

daily news bulleti

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3 ISRAELI NEWSMEN ACCUSE STATE DEP'T, OF COOPERATING WITH EGYPTIANS TO HAMPER COVERAGE OF SADAT By Joseph Polskoff

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- Three accredited Israeli correspondents in Washington have accused State Department officials of cooperating with Egyptian officials in discriminatory prac tices that hampered their coverage of President Anwar Sadat's visit to Washington and other American cities.

Dan Margalit, of Haaretz, Nissim Kivity of Yediot Achronot and Jacob Achmier of the Israel State Radio, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that they encountered obstacles in carrying out their assignments as professional journalists

during the Sadat tour.

But a fourth Israeli reporter, Samuel Segev of Maariv, said he saw no evidence of discrimination on the part of U.S. officials and said the only place where Israeli reporters were barred was at Blair House, the official residence for vis iting heads of state, which was occupied by Sadat and his entourage. According to Segev, that was not a departure from normal procedure since visiting heads of state decide whom to invite.

Formal Protest Lodged

The National Federation of Israeli Journalists lodged a formal protest with U.S. Ambassador Malcolm Toon in Tel Aviv yesterday charging that Israeli reporters were barred from covering events connected with Sadat's American visit in-violation of the principles of freedom of the press. They asked the American envoy to convey "our strongest protest to the White House, the State Department and the Press Association in Washington."

Charge Systematic Exclusion

Margalit, Kivity and Achmier told the JTA that they were systematically excluded from pres conferences held by Sadat in Jacksonville, Houston and Chicago; that when they managed to gain entry they were closely scrutinized by State Department personnel to prevent them from asking questions that might have embarrassed the Egyptian leader; and that they were denied seats in buses carrying American and Egyptian reporters and refused access to press planes, forcing them to use commercial flights, o

Achmier said that he "blames first the Egyptians, then the U.S. State Department and finally American reporters assigned to the Sadat tour who knew what was going on but are not saying

Segev, who limited his coverage to Sadat's stay in Washington, said, however, that he "saw no attempt on the part of the U.S. Administration to bar entry or access of any Israeli correspondent to any function connected with the visit." He said, "Personally, I was able to get into the White flouse during the welcome ceremony (for Sadat), later during the State Dinner to hear the toasts and at the State Department where Secretary Kissinger hosted a luncheon for the Egyptian President," Segev said he made no attempt to gain entry to Blair House.

Kivity said that reporters entering Blair

House for a Sadat press conference were screened at the door by George Sherman, the State Department's information specialist on the Middle East. He said reporters had to show telegrams inviting them to the meeting but a number without telegrams were admitted and five reporters from the Soviet news agency Tass got in on one tele-

Kivity said that he and five other reporters were looked out. He said he learned later that Sherman told another reporter that Kivity was not admitted because Sadat was not to be asked embarrassing questions. Kivity said, however, that "in all fairness to Sherman, he was quite friendly and cooperative on the whole and was not ignoring us except on those occasions where the Israelis could perhaps have had the chance of ad-

dressing President Sadat,"

Nevertheless, Kivity told the JTA, "If the Egyptians wanted to bar the Israelis from their press conference it is their right because Blair House was temporarily their territory. My objection is that the State Department should not have taken any stand. They should have stayed neutral and should have let the Egyptians decide themselves.

Segev told the JTA that "At the National Press Club" where Sadat spoke and answered questions. "I know of no Israeli correspondent who was den-

ied access because of being an Israeli.'

A State Department source told the JTA today that "everything that was organized by the Americans" on Sadat's tour "was open to coverage for all accredited reporters." He said the Egyptians "ran their own affairs." He said buses and planes carrying reporters had been chartered by the Egyptian Embassy,

BELGIAN REPORTERS, JEWISH COMMUNITY PROTEST EXCLUSION OF JEWISH NEWSMEN FROM ACCOMPANYING KING, MINISTER TO SAUDI ARABIA

BRUSSELS, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- King Baudouin and Foreign Minister Renaat Van Elslande left on an official visit to Saudi Arabia today amid angry protests by Belgian journalists and the Jewish community against the government's cooperation with the Saudian authorities in excluding reporters who are Jews from the press party accompanying the King.

The Belgian Press Association and the Journalists Union made their protests public today, A similar protest was registered by the Coordinating Council of Belgian Jewish Organizations, Belgian reporters had refused to comply with the demand by the Saudian Embassy here that newsmen planning to accompany the King state their race and religion on their visa applications, But the Belgian Foreign Ministry supplied the Saudians with the information and several Jewish reporters were barred from making the trip as a consequence,

King Baudouin and his advisors are expected to discuss the Middle East situation with the Saudians during their stay in Riyadh, Israeli Foreign Minister Yigal Allon is due to pay an official visit to Belgium a few days after the King's return from Saudi Arabia.

PROTEST FRANCE'S RECOGNITION OF PLO

PARIS, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- Israel formally protested

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Liberation Organization to open an information and liaison office in Paris. Israeli Chargo d'Affaires, Mordeohai Drort, delivered the official protest this afternoon to the French Foreign Ministry's Secretary General Geoffrey de Courcelles.

today France's decision to permit the Palestine

Israell sources described the 40-minute meeting as "frank." They said Drori also informed France of Israel's views on the non-representativity of the PLO and of Israel's determination not to negotiate with a terrorist organization whose ultimate aim is Israel's destruction. French sources said the Courcelles sxplained France's reasons for permitting the opening of the bureau which, French sources here say has been operating for several years.

Meanwhile, the Representative Council of French Jewish Organizations (CRIF) branded the French government's claim that the office will prevent terrorist attacks in France as "fallacious" and has invited France's Jews to show their sentiments by attending a mass meeting tomorrow at the memorial-to unknown Jewish mariyrs,

Nearly all French Jewish organizations have reteased communiques and appeals to persuade the French government to cancel its authorization. French official sources told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, however, that "it is completely out of the question for us to reverse the decision."

Warns Of New Tensions

Israeli Ambassador to France Asher Ben Natan, said yestorday that France's decision "will renew the tension" which has existed between Israel and France. Ben Natan, who is due to leave Paris this week after five years' service as Ambassador, said "a certain detente in Franco-Israeli relations has taken place. The French decision (concerning the PLO) is likely to renew tension."

Meanwhile, members of Parliament representing a number of parties met in caucus yesterday to assail the government's decision and asked. French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing to reconsider it, (By Edwin Eytan).

7 KNESSETERS TO VISIT WASHINGTON AS GRESTS OF THE CONGRESS

By Yitzhak Shargil and Uzi Benziman

JERUSALEM, Nov. 5 (17A)—Great importance is attached in political circles here to the
official visit to Washington by seven Knessiet
members which begins Sunday. The group will
spend ten days in the U.S., five of them as guests
of the Congress and the balance of the time meeting with leaders of the American Jewish community. Congress invited the Knesset last September to send a delegation. The invitation, sent by
House Speaker Carl Albert (D.Okla), recalled
the Knesset's hospitality in previous months to
numerous groups of Senators and representatives

"The timing of the visit is considered of special significance in that it will provide Israel's elected representatives with an opportunity to explain their country's position and aspirations and refute the attacks on Zionism and Jews recently made in the U.S. and at the United Nations-by Egyptian President Anwar Sadat.

visiting Israel.

The Knesset group, headed by Speaker Yisraei Yeshayahu, consists of three other Labor MKs, two from Likud and one of the National Religious Party, thus representing a cross-section of the coalition government and the opposition. They

will be arriving in the U.S. only a few days after Sadat's departure.

Yeshayahu, addressing a luncheon for visiting

Teshayanu, addressing a juncheon for visiting American trade union delegates at the Knesset yesterday, said the MKs would discuss the quostion of Zionism and explain to Americans that it is the liberation movement of the Jowish people. Yeshayahu, who was born in Yemen where Jews were treated as second class citizens, said his own personal experience was an example of what Zionism means.

Will Meet With Top Officials

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The Mks will meet with President Ford, Vice-President Noisen A. Rockefeller, Scoretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and members of both houses of Congress. They will be the first Knesset delegation to visit Washington on an official basis.

In addition to Yeshayahu, the group consists of Chalka Grossman, Yitzhak Ben Aharon and Ari Ankorion, of the Labor Alignment; Menachem Beigin and Yosef Tamir of Likud; and Zerach Warhaftig of the NRP, Yeshayahu said that after their official meetings in Washington, the delegation will visit American Jewish communities to urge increased Jewish education, stronger ties, with Israel and to call for allya.

PLO REJECTS EGYPTIAN DRAFT RESOLUTION AS USELESS

By Yitzhak Rabi

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- The Palessine Liberation Organization ter<u>med</u> as "useless" today the Egyptian draft resolution shroduced to the General Assembly yesterday to invite the PLO to take part in the Geneva conference on an equal footing.

Addressing a luncheon meeting here of the United Nations Correspondents Association, Farouk Kaddoumi, who is the head of the PLO delegation to the General Assembly debate on Palestine, said-that the PLO expects that its own resolution, which calls on the General Assembly to set up a committee to implement the UN resolutions on the Palestinians and urges the suspension of Israel and the imposition of sanctions on the Jewish State, will come up for a yole tomorrow.

According to Kaddoumi, there are at least 20 sponsors for this resolution. He also said that the overwhelming majority of the non-aligned countries support the PLO. He reiterated that the PLO does not accept Security Council Resolution 242 on which the Geneva conference is based. He said that resolution ignores the national rights of the Palestinians.

Kaddoumi said that most of the African countries support the PLO demand that Israel be suspended from the United Nations unless it withdraws from the occupied Arab terrifories taken in 1987. Asked by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency if he considered Tel Aviv, for example, to be an occupied territory, Kaddoumi replied, "Yes, Tel Aviv is an occupied territory,"

an occupied territory."

Asked to comment on Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's statement today to the Congress that the United States should establish contact with the PLO, Kaddoumi said he believed that if the two superpowers recognized the PLO, the tension in the Middle East would be reduced. He pointed out, however, that for the time being "we have no contact with the U.S. If the U.S. wants it they are most welcome," he added,

Referring to Sadat's current visit to the U.S., Kaddoumi said that if the PLO would have been asked it would have advised the Egyptian President to postpone the visit because the relationship between the Arabs should have been clarified first, (See separate story on Sadat's speech to Congress.)

SADAT APPEALS TO JOINT SESSION OF CONGRESS TO LEND SUPPORT, UNDERSTANDING TO PALESTINIAN PEOPLE By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (JTA)--Egyptian President Anwar Sadat wound up his 10-day tour today with an address to a joint session of Congress where he appealed "in the most emphatic terms to lend the Palestinian people your understanding and support." He sought to back away from his National Press Club comments, at the start of his national tour, in which he attacked Jews and Zionism.

Sadar's address to Congress, an honor rarely accorded to any visiting head of state, was arranged in advance of his visit by the State Department and was presented to the legislators as a fait accompli despite widespread opposition by members of both the Senate and House. During the course of his address, a Capitol official estimated that some 300 of the 539 members of both chambers were sented on the House floor. The diplomatic section was filled and some Cabinet members were present, but none of the Supreme Court justices were there.

The Egyptian leader told Congress that he noted "certain promising signs in the past few weeks" with some Senators and Representatives who were "demonstrating a keen interest in the cause of the Palestinians and exploring ways and means of solving their problems and putting an end to their predictment." Sadat did not mention the Palestine Liberation Organization as such.

Without mentioning Zionism or Jews, Sadat / emphasized in his remarks, "we Arabs have no problem whatsoever co-existing with others of different ethnic or religious backgrounds." He referred to the teachings of Islam and mentioned the revelation given to Arabs, Abraham, Isaac, Moses and Jesus and "to all prophets of their Lord."

Praises Ford, U.S.

Sadat praised President Ford as a #man of vision, deep understanding and compassion" and paid homage to American leaders, including Washington, Lincoln, Wilson and Kennedy, and referred to the American Bicentennial.

Sadat said "of almost all nations, the United States remains as the sole dissenter in the long overdue trend of establishing contacts with the Palestinians." He said "contacts bring understanding" and "understanding helps develop solutions." In urging Congress to give the "Palestinian people" support, Sadat said "the continuation of neglect and defiance is but an open invitation to vicence, negativism and extremism."

Sadat's remarks patently were designed to avoid any touchy subjects, such as arms, economic aid that he expects to get from the United States. He never mentioned Israel nor the United Nations Third Committee anti-Zionist draft resolution. Observors said he was trying to present to the Congress what he thought Americans wanted to hear, to embellish his image as a moderate Arab leader looking for peace.

During his speech, which he read in English, Sadat was applauded when he praised Ford and when he said he was seeking not aid but friendship from the U.S. Among the members of Congress who deliberately absented themselves were Reps. Bella Abzug and Elizabeth Holtzman, Both Democrats of New York; and Abner Mikvah (D.III.), Abzug told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that they refused to attend the session because of Sadat's anti-Semitto Temarks during his 10-day tour,

On the lawn facing the Capitol, two sets of demonstrations were conducted simultaneously without includent. One was by the Louis D. Brandels Zionist District of Washington, and the Seaboard region of the United Synagogue of America. The other was by a group of predominantly Black sympathizers with the Palestinians and Arabs.

sympantizers with the Palestinians and Arabs.
The estimated 200 Jewish demonstrators carried placards which said, "Sadat Uses The Big Lie Against The Jows," "We Defend Democracy Against Bigotry" and "Zionism is a Liberation Movement," The pro-Sadat sympathizers chanted continually, "Long live Sadat, Mighty Man of Peace,"

U.S. AGREES TO SUPPLY EGYPT WITH 2 NUCLEAR PLANTS By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- The United States and Egypt agreed today to a program that will enable Egypt to acquire two nuclear plants that will develop more than half the power presently generated by the Aswam High Dam. An agreement on the two reactors which will cost \$1,2 billion and, it is understood, will be financed to a large extent by the United States, was initialed at the State Department by Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger and Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismall Fahmy.

Kissinger observed that the agreement "Captures perhaps to a greater extent, more than any
other event during this historic visit (of Egyptian
President Anwar Sadat) the spirit of cooperation
between our two nations! and is "testimony to the
common commitment to peace in the area" (The
Middle East), Twenty years ago, the U.S. refused
to finance the grant dim at Aswan which was subsequently built by the Soviet Union.

The agreement with Egypt todayswas specification is test to to any turn agreement the U.S. may enter into with Israel to provide that country with a nuclear power plant. The agreement states that "it is the intention of the United States that at such time as negotiations are completed, the same safeguard provisions and special measures will be included in both the U.S. cooperation agreements with Egypt and Israel respectively. If certain provisions are modified or altered in one agreement, it is the intention of the United States government to introduce such modifications or alterations in the other agreement."

U.S. officials said that notither Israel nor Egypt would have any veto since the U.S. will proceed on an agreement with one party if there is undue delay by the other. A high American authority explained to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the agreement with Egypt was concluded first because the Egyptians were prepared to move more rapidly. When Israel indicates it is ready to go ahead,

the U.S. is prepared to go just as fast or faster, the authority, said. He said that Israel has accepted the concept of equal treatment with Egypt on the concept of safeguards and pointed out that the agreement applies only to equipment supplied by the U.S. Fahmy halled the agreement as "the first agreement of its kind signed in the Middle East with the U.S." and said Egypt "is looking forward to more cooperation with the U.S."

CHRISTIANS DENOUNCE UN ANTI-ZIONIST MEASURE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5 (JTA) - Sixty American Catholic and Protestant church leaders from 21 states have called on the United Nations General Assembly to repudiate the resolution designating Zionism as a form of racism. "This equating of Zionism with racism is wholly unacceptable," they said in a letter to UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim. "It is a slander against Jews everywhere, since it is a revival of the all too familiar anti-Semitism which has plagued humankind through the centuries."

Their letter was drafted and signed during the Second National Christian-Jewish Relations Workshop held last week in Memphis, Tenn, and released here through the Secretariat for Catholic-Jewish Relations. The statement said, "The signatories acted in their individual capacities not as representatives of their organizations and

congregations."

The UN committee's resolution is "shame-ful" and "risks placing the United Nations in jelopardy," the letter said, "We are conscious of the complexity of the tragic and dangerous situation in the Middle East today," and "we sympatize with all those who suffer from it on either side of the conflict. Our sympathies, however, do not allow us to close our eyes to the malice expressed in the draft resolution."

Among those signing were Catholic Bishops - Carroll T, Dozier of Memphis and James D, Niedergeses of Nashville, The workshop was co-sponsored-by the Secretariate for Catholic-Jewish Relations, the Office of Christian-Jewish Relations of the National Council of Churches, the Catholic Diocese of Memphis, and the Memphis Jewish Community Relations Council in cooperation with the National Conference of Christians and Jews.

In a separate statement issued in New York, Dr. Claire Randall, General Secretary of the National Council of Churches, said the Assembly's approval of the resolution would "undermine the struggle against racism, and has the potential of reviving an old form of racism, anti-Semittsm, in many places in the world." She urged the UN General Assembly not to approve the anti-Zionist resolution.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5 (JTA).—The Rev. Malcolm Boyd, an Episcopalian priest, warned here that "The United Nations resolution on Zionism endangers the very existence of the Jewish people, the Jewish faith, Jewish culture and Jewishness itself," and called on Christians "to do more than support the right of Jews to exist as a free people."

Christians, he said, must free themselves from historical and present day stereotypes of Jews and "must make a public commitment of a deep and unequivocal involvement in the Jewish fate and place all Christian resources behind Jewish survival."

The Episcopalian leader, who is also an autor and social playwright, addressed the American Zionist Federation on the occasion of the publication of his book; "Christiana-its Meaning in the Age of Future Shock," Rabbi David Seligson, chairman of the AZF's Commission on Inter-Religious Affairs, which sponsored the tribute to Rev. Boyd, said he was being honored by the AZF because of his profound understanding of Israel and the Jewish people. The event was co-ordinated by Rabbi Shael F, Siegel, director of the AZF's Commission on Inter-Religious Affairs,

ATLANTA, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- Archbishop Thomas A. Donnellan of Atlanta vigorously denounced the anti-Zionist draft as "not in accord with the facts" and "productive of much harm!" He related it to anti-Semitism which, he declared, "is sivil and should be denounced and repudiated wherever it rears its head."

The Roman Catholic leader, who heads the Archdiocese of Atlanta, made that statement at a two-day. Vatioan II Commemorative Conference here co-sponsored by the American Jewish Committee and the Archdiocese. He said:

"I would like to take this occasion to give public expression to my regret at the recent actions of the Un full membership committee in recommending to the General Assembly that it determine that Zionism is a form of racism and social discrimination, Such a resolution is not in accord with the facts and is productive of much mrm. I am proud that the U.S. delegation denounced this as an anti-Semitic and obscene action and warned that the resolution places the work of the UN in jeopardy."

BOSTON, Nov. 5 (JTA).—The Massachusetts Senate has unanimously adopted a resolution supporting the State of Israel, the Jewish people and Zionism. The resolution, which was adopted last Friday, also condemned the UN Third Committee for equating Zionism-with racism.

The resolution declared that "through the hostile political efforts of surrounding Arab nations," the UN committee "has sadly declared the dream of Zionism to be a form of 'racism and discrimination' which is an affront to the Jewish people who have for 2000 years been among the chief victims of such uncivilized conduct and which action is an affront to the very basic concepts of humanity for which the United Nations stand,"

The resolution added that "the Massachusetts Sentia affirms and applauds the action of the delegations of the United States and other freedom loving nations who vigorously supported the State of Israel and the Jewish people in opposition to file United Nations committee action." It urged that "the United Nations take positive steps to insure the cessation of hostile military, economic and political action against the State of Israel."

A copy of the resolution was sent to Secretary General Kurt Waldheim of the UN, the U.S. delegation to the UN, President Ford, Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger and to the members of the U.S. Congress from Mass. Last month, the Boston City Council adopted a similar resolution.

CHICAGO, Nov. 5 (JTA) -- Clarence Mitchell Jr., a member of the U.S. delegation to the UN, charged here that the United States and Israel were among the "fargets of attack" from "forces that would turn back the clock to the dark periods when rights were denied and tyramy was supreme."

Addressing the annual meeting of the National Executive Council of the American Jewish Committee, he declared that the "possible harm" of the UN anti-Zionist draft resolution is that it would seek to enlist the entire UN in a global campaign against Zionism as a form of racism and a means likely to inotte anti-Semitism against Jews and Jewish communities whose sympathies lie with Israel, He added that comments such as those maintaining that Jews controlled the banks and economy of great powers "reveal the true threat posed by the resolution."