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BOMB EXPLOSION INJURES 51 PEOPLE IN THE TEL AVIV OPEN AIR MARKET

By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Fifty-one people were injured, four of them critically, when a bomb exploded this morning in the crowded open air Carmel market in the center of the city. Shortly afterwards Israeli war planes staged a reprisal raid against a Palestinian terrorist base in south Lebanon. (See separate story.)

My wife and I were in the market when the explosion occurred. The narrow streets were jammed with people shopping for the weekend at the fresh fruits and vegetable stalls. We were at the entrance of the market off Allenby Street when the blast occurred at 11:40 a.m., just about 100 yards from where we were standing. We could feel it, but even more, we saw it in the terrified eyes of women and children.

As we came closer we saw scattered shopping bags, spilling peaches, apples, carrots, beans, cucumbers, lettuce, tomatoes, plums and lemons, some of the fruits and vegetables were stained with blood. Broken fruit cartons and boxes were spread all around. Parts of the destroyed stands were tossed all over the market.

Police Prevent Violence

The police and ambulances began arriving at the scene. The people in the market were calm at first, helping evacuate the casualties, retrieving the belongings of the injured and aiding the police in rounding up Arabs in the area. But then some began shouting "kill them" at the suspects and a crowd began converging on the police van where the Arabs were being held. However, the police prevented any incidents, although they had to cordon off the area to keep the crowd away.

The market was closed temporarily while sappers made sure there were no other bombs in the area. Mayor Shlomo Lahat, who arrived at the scene shortly after the blast, expressed regret over the incident but said life must go on. The market was reopened in two hours. Many people, however, abandoned their shopping.

Twenty-five of the injured were taken for treatment to the nearby Hadassah Hospital. The hospital was mobilized for emergency treatment and operations and the staff was re-enforced by volunteers. Fourteen other injured were treated at Ichilov Hospital while others were treated at a first aid field station set up near the market by Magen David Adom.

Interior Minister Yosef Burg, who visited the market, said this "barbarous attack" was yet another act in the series which increases hatred and does not bring understanding nearer. Police Chief Chaim Tabori said he believed the bomb, which was placed under a fruit stall, was home made. The incident today was similar to a bomb blast on June 28, also a Thursday, in Jerusalem's crowded Mahane Yehuda market, in which two were killed and 47 injured.

U.S. Condemns Bombing

(In Washington the State Department sharply condemned the bombing in Tel Aviv.

Spokesman Hodding Carter, reading a statement, said: "The bombing in Tel Aviv today in which a large number of persons were killed and injured is a savage and brutal act. We condemn it, we condemn the perpetrators. This crime must revolt decent persons everywhere. Nothing can justify such terrorism. We extend our sympathy to the many innocent victims and to the State of Israel.")

ISRAEL HITS TERRORIST BASES IN LEBANON IN REPRISAL FOR BOMBING

TEL AVIV, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Within a few hours after a bomb exploded in Tel Aviv's Carmel market, the Israel Air Force hit terrorist bases in Lebanon north of the Litani River. The main target was the Dahr el-Tutah terrorist base and training camp, eight miles south of Sidon. The base is used as a staging area for attacks on Israel and is completely made up of terrorists, isolated from the civilian population, according to the army spokesman.

The decision to react swiftly was made at the highest level. Premier Menachem Begin was fully briefed about the bombing in Tel Aviv and the subsequent Air Force raid from which all Israeli planes returned safely. Israeli sources said the raid was necessary to stress again that the terrorists will be hit wherever they are. El Fatah had claimed responsibility for today's atrocity.

EGYPT RETAINS TOUGH STAND ON TALKS SITUATION TERMED A SERIOUS DEADLOCK

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Egypt is remaining firm in its demand for a prior commitment from Israel that it has no territorial claims before any further direct talks are held. This, it is reliably learned, was the burden of U.S. special Middle East envoy Alfred Atherton's report to Premier Menachem Begin and top aides yesterday on his talks with Egyptian leaders this week. Atherton saw Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and met several times with Foreign Minister Mohammed Kaamel.

An Israeli source described the situation now as "a very serious deadlock." U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance would be coming to the area this weekend, the source said, in a rescue mission to see if anything could be salvaged. Begin said publicly after meeting with Atherton that Israel remained ready to meet with Egypt and the U.S. anywhere.

During the session with Atherton the Premier is understood to have firmly rejected Sadat's condition as a diktat. Perhaps, Begin said, Sadat could issue diktats in his own country, but he could not do so to his ostensible partner in negotiations, Israel.

Barring a dramatic development, all hope of a Sinai tripartite conference next week seems lost, and Vance is expected to visit Jerusalem and Cairo and then return straight home. Israeli sources believe Vance will set his sights on the modest-but crucial goal of securing Egypt's assent to continue the negotiations at some time in the future, leaving specific arrangements to be worked out at a later date.

Some observers here theorize that the moment is approaching when the U.S. will issue its own peace proposals--but statements by Vance, himself and by State Department spokesman Hodding Carter in Washington seem to play down that possibility.

Some Israeli policymakers are turning now to the

idea of a partial settlement as the only feasible way of salvaging something from the negotiations. Under such an arrangement Egypt would agree to many components of "peaceful relations"--but not a formal peace treaty, in return for a substantial part of Sinai. Israeli leaders are likely, according to well-placed sources here, to test American reaction to this idea in their talks with Vance.

PRO-NAZI RALLIES HELD IN BRAZIL

By David Markus

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Since the arrest last June of Franz Gustav Wagner, who has been called the "human beast" by survivors of the Treblinka and Sobibor Nazi death camps, pro-Nazi and anti-Jewish demonstrations have been held in six cities of Brazil's southern province, Rio Grande do Sul, including its capital, Porto Alegre, Jewish community leaders reported. Wagner has been accused of supervising the murder of more than a million inmates of the two death camps.

Poland, Austria and West Germany have made formal requests to the Brazil government for Wagner's extradition. Israel's extradition request still lacks some documents required by Brazilian officials for such action.

Swastikas and slogans, including "Deutschland Uber Alles" and "Death to the Jews" were found smeared on the walls of municipal buildings, a monastery and Jewish institutions. In Porto Alegre, the windows of the new Jewish school building and of the Jewish community center were smashed with stones wrapped in papers bearing pro-Nazi slogans.

Thorough Investigation Ordered

Initially, police disregarded the Nazi activities, suggesting they were the work of irresponsible street gangs. But after the intervention of a delegation of Jewish community leaders, led by Samuel Burd, president of the Porto Alegre Jewish Federation, Dr. Sinyal Guazelli, the governor of Rio Grande do Sul, ordered a thorough investigation.

At the same time, Justice Minister Armando Palcao, accused by the Porto Alegre Jewish Federation of negligence, ordered the federal police to investigate, giving assurances that the required effort would be made to determine the identities of the demonstrators and to stop the Nazi activities.

Jewish officials said some German youth, known for pro-Nazi sympathies, had been questioned, as was the owner of a jewelry store, whose name was given as Deckmann. He is being investigated for selling silver and gold-plated swastikas. Prof. Chilhermino Cesar, said the main Nazi activities in Brazil before World War II took place in most of the same cities hit by the current outbreaks including Santa Rosa, Santa Angelo, Caxias do Sul and Ijuí, where Germans made up around 70 percent of the population.

PLO REPRESENTATIVE KILLED

By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Aug 3 (JTA)--Rejection front terrorists brought the Middle East and its bloody struggles back to the streets of Paris today for the second time in a week when they killed Ezzedine Kalak, the local representative of the Palestinian Liberation Organization. Kalak was cut down by 16 bullets in the hall of his office in the Arab League

building in central Paris while his deputy, Adnan Hammad, died of wounds after both his legs were blown off by a grenade.

The attack was by a Jordanian and an Algerian, both of whom were arrested by police, though the Algerian tried to take hostages first in the Arab League building. The attack follows that on Monday by pro-Fatah terrorists who stormed the Iraqi Embassy building. In a new blow in the war fought between Palestinian factions. Two other PLO men were wounded in today's attack which took place shortly after the Arab League offices opened.

The Jordanian tried to flee from the building but was wrestled to the ground by police outside while Arab League security guards later overpowered the second man who was seriously beaten and kicked before being turned over to the police.

Kalak Was A Hardliner

There was no immediate indication who would replace Kalak, who was himself the replacement for Mahmoud Hamchri who died in December, 1972 when a sophisticated time bomb blew up near his telephone when he went to answer it.

Kalak was a hardliner, close to rejection front ideas, but he nevertheless supported the mainline PLO policies and was a personal friend of PLO chief Yasir Arafat. Kalak was an essential contact for French and foreign journalists based here, but it could not be said that he had befriended many, mostly because of his aggressive style and utter-bad faith.

He was of the school of Arab thought for which everything wrong under the sun--from the weather to the political situation--was always the fault of Israel. Even in the clearest of cases of terror attacks in Israel or around the world, his line was that the Israelis were either manipulating those responsible or that they had themselves carried out the killings to seek world sympathy.

Probably most embarrassed of all will be the French government, which will now come under heavier pressure than ever to curb the settling of Arab vendettas in the capital's streets.

FACE-TO-FACE TALKS RESUMED

JERUSALEM, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Former Premier Yitzhak Rabin and Former Foreign Minister Abba Eban used the opportunity of the last day of the Knesset summer session yesterday to resume direct talks. The two statesmen, whose relations have not been amiable ever since Eban served as Foreign Minister and Rabin served as Ambassador to Washington, were engaged in a busy conversation in the Knesset cafeteria. The two have reportedly hardly exchanged a word ever since Rabin ignored Eban when he formed his government in 1974.

62 HOUSE MEMBERS URGE WALDHEIM TO SPEAK OUT AGAINST SOVIET REPRESSION

By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (JTA)--United Nations Secretary General Kurt Waldheim has been asked by 62 members of the House of Representatives to speak out against the imprisonment of Anatoly Shchegransky, Alexander Ginzburg and other Soviet citizens who had campaigned for human rights.

Rep. Robert Dripan (D. Mass.) released a copy of the letter by the Congressmen to Waldheim. Copies also were sent to President Carter, Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, and U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Andrew Young. The Congressmen wrote Waldheim that the Soviet trials of Soviet Jews and

others is "the culmination of a calculated effort" by Moscow "to demonstrate to the world its immunity to criticism of its massive human rights violations." They added: "Failure to respond in an international forum will only demonstrate to the Soviet government that it has been successful in its attempt to intimidate democratic nations into silence."

Sen. Richard Schweiker (R. Pa.) again asked the Soviet Union to permit nine-month-old Jessica Katz to come to the United States for treatment of the rare digestive disorder known as malabsorption syndrome. Schweiker wrote to Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin reminding him that he had called the envoy's attention to the Soviet Jewish girl's serious illness in a letter on June 6.

On July 24, Schweiker received petitions signed by more than 4000 Americans calling on the Soviet Union to issue exit visas to Jessica and her parents to come to the United States for the child's treatment. These petitions were sent to Dobrynin with the Schweiker letter.

HOUSE VOTES TO CUT OFF AID TO SYRIA

By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3 (JTA)--The House of Representatives, which voted 280-183 last night to cut off \$90 million in economic aid for Syria for its attacks on Christian civilians in Lebanon, continued to debate today its foreign aid assistance bill with little expectation that Israel, Egypt and Jordan would be seriously affected by the mood in Congress to reduce expenditures.

About 50 amendments to the appropriations bill, that must be considered before a final vote, show no sign of specific reductions for those three countries, although the possibility exists that a proposed eight percent reduction for the total, which would affect them, may be adopted.

This proposal has been offered by Rep. Clarence Miller (R. Ohio). Another proposal, which would drop \$584 million from the International Development Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, proposed by Rep. Clarence Long (D. Md.), also is to be considered.

Money bills require two legislative steps. The authorization measure, adopted last night in the House by 255-156, sets the ceilings and policy on foreign aid. This provides \$785 million for Israel in economic and military assistance. Amounts similar to those in the authorization measure adopted by the Senate last week also are slated in the House measure for Egypt, Syria and Jordan.

Both the authorization and appropriation bills must be reconciled by the House and Senate and signed by the President before they are law. Thus, the cutoff of Syria awaits hurdles in the Senate and the White House.

Debate on Suspension Of Aid To Syria

The amendment to suspend economic aid to Syria for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1 was introduced by Edward Derwinski (R. Ill.). In introducing his amendment, the lawmaker declared: "The massacre and forced migration of Christians in Lebanon is a moral and legal shame that calls for condemnation and action by the United States and the world community."

Opponents of the Derwinski measure said the cut would move Syria deeper into the Soviet orbit and upset the Middle East balance. Rep. David Obey (D. Wis.) said it would embarrass the new

U.S. Ambassador to Syria, who was presenting his credentials today and damage U.S. attempts at settlement negotiations. Syria has steadfastly attacked Egypt and has refused to consider negotiations with Israel.

During the debate on the Derwinski measure, Rep. Jonathan Bingham (D. NY) suggested cutting aid to Syria in half, to \$45 million. He thought total aid elimination would be "too drastic." Reflecting the anger at Syria, the House rejected the Bingham proposal by a two-to-one margin, 78-38. Bingham did not ask for a roll call. In the end he voted for the Derwinski measure. Stephen Solarz (D. NY) voted against it.

Earlier in the day, Bingham released a letter he and 43 other House members had sent to President Carter urging him to speak out forcefully against the Syrian onslaught. They urged the President to work through the United Nations or independently to see that the "indiscriminate shelling of Beirut stops." In their letter to the President, the Congressmen said that the Administration's statements on the Lebanon situation "have been either excessively oblique or marked by an extraordinary and misplaced even-handedness."

The letter added: "In the matter of the flagrant violations of the rights of the Christian Lebanese, there has been little more than silence."

Administration To Fight For Aid To Syria

However, the Carter Administration reacted to the overwhelming vote against economic aid to Syria by asserting that it will continue to fight for U.S. funding to the Damascus government.

"The Administration continues to believe strongly that there should be a security assistance program for Syria," State Department spokesman Hodding Carter said today. "As we made clear in our presentation to Congress, Syria plays an important role in the Middle East and the U.S. relationship with Syria is an important part of our policy toward the Middle East."

Carter said the Administration would continue consultations with Congress on the aid bill and "urge that Congress appropriate funds for this program." He would not comment on the letter sent to the President by the 44 House members.

NAVON PROMISES AWARD FOR FINDING THE ORIGINAL TUNE OF THE PSALMS

JERUSALEM, Aug. 3 (JTA)--President Yitzhak Navon promised the President's Award to anyone who would find the original tune of the psalms, as they were sung by the Levites in the Temple in Biblical times.

Speaking to participants attending the national convention of Jewish musicians at the Presidential residence, Navon told those who doubted the possibility of tracing the Biblical tune "A man of Israel who does not believe in miracles--is no realist. I believe in miracles--therefore I promised the award."

The convention, which hosts some 600 Jewish musicians from throughout the world, ends this weekend. The main theme of the convention is "Tradition and Musical Creativity in the Culture of the Jewish People in the East and West."

The President also received this week the 450 members of the Christian movement, "Beit Shalom" ("The House of Peace"), a pro-Israeli organization which operates in Switzerland, Germany and France and held here its international convention on the occasion of Israel's 30th anniversary.

SPECIAL TO THE JTA LUBAVITCHER HASIDIM EXPLAIN WHY THEY BOYCOTTED CITY HALL-SPONSORED CONFAB

By Reena Sigman Friedman

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 (JTA)--A spokesman for the Lubavitcher Hasidic community of Crown Heights today explained that his group had boycotted a recent meeting of the City Hall-sponsored Council on Intergroup Relations due to "the total lack of concern on the part of City Hall for the Jews in Crown Heights."

Rabbi Shmuel M. Butman, a member of the Crown Heights Jewish community, added in a telephone conversation with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, that City Hall also made "our participation impossible by including at these meetings, extreme, rabble-raising radicals not representing the Crown Heights community. You cannot expect us to dialogue with people who instigate racial tensions, overt hatred and blatant anti-Semitism," he said.

Representatives of the Black United Front were invited to attend the meeting of the Council. This organization sponsored the Crown Heights demonstration on July 16, in which 2000 blacks participated, in front of the Lubavitcher World Headquarters at 770 Eastern Parkway. The language used by speakers at the rally was termed as inflammatory by Lubavitcher spokesmen and Jewish community relations organizations. The Rev. Herbert Daughtry, chairman of the Coalition of Concerned Leaders and Citizens to Save Our Youth, had referred to the activities of "Hasidic terrorists" and called for a boycott of Hasidic stores in the area.

The Council on Intergroup Relations, which met for the first time July 26 at Marymount College in Manhattan, included some 70 representatives of all major racial, religious and ethnic groups in New York City, according to Mike Battenfield of the Mayor's Press Office.

Formed upon the recommendation of Mayor Edward Koch, with John LaCicero serving as the Mayoral Liaison, the Council seeks to ease racial tensions in local neighborhoods throughout the city. In pursuit of this objective, the Council will rely upon the advice and cooperation of local community leaders to settle neighborhood disputes and to establish an "early warning system" which would deflate potential crises before they erupt, Battenfield said.

Butman, however, noted that "It was unthinkable to us to participate in such meetings at this time." He said that Lubavitcher leaders would continue to boycott future meetings of the Council until they perceived a change in the Mayor's attitude and choice of delegates.

Hasidim Urged To Attend Next Meeting

Malcolm Hoenlein, executive director of the Jewish Community Relations Council, told the JTA that Jewish leaders have urged representatives of the Lubavitcher community to attend the next session of the Council on Intergroup Relations, which will take place on Wednesday, August 9.

Hoenlein noted that, while the concerns of Lubavitcher leaders are certainly understandable, it is important that their absence not be misinterpreted. "In fact," he said, "it has been the Black United Front which has refused to talk in the past, while the Hasidim have always indicated their readiness to sit down with responsible leaders of the black community."

A SERIES OF REFORMS IN ISRAEL'S LEGAL SYSTEM IS BEING WEIGHED

JERUSALEM, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Justice Minister Shmuel Tamir said he intends to introduce a series of reforms in Israel's legal system aimed at a more equitable administration of justice and protective of civil rights. He said that a new basic law will be submitted to the Knesset, possibly when it returns from its summer recess, that will expand the powers of the nine-member Supreme Court.

He said the court would be empowered to nullify laws approved by the Knesset which conflict with basic laws. Israel has no written constitution but a number of basic laws have been adopted over the years that can be changed only by a two-thirds majority of the Knesset. Tamir said he also intends to propose a bill to limit wiretapping by government agencies.

The bill would make wire-tapping legal only if approved by the Premier, the Defense Minister or the President of a district court at the request of a senior police official. Illegal wire-tapping would carry penalties of up to three years in jail.

WAR CRIMINAL PROBES IN HOLLAND

By Henriette Boos

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 3 (JTA)--Among the some 350 Nazi war criminals listed in the Dutch investigation register as missing, only some 10 to 20 are Dutch nationals. The others are Germans and Belgians. This was stated by Prof. Benjamin Sijes of The Netherlands State Institute for War Documentation in a radio interview.

In response to a question whether the post-war de-Nazification courts in The Netherlands had failed, he observed that, after all, these courts had sentenced 66,000 persons or one out of every 90 Dutch nationals who were 20 years and older at the time.

In another television documentary it was pointed out that for the past 20 years The Netherlands Ministry of Justice has not conducted an active policy regarding the investigation of missing war criminals and has only reacted to tips received from others.

Prof. August D. Belinfante, who is completing research on the Dutch de-Nazification after the war, admitted that the more lenient policy regarding former Nazis coincided more or less with the succession to the throne of Queen Juliana in 1948. Her mother, the late Queen Wilhelmina who had ruled during the German occupation of The Netherlands when she was in exile in London, had taken a very strong stand against Nazis.

Her daughter, Queen Juliana, had wanted to be more merciful and in certain cases had refused to sign death sentences. In particular, the Roman Catholic Minister of Justice, the late Anton Struycken, had advocated a policy of mercy. A total of 145 death sentences had been pronounced, of which only 40 had been executed, mostly during the first years of the war.

Meanwhile, the Central Organisation of Dutch Former Resistance Groups has scheduled a meeting with Dutch Minister of Justice Jacob de Ruiter on August 23 in order to urge him to conduct more active policies with regard to the search for missing Dutch war criminals. The organization said that speed in this matter is required because by the end of 1979 West Germany will declare war crimes past the statute of limitations. It was suggested that the Dutch Justice Ministry submit a list of wanted Dutch war criminals to West German authorities.