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ISRAEL OPPOSED TO ANY CHANGES IN RESOLUTIONS GOVERNING UNEF'S ROLE

Final Terms For Interim Accord Drafted; Includes Substantial U.S. Presence In Sinai

By David Landau and Gil Sedan

JERUSALEM, July 21 (JTA) -- The Cabinet served notice "to all concerned" after a meeting late last night that Israel would countenance no changes in the Security Council resolutions governing the United Nations Emergency Force (UNEF) in Sinai as the price for inducing Egypt to agree to extend its mandate beyond the July 24 deadline.

It was learned from reliable sources at the same time that in its 4-1/2 hours of deliberations which ended early this morning, the Cabinet agreed on Israel's final terms for an interim settlement with Egypt. These proposals, along with a detailed map, have already been transmitted to Washington with the request that they be conveyed to Cairo. The Israeli terms were said to envision a substantial American presence in Sinai to man and supervise advance warning systems established by both sides.

The statement on UNEF reflected the government's mounting concern that Egypt intended to go ahead with what is regarded here as a blatant pressure tactic to wring further concessions from Israel in order to continue the UNEF presence in Sinai.

In a joint communique issued in Cairo yesterday by President Anwar Sadat and visiting King Khalid of Saudi Arabia, the Saudian monarch formally endorsed Egypt's position on UNEF. The fate of UNEF will depend on what action the Security Council takes when it meets later this week. But the Israeli position contained in the Cabinet statement is viewed as final and irreversible.

Despite the approaching crisis over UNEF, a mood of optimism prevailed here over the progress of negotiations for an interim accord. Many observers are predicting a successful conclusion although Jerusalem and Washington still must wait for Egypt's response expected within a day or two.

Overcame One Major Hurdle

The Cabinet's endorsement of the terms and map submitted by Israel represented one major hurdle overcome on the road to an agreement. The Israeli message to Washington authorizing the U.S. to submit the proposals to Egypt also contained the results of the Cabinet's vote, an indication that it was not unanimous. The Cabinet's statement noted pointedly that the proposals included "geographical principles", an intimation that those principles represented the furthest limits of Israeli concessions on territorial matters.

Informed sources said the proposals were hammered out by the Israeli negotiating team consisting of Premier Yitzhak Rabin, Foreign Minister Yigal Allon and Defense Minister Shimon Peres, and that their debate was not altogether harmonious. Peres reportedly pressed for a tougher position regarding both the Mitle and Gidi passes and the new Israeli defense line linking the Gidi pass, the northernmost of the passes, to the Mediterranean coast. According to the sources, Rabin was prepared to make greater concessions in the north and in the south along the shores of the Gulf of Suez than Peres thought prudent and there were heated exchanges between them in recent weeks.

Value of U.S. Presence Outlined

The final package submitted by Israel includes a significant American presence, a concession to the views of Peres. According to sources, the Defense Minister believes such a presence would make it safer for Israel to withdraw from a larger portion of the strategic passes than would be possible otherwise. Peres was said to feel that the American presence would be more dependable and less susceptible to Egyptian whims than the UN force, although Israel has no intention of dispensing with UNEF which it wants to continue to supervise the disengagement and police the buffer zone.

According to informed sources, the Israeli proposals sent to Washington envisage 4-6 American-manned surveillance stations at strategic points in the passes area which would provide intelligence information to both sides.

In addition, two surveillance facilities would be manned by Israel and Egypt respectively, Israel would retain control of the existing facility at Umm Hashiba west of the Gidi pass, which would amount to an Israeli enclave in an area from which Israeli forces would be withdrawn. The Egyptians would be expected to build their own surveillance facility east of the Gidi pass. Both facilities would be "supervised" by American personnel though operated by Israelis and Egyptians respectively.

(See separate story for Washington reaction.)

Israel would retain the eastern approaches to the Sinai passes and would continue to hold the strategic Jebel Gidi, a mountain located between the passes with a commanding view of both of them. The precise delineation of the new Israeli lines north of the passes and on the Gulf of Suez was not known. It seemed clear, nevertheless, that Israel intends to rebuild some sections of the inland road to Sharm el-Sheikh paralleling but not close to the coastal road that would be ceded to Egypt.

Understanding Reached With U.S.

At last night's Cabinet meeting, Rabin and Allon and Peres reported that a high degree of understanding had been reached in the current talks with the U.S. The concensus of the Cabinet was that the success of an interim settlement now depended entirely on Egypt's response. The Israeli proposals are being submitted to Cairo by the U.S. Ambassador, Hermann Eilts.

During the past few weeks of tense Cabinet deliberations, Peres was the man most closely watched because his views were considered more hard-line than those of either the Premier or the Foreign Minister. Before last night's Cabinet meeting, however, Peres told the Jerusalem Brigade convention in Jerusalem that he favored

ciplined man, Col. Inbar said.

The four-month military trial which attracted great attention in Israel, was initiated on the complaint of the father of a recruit to the Minister of Defense who ordered an investigation. It involved the officers and non-coms of a specific platoon which had a reputation for lack of discipline.

Some military circles said the maltreatment charged to the defendants was no worse than at any army training base and expressed concern that the outcome of the trial would inhibit officers from exerting their authority. The sentences must be confirmed by the commanding officer of the area and by the Chief of Staff.

The charges included: Firing live bullets near a recruit; cocking a rifle and aiming it at a recruit; slapping a recruit's face and kicking another recruit; forcing one man to hold two lighted flares; over-turning beds not properly made; collapsing tents and pouring water on recruits to wake them up; failing to allow them the prescribed seven hours of sleep before a day of training; pushing a recruit to make him run; and forcing one recruit to carry another on his back while running.

UN CRIME CONFERENCE POSTPONED

By Michael Solomon

OTTAWA, July 21 (JTA) -- The Canadian government announced today that it has postponed indefinitely the United Nations conference on the prevention of crime which was scheduled to be held in Toronto, Sept. 1 - 12. In making the announcement to the House of Commons, Allan McEachen, Secretary of State for External Affairs, said the postponement was agreed upon with UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim.

The government's decision came after several Cabinet meetings following the refusal of the provincial government of Ontario to host the conference at which representatives of the Palestine Liberation Organization were scheduled to attend as observers.

Members of the opposition Conservative and New Democratic parties as well as the overwhelming majority of Prime Minister Pierre Elliot Trudeau's own Liberal Party had urged the federal government to refuse permission for the PLO representatives to enter Canada. They had noted that Canada's immigration laws bar admission to members of terrorists groups or those associated with terrorist organizations.

DINITZ SAYS U.S., ISRAEL SEE EYE-TO-EYE ON LATEST PROPOSALS

By Helen Silver

WASHINGTON, July 21 (JTA) -- Ambassador Simcha Dinitz said today that basically the United States and Israel saw "eye-to-eye" on Israel's latest proposals for an interim settlement with Egypt in Sinai, but wouldn't say that the U.S. has given those proposals its blessings. "I wouldn't want to call it blessings in the name of somebody else but...I would say that conceptually we see eye-to-eye on the basic elements of such a proposal," the Israeli envoy said in the course of an interview with Barbara Walters on the NBC-TV "Today" show this morning.

During the long exchange of questions and answers, Dinitz indicated that the Israeli proposals agreed to at a Cabinet meeting in Jerusalem last night and dispatched to Washington along with a detailed map for conveyance to Egypt, represented a departure from the Israeli position last March when the "shuttle" talks conducted by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger were suspended.

"I can only say that on the eve of the departure of President Ford to Salzburg (in June) we indicated that we are prepared to re-examine some of our provisions of March, if Egypt will do the same, and we have done just that," Dinitz said. "This proposal of ours is different geographically than the proposals of March, it is built on a different concept as far as the political, economic, duration element, the monitoring element, it is a different proposal, and we hope that it will be accepted by Egypt and we can move things off dead center."

Not The Same as Vietnam

The Israeli Ambassador acknowledged that the Israeli proposals envision an American presence in Sinai in a surveillance role which he indicated would be an expansion of the present American surveillance of the disengagement agreements by aerial reconnaisance.

Asked by Ms. Walters if that "will not remind some people of our initiation into Vietnam if we begin to send technical advisors in and civilians," Dinitz said he hoped not "because we are not talking about soldiers or about people in any way involving combat and we are talking, if at all, about a situation in which we will receive the blessing and the agreement of all the parties concerned, it is to say of Egypt, of Israel and the U.S." Dinitz stressed that "the idea is that the role of surveillance will be enhanced in whatever form will have to be decided,...Never soldiers, because the defense of Israel will continue to be in the hands of Israeli soldiers."

Israel Can Live With Expulsion, UN Can't

Asked if he believed the movement by the Moslem states and their Third World allies to expel Israel from the UN would materialize, Dinitz said "If it happens, I think it would be a situation Israel will be able to live with, but I doubt whether the UN will be able to live with it. After all, if we destroy the very core, the very moral core of the organization, I believe that was made clear by the United States, by many European countries,...that would be a translation of the tyranny of the majority in a manner which I doubt whether the rest of the democratic world will be able to live with." He added, however, that he believed "in the last moment, those who contemplate this outrageous act will have second thoughts."

Asked if he thought that the "shuttle" diplomacy in the Middle East would be resumed if Israel and Egypt were to reach an agreement this week, Dinitz said "I think that if the Egyptian response, as I hope, will be positive, then there will have to be some working of details before a charter will take place,...We are very careful not to subject the Secretary of State of the United States, or for that matter, American prestige, especially since Presidential prestige is involved in it as well, before we are completely prepared with the basics of an agreement. So I don't foresee, if all is going well, a shuttle before around the middle of August."

further negotiations for an interim accord to "open a door" in what was otherwise "a solid wall." Meanwhile, the U.S. Ambassador to Egypt Hermann Eilts, returned to Cairo from Washington and held talks with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat. Eilts was believed to be carrying the latest Israeli proposals on an interim agreement. The proposals had been conveyed last week to Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger by Israeli Ambassador Simcha Dinitz. Sadat is expected to define Egypt's terms for permitting the UNEF to remain in Sinai in a televised speech tomorrow.

STATE DEPARTMENT SAYS THERE IS NO AGREEMENT TO HAVE U.S. MAN WARNING SYSTEM IN SINAI
By Helen Silver

WASHINGTON, July 21 (JTA) -- The State Department said today that "there is no agreement" to have American technicians man the electronic warning systems in the Sinai as part of an interim agreement between Israel and Egypt, but Department spokesman Robert Anderson told newsmen "if it turns out this eventually would take place" Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger "would be in closest touch with the Congress."

Anderson was commenting on reports that Israel had proposed that the U.S. would man the Sinai warning systems if Israeli troops pull back from the Gidi and Mitle passes. Anderson would not comment on the details of the current negotiations for the agreement, but confirmed that the latest Israeli proposals have been submitted to Cairo by American Ambassador Hermann Eilts who returned to Egypt yesterday. He said Eilts had already reported to Kissinger and that there will be continuing negotiations.

The State Department spokesman stressed that if U.S. technicians would eventually be sent to the Sinai they will not be American military personnel. He said he did not know the nature of the technicians that would be sent.

Anderson also told newsmen that the United States is in close consultations with the members of the Security Council and United Nations Secretary General Kurt Waldheim on the extension of the mandate for the United Nations Emergency Force in the Sinai "and we are hopeful that the problem will be resolved."

Hopes Congress Will Approve Arms Sale

Anderson expressed the hope that Congress would approve the Administration's proposal to sell a $350 million air defense system to Jordan. He reiterated the Administration's position that "by helping them (Jordan) with an air defense system they wished to have we may be able to help them to continue a moderate policy." He said that "so far as I know there is no joint command between Jordan and Syria." He said he assumed that "the normal restrictions would apply about transfer to Syria or Egypt" of any of the weapons sold Jordan.

SECURITY COUNCIL MEMBERS CONTINUE INFORMAL CONSULTATIONS ON UNEF
By Yitzhak Rabi

UNITED NATIONS, July 21 (JTA) -- Informal consultations between members of the Security Council in regard to the mandate of United Nations Emergency Force (UNEF) continued here today behind closed doors. A meeting of Security Council members was scheduled to take place late this afternoon at the office of the Council's president, Ambassador Eugenio Plaja of Italy. A United Nations spokesman said at the end of today's meeting that Plaja might be able to announce when the Council will meet on the extension of the mandate which expires Thursday.

Secretary General Kurt Waldheim said through his spokesman today that he hopes "satisfactory arrangements" will be found for UNEF troops to stay in Sinai. Waldheim met with members of the Security Council and Israel and Egypt over the weekend. This morning he met with Plaja to discuss the situation in the Mideast.

UNEF's future was also discussed today at a luncheon for Security Council members held at the Italian Mission here. Despite the heavy diplomatic activity, no formula has been shaped yet to extend UNEF's life, according to sources here. The sources said that the Security Council might not meet until the last moment before UNEF's mandate expires.

SECOND CHILD DIES AFTER WATER HEATER EXPLODES IN BUILDING

JERUSALEM, July 21 (JTA) -- The explosion of a defective water heater in a suburban Jerusalem apartment house yesterday claimed a second life today. Yoram Zakri, one of six children and two adults buried under an avalanche of debris, succumbed to his wounds in a hospital this morning. One of his companions, Naftali Peretz, 9, was killed instantly by the blast. The youngsters were playing in a lot adjacent to the eight story building when the explosion blew out the walls, destroying three apartments.

Engineers said today that the entire structure in the Kiryat Hayovel suburb was in danger of collapse and precautionary measures were being taken. Meanwhile, Jerusalem's Mayor Teddy Kollek accused the Broadcasting Authority of reacting hastily with unfounded, sensational news bulletins that did considerable harm to public morale. He said that after the first news bulletin, tension rose in the Musrara quarter of Jerusalem bordering the Arab quarter of the Old City. The Musrara residents were thrown into panic when a booby-trapped ice box exploded in Zion Square two weeks ago killing 14 persons.

9 JUNIOR ARMY OFFICERS AND NON-COMS SENTENCED FOR ALLEGED MALTREATMENT OF RECRUITS
By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, July 21 (JTA) -- A district military tribunal imposed sentences yesterday on nine junior army officers and non-coms for alleged maltreatment of recruits at an Israeli training base. The penalties imposed on the men, who ranged in rank from lieutenants to corporals, included warnings, reprimands, demotion and four month suspended jail terms.

They also included an angry lecture by the presiding judge, Lt. Col. Chava Inbar, who pointed out that the strength of the Israeli army, stemmed from its men's faith in the justice of their cause and their pride in service, not on fear of their superiors. Striking a subordinate humiliates the commander no less than the soldier and places him on the same level as the undis-

YAGMAN, KAMINSKY TOLD TO LEAVE THE SOVIET UNION BY AUGUST 8
Markman Leaving This Week, Berkovskaya Released Under Amnesty

NEW YORK, July 21 (JTA) -- Two Soviet Jews, who were sentenced to five years imprisonment in the second Leningrad Trial in May, 1971 have been released, the National Conference on Soviet Jewry reported today. The two "Prisoners of Conscience," Lev Yagman, 35, and Lassal Kaminsky, 55, have been told they must leave the USSR by Aug. 8. Both men were arrested June 15, 1970 and were charged with anti-Soviet agitation and undermining Soviet power. Both of their wives are already living in Israel.

The NCSJ also reported that Vladimir Markman, one of the first Jews in Sverdlovsk to apply to emigrate, will leave for Israel this week. In April, 1972 Markman was sentenced to three years for anti-Soviet activity after he applied for an emigration visa and also fought for the release of his friend Valery Kukui.

Anna Berkovskaya, who was sentenced last year along with her husband, Yuri, after applying for exit visas, has been released under the amnesty for the International Women's Year, the NCSJ said. Sources in the USSR say she is in poor health. Her husband is still in a labor camp.

Exit Visa Requests Increasing

The Student Struggle for Soviet Jewry reported that Dr. Ovsei Gelman, a 43-year-old Tibilisi activist physicist has received permission to emigrate to Israel. Dr. Gelman was dismissed from his post as director of the laboratory of the Cybernetics Institute of the Georgian SSR when he applied to leave. The SSSJ suggested that he received his visa because a group of Western scientists who are attending an upcoming conference in Tibilisi were planning "to do public battle for Dr. Gelman."

The SSSJ noted that despite all the harassments from the Soviet government the number of people applying for exit visas to go to Israel is increasing. The SSSJ said more first-time applicants are receiving permission to leave but at the same time those who have been repeatedly refused visas continue to have their applications rejected. Meanwhile, the SSSJ also reported that crowds of Jews gathered at the Moscow Synagogue on the eve of Tisha B'Av.

JORDAN ARMS DEAL RAPPED

WASHINGTON, July 21 (JTA) -- A congressman and a retired admiral today criticized the Ford Administration's proposed $350 million air defense system sale to Jordan. Rep. Morris K. Udall (D,Ariz.), one of several congressmen who have introduced a resolution in the House to block the sale, said while Congress expected to receive a proposal to sell arms to Jordan it did not expect to get one so large.

"This $350 million deal would bring about a definite threat to the present balance of power in the Middle East and an obvious negative impact on the effort to bring peace to that troubled part of the world," Udall said.

Retired Admiral Elmo Zumwalt, former Chief of U.S. Naval Operations, in testimony before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee today, said the sale would encourage Jordan to take part in any future war with Israel. He said the sale was excessive and dangerous, would upset the balance of power and the U.S. would be risking its friendly relations with both Jordan and Israel. Zumwalt also stressed that the sale would force Israel to consider both preemptive attack and deep penetration of Jordan to avoid a war of attrition along the Jordan River.

RUMANIAN ORTHODOX EPISCOPATE OF AMERICA SUPPORTS ARCHBISHOP TRIFA

DETROIT, July 21 (JTA) -- The Rumanian Orthodox Episcopate of America, in its annual convention at Grass Lake, Mich., adopted a strong resolution backing Archbishop Valerian D. Trifa and pledging to aid in his defense against the U.S. Department of Justice in the move to have him deported as a participant in Nazi crimes and the murder of Jews in Rumania during the years of the Hitler regime.

The resolution on behalf of Trifa stated that he "has been subjected to continuous attacks on his reputation in order to disrupt his leadership," and that "these continued attacks have culminated in a judicial proceeding intended to smear and destroy his reputation, which interferes with the peace and religious freedom of the members of the Episcopate." The convention also reaffirmed "its trust in and allegiance" to Trifa, pledged its support in his defense, and sent a copy of the resolution to President Ford.

Two weeks ago, the U.S. Attorney in Detroit formally charged Trifa with having won his naturalization through "false and untrue" denials of membership in the Iron Guard and participation in the murder of Jews and Masons in Rumania in 1941.

WALDHEIM DOUBTS ISRAEL WILL BE EXPELLED FROM THE UN

NEW YORK, July 21 (JTA) -- UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim said yesterday that he did not believe Israel would be expelled from the United Nations, despite mounting activity in that direction by Moslem nations and some of their Third World allies. Questioned on ABC's "Issues and Answers" television program as to whether a vote to bar Israel from participation in the General Assembly would effectively expel that country from the world organization, Waldheim replied, "No, I don't think this will happen."

Waldheim also said he believed Egypt would agree to extend the mandate of the United Nations Emergency Force (UNEF) in Sinai after its expiration July 24, only if the Security Council took steps to expedite a further Israeli withdrawal.

"My personal belief is that Egypt will only agree to a prolongation of the mandate if the Council...spells out more clearly the need for a full implementation of the previous resolutions of the Security Council," the Secretary General said. He noted that the Council's deliberations, beginning later this week, would be extremely difficult and doubted they would be concluded before the July 24 deadline, this Thursday.

Waldheim's remarks implied that what Egypt demands of the Security Council is a rider to a resolution extending the life of UNEF which would specifically interpret Resolution 242 as calling for Israel's withdrawal from "all" occupied Arab territories rather than from "territories" as the resolution now states.