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STATE FUNERAL FOR SAPIR THURSDAY; WILL BE BURIED AT KFAR SABA

By Tuvia Mendelson

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA)--The state funeral for Pinhas Sapir, who died of a heart attack near Be'er Sheva yesterday at 67, will be held tomorrow in Jerusalem. He will be buried at Kfar Saba, where Mr. Sapir had lived since settling in Palestine in 1929. The rite will take place in front of the Binyanei Ha'Ooma (Convention Hall), starting at 11:15 a.m. (local time). The offices of the Jewish Agency and the World Zionist Organization, which Mr. Sapir had headed as chairman of their Executives, will be closed to permit workers to participate in the service.

The coffin will be placed in the yard of the WZO and Jewish Agency building in the early morning and then moved to Convention Hall where the state funeral will start with a special Cabinet meeting, combined with an Agency meeting, in the Cabinet meeting room.

Members of the government and the Executives will then pass by the coffin. Speakers will be Leon Dulzin, Jewish Agency treasurer who is acting chairman of the WZO and Agency Executives, and former Premier Golda Meir. Premier Yitzhak Rabin will participate in the burial rites at Kfar Saba in the afternoon when the mourning procession arrives there.

Special Mourning Session At Jewish Agency

A special mourning session was held at the Jewish Agency office here today, with members of the Executive participating. After a moment of standing silence by mourners, Dulzin, hardly able to control his tears, spoke. He said "Who knows and who can understand the ways of the Lord?"

Dulzin disclosed that only two days before Mr. Sapir's death he had been involved in continuous meetings, apparently at the height of his powers and died in the midst of his widespread efforts on Agency and Zionist movement programs.

Declaring that the former Finance Minister had dedicated his life to aliyah, Dulzin said "he took part in the absorption difficulties of immigrants, he cared for them, met them, studied their problems and endeavored to find solutions to the inevitable absorption difficulties."

Moshe Rivlin, Jewish Agency director general, told the mourners that the Jewish world was shocked when it learned of Mr. Sapir's death. Hundreds of cables and telegrams arrived from Jewish communities all over the world during the night and today at the Agency offices here, all declaring the death was a loss to the Jewish people. Mordechai Bar-On, head of the Agency's Youth and Hechalutz Department, said that for him and many others Mr. Sapir had been "an image of a giant, a tremendous figure and a great leader."

Later today, Jewish Agency employees held a memorial meeting, during which Ezra Shapiro, world chairman of Keren Hayesod, Reuven Agnon, chairman of the workers committee, and Rivlin spoke about Mr. Sapir's activities and achievements.

The Agency confirmed that a number of American Jewish leaders planned to attend the state funeral. The Agency office here said it was re-

ceiving continually information about delegations from Jewish communities throughout the world planning to come for the funeral.

RABIN; ACCORD WILL TEST EGYPT; NO DANGER IN TERRITORIAL CONCESSIONS

By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, Aug. 13 (JTA)--Premier Yitzhak Rabin said yesterday that once an agreement is signed on the Sinai it will give Israel an opportunity to test whether Egypt wants war or peace. Speaking at various Negev settlements, Rabin revealed that the interim agreement now being negotiated would put the Egyptians 25 to 30 miles east of the Suez Canal while Israel would be 155 miles west of the line held prior to the Six-Day War.

The Premier also noted that Israel would be positioned so near the Abu Rodeis oilfields that it would not be worthwhile for Egypt to violate the agreement. He noted that there has been an advancement in Egypt's position on the longevity of the agreement to that which existed when Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger's "shuttle diplomacy" broke down in March.

Rabin stressed that he did not see any danger in the territorial concessions Israel is willing to make. "If anyone tries to present this as a national disaster, that is only spreading despondency and panic," he declared. The Premier also stressed that while there is no pressure from the United States, Israel always had to consider American views.

PLO MOTION DEFEATED

LONDON, Aug. 13 (JTA)--An Israeli scouts delegation to the world scouts jamboree's youth forum, which just ended in Lillehammer, Norway, defeated an Arab motion to co-opt the PLO's "Palestine scouts" movement into the world scout movement. This was reported to the JTA by the seven-man delegation led by Benjamin Yogev during their short stopover in London en route for home. They were warmly received by scouts of most of the 94 participating countries. They regretted the unremitting hostility of 13 Arab scout delegations, with occasional exception of the Tunisians.

One of the Israeli scouts, Danny Kochav, 17, of Haifa was elected secretary of the English-speaking group at the youth forum representing 17,000 scouts at the jamboree. The majority overruled Arab attempts to disqualify the Israeli's election. Special victims of the Arab hostility were the two Israeli-Arab scouts--Majid Attalah, a Catholic, and Hassan Salama, a Moslem, both of Nazareth. This demonstration of Jewish-Arab coexistence made a good impression on the scouts, Yogev reported.

SPECIAL TO THE JTA

SPECULATION HIGH ABOUT THE FATE OF FOUR CHILEAN JEWS

NEW YORK, Aug. 13 (JTA)--The mother of Luis Alberto Guendelman Wisniak, a missing Chilean Jew, has convinced Argentinian authorities that a badly mutilated corpse found near Buenos Aires is not the body of her son, the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith revealed today.

According to Rabbi Morton M. Rosenthal, director of the League's Latin American affairs department, the development raised new speculation about the fate of Guendelman, one of four missing members of the Chilean Jewish community believed to be in jail or to have died while in custody. The others are Diana Aaron, Juan Carlos Perelman and David Silberman.

The corpse was found with personal documents identifying it as Guendelman and a sign which said "Executed by the MER," a left-wing revolutionary group. Argentinian police declared that the body was not his after Guendelman's mother examined it at the morgue and forensic tests disclosed that it contained bones which had been surgically removed from Guendelman when he was a child.

Guendelman, according to an affidavit signed by his wife, was arrested by Chilean intelligence officials in Sept., 1974, and has not been seen since, Rabbi Rosenthal reported. A high Chilean official has denied that he, Miss Aaron or Perelman were ever arrested and disclaimed any knowledge of their present location. Miss Aaron, who was active in left-wing politics, disappeared in Oct., 1974. Perelman, who was a friend of a political activist, was listed missing earlier this year.

Silberman's Disappearance Has Repercussions

Chilean government officials, who acknowledge that Silberman was in the Santiago penitentiary serving a 13-year sentence imposed two weeks after the military coup in September, 1973, contend that he has escaped with the help of friends and that they do not know his present whereabouts. This has been disputed by those close to Silberman who say he has been seen in several government detention centers since his supposed escape, Rabbi Rosenthal said.

Members of his family, who had visited him regularly at the prison, last saw him in Sept., 1974. He left the jail on Oct. 4 in custody of six military personnel who allegedly were to take him to another facility for interrogation. Silberman's disappearance has had international repercussions because of his prominence during the Allende era as general manager of CODELCO, the national copper corporation, and general manager of the world's largest copper mine, Chuquibambuta.

Silberman and Guendelman are among more than 1000 Chileans who were arrested after the coup and are now listed as missing. The government-controlled Chilean press claims that more than 100 missing persons who fled the country were subsequently killed by leftist guerrillas or security forces in Argentina and elsewhere.

This contention, however, has been challenged by the Committee of Cooperation for Peace, a human rights organization sponsored by Catholic, Protestant and Jewish clergy. The Committee, in a lengthy statement, declared that: "The deaths of such a high number of Chileans--which is alleged to have occurred in violent form in various countries--cannot be accepted as long as no complete and serious investigation is made."

Kirberg Still in Custody

Twenty-eight Jews jailed since the coup, allegedly for political reasons, have been released and subsequently left the country, according to Rabbi Rosenthal. He said that one of the few who remains in custody is Prof. Enrique Kirberg, whose continuing detention has aroused worldwide

protest. Kirberg, the former Rector of the State Technical University, was arrested in his office on the morning of the coup, Sept. 11, 1973.

Imprisoned on Dawson Island with 35 other prominent Chileans, he was detained for almost two years without trial. Although the political charges were dropped, he was fined \$4000 and sentenced to 500 days in the Santiago penitentiary for reportedly evading \$2800 in income taxes.

Contending that he is serving a sentence for tax evasion, rather than for a political crime, the Chilean government has refused to release Kirberg, despite appeals by the presidents and many faculty members at Brandeis, Harvard and M.I.T., as well as an offer of a teaching position from Columbia University. The United Nations Commission on Human Rights has also appealed for his release, Rabbi Rosenthal reported.

According to him, community leaders discount anti-Semitism as a factor in the arrest and detention of any Jews. The military government has assured them, as it did an ADL delegation earlier this year, that Jews, as such, have no reason to fear discriminatory action.

ARGENTINE JEWS HIT BY DETERIORATING ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL SITUATION

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 12 (JTA)--Itzhak Korn, general secretary of the World Labor Zionist movement, told the Jewish-Telegraphic Agency here that he found that the deteriorating economic and political situation which has severely hit the Argentine middle class is also seriously affecting Jewish institutions. "I have found a substantial change for the worse since my last visit here in 1973," he noted.

Korn, who is also chairman of the Israel branch of the World Jewish Congress, is here for the fourth Argentine Labor Zionist Congress. He urged that wealthy local Jews do their utmost to save Jewish institutions here. He also said that world Jewish organizations will have to help thousands of families here, many of whom will have to make aliyah.

Only 17 percent of Jewish children in Argentina receive some kind of Jewish education, Korn said he was told. The Labor Zionist Congress decided to take emergency action to save Jewish schools and other institutions here as well as to urge increased aliyah.

Meanwhile, it was learned that the official Argentine policy for the upcoming conference of non-aligned countries in Lima will be to exert a moderating influence on Mideast questions. Argentina will oppose the proposed expulsion of Israel from the United Nations both at Lima and at the General Assembly meeting in September.

MILLER INVITED TO RUMANIA

NEW YORK, Aug. 13 (JTA)--The Rumanian government has invited Rabbi Israel Miller, chairman of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations, to a state visit in Rumania, it was disclosed here yesterday. Rabbi Miller, addressing a press conference, said that he accepted the invitation and that he will be going to Bucharest at the end of this month. The invitation, he said, "is a significant act on the part of the Rumanian government." Noting that there has been an increase in the number of exit visas given to Rumanian Jews, Rabbi Miller said that he was "optimistic," and that the most-favored-nation status extended to Rumania by Congress last month was "justified" in view of the recent improvement in the pace of emigration.

QUESTION OF U.S. PERSONNEL IN SINAI A DELICATE ISSUE IN TALKS By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13 (JTA)--Stationing of American personnel in the Sinai to operate early warning radar stations that report on Israeli and Egyptian military movements has become a delicate United States issue in the current negotiations for a second Sinai interim accord.

While refusing to discuss the specific point of U.S. personnel becoming involved in the area, State Department spokesman Robert Funseth said today that the White House would consult with the leadership in Congress this week on the "overall agreement" and that Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger has met with Senate Foreign Relations Committee chairman John Sparkman (D, Ala.) and others in Congress about it. Kissinger will fly to Vail, Colo. Friday to spend the weekend there with President Ford. The Middle East will be high on the agenda.

The matter of personnel, Funseth said, "has not reached the point where we will go to Congress," since neither Egypt nor Israel as yet asked the U.S. for such participation. However, Funseth noted, the matter has been "obviously" talked about and it is "of sufficient importance to get the view of Congress." Funseth said "no consideration will be given to military personnel" and that they will be "definitely civilian." Kissinger had previously spoken of "military or civilian" personnel.

According to some observers here, important Congressmen sympathetic to Israel have cautioned they would be exposed to a charge of opening a Vietnam in the Middle East if they supported the idea of Americans being assigned to the Sinai and that therefore they would have reservations about it. According to these sources, the Administration is well aware of this domestic political factor and is therefore planning to ask for Congressional support before taking such action.

Economic Talks Begin

Although the Administration did not consult with the Congress when it sent military technicians to Saudi Arabia and other Mideast countries, this development came as the two-member Israeli and American political teams cancelled their scheduled meeting this morning at the State Department because, the State Department announced, "both sides needed more time to prepare" for the session. They will meet this afternoon.

Yesterday they met for two hours and afterwards Kissinger gave Israeli Ambassador Simcha Diniz the Egyptian response to the latest Israeli proposals for a second accord. The contents were not disclosed.

Israeli and U.S. economic specialists opened their talks here on schedule today. Their meetings are now expected to last several days. The Israelis are presenting their financial requests regarding their military and economic needs in the coming year. The Administration has been delaying its presentation to Congress since last March on what it thinks Israel should receive in grants or credits.

400 PEOPLE MARK ANNIVERSARY OF DEATH OF SOVIET JEWISH WRITERS

By Mindy Yochelson

NEW YORK, Aug. 13 (JTA)--About 400 people met on the steps of the public library on Fifth Avenue and 42nd Street in mid-town Manhattan yesterday to commemorate the 23rd anniversary

of the execution of 24 Jewish poets and writers in the Lubianska prison in Moscow during the Stalinist regime. The event here was sponsored by the Greater New York Conference on Soviet Jewry. Similar events were held in other parts of this country, Canada and England.

A mixed crowd of young and old stood under the hot sun listening to speakers who were standing on the library steps beside four large tombstones each bearing the name of a poet whose work was read that afternoon. A spokesman for the Greater New York Conference said that these four poets are Peretz Markish, Leyb Kvitko, David Hofshsteyn and Itzik Feffer, were representative of the entire group. Among the speakers was critic and author Cleveland Amory who read a letter written by Soviet Jews to the Jews in the West entitled "Brother Jews, An Appeal." Most of the hour-long program was devoted to the reading of poetry of the Soviet Jewish writers. Each poem was read first in English and then in Yiddish.

Stanley H. Lowell, chairman of the National Conference on Soviet Jewry issued a statement noting that despite the signing of agreements at the European Security Conference in Helsinki, "hundreds of thousands of Soviet Jews are still waiting for permission to emigrate; more than 35 Soviet Jews languish in prison camps and all Soviet Jews are denied their basic human right of freedom of religion. But the cruel and senseless series of executions in 1952, which demolished the remnants of Jewish culture in the Soviet Union have been commemorated in the best possible way--hundreds of thousands have declared their Jewish consciousness, refused to be intimidated by Soviet tactics and applied to leave for Israel and elsewhere."

Events Marked in Other Cities

In Boston, representatives of the Soviet Jewry Committee met with Newton's Mayor, Theodore Mann, and proclaimed Aug. 12 "a day of commitment to human rights for all peoples and a special remembrance to the 'Night of the Murdered Poets.'" In Minneapolis, a dramatic memorial ceremony was sponsored by the Minnesota-Dakotas Action Committee for Soviet Jewry.

In Washington, the daily Soviet Jewry vigil opposite the Soviet Embassy memorialized the murdered poets and intellectuals with a mincha service and readings of the works of the slain poets. In Toronto, the Canadian Jewish Congress sponsored a meeting at Beth Tzedic Synagogue commemorating the anniversary of the executions. In London, Dr. S. Levenberg, acting president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews issued an appeal to Soviet authorities to publicly rehabilitate the names of the Jewish writers and artists and to punish those responsible for their deaths.

TEL AVIV (JTA)--The Torah scroll which Pinhas Sapir was carrying before his death was in a heavy encasement and had been brought over recently from Cochlin, India to Moshav Nevatim whose settlers emigrated from that area. Mr. Sapir had urged Jewish Agency representatives to bring over the Torah scrolls from Cochlin and refused to take a lighter scroll for the ceremony dedicating the moshav's new synagogue. Mr. Sapir began to feel ill inside the synagogue and went out to get some fresh air. He sat down on a chair and then collapsed.

BUENOS AIRES (JTA)--Moro Turkow was re-elected secretary general of the Latin American Jewish Congress at its meeting here.

ZIONIST ACTION AND DEVELOPMENT DULZIN; JEWISH LEADERS FRUSTRATED, ANGRY; WORRIED ABOUT ISRAEL'S FATE

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA)--Cash income, both receipts and forecasts, are up in the United Jewish Appeal campaign this year. Leon Dulzin, Jewish Agency treasurer and the man to whom the money comes in for allocation, noted the increase with obvious gratification. But with some concern too, as he explained in a special interview Monday with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"I have asked a number of top UJA leaders how it is that cash income is up even though the U.S. economy is still in recession." Their reply, he said, is disturbing. A new factor, they say, is aiding their campaign--the factor of Jewish anger Jewish frustration. The Jews, they say, expected to be asked (by Israel) to do something, to help her politically. They have not been asked, and, as their only available course to demonstrate their deep identification and will to contribute, they pay up their pledges promptly.

Dulzin said the UJA leaders' assessment broadly confirmed his own impressions from recent far-ranging visits throughout the U.S.. He detected, he said, a feeling of frustration and anxiety which he had never experienced before. Basing his report on conversations with some 100 key figures in Jewish communal life, he said there is a nagging sense of doubt at Israel's policies in the settlement talks, a nagging sense that Israel is allowing itself to be browbeaten by the U.S. Administration, a sense that the Rabin government is not bargaining hard enough over the terms of the settlement.

U.S. Jewish Leaders Not 'Hawks'

Dulzin, of course, is a leader of the Likud opposition party (its liberal wing), but he stressed that he personally has always favored the interim settlement as a policy (unlike others in Likud, particularly on the Herut wing). He stressed, too, that the American Jewish leaders whose feelings he reported are by no means "hawks," but on the contrary are men and women who have all along favored the step-by-step policy and favored the principle of territorial compromise.

He would not name names, but said he was referring, inter alia, to leading members of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations. Dulzin said many of these people who as recently as six months ago admired and trusted Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger do not trust him today. They believe President Ford and Kissinger are not in a position to force Israel into doing whatever they want, and that a firm stand by Israel would, in fact, force Washington to reconsider some of its attitudes.

They feel, Dulzin stated, that Israel failed to negotiate with enough firmness and toughness. For instance, the Egyptian pledge to "moderate" the economic and diplomatic warfare it wages against Israel seems to these Jewish leaders slender return indeed for the major sacrifices Israel is making. Dulzin observed, Israel should have held out for the complete end of the boycott and of economic and diplomatic warfare. Properly explained, this policy would surely have won a sympathetic hearing in U.S. public opinion.

"Moderation" in this connection seems all but meaningless. It is, Dulzin said, "like being a little bit pregnant." Israel, moreover, should have held out for other significant "elements of non-belligerency." As it is, Dulzin charged--stressing

throughout that he was reflecting a broad range of U.S. Jewish opinion--the agreement-in-the-making is pretty much the military separation pact that Egypt says it is, rather than the tangible step towards peace that Israel desired.

Concerned About 'Secret Clauses'

The U.S. Jewish leaders are also anxious and concerned about the "secret" clauses and documents which are reportedly to accompany the formal agreement, both on the Israel-Egypt and Israel-U.S. levels, Dulzin said. They fear, too, he added, that undertakings which are not spelled out and published clearly will not prove of long duration. These fears are aired particularly in connection with American economic undertakings.

Furthermore, Dulzin stated, American Jews were perturbed by Ambassador Simcha Dinits's recent assertion in an interview that there was "no pressure" by the U.S. on Israel. This clearly, he asserted, contradicted the well-known facts. The least the Ambassador could have done in the circumstances, Dulzin said, was to deftly dodge the question--leaving the public to form its own conclusions and act accordingly.

Dulzin quoted Sam Rothberg of Peoria, Ill., Israel Bond Organization general chairman who last week led a group of 43 Bond leaders on a mission to Israel: "When we went to see the (Mittie and Gidi) Passes and Abu Rodels, we were 43 doves. When we came back--we were 43 hawks." Rothberg's meaning was not, Dulzin said, that Israel should reject an interim accord. What he was expressing was a widely shared feeling that Israel should (or should have)--"It is too late now," Dulzin said sorrowfully) have demanded more for its strategic assets.

Kissinger Deliberately Exaggerates Dangers

Dulzin himself identified with the feelings of other Jewish leaders whom he has met and found to be anxious and frustrated. Kissinger, he charged, has deliberately exaggerated the dangers of not reaching a Mideast accord "out of all proportion"; he has warned repeatedly that world peace hinges on the agreement being attained; he has convinced Ford of this--and the President has been even more forthright in his warnings, which are mainly directed at Israel and intended to soften her stand.

But Dulzin saw a distinct advantage in this situation, an advantage which he accused the Rabin government of failing to exploit: "If the fate of the world hinges on us--then that should have given us a super-strong bargaining position which we should use to ensure that our main demands in the settlement talks are fulfilled."

PRO-U.S. FEELINGS TAKE DIVE

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA)--The Public Opinion Research Institute of Israel released a poll today that says an increasing number of Israelis believe that the United States is becoming less pro-Israeli. The Institute said that while 36.7 percent of Israelis polled in April thought the U.S. was more pro-Israeli than pro-Arab, the figure has now slumped to 18.2 percent. The number of Israelis dissatisfied with President Ford increased since June from 34.3 percent to 43.6 percent, it added.

OSLO (JTA)--King Olav V Tuesday received the new Israeli Ambassador to Norway, David Rivlin, who presented his credentials at the Royal Palace. Rivlin's last post was that of Consul-General in New York.