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RABIN: ANY CHANGES IN RESOLUTIONS 242, 338 WILL RELEASE ISRAEL FROM ALL OBLIGATIONS UNDER THESE MEASURES By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, Nov. 30 (JTA)--Premier Yitzhak Rabin has served notice that any changes in the texts of Security Council Resolutions 242 and 338 or in the letters of invitation to the Geneva peace conference on the Middle East would automatically release Israel from all of its obligations under those resolutions. Resolutions 242 and 338 provide the framework for the Geneva conference and for the 1974 disengagement agreements on the Syrian and Egyptian fronts.

Rabin delivered his warning in an address at the annual Nov. 29 (Palestine Partition Day) luncheon tendered by local editors and the Foreign Press Association here. It was aimed at the current attempts to involve the Palestine Liberation Organization directly in the Middle East peace talks, a condition demanded by Syria for agreeing to the extension of the United Nations Disengagement Observers Force (UNDOF) on the Golan Heights which expires at midnight tonight.

(At the UN headquarters in New York, the Security Council resumed discussion today after seven hours of private discussions Friday and three more closed meetings yesterday failed to break an impasse on a formula to extend the UNDOF mandate. See separate story.)

Rabin indicated that if there was any linkage between renewal of the UNDOF mandate and any other matter, Israel might renounce resolutions 242 and 338. He repeated Israel's unqualified refusal to deal with the PLO under any circumstances and reiterated Israel's position that the Palestinian question can be dealt with only in the framework of peace negotiations with Jordan.

Deal With Syria Ruled Out

Rabin said flatly that Israel had no interest in any deal UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim might have made with Syrian President Hafez Assad whom he visited in Damascus last week that would include a reference to the Palestinians in a resolution extending UNDOF. He said any such linkage would be a violation of the agreed framework for negotiations and would smack of an imposed solution.

He said that Israel, which agrees to a six-month extension of UNDOF, would be prepared to attend a reconvened Mideast peace conference after Syria agrees to a similar extension without conditions. If Syria refuses, it will have to bear the full consequences of the failure to renew UNDOF, Rabin said.

He charged that Damascus' introduction of the Palestinian issue into the UNDOF matter was part and parcel of a Soviet-Syrian strategy aimed against Israel and against the Israeli-Egyptian interim accord signed last September and was a blatant attempt to dictate the terms for peace talks next year.

PERONIST GROUPS DENOUNCE ZIONISM AS A FORM OF CANCER IN ARGENTINA

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 30 (JTA)--Seven Peronist organizations, most of them youth groups, have

published an advertisement in the Peronist daily Mayoria, praising the United Nations General Assembly resolution equating Zionism with racism and blaming Jews for Argentina's current problems.

The advertisement published several days ago, declared that the UN resolution was not needed "since it is a well-known truth that Zionism is racist.... Notwithstanding all this, we still have in our capital a main street called State of Israel."

"We Argentines are suffering in our fatherland for a very long time the terrible consequences of this racial (Zionist) fanaticism," the advertisement said. It stated that the Zionists are "incubated in our land like a cancer destroying everything beautiful, just and good in the excessively tolerant soul of our people. Due to this exacerbated Zionist fanaticism our people suffer an anguishing institutional, political, social, cultural and economic crisis which worries us...."

The seven Peronist groups declared that they welcomed the UN resolution because it will "facilitate a fair and permanent solution to the serious problems anguishing the world...."

Earlier this month, Mayoria published a statement by a national Eva Peron group, a youth organization, denouncing Zionism and charging that Israel was "founded after a genocidal and usurping process against the Palestinian people." The statement also condemned several agreements signed by Argentina with Israel during the Presidency of Arturo Frondizi.

HOUSE COMMITTEE TO DECIDE WHETHER TO CITE MORTON FOR CONTEMPT

Meanwhile, Morton Reverses Department Policy

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 (JTA)--The House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce is set to decide Tuesday whether to cite Commerce Secretary Rogers C.B. Morton for contempt of Congress for his refusal to give its subcommittee a list of American firms complying with the Arab boycott requests.

Rep. John Moss (D.Calif.), chairman of the Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations, and Rep. James Scheuer (D.N.Y.), who introduced the subcommittee motion to cite Morton, last week refused an offer by the Commerce Secretary to provide the committee with the names of the companies on condition that they not be made public. Morton had refused since last July to submit the names of the companies.

Morton's Offer Explained

Capitol Hill sources said that Morton's offer to the committee stems from the desire of the Administration to meet the Congressional requirements for information while restricting its use to avoid complaints that Morton is violating a confidence with the companies he is to name.

But Moss, in a letter to the full committee, said "At stake is the right and duty of Congress to obtain accurate information upon which to make sound decisions." He noted that "although the Arab boycott has been in existence for 20 years its impact has recently intensified as the result of increased wealth in the Arab world."

The subcommittee vote to cite Morton was strictly on party lines with the 10 Democrats favoring the contempt action and the five Republic-

ans opposed. The full committee, led by Rep. Harley Staggers (D.W.Va.), comprises 29 Democrats and 14 Republicans. Should the committee approve the contempt recommendation, the House as a whole will then have to vote on it.

ADL Halls Policy Reversal

Meanwhile, Morton on Friday announced that he had ordered the Commerce Department to stop distributing Arab notices of trade opportunities to American firms if they involved boycott restrictions against Israel. "This action is still another clear demonstration of the Administration's opposition to restrictive trade practices and boycott of countries friendly to the United States," he said.

Morton's action was hailed by the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith which had filed a federal district court suit against Morton ordering him to cease disseminating the boycott information. Seymour Graubard, ADL chairman, said this action along with President Ford's announcement Nov. 20 prohibiting discrimination against Americans stemming from the Arab boycott, means that "the U.S. government has unequivocally told the Arabs that this nation will not permit others to dictate its economic practices or alter its constitutional guarantees against discrimination."

Graubard said that Morton's action "has in effect settled the ADL's suit out of court, at least in its major aspect." He said the ADL will now consider whether to proceed with the suit's other demand that the Department of Commerce make public the names of companies complying with the Arab boycott. However, this aspect may also be settled by the Congressional action against Morton.

HERZOG: UNDOF RENEWAL AN INTEGRAL PART OF DISENGAGEMENT ACCORD AND NOT CONDITIONAL ON OTHER MATTERS

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 30 (JTA)--Chaim Herzog, Israel's Ambassador to the UN, sent information last night to the ambassadors of the seven Security Council nations with which Israel has diplomatic relations--the U.S., Great Britain, France, Japan, Sweden, Italy and Costa Rica--pointing out that the renewal of the UN Disengagement Observers Force (UNDOF) "is an integral part of the disengagement agreement signed by Israel and Syria, and cannot be made conditional to any other matter."

--Herzog also noted that "the inclusion of participants other than the original participants of the Geneva conference is a matter for the original participants of the Geneva conference to decide." His letter was issued as the Security Council continued to meet over the weekend in an effort to work out a formula acceptable to both Israel and Syria for the extension of the UNDOF mandate.

Syria Insists On PLO Role

Secretary General Kurt Waldheim reported to the Security Council when he returned from the Middle East last week that Syria agreed in principle to a six-month extension of UNDOF provided that the Security Council's resolution of extension includes "a specific provision that the Council will reconvene in January, 1978, for a substantive debate on the Middle East problem including the Palestinian question with the participation of the Palestine Liberation Organization." Such a provision would in effect alter Resolution 242 which contains no reference to the Pal-

estinian issue and speaks in general terms of the need to solve the refugee problem as a humanitarian matter. Similarly, the invitations to the Geneva parley are directed only to the so-called confrontation states--Israel, Egypt, Syria and Jordan, and to the co-chairmen states, the U.S. and the USSR.

The terms of the Geneva conference stipulate that no other parties are to be included without the agreement of all participant parties. The PLO has been accorded observer status at the General Assembly. But its representatives have never attended a Security Council meeting or been formally consulted in any way by the Council. A PLO presence at a Security Council debate next year would establish a precedent that Israel is expected to do all in its power to prevent.

Conditions Violate Agreement

In his statement to the seven envoys, Herzog, citing quotations from the May, 1974 disengagement agreement between Syria and Israel, declared that "it is clear that while the two governments were required to support a (Security Council) resolution providing for the establishment of UNDOF, the renewal of the mandate requires only a resolution of the Security Council." The accord does not require the agreement of the parties to the renewal of the mandate, he noted. "Thus UNDOF is an integral part of the disengagement agreement."

Herzog added: "Any opposition to the existence of the force by either of the parties is irreconcilable with the undertakings made in the agreement and constitutes a violation thereof."

Herzog also pointed out that the Geneva conference was set up under Security Council Resolution 338 and that a letter inviting the participants to the conference from the co-chairmen, the United States and the Soviet Union, said that "the parties have also agreed that the question of other participants from the Middle East area will be discussed during the first stage of the conference."

FEST MARKS CENTENNIAL OF LAW THAT MADE POSSIBLE COLONIZATION OF JEWISH IMMIGRANTS IN ARGENTINA

By Asher Mibashan

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 30 (JTA)--The town of Mosesville in Santa Fe Province, which was founded 85 years ago by 130 Jewish families from Russia, was the scene of three days of celebration of the centennial of the Argentine Immigration and Colonization Law. It was this law that made possible 15 years later the immigration of the Jewish families under Baron Maurice de Hirsch's Jewish Colonization Association.

Dr. Abel Barrilbuevo, national immigration director, represented the Argentine government at the event organized by the Federation of Argentine Jewish Communities. Israeli Ambassador Ram Mirgad, who had been declared an official guest of Santa Fe Province, was greeted by 40 mounted gauchos carrying Israeli and Argentine flags.

The Jewish colonists of Mosesville have prospered. About 1500 of the town's 4000 residents are Jewish and all five members of the municipal council are Jewish. The town has a high school--seminary for Jewish teachers. Mosesville also has four synagogues and one Catholic church.

Father Francisco Scotto, the church's priest, declared at a luncheon for 600 people during the celebrations: "Shalom in Santa Fe, Shalom in Buenos Aires, Shalom in Jerusalem. I love your country Israel, which the Jews taught me to love."

At a major public meeting, Barrienneu declared: "I wish to embrace all of you, on behalf of the Republic which is grateful to all its pioneers. Mosseville represents the perfect union between the Argentine nation with those who arrived offering their hopes."

LAST ISRAELI SOLDIERS LEAVE OIL FIELDS OF ABU RODELS By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, Nov. 30 (JTA)--The Israeli flag was hauled down over Abu Rodels today and the last Israeli soldiers were gone by noon, ending eight years of Israeli administration of the largest Sinai oilfields. Italian technicians will operate the oil wells for the next few days pending the formal Egyptian take-over later this week. Yesterday, the last oil pumped by Israeli technicians -- 60,000 tons of crude oil -- was loaded aboard the tanker Leyon.

Israel's orderly withdrawal today was in compliance with the Interim accord signed with Egypt last September. Earlier this month, Israeli forces pulled out of Ras Sudar, a smaller oilfield on the Gulf of Suez north of Abu Rodels. Egypt now controls 150 kilometers of the eastern shores of the Gulf of Suez, including the two major oil-producing centers. Israel retains a 120-kilometer stretch of coast from a point south of Abu Rodels to Sharm el-Sheikh on the Straits of Tiran.

During the last eight years since it captured the oilfields in the Six-Day War, Israel has pumped some 32 million tons of oil from the Abu Rodels and Ras Sudar wells -- about 4.5 million tons a year -- which, according to the government's advisor on fuel, Dr. Tzvi Dinstein, represented about half of Israel's annual oil consumption over that period.

Alternative Supplies Of Oil

Dinstein observed today that every cloud has a silver lining. He said that while the evacuation of the Sinai fields deprived Israel of a vital energy source and savings of foreign currency, the fact that Israel figured as an oil producing country during the past eight years enabled it to make contacts with countries and companies that can now be used to seek alternative supplies of oil.

He said that the loss of the Sinai oil will lead to an intensification of oil prospecting in Israel proper and in other areas of Sinai still retained by Israel. Dinstein mentioned specifically the region south of Abu Rodels and the sea-bed between El Arish and Rafah which may contain oil. He said projects were underway to set up 16 more oil rigs to explore for oil on Israeli territory.

Meanwhile, Israel is assured of a supply of oil for next year at prices set by OPEC (Organization of Oil Producing and Exporting Countries) which will not be increased until next June. Israel has also managed to add to its list of oil suppliers. The most serious problem, however, is that Israel's foreign currency expenditures for fuel will double. It is expected to amount to \$650 million in 1976, Dinstein said. "We have learned our lesson and will set up without delay a special energy authority to start an intensive oil exploration program," the government official added.

The operation of the Abu Rodels fields by Egypt will require continued cooperation with Israel, it was pointed out today. Israel still controls the wells supplying water to Abu Rodels while Egypt will now control the electric generators that provide power to pump the water the Egyptians need. A set of rules is expected to be worked out for the mutual benefit of both parties.

JEWISH SUMMIT MEETING SET

JERUSALEM, Nov. 30 (JTA)--A joint committee of the government and the World Zionist Organization, headed by Premier Yitzhak Rabin met to formulate plans for the three-day world Jewish "summit" to be held in the Knesset building starting Wednesday.

Some 150 Jewish leaders from abroad are expected for the meeting. The Israeli delegation will include Cabinet ministers, members of the WZO and Jewish Agency and representatives of the Histadrut, the Manufacturers Association, youth movements and the universities. Rabin asked Knesset Speaker Yisrael Yeshayahu to appoint the Knesset members who will attend the convocation.

Rabin stressed that the targets of the summit are: a political demonstration of solidarity with Israel and Zionism; and the working out of specific and practical plans for Jewish communities throughout the world to express their solidarity through aliyah and development.

Rabin listed some of the plans which would be introduced to the conference: large-scale pilgrimages to Israel, which would include aliyah, short tours, summer camps, a year in Israel (shnat she'elut), celebrations of Bar Mitzvah and other religious ceremonies; convening Jewish organizations here rather than overseas; formation of settlement groups and the adoption of development towns by Jewish organizations; intensification of Jewish material support for Israel; greater efforts in Jewish education, especially abroad; and a large-scale information campaign on Israel and Zionism among Jews and non-Jews alike.

On Thursday, the second day of the "summit," the participants will be divided into five subgroups which will work out the practical plans. These committees will deal with aliyah, fund-raising, information, settlements and similar topics.

UIA TO MARK 50TH ANNIVERSARY

NEW YORK, Nov. 30 (JTA)--The 50th anniversary of the United Israel Appeal, the major beneficiary of the nationwide United Jewish Appeal, will be marked Dec. 12, at the New York Hilton, was announced by Melvin Dubinsky, UIA chairman. The luncheon meeting will honor the surviving members of the original leadership and present officers. The keynote speaker will be Dr. Israel Goldstein, one of the early leaders in the United Palestine Appeal, now a resident of Jerusalem. The UIA began in November, 1925 as the UPA, at the historic Baltimore Conference, launching the first coordinated American appeal to support the creation of a Jewish homeland in Palestine. Immigration and absorption are still a primary responsibility of UIA.

MIAMI (JTA)--A resolution condemning those United Nations member states that voted for the General Assembly resolution equating Zionism with racism was adopted by the Miami City Commission last week. Sponsored by Mayor Maurice Ferre, the resolution termed the Assembly measure "contrary to the intent and purpose for which the United Nations was created" and "contrary to the recognition afforded the State of Israel by the United Nations."

JERUSALEM (JTA)--Fifty thousand letters written by some 5000 recent olim to their friends and relatives abroad were mailed last week in a new venture aimed at direct encouragement of aliyah. The World Zionist Organization aliyah department organized the effort among new olim, many of them still at absorption centers.

LEADERSHIP PARLEY TO FOCUS ON SOVIET JEWRY ISSUE IN LIGHT OF STEPPED UP PERSECUTIONS, ANTI-ZIONIST RESOLUTION

NEW YORK, Nov. 30 (JTA)--Naum Alshansky, a Soviet Jew who earned one of the USSR's highest awards for service in World War II, will be guest speaker at a luncheon that will be a highlight of a major "Leadership Conference" to be sponsored by the Greater New York Conference on Soviet Jewry Dec. 7 at the Park Avenue Synagogue.

The conference chairman, Kings County District Attorney Eugene Gold, said the parley will take a hard, close look at the directions and goals of the Soviet Jewry movement against the backdrop of the UN General Assembly anti-Zionist resolution and the stepped up persecution of Jews in the Soviet Union. Gold said that the "Leadership Conference" is particularly timely in view of the widespread belief that the USSR will use the infamous UN resolution to justify its anti-Jewish policies and to create more difficult obstacles in the path of emigration.

Alshansky, who attained the rank of colonel in 26 years of military service, was awarded the Order of the Red Banner in World War II. In April, 1971, he and his wife, Klara, and their two children applied to emigrate to Israel. He was stripped of his rank and deprived of his officer's pension immediately following his application.

Authorities began a concerted campaign of harassment aimed at Alshansky and his colleagues Capt. Genadov Kipnis and Col. Efim Davidovich, all of Minsk. This campaign culminated in threats of a major trial in May, 1973. More than 100 Jewish activists were allegedly implicated in the trial, which was suspended only after publicity in the West drew loud protests against the planned persecution. Kipnis was permitted to emigrate after eight months in prison. Awaiting trial, Alshansky and Davidovich were detained and kept under constant surveillance.

In March, 1974, in a dramatic gesture, Alshansky formally renounced his Soviet citizenship and handed back his medals, expressing his protest at official refusals to allow him to emigrate to Israel. The gesture was made at the reception rooms of the Supreme Soviet Presidium in Moscow. This year, the Alshansky family was finally permitted to emigrate to Israel, where they now reside. He is touring the United States under the sponsorship of the National Conference on Soviet Jewry.

PISAR: AUSCHWITZ IS A WARNING OF WHAT MAY STILL LIE AHEAD

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 (JTA)--Samuel Pisar, the youngest survivor of Auschwitz, and a U.S. citizen by special act of Congress, was the personal guest of French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing when the French leader visited the site of the infamous Nazi concentration camp June 18 for a ceremony commemorating its liberation by the Soviet army 30 years ago. During the ceremony, Pisar, who is today an international lawyer in Paris and Washington, issued an address titled "Never Again," Auschwitz 1975.

It began with the statement: "To return at your side, Mr. President, to this altar of the holocaust, where as a boy of 14 I died so many deaths, lived so many tortures and humiliations, where all I ever loved was reduced to cinders, is an experience that staggers the soul. But it is also a journey from tragedy to triumph. By your presence here today, the date on which from Lon-

don, 35 years ago, Charles de Gaulle's call to resistance redeemed the honor of France, you add a new dimension to the historic meaning of the 18th of June."

Earlier this month, Sen. Abraham Ribicoff (D. Conn.) entered this address in full into the Congressional Record. In entering it, Ribicoff stated: "Thirty years after Auschwitz, with the tragic votes in the United Nations (regarding the anti-Zionist resolution)...again sowing the seeds of horrible anti-Semitism, it is essential that the words of Mr. Pisar be read by all, understood by all and followed by all."

'We Dare Not Forget'

In his address, Pisar recounted the horrors of Auschwitz and declared: "If they seem relevant today it is because we dare not forget that the past can also be a prologue, that amidst the ashes of Auschwitz we behold the true specter of doomsday--a warning of what might still lie ahead...."

"Mr. President, in this cursed and sacred place you are facing your greatest audience. Here you stand in the presence of four million innocent souls. In their name, and with the authority of the number engraved on my arm, I say to you that if they could answer your noble words they would cry out: 'Never again!' Never again between Frenchman and German, between Turk and Greek, between Indian and Pakistani. Never again between Arab and Jew...."

Giscard d'Estaing, in his own remarks at the ceremony, stated: "Who can say, even here, that the worst is not yet to come?...We must insure that the youth of the world will not forget this horror."

Pisar, who was deported at the age of 12 with his entire family, of which he is the sole survivor, escaped from Dachau in March, 1945 and was liberated by the American forces near Munich at the age of 16. The internationally famed lawyer is author of "Weapons of Peace" and "Transactions Between East and West," prefaced by the French President in 1973. Pisar's address was restated to President Ford when the American chief executive visited the site of Auschwitz on July 29.

COMPROMISE REACHED ON ZIONISM ISSUE

ROME, Nov. 30 (JTA)--The three-week meeting here of the governing conference of the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) ended Thursday night and narrowly avoided a split on the issue of Zionism. The controversy was over a recommendation that FAO should extend food aid to liberation movements recognized by the UN General Assembly and the Organization of African Unity (OAU) which were "struggling against foreign domination or racism."

The United States, Israel and 25 other countries opposed inclusion of the term "racism" in the text. A compromise was reached when they agreed to the report with the reservation that "racism" should not be understood as referring to Zionism.

The biennial conference approved increasing the FAO's net budget to \$167 million for 1976-77, a 50 percent hike, to provide better agricultural programs in developing countries as an essential first step toward solving the world food crisis. Israel's budget contributions for 1976-77 were assessed at more than \$250,000, more than three times that of Saudi Arabia and nearly twice as much as that of Libya which earlier called for the expulsion of Israel from the FAO. * * *

TEL AVIV (JTA)--An Israeli patrol came under fire early Sunday from a terrorist gang along the Lebanese border. There were no casualties.