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REPORT ARAB BANKS READY TO ACCEPT COMPROMISE ON BLACKLIST By Edwin Eytan

PARIS, Feb. 12 (JTA)--Arab banks are ready to accept compromise on blacklisting of Jewish banks, an Arab banker told the Herald Tribune here today. The Arab banks have been following a policy of excluding Jewish banks, Lazard Freres, Rothschild, and Warburg of London, from participation in underwriting international bonds. The technique employed is to refuse to underwrite any loans when the Jewish banks are included. In such cases, other banks are tempted to succumb to Arab pressures and exclude the Jewish banks.

Roger Azar, director of the Banque Arabe et Internationale d'investissement (Arab and International Investment Bank) told the Paris newspaper today; "Arab banks will continue to ask that the banks on the blacklist be excluded" but the Arabs will "not withdraw if the lead manager insists on keeping the Jewish banks in the

aundicate !

Finance Minister Jean-Pierre Fourcade has declared that the Finance Ministry is "studying the problem. It is a question of knowing whether or not there is disorimination." The Minister pointed out that it is "usuall" for banks to choose their partners when forming a group of underwriters for an international bond.

Fourcade has contacted Jean Guyot, director of the Lasard Freres bank, to study his point of view. Azar also told the Herald Tribune that the compromise would not mean the end of the Arab boycott, Arab banks will not consider working as co-managers with a Jewish bank, for that would damage the "spirit" of the boycott.

But the banks do want a return to calm. The affair "has been blown up by the press, and is at the stage where it is stupid," the Arab banker declared, "Most bankers want to do things to calm things down," An official protest has been presented to the French Professional Banking Association by the Rothschild bank, asking for an investigation,

DEMAND MADE FOR DISCLOSURE OF UNESCO REPORT ON ISRAEL By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12 (JTA) - UNESCO's Director General Amadou Mahtar M'Bow and the House Foreign Affairs Committee have been requested to bring about a full disclosure of a French archaeological expert's report on a study he made on Israeli excavations in Jerusalem. Rep. Benjamin A, Gliman (R,NY) revealed today that he has written M'Bow and also Rene Maheu, UNESCO's former Director General, asking them to make public the report by Prof. Raymond Lemairs and "any and all information which might enhance public understanding of this matter."

Lemaire prepared the report last fall after having been commissioned by UNESCO to study the excavations. UNESCO made public selected portions of it in depriving Israel of membership privilages, including suspension of funds for UNESCO projects and barring larsel from a regional UNESCO organisation. In relatition for

what was described as politicization of the United Nations Scientific, Cultural and Educational Organization, the Congress last December suspended U.S. contributions to UNESCO until it resolved the matter in Israel's favor.

Report May Be Favorable To Israel

Gliman wants the House committee to make a formal demand on UNESCO to release the "suppressed report on the controversial Israeli archaeological excavations in Jerusalem." At the State Department, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency was informed that it was doubtful whether one government could cause the report to be isauged by the UNESCO Director General.

"Conflicting reports have been received about the content of this report," Gilman said, "However, the most prevalent impression among those who have seen the report is that it is favorable

to Israel."

He added, "It is shocking to think that the United Nations would deliberately suppress any information favorable to Israel in order to justify a vendetta against that State, "As our nation reexamines its role in the world organization, it is orucial to restoring the confidence of the American people-that this report be made public. We must not continue to bow to the tyranny of the United Nations majority at the expense of our allies and friends,"

FORD: SERIOUS PROSPECT OF ANOTHER MIDEAST WAR IF KISSINGER FAILS

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12 (ITA)--President Ford declared at a press conference in Topeka, Kansas last night that unless there is progress in Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger's current trip to the Middle East, "there is the very serious prospect of another war in the Middle East" which would raise the possibility "of another oil embargo."

The President also said that the possibility existed for "a step-by-step progress in the Middle East but no one can be certain in that very volatile and very difficult area," He expressed the hope that Kissinger would return to the United States "with some encouraging news" from the Middle East. If the news is encouraging, the President said, Kissinger "will probably go back shortly thereafter for what we hope would be a settlement on a step-by-step basis,"

Ford did not mention, as he has in past.comments on the Middle East conflict, the possibility of a reconvening of the Geneva conference but sources here said there was no indication that the President had given up hope on the Geneva

KISSINGER PLEDGES U.S. WOULD 'NEVER KNOWINGLY' SACRIFICE ISRAEL TO BIG POWER POLITICS By David Landau and Yitzhak Shargil

JERUSALEM, Feb. 12 (JTA)--Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger left for Egypt this afternoon following a day-and-a-half of intensive talks with Israeli leaders which both sides stressed were of an "exploratory" nature involving no decisions on the elements of a second stage Israeli-Egyptian agreement in Sinai. The Secretary will

return here tomorrow, hopefully with Egypt's response to Israel's latest views.

Down-to-earth hard bargaining is expected to begin through diplomatic contacts once Kissinger is back in Washington. But the time for decisions and negotiations will not come until the Secretary's next visit to the Middle East, probably beginning March 10, Israeli sources said, (See related story P. 3)

Attending a gala dinner given in his honor by Foreign Minister Yigal Allon at the King David Hotel last night and televised live, Kissinger pledged in a toast that the U.S. would "never knowingly sacrifice Israel" to the considerations of Big Power politics. "In a world where a great power sacrifices a small power, its integrity and ultimately its security is jeopardized as well," Kissinger declared. He asked Israel for "an act of faith," but did not elaborate.

He said the current negotiations were an attempt to strike a balance between "tangible territories and the intangibles of legitimacy, acceptance and desire for peace." The Scoretary
said there had been no differences in his talks
with Israeli leaders, which began immediately
after his arrival Monday night and continued
through most of Tuesday. "If any differences do
arise, he said, they would be "in the nature of
a family quarrel--loud and noisy but we always
know when it starts that it's going to get
settled,"

Nothing Decisive Before March

Israeli policy-makers, awaiting their second round of talks with Kissinger after his return from Cairo tomorrow night, know that the Secretary does not intend to press either Israel or Egypt at this stage to soften their respective positions or to make any new decisions,

The deliberate pace of Kissinger's current diplomacy-in contrast to his whirlwind diplomacy a year ago that resulted in the disengagement accords with Egypt and Syria--seemed to surprise the Israeli negotiating team. They had predicted tough bargaining and perhaps the need for a decision when Kissinger returns tomorrow But now they know that nothing decisive will cocur before March when the Secretary is due to return here. No special Cabinet session will be called this week, officials told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency Today.

Few Real Differences Of Opinion

One israeli negotiator said there were few real differences of opinion during yesterday's talks with Kissinger, but what he described as "just an occasional flexing of muscles by each side." Another official said that the Israeli negotiators had adhered throughout to the guidelines laid down by the Cabinet involving the possibility of a 30-50 kilometer israeli pull-back in Sinai in exchange for substantial political concessions from Cairo.

But he agreed that various possible scenarios were discussed and that Premier Yitzhak Rabin's ABC-TV interview, broadcast Monday in the U.S., was referred to, In it, Rabin proposed ceding the Mitle and Gidi passes and the Abu Rodeis oil fields to Egypt in return for a formal declaration of non-belligerency from Egypt.

The official said that Kissinger left Israel well equipped to answer detailed questions on Israel's position by Egyptian President Anwar Sadat on any hypothetical set of conditions. He-said that the talks with Kissinger were mainly

an Israell exposition of its position to which the Secretary listened carefully and posed many detailed questions. But he ventured no American assessment and would not speculate on what the Egyptian reaction might be on any issue.

U.S. Does Not Intend To Recognize PLO

The Israell side was gratified by a "categorical" statement from Kissinger at a luncheon meeting at Premier Rabin's home-vesterday that the U.S. does not intend to recognize or to have any contacts with the Palestine Liberation Organization. Kissinger also said that he would regard the establishment of a Palestinian state in the area as a harmful factor.

MRS, KISSINGER VISITS INJURED GIRL

JERUSALEM, Feb. 12 (JTA)--Mrs. Nancy Kissinger, the wife of the Secretary of State, was treated for an ear ailment at Hadassah Hospital yesterday, it was disclosed today. While her husband was grappling with the issues of a second stage Israeli-Egyptian settlement, Mrs. Kissinger also toured the children's wards of the hospital. She visited 16-year-old DeJean Replogel, of Jacksonville, Fla. who is recovering at Hadassah Hospital from the amputation of her right leg last month.

The American girl was severely injured when a terrorist grenade exploded in a sightseeing bus Dec. 23. She and her parents had been on a Christmas tour of holy places in and around Jerusalem. After her visit to the hospital, Mrs. Kissinger was the luncheon guest of Mrs. Yitzhak Rabin at the Jerusalem Hilton Hotel.

GOLDMANN PREDICTS MIDEAST PEACE WILL COME IN ONE OR TWOYEARS By Tuvia Mendelson

JERUSALEM, Feb. 12 (JTA)--Dr. Nahum Gold-mann, president of the World Jewish Congress, closed its Sixth Plenary Assembly here Monday night with the prediction that peace might come to Israel "in one or two years, not ten or twenty as some others believe," Addressing the Assembly's final session, Dr. Goldmann also enumerated four basic tasks and issues which, he said, the Assembly had brought into focus.

He said these were mobilizing support for Israel "in its hour of need"; creating the institutional framework for a genuine dialogue between Israel and diaspora Jewry; helping Soviet Jews in their struggle for freedom; and facing up to the issue of "double loyalty" by Jews in countries whose policies might conflict with their attachment to Israel.

"We pledge our support to Israel in its struggle for peace and security no matter what the sacrifices demanded of us," Dr. Goldmann declared. He said the problem of dialogue between Israel and the diaspora was "enormously complicated but could be solved in a way that would make a great contribution to the strengthening of Israel and the Jewish people."

Dr. Goldmann suggested that when the Middle East conflict is finally ended, leading to the resumption of normal diplomatic relations between Israel and the USSR, "the results might prove most significant for Soviet Jews." He pledged to bring the WJC-back to Jerusalem for a special convocation "on that glorious day when peace comes to Israel," and to help launch the new day "when all the energies and genius of our people may be directed toward the creative tasks of peace,"

GOVERNMENT APPEARS TO BE RESPONDING TO INFLUENCE OF THOSE WHO PREFER RETURN TO GENEVA PEACE TALKS By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Feb. 12 (JTA)—The Israeli government, which has formally endorsed Scoretary of State Henry A. Klasinger's step-by-step approach to a second-stage agreement with Egypt in Sinai, appears nevertheless to be responding, if ever so subtly, to the influence of those of its members who view a return to the Genevá peace conference inevitable and argue that it would be unwise to make territorial concessions now unless iron-clad political concessions are forthcoming from Egypt--which is considered to be highly untikely at this stage,

considered to be highly unlikely at this stage. Addressing the Knesset today, shortly after Kissinger's departure for Cairo, Premier Yitzhak Rabin elaborated on remarks he made in an ABC-TV interview broadcast in the U.S, Monday He said he would "recommend" ceding the Gidi and Mitle passes and the Abu Rodeis oil fields to Egypt if the latter would enter into a formal non-belligerency pact with israel. That condition was not necessarily implicit in the inter-

tion was not necessarily implicit in the interview and observers here saw Rabin's Knesset statement as a hardening of Israel's positiontactically if not strategically. "Rabin said "It would be the happiest day ofmy life, both as Prime Minister and as a former

my life, both as Frime minister and as a former-Chief of Staff" were the Egyptians to agree to these terms. In effect, it would mean a signed commitment from Calro renouncing war and undertaking not to become involved in future developments between Israel and, its other Arab neighbors. It would also mean concrete arrange ments for the demilitarization of areas vacated by Israel. Rabin said he would be glad to cede the passes and oil fields on those terms and that he was sure the great majority of the nation would support such an agreement.

The fact that Rabin has publicly spelled out what Israel demands of Egypt by way of political concessions, was viewed as a warning to Cairo. Observers believe it resulted from the quiet but persistent campaign Defense Minister Shimon Peres is waging against Kissinger's step-bystep approach rather than the Premier's response to the strident ories of "give-aways" from the Likud opposition.

Peres Favors Geneva Talks

Peres has taken an increasingly sceptical view of the Kissinger approach in recent weeks. While he has been careful, during Cabinet meetings and in the talks with Kissinger this week, not to let his private views show through, he and his close associates have expressed their feelings in private conversations that Egypt is not likely to offer-acceptable terms, in that case, they say, it would be tactically wise for Israel to say at this stage that it regarded the Geneva conference as at least an equally realistic and feasible approach to the next stage of peace negotiations.

Peres' associates have said privately that while the original rationale of the step-by-step approach, advanced by Kissinger during the past year, could avert or delay the revival of the Geneva parley, it was now recognized in Washington and elsewhere that the resumption of the talks at Geneva is inevitable and soon. They say that Israel must not give up its trump cards (the Sinal passes and oil fields) now in exchange for transient political commitments when the prospects for an overall peace conference in Geneva

are increasingly likely.

They also say it is better that Israel announce now that it does not fear the Geneva talks and does not regard them as the inevitable fore-runner of a fifth Middle East war. Israel should say that it is prepared to make its case in Geneva for a full, formal peace within secure borders. Similar views have been expressed by former Foreign Minister Abba Eban.

According to well placed sources here, Peres', thinking influenced Israel's presentation in the long round of talks with Kissinger this week. Time and again, the Israeli negotiators stressed their demand for significant political concessions from Egypt in return for Israeli withdrawals.

Likud Also Leaning Toward Geneva Talks

The Likud opposition also seems to favor a re-

turn to Geneva, "if we say the right things there," according to Likud leader Menachem Belgin. Belgin told the Knesset today that Israeli negotiators at Geneva must stress "our right to this land our right under international law not to with draw from any cease-fire line without a full peace treaty."

He denied/that a failure at Geneva would make a new Arab-israeli war inevitable, unless "Bräel" allowed itself to be caught unprepared. By keep-

ing up its guard, as it did in May, 1973 and in Nov., 1974, Israel would deter the Arabs from attacking. Beigin said.

Earlier this week, Likud demanded a national referendum or elections before the government agreed to any further territorial concessions in Sinat. Likud leaders contended that the government lacked the legal and moral authority to agree to such concessions without the prior approval of

the electorate.

Labor Party circles, however, flatly rejected the Likud demand. They said the Rabin government was pledged to go to the electorate before conceding any territory on the West Bank in future negotiations with Jordan. But that does not apply to a second stage agreement with Egypt if the government is satisfied that Cairo is offering quid pro quo for territory, the Laborites said.

BONN (JTA) -- The West German government is currently discussing the payment of <u>DM</u> 600 million in reparation to wind up restitution to Jews who suffered under the Nazis but who have, for various reasons, not yet been compensated, Government spokesman Klaus Boelling disclosed this Wednesday in response to statements by the president of the World Jewish Congress, Dr. Nahum Goldmann, on Israel Radio to the effect that such an agreement was negotiated between him and former Chancellor Willy Brandt in Bonn a year ago.

JERUSALEM (JTA)—A bomb exploded in Indeendence Park in the heart of Jerusalem Wednesday but caused no casualties or damage. Fragments of flying metal were reported to have hit the walls of an adjacent school where classes had just started. The blast occurred as Secretary of State Henry A, Kissinger was still in the King David Hotel about a mile away.

BONN (JTA).—The German-Israeli Association has donated DM 25,000 to the women's organization of the Israeli trade unions. The money is to be used to renovate and equip a kindergarten at Belt Shean, a town-south of the Sea of Galilee populated mainly by Oriental Jews. The donation was presented by the Association's president, Heinz Westphal, an SPD Deputy, currently in Israel with an SPD delegation.

JEWS AND CATHOLICS MARK START OF A YEAR-LONG DIALOGUE By David Friedman

NEW YORK, Feb. 12 (JTA)—At a unique convocation yesterday, a rabbi spoke for the first time from the pulpit of St. Patrick's Cathedral while a Catholic priest spoke at Temple Emanu-El, The addresses by Rabbi Ronald B, Sobel, spiritual leader of the Reform temple, and Magr. James F, Rigney, rector of St. Patrick's, marked the beginning of what they termed a year-long "honest dialogue" between the two houses of worship. The convocation was also the scene for making public guidelines for Catholic-Jewish relations in New York City sponsored by the temple, the cathedral, the Anti-Defamation League of B'nat B'rith and the Archdiocese of New York.

Both Rabbi Sobel and Msgr. Rigney stressed at a press conference prior to their sermons that Temple Emanu-El and St. Patrick's were not trying to impose their will on other houses of worship in New York City but hoped that their example would lead other synagogues and churches to adopt similar programs. They stressed they would not be conducting common services nor shedding their independence but would work together to solve problems faced by Jews and Catholics and to achieve a better understanding

between the two groups.

The convocation marked the tenth anniversary of the Statement on Jews issued at Vatican Council II. But Msgr. Rigney said work on the guidelines had started before the recent announcement of the Vatican guidelines on the Jews

Urges Christian-Jewish Cooperation

In his address given at the cathedral in the afternoon, Rabbi Sobel stressed that "The past can never be forgotten but at some point it must be forgiven if we are ever to build a world of peace upon a planet of love," He said both Jews and Christians must work together to solve problems in New York City and the world. He urged Jews to support religious freedom for the Catholic church where it is denied, such as in Czechoslovakia, and for Christians to speak up on the plight of Soviet Jewry.

He added: "To truly understand us, you will have to understand the relationship between the Jewish people and the State of Israel....That land is part of our soul and we call upon you, Christian brothers, to lend us your voice as we proclaim the right of the State of Israel to exist with freedom and peace alongside of her Arab neighbors. Justice and equality for Israeli and Arab: no more and no less—that is what we

seek."

Need For On-Going Dialogue

Msgr. Rigney in his address given in the evening, stressed that "today's happenings really form a prologue, a statement of intent. The validity of the prologue depends on what follows." He said that Jews and Catholics "need to spend time together....Meeting in spasms, always on the occasion of a particular crisis, has been too much the situation up to now. With regular conversation and inevitable growth in candor we will come to, a fuller and more realistic view of our goals."

Terence Cardinal Cooke, Archbishop of the Archdiocese of New York, said that establishing "Treal dialogue" everywhere, where Jews and Catholios live side by side will result in the betterment of the community. "It will strength-

en religious and moral values in our society so that people may live together with respect for one another in freedom and peace," he said, Benjamin Epstein, national director of the

ADL, noting that "centuries of distrust and antagonism still weigh upon us," declared: "This intermingling of congregations testifies eloquently that synagogue and church can come together and work in tandem on the problems we share jointly as Americans and citizens of this city."

*Common Aspirations' Cited

The guidelines, entitled "How Jews and Roman Catholics Would Like to Live in New York," included the following as "common aspirations": healing the wounds of misunderstanding by working together on issues affecting both groups; protting greater cooperation through shared study and sensitivity to individual feelings and spirituality; instituting productive dialogue and closer association in Catholic and Jewish houses of worship; and facing controversial subjects candidy and with respect for each other's views, even when a consensue cannot be achieved.

when a consensus cannot be activeted.

A committee of Catholics and Jews from the St. Patrick's and Temple Emanu-El congregations will be appointed to meet once each month to implement the guidelines. A similar Catholic-Jewish Relations Committee for Brooklyn and Queens was established eight years ago under the co-sponsorship of the Brooklyn Diocese and the ADL.

The New York Federation of Reform Synagogues plans to utilize the new interreligious program as a pilot effort encouraging the area's 105 Reform synagogues to engage in similar projects. Rabbi Balfour Brickner, director of the New York Federation, called the proposed Emanu-El - St. Patrick's cooperation "a desperately needed example for this city of positive interreligious relations,"

SYRIAN JEWRY WEEKEND

NEW YORK, Feb. 12 (JTA)--Reform synagogues in the United States and Canada are devoting the last weekend of this month to a religious and community-wide campaign calling attention to the plight of 4000 Syrian Jews. The national Save Syrian Jews, Sabath will be held Feb. 21-23 under the auspices of the Commission on Social Action of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations and the Central Conference of American Rabbis, and supported by the Synagogue Council of America and the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations.

The weekend activities include special Sabbath services, community meetings and a petition campaign to gather one million signatures calling upon President Ford to intervene personally on humanitarian grounds to save those Jews remaining in Syria, "The Syrian government must learn that humanitarian treatment of Jews represents a prime principle for involvement in the international community," noted Albert Arent of Washington, chairman of the Social Actions Commission.

Rabbi Stephen S, Goldrich-of Cleveland's Temple Ner Tamid, chairman of the CCAR's Committee for Jews in Arab Lands, noted that the observance coincides with Brotherhood Week and urged that the events be connected wherever possible to "sensitize non-Jews to the conditions of Syrian Jewry."

TEL AVIV (JTA) -- Leopold Trepper, the leader of the "Red Orchestra" arrived in Israel several days ago,