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75,000 MARCH IN 13th ANNUAL SALUTE TO ISRAEL PARADE; UNITED JERUSALEM IS THEME

By Brian Lipsitz

NEW YORK, June 5 (JTA)--The 13th annual "Salute to Israel" parade took place today as marching bands, colorful floats, and the marching contingents of around 300 schools and youth groups paraded up New York's Fifth Avenue. Parade organizers said approximately 75,000 youths participated. More than 100,000 spectators watched, according to the police.

Representatives of Israel, and government officials from New York City and State greeted the marchers as they passed before the reviewing stand where an orchestra played Jewish and Israeli songs.

The Chief Ashkenazic Rabbi of Israel, Rabbi Shlomo Goren, delivered a prayer for Israel and addressed the crowd. He said: "Judea and Samaria (the West Bank) are the heart and soul of the holy land and will be an integral part of Israel ... We shall continue to settle all of Israel. We shall not remove anybody from the land. We shall grant equal rights and shall prove there is no racism and discrimination in Israel. The holy places were never so well protected as they are now."

Dinitz: No Compromise On Security

The theme of the parade, sponsored by the American Zionist Youth Foundation, was "If I Forget Thee, O Jerusalem," in honor of the 10th anniversary of Jerusalem's reunification. Simcha Dinitz, Israel's Ambassador to the United States, said, "Through the unification of Jerusalem we will reassert the unification of Jewry," adding: "There is going to be no government in Israel that is not willing to negotiate for peace. But no government of Israel will compromise its security."

Chaim Herzog, Israel's Ambassador to the United Nations warned: "Let us never forget the three weeks of waiting [before the Six Day War] in which we were promised another holocaust [by the Arabs]."

Among others who addressed the crowd were New York Mayor Abraham Beame, New York State Lt. Governor Mary Anne Krupsak, City Council President Paul O'Dwyer, and Shmuel Katz, who represented Menachem Begin, expected to be Israel's next Premier. A featured participant was the widow of General Mickey Marcus, hero of the 1948 War of Independence.

The colorful floats set the tone for the festive mood as they led the way for marching bands and Israeli dancers from several states and Canada. The theme float depicted the Western Wall.

Little children took front row seats and ruled the curbs. Two total strangers, a gray haired man with a bushy beard and a woman spontaneously started dancing.

WEST BANK RELATIVELY QUIET

TEL AVIVI, June 5 (JTA)--The tenth anniversary of the start of the 1967 Six Day War was marked on the West Bank today with general strikes in Nablus and Ramallah and a partial strike in Hebron. In other West Bank villages a call for a strike was not observed and most West Bank workers went to their jobs as usual today.

Israeli troops and police were heavily re-enforced on the West Bank. In Nablus there were several inci-

dents with fires being set on fire. Police detained several persons.

In Yamit, the new Jewish seaside city being built near Gaza, a memorial monument was unveiled in honor of the soldiers of the armored divisions who were killed in the Six Day War.

LIKUD HAS ENOUGH VOTES FOR MAJORITY, STILL TALKING TO DMC

By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, June 5 (JTA)--Likud appeared today to have enough votes to put together a coalition government with or without the Democratic Movement for Change (DMC). But Likud still hopes that the DMC with 15 Knesset seats, will join the new government to give it a more broad-based image.

Likud led by its leader Menachem Begin and the DMC headed by Yigal Yadin met for three hours late this afternoon in the third of their talks. Both sides refused to disclose what was said but another meeting is scheduled for Tuesday.

The certainty of a majority for a coalition came after the ultra-Orthodox Agudath Israel this morning agreed to join the Likud government pending approval from its Council of Sages. "We can start setting up a coalition right now, we have over 60 members on the coalition," Likud number two man Simcha Ehrlich said after emerging from the meeting with Agudath Israel.

Likud would now have 62 votes, including its own 43 MKs, two from Ariel Sharon's Shlomzion group, 12 from the National Religious Party and five from Agudath.

The Agudath leaders reported that Likud had promised that autopsies would not be performed without the consent of the family, that the work of missionaries in Israel will be confined and that girls from Orthodox families will no longer have to appear before a committee but can testify in any court that they are religious and thus exempt from the army.

The Agudath was reported offered a deputy ministerial post either in the Ministry of Welfare or the Interior Ministry should the Ministry of Religious Affairs be incorporated into that office.

The DMC is reportedly still insisting that Yadin be named Foreign Minister. Begin had offered Yadin the post of Deputy Premier with assurances that he be part of the inner Cabinet.

PRESIDENTS CONFERENCE TO SUPPORT POLICIES OF ISRAELI GOVERNMENT

By Yitzhak Rabi

NEW YORK, June 5 (JTA)--A delegation of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations will meet with top Administration officials in Washington Tuesday to discuss the "escalation" of United States policy toward Israel, the situation in the Middle East and other topics.

Rabbi Alexander M. Schindler, chairman of the Presidents Conference, who will lead the delegation, announced the meeting at a press conference Friday after the Presidents Conference decided at a special meeting to stand united and "support the policies of the democratically-elected government of Israel."

Schindler, who has just returned from Israel, said that "The sense of unity and identification that binds American Jews to the people of Israel was expressed at our meeting by speaker after speaker, representing the broadest spectrum of American Jewish life. There was broad recognition that the indissoluble links between our two communities are independent of the political party or the political leader that forms the government of Israel."

Schindler said that the Presidents Conference also decided "to make it absolutely certain" that there will be no erosion in American-Israeli relations. Schindler said, however, that he felt "some concern" over what appeared to be an "escalation" in American policy "from one that began with a call for honest negotiations between the parties in the Mideast, leading to a full-fledged peace and that seems recently to have developed into a specific set of guidelines that include specific concessions by Israel." He emphasized that in his view "we are not entering a period of confrontation between the United States and Israel."

Urges Broad Coalition

Reporting on his recent visit to Israel where he met with Menachem Begin, the Likud leader who is expected to be Israel's next Premier, and leaders of other parties, Schindler said that his message to them was that Israel should form a government as soon as possible and that the new government should be as broad as possible. "A narrow coalition government," Schindler said, "will not be sufficiently broad to unite American Jewry behind it."

On his meetings and impression of Begin, Schindler said "He is a man of peace, a man of integrity, a man of profound devotion to the Jewish people and their security. To call him an 'extremist' and PLO terrorist chief (Yasser) Arafat and Syrian President (Hafez) Assad 'moderates'—as American news media have done within the past two weeks—is a slander of an honorable and distinguished personality, a profound disservice to the truth and a grave danger to the cause of peace."

Schindler added that Begin made it clear to him that he will continue to follow a policy that seeks peace with the Arabs. "He is confident that he will be able to persuade President Carter of the fundamental principles on which a peace must be based," Schindler said.

Schindler said he was disturbed by speculation in the press that American Jews were "divided" over whether to support the new government and that efforts might be made to drive a wedge between American Jews and Israel as part of an effort to pressure the government of Israel into accepting an American-imposed peace plan.

Schindler said it was his view that the present period—between the formal resignation of the Rabin government and the formation of a new government by Begin—was "a time when it was particularly important to make clear to American friends of Israel in the Administration, in Congress, in the labor movement, among black and Christian leaders, academicians and other groups—the enduring policy of all Israeli governments: a policy that seeks peace with justice for all the peoples of the Middle East."

RABIN WARNS OF POTENTIAL EROSION IN U.S. POLICY

By Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, June 5 (JTA)—Premier Yitzhak

Rabin told the Cabinet today that he took a very serious view of the potential erosion of American policy in the Middle East, manifested more than anything else by President Carter's statements in favor of a Palestinian homeland. He characterized those remarks as a retrogression in American policy more serious in their implications than any possible differences with the U.S. over Israel's final borders.

However, Rabin said, there was an important point of understanding with the U.S. on the nature of peace in the Mideast. He said his government had based its policy on readiness for negotiations to reduce the possibility of war, building the country's strength and winning over American public opinion.

Minister-Without-Portfolio Israel Galili described recent statements by the leaders of Likud who will form the next government as ill-judged and warned that they could accelerate the already disturbing process of erosion in the U.S. which began, he said, before the elections. Health Minister Victor Shemtov of Mapam said the Likud statements have already had a damaging effect.

EGYPTIAN VIOLATIONS CITED

TEL AVIV, June 5 (JTA)—Israel has complained to the United Nations Emergency Force (UNEF) that Egypt has violated the Sinai agreement by having more men and weapons than are permitted in the limited forces zone. It has demanded that they be immediately withdrawn.

Of special concern to Israel is that Egypt has installed 40 SAM-7 ground-to-air missiles, 37 on the east bank of the Suez Canal and three on the west bank. This was confirmed by UNEF inspectors.

Israel has also complained that Egypt has nine infantry battalions instead of the permitted eight and has 309 soldiers more than the 8000 permitted.

STONE SEES DESIRE FOR PEACE

By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, July 5 (JTA)—Sen. Richard Stone (D. Fla) left Israel at noon today after a four-day fact-finding visit during which he met key leaders of the outgoing government, the victorious Likud party and leaders of past Israeli regimes. He said he was convinced that the change of government leadership in Israel will proceed smoothly because the patriotism which unites Israelis is more powerful than the differences which divide them.

He emphasized that President Carter has always stressed that he will never try to impose any arrangement on any of the parties to the Middle East conflict. He also said that while it was too early to gauge the clear policies of the next Israeli government, he was impressed that all concerned have a strong desire for peace. "I think the new government will give us the chance for the kind of negotiations for peace that President Carter seeks in the efforts he has made so far, his willingness and openness to whatever proposals the contending parties might make to you and you might make to them," he told Israeli reporters.

Stone, who is chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee's subcommittee on Middle East and South Asia, said he would "tell the Arab leaders I found a desire for peace in Israel." But he insisted he was not conveying any messages from Israel to the Arab states he will visit on his current Mideast junket. Stone will go to Damascus and Cairo before returning to the U.S. It was learned that he might re-visit the Middle East in several weeks.

Although his stay in Israel was relatively brief, he managed to include talks with Likud leader Menachem Begin, Foreign Minister Yigal Allon, Premier Yitzhak Rabin, Defense Minister Shimon Peres, Moshe Dayan, Gen. Ezer Weizman, Simcha Ehrlich and Gen. Ariel Sharon of Likud and the Israeli Chief of Staff Gen. Mordechai Gur.

BRITAIN URGED TO TAKE UGANDA BEFORE INTL. COURT AFTER DETAILS OF BLOCH MURDER REVEALED

By Maurice Samuelson

LONDON, June 5 (JTA)--The British government is being urged to take Uganda to the International Court of Justice over the case of Mrs. Dora Bloch, the murdered Entebbe hijack hostage. Labor MP Greville Janner will make the request to Foreign Secretary David Owen in the light of a statement by Uganda's former Health Minister that Mrs. Bloch, a 73-year-old grandmother with British and Israeli nationality, was killed by President Idi Amin's secret police on the day after the Israeli rescue raid at Entebbe last July 4.

Janner, who has been acting here on behalf of Mrs. Bloch's two sons in Israel, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that, "By a quirk of fate" Uganda recognized the jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice when it was a British colony and did not alter its position on becoming independent.

The new claim that Mrs. Bloch was murdered by Amin's State Research Bureau is made today by Henry Kyemba, Uganda's former Health Minister, who fled secretly to Britain following last month's World Health Organization conference in Geneva. The State Research Bureau is answerable only to the President. It does not act on its own initiative, Kyemba explained.

Interviewed in the Sunday Times, Kyemba said that he visited Mrs. Bloch in Mulago Hospital in Kampala, on July 3. "I wanted to make sure she was quite comfortable and reassure her that she would be looked after. She had a private room on the sixth floor. I asked her how she was and she said he was alright except she was very concerned about her son, who was also one of the hostages. I told her not to worry," Kyemba told the Times.

That was on the day before the Israeli raid on Entebbe. Next morning, Kyemba returned to the hospital and considered the problem of Mrs. Bloch. "I knew she was still there and I knew that with the Israeli raid having happened her person was in considerable danger. I didn't know what to do with her." Kyemba confirmed that at 6 p.m. that evening Peter Chandley, Commercial Attache at the British High Commission, visited her. He agreed to get her some food but when he returned he was refused entry at the gate and eventually went home.

Last Hours 'Terrible'

Describing Mrs. Bloch's last hours as "terrible," Kyemba said "Some time between 8:30 and 9 p.m. two agents from the State Research Bureau went to the hostage's room. "Warning the guard outside Mrs. Bloch's room not to interfere, the two agents burst through the double doors and unceremoniously dragged the old lady out of her bed. She screamed in terror and began to struggle. As she was pulled into the corridor, her terrible shrieks brought staff running and other patients to their doors. "No one lifted a finger to help her. Anyone who interfered would have been killed. Still screaming and struggling, Mrs. Bloch was rushed to the stairs and dragged down three floors. At the age of 73, she could only walk with difficulty and the walking stick she normally used was left behind in her room. She virtually fell down six flights of stairs," Kyemba said.

"On the third floor, she was dragged in her hospital gown right through the casualty department, where patients were waiting on rows of benches for treatment. She cried for them to help

her. No one moved."

Kyemba added "The last they or anyone else saw of Mrs. Bloch was as she was pushed through the doors on to the street. Two cars were waiting outside with their engines running. Mrs. Bloch was bundled into the back seat of one of them and they drove off."

News of the abduction was phoned to Kyemba at home who immediately rang up Amin. The President "expressed offhand surprise at what his angry Minister of Health had to say. "Is that so?" he said. "I will look into it." Half an hour later, Amin phoned Kyemba back, made small talk for a couple of minutes and then said? "Oh, by the way, you know that woman? Forget her. They have already finished her."

Doctor Confirms Story

The man who claims to have been the last white person to have seen Mrs. Bloch alive is Dr. C. A. Bonnini, an Italian who spent two years as a consultant surgeon at Mulago Hospital and who now works in Milan. Interviewed in The Observer, he said he last saw her alive at Mulago at about 5:30 p.m. on July 4. His account differs only in minor details from that of Kyemba.

Dr. Bonnini says that the French Ambassador had sent two members of his staff to look for her. "Finally I got to the room where Mrs. Bloch was in bed," he said. "I gave her the news of the raid. She was very happy to hear about it naturally. She seemed in excellent spirits and asked me when she could hope to be released from the hospital. As she had completely recovered from a minor operation I said I would see what I could do to get her discharged the following morning."

Dr. Bonnini returned to the operating room where he had been treating some of the Ugandans injured in the Israeli raid. Next morning he went immediately to the Indian doctor who was looking after Mrs. Bloch. The Indian told him that four Africans in civilian clothes had arrived at about 8:30 the previous evening and taken her away by force. Mrs. Bloch screamed and struggled but she was dragged away. This was confirmed to Bonnini by ward nurses who said that when Mrs. Bloch got to the lift she was struggling so hard that the Africans strangled her to keep her quiet "and that she was most likely dead by the time she was taken out of the hospital building."

BEGIN DESCRIBES ALTELENA INCIDENT

TEL AVIV, June 5 (JTA)--Likud leader Menachem Begin has sworn that the 900 Irgun volunteers who tried to land a shipload of arms on the Tel Aviv beach 29 years ago today were not planning a putsch to overthrow the fledgling government of Premier David Ben Gurion. Begin made that statement at a memorial service Friday for the 16 volunteers who lost their lives when Israeli forces shelled the vessel, the Altelena, setting the former American landing craft afire.

At the gravesite, Begin, who headed the underground fighting group Irgun Zvai Leumi during the pre-State period, said, "Standing here among the graves of 16 that fell at the hands of Cain, I swear to the nation here and to the diaspora, to the older generation and to the young, that the hands of these fallen men were clean and their souls were clean. There was never any intention to take over the country."

Begin said that he was told by a leading Labor Party figure some years ago that Ben Gurion had been misled into believing that the Irgun was planning a putsch and therefore had ordered the shelling of the Altelena.

BUDAPEST (JTA)--For the first time a Yiddish book, "The Slave" by Isaac B. Singer, published in the United States is being translated into Hungarian and released by the Hungarian state publishing house.

BEHIND THE HEADLINES**JEWISH LEADERS DIFFER ON HOW TO MEET CARTER'S MIDEAST TACTICS**

By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, June 5 (JTA)--Some Jewish leaders and intellectuals here are indicating apprehension that critical expressions within the Jewish community towards the Carter Administration's moves in the Arab-Israeli conflict may create serious problems for Israel itself and the Jewish world. Their apprehension, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency is informed, is not primarily based on the continued vigorous support for Israel's security goals but on the manner in which some pro-Israelis are publicly pursuing their purposes in the absence of solid facts of the Administration's full intentions.

Pending a clearer outline of the Administration's strategy it is being said, inadequately based attacks can only depress the special U.S.-Israeli relationship, create a platform for blaming Israel and American Jews for failure of the U.S. initiative, and result in a backlash with serious consequences for the Jewish communities.

Observers here have pointed out that while President Carter has set Presidential precedents in advocating a Palestinian homeland and compensation for Palestinians, the complete pattern of his thinking of a "fair and just settlement" has not yet crystallized. Outcries now, it is said, would be premature and may stifle his strategy for a settlement.

Against this is the belief that unless communal dissatisfaction with the Administration's observed trend is explicitly made known to the White House, governmental elements will systematically continue to extend into American policy the terms the Arab governments are demanding that effectively would ghettoize Israel within the Arab orbit. The time to block this pattern, it is thought, is before "suggested" U.S. proposals that could be trumpeted everywhere as "fair and reasonable" causes Israel to accept them to its detriment because "world opinion demands it". Therefore the facts of Israel's position must be declared with means available.

Deliberate Tactics

At least some of the apprehension is considered to be deliberately fostered by tactics of intimidation to effect a lessening of support within the community and in Congress for Israel. Reduced support would therefore enable U.S. diplomats to press the Israeli government harder into abandoning positions it believes essential for its security. Hints of fear of anti-Semitism have already appeared in media here.

While the initial public relations onslaught against Israel is being blamed on the Likud victory and Menahem Begin's campaign statements, some observers here think that the Administration policy as it has been thus far unrolled would have been no different if the Labor coalition had retained power in Israel. Present U.S. policy is seen based on considerations of oil and conciliation of the Arabs and their Third World friends. Who is Prime Minister of Israel is immaterial.

Officially inspired intimidation to generate fear and capitulation to U.S. policy as conceived by Arabists within the U.S. foreign affairs establishment has appeared at critical junctures in previous U.S.-Israeli relations. In 1948, some of the most respected figures in the Jewish leadership seemed to have been persuaded to support positions against formation of the State of Israel during the almost successful campaign waged by Truman Administration Arabists to abort the birth

of the Jewish State.

The State Department's documentation of "Foreign Relations of the United States for 1948" published late last autumn, revealed officially incidents and assessment of divisions among Jews in the critical weeks before the Jewish State was proclaimed by David Ben Gurion on May 16, 1948.

In 1956, the Eisenhower Administration threatened to block Jewish contributions to Israel from the United States if the Israelis did not withdraw from the Sinai where it had entered with British and French agreement. Similarly, former Undersecretary of State George Ball recently advocated putting a halt to such contributions to bring about Israel's withdrawal from the administered territories.

CHECKING FOR NEO-NAZI CONSPIRACY IN TWO BIZARRE CHICAGO DEATHS

CHICAGO, June 5 (JTA)--Bernard Carey, the Illinois state attorney, said today he was checking whether there was a neo-Nazi conspiracy in the bizarre death, apparently by cyanide poisoning, of Sidney Cohen, 63, and the suicide of his apparent killer, a 37-year-old drill press operator with a record of arrests for participating in Nazi demonstrations.

According to police reports, the body of Cohen was found in his home in suburban Flossmore, by his son, on May 22. Lying beside the body the son found Raymond Schultz of Calumet City, the drill press operator, unconscious. Police put Schultz in the back of their squad car but found when they arrived at the precinct station that Schultz had somehow taken cyanide and killed himself.

In a routine search of Schultz's home, after an autopsy indicated that both men died from cyanide poisoning, police found what was initially headlined as a list of Chicago Jews marked for death. Subsequently, the police said, the "list" was found to be a scrap of paper, with two names, one of Cohen and one which was either a "Lavine" or "Levine".

Police said Schultz, described by neighbors as a "loner," was not a member of the tiny neo-Nazi party in suburban Skokie. In 1962, according to police records, Schultz was arrested in a neo-Nazi demonstration. He was wearing a swastika armband.

The police said they found a note in Schultz's home which read: "With the help of God and AH I can get it all done by July 1." They theorized that the initials referred to Adolf Hitler, and that the "it" might have referred to a schedule of planned killings, presumably of area Jews, which Carey said he planned to investigate.

The police said they also found in a hidden room in Schultz's home several gallons of cyanide, bomb components and an electric cattle prod. The police said that, apart from Schultz's arrests over his Nazi activities, he had no criminal record.

Schultz's apparent suicide made it impossible to learn exactly what had happened in the Cohen home but police suggested Schultz might have forced Cohen to inhale cyanide fumes and was overcome himself.

* * *

GENEVA (JTA)--Dr. Gerhart M. Riegner, secretary general of the World Jewish Congress, announced Friday the affiliation of the Permanent Standing Committee of the World Conference of Synagogues and Kehiloth as an associated international organization of the WJC. The Permanent Standing Committee, under the auspices of the Chief Rabbis of Israel and of the Diaspora communities, unites Orthodox Synagogues and Kehiloth throughout the world, he said.

* * *

TEL AVIV (JTA)--Shaul Ben Simchon, member of the Histadruth Central Committee and president of World Federation of North African Jews, is presently visiting Morocco at the invitation of the Jewish community there.