of the Golan Heights. Begin's position is that Israel would be prepared to negotiate a peace effort with Syria if the latter halted its opposition to the current peace efforts.

It was understood that the document deals with the issue of East Jerusalem, but details were not disclosed "pending Begin's talks at Camp David." Begin was recently reported to visualize a United Jerusalem as Israel's capital divided into boroughs giving Arab suburbs sub-municipal powers, with special status for Moslem religious shrines.

The document is based on all the peace proposals submitted by Israel and Egypt since Sadat's November visit to Jerusalem as well as suggestions made by the U.S. and Egypt. Tamir said yesterday he does not remember any staff

which produced a document of such proportions in such a short time.

REPORT ANTI-JEWISH SLOGANS IN IRANIAN PROVINCIAL CITIES

By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Anti-Jewish slogans have appeared on the walls of Abadan and other Iranian provincial cities according to travelers who recently visited the country. The slogans, sometimes virulent in tone, are believed to have been painted in the wake of the recent riots by supporters of the right-wing Moslem faction.

Some of the slogans say "Jews out of Iran." Others blame the Shah for being a "Zionist stooge" and not supporting the Arab Moslem cause. The travelers say that many members of the Moslem opposition blame the Shah for "supporting the Israeli cause against our Moslem brethren." The Moslem opposition is also distributing illegal leaflets calling on Iranian oil workers to stop producing for Israel. Iran is Israel's main oil supplier.

Jewish travelers say there have been as yet no anti-Jewish demonstrations or acts of violence directed against Iran's 80,000 remaining Jews and that police units constantly patrol Jewish inhabited areas in Teheran and most of the other main cities. Iranian Jews are quoted as saying that they "have nothing to fear while the Shah is still in power" but that their situation might dramatically change should the current regime be overthrown and replaced by a strict Moslem junta.

Shah Friendly To Jewish Community

Iran's current ruler Shah Mohamed Reza Pahlavi has always been friendly to the local Jewish community and has encouraged it to develop its religious and cultural activities. The Shah and his advisors believe the Jews form an important economic catalyst pushing the country on the way towards economic development and progress.

Though Iran and Israel have no official diplomatic relations, Israel operates a large and important diplomatic mission in Teheran and Israeli experts have helped Iran in a large number of fields. The two countries also maintain close economic relations. Exact figures have never been published to avoid embarrassing the Shah.

Iranian Jews recall, however, with unconcealed anxiety that the situation changed dramatically overnight when the Shah fled the country and was briefly replaced by a leftwing government headed by Mohammed Mossadegh 25 years ago.

BEGIN: NO AGREEMENT AT SUMMIT IF ISRAEL IS PRESSURED TO DISMANTLE SETTLEMENTS ON WEST BANK, SINAI

By Barbie Zelizer-Meyouhas

JERUSALEM, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Premier Menachem Begin reiterated his refusal to dismantle existing Jewish settlements on the West Bank or Sinai at a Likud Knesset faction caucus meeting last night in Jerusalem, convened in preparation for the Camp David summit next month.

"On no account will we agree to remove settlements," Begin promised the faction, noting he would

oppose any proposal calling for their removal. "We will withstand pressure and if there is need for it, we will exert pressure in return," he declared. "If they (Egypt or the U.S.) insist (on removal of settlements), at the Camp David talks...there will be no agreement. We will not abandon Israel's vital interests."

Despite his "personal support" of settlements on the West Bank, Begin did note that he was not interested in a break in U.S.-Israel relations nor did he support the expropriation of Arab land and the consequent suffering caused by it.

Expects Summit To Focus On Three Areas

He noted that he expects the talks at Camp David to focus on three areas: an agreement with Egypt, the situation in Lebanon, and U.S.-Israel relations. He emphasized the importance of maintaining U.S.-Israel amity, despite differences of opinion, and hinted that the U.S. supports the presence of Israel defense forces on the West Bank.

The Premier cautioned against unrealistic expectations concerning the summit meeting. "We must not be afraid of criticism, for we must do nothing that might endanger Israel's essential security interests," he declared. "We can even expect a tough period after the meeting."

He also defended his West Bank autonomy plan, in that it provides the only real basis for negotiations, especially since Egypt has rejected out of hand any idea of territorial compromise. The Likud faction on the whole seemed to agree with Begin's appraisal of the autonomy plan, and gave its near-unanimous backing to the proposals Israel will submit at Camp David.

"The Prime Minister is leaving for Camp David with the full backing of the Likud Knesset faction," coalition executive chairman Haim Corfu said. He added that Begin's autonomy plan was sufficiently flexible for negotiations because it provided leeway both for those supporting an increased number of settlements and for those favoring territorial compromise.

The supportive statement of Begin somewhat quelled tension that had arisen from Liberal Party ranks earlier in the week when Liberal Party members assumed an "anti-settlement" stand over the issue of Gush Emonim. However, the Liberals tried yesterday to convince the Likud Knesset faction caucus that their position had been misinterpreted. The Liberal Party is one of the two major groups in Likud. The other is Herut.

ISRAEL FACES DILEMMA OVER LEBANON

By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Israel faces a serious dilemma over the situation in Lebanon on the eve of the Camp David summit meeting. Israel is publicly committed to helping the Christians in Lebanon if the Syrians attack them, as Israel believes Syria plans to do. But any Israeli military intervention could destroy the chances of success at Camp David.

High Israeli defense officials were continuing to study today how Israel can help the Christians in Lebanon. These talks are a continuation of a meeting late Tuesday night between Premier Menachem Begin and other top Israeli officials and a non-Israeli official who some have speculated was Camille Chamoun, the former President of Lebanon, who is now head of

the Lebanese Front, a coalition of Christian parties. Israeli sources have maintained a total silence over the identity of the visitor.

Israel's belief that Syria plans to attack the Christians in the Beirut area despite a ceasefire signed Aug. 12 is based on reports that one-third of the Syrian army is in Lebanon and there are some 200 Syrian tanks in the Beirut area alone. There are reports that the Syrians will launch their attack just prior to the Camp David meeting. Syria strongly opposes Egyptian President Anwar-Sadat's efforts at reaching an accommodation with Israel.

NEO-NAZI PARTY MEMBERS ARRESTED

VIENNA, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Five members of an Austrian neo-Nazi organization, Aktion Neue Rechte (ANR), were arrested last night in downtown Vienna. They were wearing black uniforms reminiscent of the SS uniforms well known since the times of the Third Reich. Police, informed by shocked passersby, arrested the ANR members near St. Stephen's Cathedral for disturbing the public order. The ANR demonstration had been permitted by the Austrian authorities. The ANR has not been declared illegal. A crowd of about 300 watched as the ANR activists passed their propaganda pamphlets to passersby.

DULZIN URGES THAT IMMIGRATION ISSUE NOT BE TURNED INTO A PUBLIC BATTLE

By Barbie Zelizer-Meyouhas

JERUSALEM, Aug. 24 (JTA)--A joint government-Jewish Agency coordinating body will convene under the chairmanship of Premier Menachem Begin next month to reapportion responsibility for immigration and absorption. The meeting will take place nearly two years after the publication of the Horev Commission report revealed innumerable problems regarding the immigration framework in Israel.

Leon Dulzin, chairman of the Jewish Agency and World Zionist Organization Executives, said following an Agency Executive meeting that "I have asked the Premier in the most friendly manner not to force us to turn this issue (immigration and absorption) into a public battle." He added that the deadline for a decision on the reapportionment is next month's Executive's meeting due to be held Sept. 18-20.

Dulzin had met with Begin last week to discuss the subject of immigration and absorption. He reportedly cautioned the Premier that the situation was being aggravated by the government's delays in deciding a framework for immigration and absorption.

Dulzin, meanwhile, has proposed that the Jewish Agency be given exclusive authority to deal with immigrants on a day-to-day basis. He is due to meet with Absorption Minister David Levy and Jewish Agency aliyah chairman Raphael Koltowitz to further discuss the immigration and absorption situation and how to deal with this in the future in preparation for the establishment of the coordinating body.

BEGIN HAD ASKED BRITAIN TO ALLOW EL AL ARMED GUARDS BEFORE ATTACK

JERUSALEM, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Two months before Arab terrorists attacked the El Al bus in London, Premier Menachem Begin requested permission from the British government to allow El Al security guards to carry weapons, but the request was denied. This was officially revealed by the Prime Minister's office yesterday as a means of clarifying recent conflicting reports on correspondence between Begin and British Prime Minister James Callaghan on the issue.

The announcement was a move to refute the

British Foreign Office's assertion that Callaghan was never asked by Israel to reconsider the British ban on arms for ELAL security personnel. In addition to a letter sent to Callaghan after the June terrorist attack at Paris' Orly Airport, Israel's Ambassador to London, Avraham Kidron, twice raised the issue with the British government. In all instances, a negative reply was received.

Earlier, Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan instructed Israel's United Nations delegation to circulate a letter to UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim which noted that Arab terrorism is indirectly encouraged and fostered through UN assistance.

EEC DELEGATES TO UN CONFAB WILL REJECT ANY RESOLUTION REFERRING TO ISRAEL, ZIONISM, PALESTINIAN PEOPLE

By Tamir Levy

GENEVA, Aug. 24 (JTA)--The nine West European Economic Community (EEC) member states told the World Conference to Combat Racism meeting here they would not accept any resolution referring to Israel, Zionism or the Palestinian issue.

The nine, who announced their stand through the West German delegate, intimated that should the conference adopt the resolution prepared by the African states, they would leave the meeting. This threat was not made explicit but the West German Ambassador made it clear. Other West European delegates also made this point known in unofficial meetings with the Afro-Asian delegations.

Both Canada and the Scandinavian countries announced that they fully associated themselves with the EEC-member countries' stand. The African-proposed resolution does not refer to the declaration on Zionism and racism adopted in 1975 by the UN General Assembly but it contains several Arab suggestions and violently attacks Israel both for its own policies and for its links with the South African government. The Communist and Arab delegates have been circulating draft resolutions which link Zionism with racism.

The Soviet Union and the Arab delegates made it clear they would not be unhappy if the Western countries walk out. The Africans, on the other hand, would like the final declaration to be adopted by unanimous vote. The United States is not attending the conference because it was convened under UN resolutions such as the one equating Zionism with racism. Israel is not attending for the same reason.

Elements Of The Resolution

"The conference condemns the existing and increasing relations between the Zionist State of Israel and the racist regimes of South Africa, in particular those in the economic and military field, and deplores and warns against cooperation between them in the nuclear field....

"The conference also notes with concern the insidious propaganda by the government of Israel and its Zionist and other supporters against the United Nations organs and against governments which have advocated action against it.

"The conference recalls with deep regret the cruel tragedy which befell the Palestinian people thirty years ago and which it continues to endure today--manifested in preventing it from exercising its right to self-determination on the soil of its homeland, in the dispersion of hundreds

of thousands of Palestinians, the prevention of their return to their homes, and the establishment thereof of settlers from abroad, and in the practice of diverse forms of racial discrimination against Palestinians....

"The conference voices its hope that the Palestinian people will soon have the opportunity to exercise its inalienable right to self-determination in Palestine, and proclaims its solidarity with the Palestinian people in its struggle for liberation and against racial discrimination."

ISRAEL RADIO BRINGS ARAB ILL TO ISRAEL

JERUSALEM, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Tens of patients from Libya, Jordan, Saudi Arabia, Syria, and countries of the Persian Gulf have been treated recently in Israeli hospitals. The implementation of treatment and the granting of medical advice was made possible through Israel Radio's program, "The Doctor Behind the Microphone," part of the Broadcasting Authority's Arabic-language programming network. This was reported in the new government yearbook's survey of the Broadcasting Authority's activities.

Persons from all Arab countries seeking medical counseling have turned to the program in order to receive advice, and some have even traveled to Israel and received treatment in medical institutions here.

The yearbook also reported increasing interest among the Arab populace living within the "green line" and on the West Bank and Gaza Strip concerning news reports offered by Israel Radio's Arabic-language programming. As a result, seven Arabic-language news broadcasts were added in the past year.

YAACOBI CALLS FOR EHRLICH'S RESIGNATION

JERUSALEM, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Knesset member Gad Yaacobi called on Finance Minister Simcha Ehrlich to resign because "the economic revolution is the biggest failure Israel has ever known." Yaacobi spoke at a special Knesset session convened yesterday by the Labor Alignment to discuss the soaring inflation in Israel.

Pointing to the growth in both the deficit of the trade balance and the State's debts, Yaacobi, a member of the Knesset Economic Committee, said that inflation is like a "cancer, causing social destruction and obstructing investments" in Israel.

In response, Deputy Finance Minister Yehezkiel Elomin, answering in place of Ehrlich who is abroad, termed Yaacobi's claims demagogic and said it was unfair to base the yearly inflation trend on price increases of one month alone. Yaacobi had referred to the 2.4 percent hike in the consumer price index during July.

KATHLEEN KENYON DEAD AT 72

LONDON, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Dame Kathleen Kenyon, one of the Holy Land's leading archaeologists, died today at the age of 72. She was best known for excavations which showed Jericho to be the world's oldest city. In Jerusalem, where she was director of the British School of Archaeology in the 1960s, she uncovered the walls of the original Jebusite and early Israelite cities.

LONDON (JTA)--El Al has changed the positions of its departure desks at Heathrow Airport because they were felt to be unnecessarily vulnerable to terrorist attacks. The move involved an exchange of positions with the Kuwaiti and Pakistani airlines. This followed the Arab terrorist attack here last Sunday in which one ELAL flight attendant was killed and eight persons were injured.

SPECIAL INTERVIEW A HOT 'ITEM' AT THE UN

By Yitzhak Rabi

NEW YORK, Aug. 24 (JTA)--One of the "items" most in demand among the United Nations press corps is the spokesman for the Israeli UN Mission. Israel is almost always in the headlines and a good quote or a background explanation is almost a must. Besides, there are 21 spokesmen for the Arab states at the UN--in addition to the spokesmen for the Palestine Liberation Organization and the Arab League--and fair, objective reporting requires the comments of the Israeli spokesman.

In the last three years a very familiar question among UN correspondents has been, "Did you see Tuvia?"--referring to Tuvia Saar, Israel's spokesman at the United Nations, who is returning to Israel next week after a very engaging--and successful--term in office since 1975.

Critical Role Of Spokesman

Saar, 42, a well-known radio broadcaster and TV personality in Israel, said in an interview with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that he viewed the job of a UN spokesman as very "critical" because "politically Israel has no chances at the world organization." The Arabs, he added, "have an automatic majority and they can pass almost any resolution. Therefore, Israel strives to use the UN as an international arena to explain its views and attitudes. And in that connection, the spokesman plays an important role. He is the instrument to convey Israel's message to the public through the media. The task is invariably complicated since the Arabs have a sophisticated and elaborate propaganda machinery at the UN."

Together with Ambassador Chaim Herzog, who is already back in Israel after representing Israel at the UN since 1975, Saar accepted the challenge of the Arab propaganda by increasing contacts with the media. "It was apparent that the media wanted information from us, but it was mutual. We were no less willing--in fact, eager--to give," Saar explained. And with an articulate and witty ambassador as Herzog, he added, the job of "selling" Israel improved every day, with frequent press conferences, press releases and special interviews on radio and TV.

The collaboration between Saar and Herzog started a long way back, in the days prior to the Six-Day War. Saar at that time was in charge of all news coverage of the war on Israel Radio and he brought Herzog in as a commentator--a job that made Herzog a name in every Israeli household. When Herzog was appointed UN Ambassador he decided that the spokesman for the Mission must be a media personality. Saar was his choice.

Most Journalists Sympathetic To Israel

According to Saar, most of the correspondents at the UN--an assortment of world journalists--are sympathetic to Israel. "There are those who are hostile to Israel and do not conceal it," he said, "but they are not many. Most of the correspondents--excluding the Arabs who were not talking to me--are understanding toward Israel in one way or another. But many of the journalists are required to write in the 'spirit' of their paper, which is not always pro-Israeli, although privately, they express deep support of Israeli policies."

Saar said, in reply to a question, that there

was no major change in the attitude of the Arab correspondents after Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's historic visit to Jerusalem. "The only Arab correspondent that started talking to me was the Egyptian correspondent of Al Ahram. But the Arab spokesmen and reporters ignore me until today. After Sadat's visit the Egyptian UN spokesman agreed to meet me at his New York apartment. We met for a conversation which was arranged by a mutual journalist friend."

Highlights Of Service Outlined

Asked about the highlights of his service, Saar said: "Off the cuff, I can say now that Herzog tearing to pieces the document equating Zionism with racism on the stage of the General Assembly was a very touching and exciting moment, although we prepared the full 'act' in advance. Another exciting moment was at the Security Council on the debate on the Entebbe rescue operation. The Arabs called the meeting to condemn Israel, but the end was that we prevented even the presentation of a resolution deploring Israel, and the Security Council adjourned even without considering a vote. It was a victory for justice."

But there were, of course, many moments of frustration. "It was frustrating when Israel had a 'good case' but the automatic majority was simply against us. It was dismaying to see democratic, progressive countries voting against Israel, or simply staying in the hall in order not to participate in the vote," Saar said.

Saar, who returns to work for Israel's TV as a producer and moderator of a weekly political live show, admitted that in his view Israel does not allocate enough personnel and budget for information and propaganda at the UN. "The UN is an important arena and Israel has to utilize it to the maximum," he observed.

SADAT TO CONFER WITH GISCARD

By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Aug. 24 (JTA)--Egyptian President Anwar Sadat will confer with French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing on the eve of the Camp David conference. Sadat will arrive in Paris Sept. 4 and dine at the Elysee Palace, where he will confer with the French President. He will leave for Washington on the 5th after a second meeting with Giscard.

French and Egyptian sources say Sadat wants to have a last-minute consultation with Giscard to ascertain whether Western Europe and especially the nine-member European Economic Community states will support Egypt should the summit talks fail. Egyptian sources say Sadat would also want to obtain an official West European backing for his expected Camp David policy positions. The Egyptians feel that such West European support could influence President Carter's own position at the talks.

Simultaneously with Sadat's stopover in Paris, other Egyptian envoys are scheduled to meet with local leaders in Bonn and Rome on a similar quest. The French have remained up to now non-committal on this issue.

JERUSALEM (JTA)--American agricultural scientists are going to adopt a method of eliminating plant root diseases by use of solar energy, developed by scientists at the Hebrew University Faculty of Agriculture in Rehovot in cooperation with the Israel Agricultural Ministry, it was announced by Hebrew University.