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22 VICTIMS IDENTIFIED

TEL AVIV, March 14 (JTA)--The names of 22 victims of Saturday's terrorist assault were published today as the Army Burial Society, aided by pathologists of the Forensic Institute, continued efforts to identify seven of the dead who were burned beyond recognition. The known dead include:

Naama Hadani, 5; Mordechai Zayit, 9; Li'at Galon, 6; Yoav Mishkal, 6 1/2; the Nakaveh family--Haviv (father) 38, Itzhak (son) 9 and Galit (daughter) 3; the Hochman family--Rivka (mother) 28, Ilan (son) 3; and Roi (son) 6 1/2; Ilmri Tel-Oren, 14; Katya and Joseph Shoshinsky, of Ashdod; Rina and Dov Nushkenitz; of Haifa; Jacob Paz, 23, of Bnei Brak; Shimon Glutman, 43; Joseph Halwani, 68; Yaacov Segen, 27; Shlomo Pollak, 16; Yehuda Besterman, 31; Gail Rubin, of New York, 39.

The final death toll has been placed tentatively at 32 victims and nine terrorists.

SADAT CONDEMNS TERRORIST RAID; DESCRIBES IT AS 'SAD AND TRAGIC'

JERUSALEM, March 14 (JTA)--President Anwar Sadat of Egypt today strongly condemned the Palestinian terrorist raid on Israel, the first Arab leader to do so since the El Fatah wing of the Palestine Liberation Organization perpetrated the outrage Saturday. According to a Cairo radio broadcast, Sadat described the murder of Israeli civilians as "sad and tragic."

He said: "Anything against civilians I shall always condemn... Believe me, I describe it as a very sad and tragic incident and when I heard that the Palestine Liberation Organization declared their responsibility about it, I asked myself what will be the result?"

In an apparent appeal to Israeli Premier Menachem Begin for restraint in any planned reprisals, Sadat called for an end to the "vicious circle" of strike and counter-strike that has plagued the Middle East for 30 years. He said he would "have liked action toward the establishment of peace instead of starting revenge again and the vicious circle again." According to Cairo radio, Sadat made his remarks to reporters at Beni Suef, a Nile valley town south of Cairo.

243 HOUSE MEMBERS SIGN RESOLUTION CONDEMNING PLO FOR TERRORIST RAID

By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, March 14 (JTA)--Under the sponsorship of the Democratic and Republican leaders in the House of Representatives, more than half the members of the House signed a concurrent resolution today condemning the Palestine Liberation Organization for its attack on unarmed civilians in Israel Saturday and deplored the statements of approval for the terrorist assault by various Arab and other governments.

In less than a full day the resolution attracted the signatures of 243 of the 435 members of the House. Rep. Jim Wright (D. Tex.), the Majority Leader and Rep. John Rhodes (R. Ariz.), the Minority Leader, were co-sponsors of the measure and will introduce it in the House, probably later today. Once it is approved it will, as a concurrent resolution, go to the Senate.

The resolution was initiated by Rep. Sidney Yates (D. Ill.), dean of Jewish Congressmen in the House. In a "Dear Colleague" letter, Yates set forth the five points of the resolution.

In essence it condemns the PLO for its brutal attack; condemns the PLO for its announced intention of seeking to thwart efforts by the governments of Egypt and Israel to negotiate a peace agreement; deplores statements of approval for the PLO attack by various governments; expresses hope for the successful conclusion of the Egyptian-Israeli negotiations; and considers the conclusion of an agreement between the two countries to be the means to achieve peace and prosperity in the Middle East. The resolution refers six times to the PLO in terms of condemnation.

Dealing with the PLO, reporters at the State Department news briefing yesterday noted that PLO chief Yasir Arafat and the PLO seemed to be taking credit for the outrage and asked State Department spokesman Hodding Carter whether in view of this the U.S. would permanently exclude the PLO from the negotiating process. Carter replied: "Anyone who is responsible for this raid is automatically included in the total condemnation that we have expressed for its effects and the fact of it."

EGYPT BELIEVED READY TO NEGOTIATE BILATERAL ACCORD WITH ISRAEL IF AGREEMENT ON PRINCIPLES CAN BE REACHED By Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, March 14 (JTA)--Senior sources here believe that Egypt might be ready to negotiate a bilateral agreement with Israel if the two countries can reach an accord on a declaration of principles.

They also expect President Carter to present American proposals for a Middle East settlement when he meets with Premier Menachem Begin in Washington next week that will contain aspects of Israel's own peace plan. The key word in the American concept--which does not appear in Israel's plan--would be "transition," the sources said.

They said the U.S. would be prepared to apply Israel's self-rule plan on the West Bank and Gaza Strip as a transitional arrangement leading ultimately to a greater measure of autonomy for those territories. According to the sources, the Americans hinted at this during the last stages of Assistant Secretary of State Alfred Atherton's diplomatic shuttles last week.

The sources believe that Egypt has changed its position since January and no longer requires Jordan's physical presence at the peace talks, apparently because Jordan has proven more reluctant to participate than Cairo had anticipated. The Egyptians, however, have now hardened their demands on the declaration of principles. But despite guarded optimism over possible bilateral negotiations with Egypt, the sources stressed that this did not mean necessarily that Cairo was ready to sign a bilateral peace pact but rather was prepared to continue the negotiating process.

With regard to a declaration of principles, the sources feel that on Carter's Aswan formula which envisages some Palestinian participation in determining their future, Israel and the U.S. are not far apart. Their widest differences are over the question of withdrawal from the occupied territories.

In that connection, the sources said, Israel

fully accepts Security Council Resolution 242 as applying to the West Bank. However, Israel insists that there are various interpretations of 242 and it does not believe its peace plan contradicts the resolution.

The sources noted that Israel's plan would end the military government on the West Bank and this would be a step in the direction of "withdrawal of military forces" required by Resolution 242. The problem of sovereignty on the West Bank is left open and Israel, for its part, would not implement Israeli sovereignty there, the sources said.

U.S.-Israel Accord On 242 Possible

(Earlier this week, Israeli Defense Minister Ezer Weizman expressed belief that during his talks with Carter in Washington last Friday he had come to an understanding with the President on Resolution 242. As a result, he said last Sunday in an interview with ABC-TV, "I am sure" that Carter and Begin "will come to an understanding on 242" when the two chief executives meet here next week.

(However, Weizman, who taped the interview last Saturday just before he flew back to Israel after learning of the terrorist assault, did not elaborate on what sort of understanding could be reached, but in reply to a question said he had received assurance from Carter that it was possible. At the same time he defended Israel's position on the West Bank.

(Last Thursday, Carter said in a press conference that "for any nation now to reject the application of 242 to the occupied territories, including the West Bank, the Sinai, the Golan Heights, would be a very serious blow to the prospects of peace in the Middle East." Despite this, Carter said "I am not discouraged" about the "major strategic kind of differences" that are involved in Israel's interpretation of 242 and the Palestinian question.)

Freeze New Sinai Settlements

With respect to settlements in the occupied territories, the sources observed that there were different degrees of importance in dealing with settlements in Sinai and those on the West Bank. The sources stressed that Israel insists on its security demands in Sinai, meaning a continued presence at Sharm el-Sheikh, the Rafah salient and the airfields. But the government has decided to freeze new settlements in Sinai, including those planned and approved by the previous government. The only activity permitted is the strengthening of existing settlements.

A more complicated situation exists on the West Bank where the government decided not to freeze settlement activity. However, the sources said, the present system of settlements within army camps, tacitly approved by the Americans until now, is probably nearing its end. It is assumed in Jerusalem that the U.S. will probably not continue to accept this mode of settlement.

The sources explained that the debate in the Cabinet was over doing nothing with regard to settlements or doing a minimum. It was clear, the sources said, that massive settlement is simply not feasible at this time. Although all ministers support settlements in principle, they realize that widespread settlement activity is impossible in the present political climate.

FRANCE, ARABS IN MILITARY CO-OP ACCORD

PARIS, March 14 (JTA)--France and four Arab

countries, including Egypt, signed an agreement today providing for intensive military cooperation and technical assistance in manufacturing a variety of planes, helicopters, missiles and other arms. The agreement was signed by the French Defense Minister Yvon Bourges and the Egyptian Defense Minister Abdel Ghanni el Gammassi representing the newly created Industrial Arab Organization (IAO).

The agreement provides for French technical expertise and know-how and Egyptian labor. Four Arab countries, Saudi Arabia, the Federation of Arab Emirates, Qatar and Egypt provided over one billion dollars to finance the project. The IAO was set up in 1975 to provide the Arab states with their own arms industry.

Immediately after the ceremony, the Arab delegation, which included representatives of the four countries, met with President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing at the Elysee Palace. Arab spokesmen said after the meeting that the agreement "is only the start of a long process of intensive cooperation."

One of the corporation's first projects is to assemble in Egypt the Alpha jet training planes and the British-made "Lynx" helicopters. The Alpha jet can be equipped with a gun and missiles and serve for tactical support. It was developed jointly by France and West Germany.

The electronic equipment for the planes will be supplied by a plant to be built in Saudi Arabia at Jeddah with the help of a French company, Thomson-CSF. The Alpha jet is being built by the Dassault Co., which also manufactures the Mirage F-1 in which Egypt is interested. The Saudis are also interested in the latest Mirage prototype, the Mirage-2000, described as the equivalent of the American F-15.

Egypt has already bought in France Mirages, Gazelle helicopters and a variety of missiles and other weapons. Gammassi is due to visit various industrial plants tomorrow and possibly start negotiating on new joint projects. (By Edwin Eytan)

ISRAEL-ARGENTINA TRADE DISCUSSED

BUENOS AIRES, March 14 (JTA)--Yigael Horowitz, Israel's Minister of Commerce, currently visiting here, addressed himself to the lopsided trade balance between his country and Argentina and heard proposals by local businessmen on means to redress the balance. Horowitz, attending a reception by the Argentine-Israel Chamber of Commerce, noted that Argentine-Israeli trade amounts to \$50 million a year of which \$45 million is represented by Argentine exports. Horowitz's agenda here includes meetings with the ministers of commerce, industry and tourism.

Wolf Blumenthal, president of the Chamber of Commerce, proposed that Israel send a trade mission to Argentina composed of representatives of Israel's electronics, metallurgical and scientific instruments industries, products that would interest the Argentine market. He also suggested the two countries set up a joint committee of representatives of government and private enterprise to increase trade. He said there was a need for an Argentine commercial attaché at that country's embassy in Tel Aviv.

ATLANTA (JTA)--The House of Representatives of Georgia's state legislature has adopted a resolution commending Anatoly Shcharansky, the jailed Soviet Jewish dissident, "for his courageous stand on human rights within the Soviet Union and hereby urge the Soviet government to 'allow Anatoly Shcharansky to leave the Soviet Union.'"

WORLDWIDE CONDEMNATION OF CARNAGE

March 14 (From Combined JTA Wire Services)
 --Revulsion, horror and condemnation continued to mark the reactions around the world to the terrorist carnage in Israel last Saturday.

Britain condemned the attack in the strongest language it has ever used over such an incident. Prime Minister James Callaghan, in a message of sympathy to Premier Menachem Begin of Israel, said it was "an inhuman act calculated to set back or destroy any possible hopes of peace and will be so condemned by the whole world."

Dr. David Owen, the Foreign Secretary, in a message to Israeli Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan, said that "after my recent visit, with the memory of Israel so vividly in my mind, I was shattered and saddened to think that this sort of thing can happen at a time when we are all working towards a peace settlement. These terrorists clearly have no wish to see peace and this act will, I hope, be condemned by the whole world."

France, in one of the harshest condemnations issued in years, warned that such acts of "blind terrorism" could hold up the current peace talks. The statement, issued by the Foreign Ministry, also included one of the warmest statements of sympathy for Israel.

Demand Closing Of PLO Office

Jewish and non-Jewish organizations throughout France also expressed sympathy with Israel and the families of the victims. A number of French Jewish organizations, including the Representative Committee of French Jewry (CRIF) and the French section of the World Jewish Congress, called on the French government to close the Paris bureau of the Palestine Liberation Organization and bar the group from any activities in the country.

In a similar action, Israeli Ambassador Mordechai Gazit urged Foreign Minister Louis de Guiringaud to close down the PLO information bureau in Paris as a response to the terrorist attack. French sources told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency they do not expect France to heed Israel's demand although they expect French-PLO relations to be "frozen" for some time as a result of Saturday's violence.

Meanwhile, President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing sent a cable yesterday to President Ephraïm Katsir of Israel to express his "shock and indignation" and to convey France's sympathy to the families of the victims and Israel's population. Observers say that this is the first known instance in which Giscard has taken such an initiative. Some say the response could be linked to next Sunday's second round of France's parliamentary elections in which the government and the opposition are running a close race.

Protests In Europe, Australia

In Amsterdam, The Netherlands Foreign Minister, Christoph van der Klaauw, expressed sympathy on behalf of the government with the families of the terrorist victims. He added that this event "shows once more the urgent necessity of a peace settlement in the Middle East." The parliamentary chairmen of all the major Dutch political parties issued a joint statement expressing sympathy with the victims' families and hope that the event would not stand in the way of peace negotiations.

Protests were also issued by government agencies, organizations and individuals in West Germany, Belgium, Italy and other West European countries. The protest statements branded the PLO

as "murderers" and expressed sympathy with Israel and its people.

In Canberra, Australia, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, Andrew Peacock, said all Australians would be "shocked and saddened by the senseless attack" by the terrorists and said his government hoped the attack would not impede progress toward an Israeli-Egyptian peace settlement.

In Melbourne yesterday some 800 Jews marched through the city to protest the massacre after hearing communal leaders condemn the killings and calling for support for Israel. The Jewish Board of Deputies, the State Zionist Council and the Australian Union of Jewish Students issued a joint statement calling on the government to denounce the PLO.

In Sydney, Jewish students and community leaders held a memorial service for the victims of the raid outside the Lebanese Consulate. A delegation of Jewish leaders was received by the Lebanese Consul-General who expressed his sympathy for the victims of the terrorists.

Calls For End To PLO Status At UN

In Washington, the Jewish Community Council of Greater Washington delivered a statement to the Saudi Arabian Embassy yesterday declaring that the "responsibility" for the slaughter is "on Saudi Arabia, the main bankroller of the Fatah." A representative of the Embassy accepted the statement, and indicated that Ambassador Ali Abdullah Alireza might meet with JCC officials. Some 50 JCC representatives staged a protest rally outside the Embassy.

Israeli Ambassador Simcha Dinitz met last night with Alfred Atherton, the special Mideast envoy, and formally asked the State Department to cancel the PLO's permission to have an observer mission at the United Nations. According to an Israeli spokesman, Dinitz pointed out that the UN had invited the PLO to address the General Assembly in 1974--where PLO chief Yasir Arafat addressed the world body--but had not authorized the creation of an observer's office.

At the United Nations, Israel's Acting Ambassador Pinhas Eliav sent a letter last night to Secretary General Kurt Waldheim officially documenting the "barbaric outrage" committed last Saturday and requested the letter be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly and the Security Council.

Statements And Resolutions

In Johannesburg, Julius Weinstein, chairman of the South African Zionist Federation, cabled a message to Premier Menachem Begin of Israel expressing shock at the "barbaric attack" and said that "the civilized world will condemn the murderers and those who sent them and must now understand Israel's refusal to have any truck with them."

In Ottawa, Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau, in a personal letter to Begin, expressed the outrage and shock of the Canadian government and people at the terrorist attack. The letter said: "Senseless acts such as this do not contribute to the important peace talks undertaken by yourself and President Sadat. I encourage you to continue your peace negotiations and please convey my heartfelt condolences to the families of the victims."

In Florida, a statement was issued yesterday by the Jewish Federation of Greater Fort Lauderdale on behalf of the 100,000 Jews of North Broward County appealing "to men and women of goodwill

everywhere" in the County to protest "these acts of Arab terror, to protest Saudi Arabia's support of these acts and to protest President Sadat's silence in the face of them." There can be no question, the statement added, "but that a Palestinian state would turn out to be a launching pad for incessant murderous attacks on those cities of Israel lying in its orbit."

In New York, Rabbi Saul I. Teplitz, president of the Synagogue Council of America, who last month led a Council delegation to Egypt where meetings were held with President Anwar Sadat and Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros Ghali, expressed "the distress of our delegation at the response" of Ghali to the massacre and disappointment at the silence of Sadat, "a silence that suggests a moral insensitivity." Ghali said in Cairo Sunday that the raid demonstrated the need to "establish a homeland for the Palestinians." Upon his return from Cairo, Teplitz said the delegation felt it had made a "historical breakthrough" in Jewish-Islamic relations.

Statements and resolutions condemning the attack were also issued by the United Synagogue of America; the World Council of Synagogues, the international organization of Conservative Judaism; Rabbi Walter S. Wurzbarger, president, Rabbinical Council of America; Kagey Kash, president, B'nai B'rith Women; Frank L. Lautenberg, president, United Jewish Appeal; and the National Council of Jewish Women.

Memorial Meeting For The Victims

A memorial service for the victims of the raid was held last night at the headquarters of the Jewish Agency in New York. More than 300 Israeli officials, Jewish leaders and employees of the Jewish Agency attended the meeting. Charlotte Jacobson, chairman of the American Section of the World Zionist Organization, said the PLO murderers have been encouraged by the world, which recognized the terrorist group, and by the United States.

Continuing, Mrs. Jacobson declared: "To our government in Washington we want to say—if you continue to send arms to Egypt and Saudi Arabia you will be implementing the seeds of further terrorism in the Mideast." Uri Ben Ari, Israel's Consul-General in New York, said that Israel is determined not to allow the PLO to achieve its aim of destroying the peace process in the area. "We will continue to pursue a secure peace for Israel," he declared.

DRINAN RAPS CARTER ON TWO COUNTS

NEW YORK, March 14 (JTA)—Father Robert Drinan, a Democratic Congressman from Massachusetts, accused President Carter last night of having "made two major mistakes in regard to the Middle East. First, he tried to reinvolve the Russians in the Middle East... a profound mistake" that "fortunately... became moot with the peace initiative of President Sadat," the Roman Catholic priest said. "The second major mistake he has made was proposing jets for Saudi Arabia and for Egypt," Drinan said, expressing hope "that the Congress would be able to defeat that."

Drinan made his remarks in a speech and question-and-answer period before a combined gathering of the Writers and Artists for Peace in the Middle East and the America-Israel Friendship League, at the America-Israel Friendship House here.

Referring to the latest terrorist assault on Israel, he observed: "What the tragedy of Saturday will remind everybody is the intense vulnerability

of Israel. Any type of Palestinian homeland or an Arab nation on the West Bank is just to create for Israel a booby trap, a staging ground of Russian-financed military might there on the West Bank, 8-10 miles from Tel Aviv or Jerusalem."

According to Drinan, "It is unreasonable for Israel to agree to get everybody out of the West Bank until the Israelis get some assurances that they will in fact get security; otherwise, if they do that recklessly, just to appease American or world opinion, they (the Israelis) will have slaughter, time and time again."

ABE SUDRAN DEAD AT 69

WEST ORANGE, N.J., March 14 (JTA)—A memorial service was held today in Maplewood for Abe L. Sudran of West Orange, a prominent figure in Jewish communal work for over 40 years, who died Sunday at the age of 69. Until 1975 he served as executive vice-president of the Jewish Community Federation of Metropolitan New Jersey, and as secretary of The Jewish News. Since his retirement from the Federation leadership post, Sudran had served as consultant on community organization for the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds (CJF).

Sudran received his education at the Universities of Chicago and Bordeaux, France. Starting out in Chicago as a vocational counselor with disturbed youth and later refugees from Nazi Germany, he became director of Chicago's Bureau on Jewish Employment Problems, an agency whose function was to overcome employment discrimination. After five years as executive director of the Jewish Vocational Service of Cleveland, he became associate director of the Jewish Welfare Federation of Detroit, and in 1947 became executive director of the Jewish Federation and Council of Greater Kansas City, a post he held for 16 years before coming to Metropolitan New Jersey.

During the past two years, Sudran served as professional consultant to help organize the newly formed United Jewish Community of Bergen County and as consultant for special projects to the United Jewish Appeal. In recent months, he served as director of the Department of Campaign Services of the CJF.

SHAVEH AGREES TO RUN FOR PRESIDENCY

JERUSALEM, March 14 (JTA)—Prof. Yitzhak Shaveh, the Nahal Sorek nuclear physicist whom Premier Menachem Begin chose as his preferred candidate for President, has informed the Premier that he would agree to run for the office. Meanwhile, Herut Party politicians began drumming up support for him within the Likud coalition ranks. The Knesset is to vote on April 5 and nominations must close 10 days earlier.

So far, Shaveh is the only declared candidate and he may well remain so if Begin's supporters are successful in wooing votes for him. Labor's Yitzhak Navon has made it clear that he will not run for the post unless assured of a good showing. Former Liberal Party leader Elimelech Rimalt, meanwhile, asserted that he is not a candidate.

NEW YORK (JTA)—The National Conference on Soviet Jewry has learned that former Soviet Jewish Prisoner of Conscience Ilya Glezer has received a permit to emigrate to Israel and must leave by March 20. He was sentenced to three years in prison and three years in exile in August, 1972, on grounds of "disseminating anti-Soviet propaganda," and was released from prison last January.