

daily news bulletin

Published by Jewish Telegraphic Agency 165 West 46th St. New York, N. T. 10036

o 1975, Jewish Telegraphic Agency, Inc.

Vol. XLII - 58th Year

Tuesday, April 22, 1975

No. 77

CONCERN MOUNTS THAT EGYPT MAY USE REOPENING OF CANAL AS PRETEXT FOR MILITARY ACTION AGAINST ISRAEL BY YIZDAK Shargi

TEL AVIV, April 21 (JTA)--Israeli political and military circles are taking a serious view of the possibility that Egypt may use the reopening of the Suez Canal on June 5 as a pretext for military action in Sinai aimed at driving Israeli forces beyond artillery range of the waterway. Arab military commentators have predicted that President Anwar Sadāt may send as many as five divisions across the canal before it is officially reopened to commercial shipping, Israeli sources said today.

Sadat would attempt to justify his move by the need to protect ships using the canal from possible Israeli attack. Hisham Abdallah, a military commentator writing in the Lebanese newspaper Al Clad, said recently that Egypt's economic plans for the Suez Canal zone would be endangered as long as Israeli forces remain in the Gidi and Mitie Passes that are within artillery range of the canal; therefore, it is logical to assume that the Egyptians will open military action to push the Israelis from the passes, Abdallah wrote.

Israeli military sources say that the Egyptians have the ability to move large military forces across the canal in a matter of hours without seriously interrupting maritime traffic. They are considering the possibility that President Sadat may send troops into the limited forces zone on the east bank of the canal shortly before the June 5 opening date and precipitate skirmishes with Israeli forces. This, of course, would be a major violation of the January, 1974 disengagement accord.

JEWISH FIRMS PLAYING MAJOR ROLE IN FRANCE'S PARTICIPATION IN THE USSR'S INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

PARIS, April 21 (JTA)--lewish companies are playing a major role in France's participation in the Soviet Union's industrial development. An accord signed last week on the 50th anniversary of the Vneshtorphank--the Soviet bank of exterior commerce--was led by Lazard Freres of Paris, The agreement was a \$250 million loan by agroup of Western banks to Soviet industry. The group of banks included the Banque Nationale de Paris, the Morgan Guaranty Trust of New York, the Royal Bank of Canada of Montreal, the Credit Suisse, and others, to a total of 45.

Visitors to the 1986 Moscow Olympics will have a choice of four spanking new de luxe hotels three in Moscow and one in Leningrad, which will be built by the Paris company, Finatec S.A. Finatec is a subsidiary company of Lazard Freres. As for the construction of 100 other hotels planned by the Soviet government to be built by 1980, a Jewish contractor by the name of Jean-Claude Aaron, will be responsible for overall planning of the architecture and subcontracting.

U.S. SAYS NO PRECISE DATE SET FOR GENEVA CONFERENCE

WASHINGTON, April 21 (JTA)--The State Department said today no precise date has been fixed for the Geneva-conference. A Departmentspokesman said the conference date is "part of the reassessment now going on." Spokesman Robert Anderson also said that he does not believe a date was discussed in the talks between Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger and Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin two weeks ago, but he recalled Dobrynin as saying considerable preparations would be needed for it.

Meanwhile, a report here said that Israeli Foreign Minister Yigal Allon would approach Kissinger at their meeting today at the State Department on a possible meeting in Washington soon between Israeli Premier Yitzhak Rabin and President Ford. One source said the Israelis were thinking of a June meeting. (See separate story on meeting today between Kissinger and Allon.)

Meanwhile, Dobrynin was at the Capitol today lunching with members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. It is believed that Southeast Asia, Soviet-American trade and the Middle East

were discussed,

ALIYA FIGURES PLUMMET

JERUSALEM, April 21 (TA)--Aliya figures for the first three months of this year were fifty percent of those for the same period last year, the Central Bureau of Statistics announced this week. The overall figure for January to March was 4800 compared with 9600 for the same period last year. The Bureau said the main cause was the drop in Soviet aliya--from 5700 to 2400--a drop which began early in 1974 and has grown consistently. The total number of olim who came to Israel in 1974 was 32,000--a 42 percent drop in the 1973 figure: 16,800 of them were Soviet olim, compared with 33,500 of them were Soviet olim, compared with 33,500 of soviet olim who came in 1978.

PERCY URGES FACE-TO-FACE
NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN ISRAEL, ARABS

Urges Efforts For Pre-Geneva Arrangement By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, April 21 (JTA)--Sen, Charles (R.III.) urged "face-to-face negotiations" between Israel and the Arabs and warned, in a report he submitted today to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, that "a very real danger exists" of a fifth Arab-Israeli war this year unless "significant negotiating progress is made in the near future."

The 91-page report, prepared for the committee of which Percy is a member, also urged that "efforts for a pre-Geneva arrangement-either partial or total--be accelerated and pursued on an urgent basis" because the "suspension" of the step-by-step negotiations conducted by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger "raises the specter of further stalemate at Geneva."

The Senator's report also took cognizance of the huge U.S. military sales to Saudi Arabia and warned that "Saudi military effectiveness therefore must be considered in the balance of forces in a future Arab-Israel in conflict."

Saudi Discrimination A Concern

Percy, who angered Chicago Jewish leaders by advocating that Israel communicate with the Palestine Liberation Organization following his recent: 23-day, 12-nation tour of the Middle East, also observed in his report that "One issue of specific concern relating to growing Saudi Arabian-Americal relations is the Saudi discrimination against individuals of Jewish faith or firms doing business with [186]."

In that connection, Percy wrote, the American government should not sanction or cooperate with such discriminatory practices. He added that "lift the joint (Saudi-American) Economic Commission is to operate, then it must be with the best available talent, the best firms and the best products without discrimination on the basis of 'race, color or creed,' (See separate story on

the joint commission.)

Percy's report was prepared, in part at least following the breakdown of the Israell-Egyptian negotiations conducted by Kissinger last month. The Senator stated: "Much as I admire the diplomatic skills of Henry Kissinger, I came away from the Middle East concerned that all the confrontation states were relying too heavily on the United States to make peace in their area of the world. Ultimately, only the parties directly involved can take the steps, demonstrate the good faith, create the good will, and make the concessions which are required for a lasting settlement of their differences."

Growing U.S. Involvement In Saudi

Regarding the Saudi Arabian boycott of Jewsand companies doing business with Israel, Perov's report observed that "U.S, support of Israel is a major dilemma in Saudi foreign policy" and 'America's close ties to Israel do present a problem but they have not hindered growing U.S. commercial commitments or direct involvement of Americans in Saudi government projects. In fact, U.S. official involvement in Saudi Arabia is significant and is expected to grow,"

Percy observed further that with the U.S. engaged in huge military sales programs with Iran and Saudi Arabia, "Iranian forces and equipment will not be used against Israel but the probabilities are high that Saudi forces will war with Israel if the Middle East conflict breaks open again. Saudi military effectiveness therefore must be considered in the balance of forces in a future Arab-Israeli conflict,"

DISCLOSE SIMON SIGNED STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF U.S. WHICH CONCEALED ANTI-JEWISH BIAS BY SAUDI GOV'T.

NEW YORK, April 21 (JTA) - The American Jewish Congress has called on Treasury Secretary William E, Simon to repudiate a statement which he signed on behalf of the United States which, according to the AJ Congress, endorses by "euphemistic concealment" the anti-Jewish discrimination practiced by the government of Saudf Aïabia. A spokesman for the AJ Congress told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that the statement was adopted last June 8 by the joint U.S., Saudi Arabian Commission but remained "unpublicized" until now. The statement was released to the AJ Congress by what the spokesman described as a highly reliable source.

In a letter to Simon, AJ Congress President Rabbi Arthur Hertzberg cited the statement relating to manpower training in Saudi Arabia by American experts in collaboration with Saudian counterparts which stipulates that the programs "would be sensitive to the social, political and religious contexts of Saudi Arabia,"

This requirement, Rabbi Hertzberg stated, represented an "implicit understanding that the Saudi Arabian government will not be obliged to deal with, accept or recognize American citizens

whom it finds objectionable on any of these grounds. The provision then, would seem to be no more than euphemistic concealment of an agreement to accommodate the religious bias of the Saudi Arabian government and, more precisely; to exclude qualified Jews from participation in these projects."

Concrete Example Cited

As a concrete example, Rabbi Hertzberg's letter noted that Saud Arabia will need some 6000 physicians by 1980 to staff two new hospitals in Jidda and Riyadh, and that two American firms—the Whittaker Corp. of California and the Hospital Corporation of America—had contracted to operate the new facilities and would presumably recruit additional physicians in the U.S.

"We have no doubt that none of the 2000 dootors already on the staff of the King Faisal Hospital is Jewish and that none of the 6000 dootors whom the Saudi Arabians now intend to recruit will be Jewish," Rabbi Hertzberg wrote, "We are certain that all Jewish candidates will be excluded because of the 'religious contexts in Saudi Arabia,' We submit that U.S, collaboration in promoting any program thus permeated with religious bigotry is incompatible with fundamental American teneis and traditions and inadmissible on the part of any government agency," Rabbi Hertzberg wrote,

He suggested that American members of the Joint Commission make clear to the Saudi Arabian government "that the United States will not participate in joint efforts in which the rights of any of our citizens are compromised or reduced because

of Saudi Arabian demands."

Rabbi Hertzberg urged that "instead of a unilateral guarantee that all programs of the joint U.S. -Saudi Arabian Commission shall be 'sensitive to the social, cultural, political and religious contexts of Saudi Arabia,' our country's representatives must insist upon a corresponding and commensurate requirement that these programs be equally responsible to the traditions and practices of our country,"

LIFE-STYLES ARE BEING CHANGED BY JEWISH FEMINIST MOVEMENT

WASHINGTON, April 21 (JTA) -- The feminist movement is changing the style of Sabbath and holiday services among American Jewish college students as an increasing number of women take on roles and ritual traditionally reserved for the male, brais Britin Hillel Foundations reported yesterday, At campus services, it is not uncommon for a woman to be counted in the minyan, serve as cantor, read from the Torah or chant the Haftorah, and otherwise assert an equality in religious practices, a Hillel survey of its campus installations disclosed,

Among the more militant innovators, Jewish coeds at Boston and Brown Universities exclude males from their all-feminine Sabbath service. The service itself is patterned on Orthodox ritual. At Brown, two of the students revised the siddur with new verses and translations which "speak to us as women!" Their use of a female pronoun for the deity, they said, was to emphasize that "there are distinctly female aspects of God that men and women should consider." Similarly, a Haggadah rewritten to cite the role of women in the Exodus was used last month by 75 University of Pennsyl-vania coeds for their women-only seder.

The survey found many religion-minded feminista on campus actively expressing dissatisfaction with the status of women in many matters of Jewish law. The growing trend toward egalitarian worship, the survey noted, began about 10 years ago at the University of Chicago and is now prevalent on campuses across the country. It is strongest at New England colleges, less pronounced in the south.

Combines Radicalism, Traditionalism

Rabbi Norman Frimer, Hillel's national director, described the trend as a "unique combination of radioalism and traditionalism." An Orthodox adherent, Rabbi Frimer said that while he personally found many of the innovations theologically unacceptable, they were "sociologically afwfirmative" in terms of strengthening the Jewish community. The prodding by women, he said, "is not only a search for feminism and equality but equally an aspect of their quest to experience and express a total Jewishness."

Members of Hillel's national commission, at their annual meeting heré, agreed that the use of Hillel facilities for suoh departures from custom was appropriate, conforming to B'nai B'rith's policy of "encouragement to all of the religious options in Judaism." The survey noted that in the past Jewish women lacked "dadequate training" to assume leadership roles in worship, a circumstance that has since changed. At Brandeis University and other schools, women's groups have organized to teach other women how to read from the Torah and perform other religious roles.

Rabbi Albert Axelrad, Hillel director at Brandeis, reported that the egalitarian Sabbath services on his campus are also drawing families from nearby communities. At the University of Chicago, said Rabbi Danlel I, Leifer, the shared roles for men and women are taken for granted. The service is Conservative-oriented and "heavy on Hebrew." At UCLA, women are involved as teachers, preparing other women for a belated— Bat Mitzyah.

Rabbi Joseph A. Polak, Hillel director at Boston University, strongly endorses the feminine thrust on his campus. He describes its exclusive-for-women congregation as an Americanization of the "viebershul" (wives' synagogue) of 18th and 19th Century Europe.

ALLON, KISSINGER INDICATE GAP REMAINS BETWEEN U.S., ISRAEL ON STEPS TO MIDEAST SETTLEMENT BY JOSEPH POLACIF

WASHINGTON, April 21 (JTA) -- Israel Foreign Minister Yigal Allon met with Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger for more than three hours during a working luncheon at the State Department today. Both indicated afterwards that the gap remains open between Israel and the U.S, on how to proceed toward a Middle East settlement.

Meeting reporters in the State Department lobby, Allon and Kissinger made brief statements displaying cordiality and spoke in the future tense of studies to be made by both countries of the situation, Allon said "Each party will study possibilities toward-peace" and "all options are open," He expressed the hope that they will "coordinate the views and steps in the future" because "I truly believe that there are joint basto interests in the Middle East between the U.S., and Israel."

Allon denied that "a crisis" existed between the two countries but conceded that there are "some misundersthadings which can be straightened out and should be done." He said he was travelling across America for the United Jewish Appeal and "gladly accepted a suggestion from my old friend, Dry Kissinger" for an "opportun-

ity" to discuss views;

Kissinger described his talks with Allon as "constructive" and said that each country would study "how to revive the momentum toward peace," Neither diplomat answered questions as Kissinger escorted the legrall Foreign Minister to his waiting car. Kissinger said later that he did not knoy when Israeli Premier Yitshak Rabin might visit Washington. There had been reports that Rabin would come to Washington in June to see President Ford.

HUNGER STRIKES SPREAD

CLEVELAND, April 21 (JTA)—Hunger strikes and demonstrations in support of the fast being conducted in Moscow by Jewish activist Vladim'r Slepak and his family are spreading to major cities in the United States and Canada. Here in Cleveland, 35 people marched in front of City Hall during the lunch hour, including seven members of the Case-Western Reserve University Jewish Student Coalition who are fasting in sympathy with the Slepaks, Among the demonstrators were Mayor Raiph Pork and Earl Williams, director of Community Relations for the city, who is a leader of the Black community here.

In Cincinnati, about 70 local Jews bogan a hunger strike last night and today were joined by the mothers of Mark Nashpitz and Boris Tsitlionok, the two Moscow Jewish activists who have been sentenced to five years in exile after demonstrating for visas. A spokesman for the Cincinnati Hunger Strike Committee said 8-10 people are committed to continue the fast as long as the

Slepaks do.

The Toronto Group of 35, a group of Jewish women activists in support of Soviet Jewry, organized a dusk-to-dawn hunger strike today. Several dozen-women, some of them with children, marched in front of the Ontario Provincial Parliament. They conducted a silent vigil and distributed literature to passersby. In New York, 10 friends of Siepak, all students, began a sympathy hunger strike yesterday in front of the Metropolitan Museum of Artas as an exhibition of ancient gold pieces on loan from the USSR opened.

Slepak, his wife, Maria, and their 22-year-old son, Aleksandr, began their hunger strike April 13, the fifth anniversary of their applications for visas to emigrate to Israel, 'Aleksandr though very weak is continuing to work since he is the only one in the family with a job. Slepak has waited longer than anyone else in Moscow to emigrate,

UNESCO CONDEMNED BY UN ASSOCIATION

NEW YORK, April 21 (JTA) -- A floor fight during the blennial convention here of the United Nations Association of the United States forced a vote declaring that the association "unreservedly" confermed the "blatantly discriminatory actions" by UNESCO general conferences against Israel. The 91-71 vote last Thursday also deplored the "politicization" of UNESCO and called for the U.S. government "to exert every effort to bring about a reversal of the discriminatory actions against Israel. 'In one of those actions, a UNESCO conference voted to bar Israel from membership in UNESCO's European grouping.

The vote overturned a 9-1 vote of the association's substantive issues committee last Wednosday which while condemning UNESCO anti-Israel decisions, criticized the U.S. Congress for cutting off the \$19 million annual appropriation to UNESCO and urged restoration of the funds, according to William Korey, of Byrat Brith, one of the organizations affiliated with the association. Korey, the only Jewish representative on the committee, led the floor fight, with other Jewish representatives joining.

BEHIND THE HEADLINES STRIFE IN LEBANON: LESSONS FOR ISRAEL By Elind Yaari and David Landau

JERUSALEM, April 21 (JTA) -- Despite the casualty figures (over 100 terrorist dead), last week's strife in Beirut between the Palestinian terrorists and the Christian Phalangist Party militia is seen by seasoned observers here as a success for the terrorists rather than a defeat as would at first appear.

In four days of fighting, the Palestinians showed once more that they can take up arms brazenly and publicly in the heart of the capital without the Lebanese army daring to challenge them. They showed, too, that without employing by any means all the forces available to them, they can launch swift and accurate attacks on selected targets—such as the pharmacy.store of Phalangist leader Pierre Jumeil or the homes of his lieutenants.

Moreover, last week's violence showed that the Palestinian organizations can look to broad sections of the Moslem leadership in Lebanon for sympathy and support, while the Phalangists plainly found it hard to drum up enthusiasmamnon other Christian parties. The Baathists, the Communists and the Partie Populaire Syrienne were all among those groups which publicly backed the Palestinians. (The latter grouping, a powerful exfascist movement, aided the Phalangists back in the 1955 'civil war in Lebanon.)

Opposition To Palestinians

The best known Christian leader in Lebanon, Raymond Ede, head of the National Bloc, carefully dissociated himself from the Phalangist cause during the fighting. At the same time, though, the outbreak of fighting-triggered by ter rorist affront at a roadblock set up by the Phalangists during a church service-showed that there still are forces inside Lebanon which oppose the ongoing encroachment of the Palestinians upon Lebanese sovereignty. There was a long-standing history of tension and hatred between the Phalangists and the Palestinians which preceded last week's events, the observers here recalled.

This is not to say, however, that the Phalangists oppose the Palestinian terrorists' basic aims against Israel: merely that they oppose their activities within Lebanon. The events showed that at present the forces inside Lebanon seeking to curb the terrorists are not powerful enough to inflict any really sustained damage upon them.

The Phalangists' shooting up buses or mortaring refugee camps are not likely to bring about a shift in the power balance or oust or even deter the terrorists. Much more widespread opposttion to them inside. Lebanon would be needed, it seems, before this could come about.

JUDAISM CANNOT BE ALLOWED TO BECOME PASSIVE PARTNER OF ISRAEL

LIBERTY,N,Y., April 21 (JTA)--Warning that diaspora Judaism cannot be allowed to become a passive pariner of Israel, Rabbi Robert Gordis urged an expanded program for diaspora-Judaism in Israel, "What is important to recognize," he told the Rabbinical Assembly holding its 75th anniversary convention here, "is that both have basic and enduring significance and are indispensable for the Jewish future. The influence of the diaspora on Israel will exert on the diaspora and the influence of the diaspora on Israel will be decided by the contributions they will make to the treasure-house of the Jewish spirit."

Rabbi Gordis, professor of Bible and Rapaport professor in the philosophies of religion at the Jewish Theological Seminary and a former president of the Rabbinical Assembly, outlined a fivepoint program relating Israel and the disspora;

A considerable number of Conservative synagogues must be established in Israel "not merely as Anglo-Saxon enclaves"; vastly increased participation in the life of Israel by those committed to Conservative Judaism; the distinctive aspects of Conservative Judaism "must demonstrate in life that the Jewish tradition is not the monopoly of one segment of Jewry"; elementary and intermediate schools, and a summer camp program such as Ramah must be created for Israell children; and a publication program, as well as adult education programs through lectures must be increased considerably.

Rabbi Gordis stated that "The struggle for religious freedom must go on if true mutuality between Israel and the disspora is to exist." Stating that the Yom Kippur War has tended to "make realities clearer than they were before." he said that the present moment is a particularly propitious time for the expansion and acceptance of Conservative Judaism in Israel.

Decentralization Of Synagogues In America

At a panel discussion, Rabbi Wolfe Kelman, executive vice-president of the Rabbinical Assembly, predicted that the future synagogue in America will be "more personalized, less centralized and less authoritarian," and that the rabbi will be an employe of the community rather than of the individual congregation.

He pointed to "an acceleration of a process of ecentralization" in which a few charismatic leaders will not be "responsible for the articulation of whatever passed for an ideology." He noted that in the future Jews "will tend to look less to the rabbi as the star oracle and surrogate Jew and more as a resource to help them find their way towards a more intensive Jewish life-style."

GERHARD TAUSSIG DEAD AT 71

AMSTERDAM, April 21 (JTA).—Gerhard Taussig, former director of the Dutch Jewish Social Welfare Board (JMW) died here yesterday at the age of 71. A Prague-born Czechoslovak who emigrated to Holland just before the outbreak of World War II, he served as assistant director of the JMW, and was the JMW's director until his retirement.

Mr. Taussig was also immigration director for the American Joint Distribution Committee, was honorary secretary of the Jewish-Dutch Federation for Restitution Claims, and was a member of the Dutch Advisory Committee of the Claims Conference, He was a prolific writer and contributed articles on politics and social work to Jewish and non-Jewish periodicals and newspapers,

DAIA PROTESTS AGAINST BAN

BUENOS AIRES, April 21 (JTA)--The DAIA has protested to Interior Minister Alberto Rocamora of Cordoba province over the provincial government's decision to ban a scheduled meeting marking the 32nd anniversary of the Warsaw Gheito uprising. In a letter to Rocamora, the central representative organization of Argentine Jewry rejected the Cordoban government's excuse that it lacked the police power to ensure the security of the Warsaw Gheito anniversary meeting, even in a closed hall. The DAIA letter said, "We never asked for police protection." It asked the Minister for an explanation of "this regretable situation."