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DATE SET FOR PALESTINIAN ISSUE

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 16 (JTA)--The consequences of the General Assembly vote Monday recognizing the Palestine Liberation Organization and inviting it to participate in the Assembly's debate on the Palestine Question was still being felt in the UN corridors and outside the headquarters of the world organization.

The Arab delegations and their allies could barely conceal their jubilation over the vote of 105-4 in favor of the resolution. Many of the Arabs were especially gratified with the support they received from a number of European countries, especially members of the European Economic Community who are currently engaged in a European-Arab dialogue on trade.

At the same time the Arabs and the Afro-Asian and Communist bloc countries were preparing to spread the diplomatic welcome mat for the arrival next month of PLO chieftain Yasir Arafat to address the Assembly. The Assembly's debate on the Palestine Question is due early next month, probably right after the Nov. 5 elections.

The views that will be expressed by Arafat will in all likelihood be set at the Arab summit conference in Rabat, Morocco due to begin Oct. 26. Two PLO representatives are already in New York. Sadat Hasan has been here for some time on a visitor's visa, and Nabeel Shaath who arrived recently on a visa requested by Tunisia. Arafat is expected to be accompanied by several heads of states of African and non-aligned nations.

Meanwhile, Egyptian Ambassador Esmat Abdel Meguid told the General Assembly last night that the UN should cancel its aid to Israel and demanded that Israel refund assistance it has already received from the UN. He said that the Jewish State could not be termed a developing country and added that the aid the UN development program had supplied to Israel be given to developing nations.

Reverberations Continue In Jewish Community

Reverberations in the Jewish community continued, meanwhile, in the wake of the Assembly vote. Israeli Knesseter Haim Landau, who is a member of the Israeli delegation to the Assembly, condemned those "civilized states" who voted for "the legitimization of the Arab Nazi organization," the PLO.

The European countries that voted for the resolution should know that they "encourage genocide" and "return the world to Hitler's era," Landau said. According to Landau; those states who support the PLO because of "oil blackmail" will soon realize that the Arabs will blackmail them further. He told the JTA that Israel is not going to participate in the upcoming debate on the Palestinian Question but she will raise her voice on the issue.

Elmer L. Winter, president of the American Jewish Committee, charged that the invitation to the PLO was "not only unwise and a setback for peace, but sets a dangerous precedent that threatens to undermine the United Nations Charter and the fabric of international society."

He questioned the legality of the Assembly action, stating that the Assembly 'has only the power to make recommendations, and even then is enjoined by the Charter not to act on matters being considered by the Security Council." The Council, he noted, has adopted Resolutions 242 and 338 and these resolutions form the framework within which current UN and U.S. Mideast peace efforts are being undertaken.

Terrorists Given Respectability

Mrs. Faye Schenk, chairman of the executive committee of the American Zionist Federation, said the Assembly action was a capitulation to Arab blackmail and threats. "Knowing that the PLO is nothing more than a band of killers bent on destruction of innocent men, women and children, the UN has by its vote given respectability to terrorists, sanctuary to murderers and a forum to propagandize for the destruction of the State of Israel as a Jewish State, which was the only reason for the UN action in 1947 in voting for a Jewish State in a partitioned Palestine."

A demonstration by young people, composed largely of Blacks, Puerto Ricans and Jews, to protest against the Assembly vote, took place today at the Isaiah Wall opposite the UN in spite of a torrential downpour. A spokesman for the coordinating group, the Youth Institute for Peace in the Middle East, said the PLO "is a blood-stained terrorist gang which should be in prison behind bars rather than in the chamber of the General Assembly behind a rostrum." The young people carried signs stating: "PLO must go": "Say no to terror"; and "Say no to the PLO."

POLSKY TO GO ON TRIAL THURSDAY

LONDON, Oct. 16 (JTA)--Jewish sources in the Soviet Union reported today that Victor Polsky, a prominent activist, would go on trial in Moscow tomorrow on trumped-up charges of injuring a pedestrian last March through careless driving. The charge carries a maximum three-year jail sentence. The 44-year-old physicist applied for an exit visa several years ago. The sources noted that the trial comes at a time of sensitive negotiations between Washington and Moscow in an effort to establish trade relations. (See story P. 3 for promise made by U.S. Treasury Secretary William Simon that the USSR could expect MFN status by the end of the year.) ٠. المال المال

BANKER PREDICTS WESTERN NATIONS WILL PUT SEVERE PRESSURE ON ISRAEL TO SURRENDER TERRITORY By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON Oct. 16 (JTA)--An international banker who once served in the State Department predicted today that Western industrial nations would put severe pressure on Israel to give up most if not all of its conquered Arab territories but would draw the line if Israel's survival as a nation was at stake.

That view of how important Western interests regard Israel's struggle to survive against the influence of the Arab oil producers was presented to correspondents here by Nathaniel Samuel, a partner in the New York banking house of Kuhn Loeb & Co. and head of two other corporations engaged in international commerce.

Samuel, who served as Deputy Undersecretary of State for Economic Affairs in 1969-72 during

ers, admitted to wishful thinking when it came to ultimate Western support for Israel's survival. Nevertheless, he felt that the "revulsion" should Israel be destroyed, would be too much for the Western nations to take.

Asked what the industrial world would do if the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) says it will re-impose the oil embargo unless Israel gives up all of the territory it took in 1967, Samuel replied that the industrial nations already are "trying to persuade" Israel "to give up most if not all of the territory." He said Israel "has come pretty, far" in that direction since a year ago "but not as far as some would like." He said the "tremendous danger" would be when the survival of Israel as a political entity becomes at stake.

U.S. Military Action Unlikely

States and Europe) would stand up for Israel and the (oil) producer countries would have overshot their mark," Samuel said. He did not "foresee military action" by the U.S. if another Israeli-Arab war broke out. "How that would involve other countries one can't tell," he said, adding that "some of the more far-seeing Arabs recognize the difficulty of pushing Israel too far." The European countries, he observed, are leaving the defense of Israel to the U.S.

Samuel acknowledged that he was volunteering his "subjective thinking" about Israel when he said that "a good part of the Western World would not take the shock of seeing Israel destroyed." When asked by the Jewish Telegraphic Agency to resolve that belief with the overwhelming Western support of the PLO resolution in the United Nations General Assembly Monday, Samuel said the vote was "not representative of deep anti-Israel feeling by all who backed it."

He said that while, for example, France has pursued a pro-Arab policy, "on the question of the viability and perpetuation of Israel as a State it holds a very strong view." He observed that Israel's disappearance "is something they don't think will happen...the revulsion would be too great."

UJA STUDY MISSION MEMBERS VISIT KIRYAT SHEMONA

TEL AVIV, Oct. 16 (JTA)—Two hundred members of the United Jewish Appeal Study Mission visited Kiryat Shemona yesterday to see at first hand how the government and the Jewish Agency have been at work to bolster the security, economic and social life of the immigrant township of 20,000 whose proximity to the Lebanese border has made it a prime target of terrorist outrages.

Kiryat Shemona was the scene of a terrorist massacre last April which took the lives of 18 and wounded 15, mostly women and children. Yesterday the group of American Jewish leaders, headed by UJA general chairman Paul Zuckerman inspected the new schools established through the UJA's Israel Education Fund and the new housing units constructed by the government for immigrant families and young couples. They met with Joseph Shitrit who lost his wife and three of his four children in the terrorist attack. No force will remove us from this place," he told them.

An army officer who briefed the mission members noted that not a single town, school or factory on the northern frontier has been abandoned despite the terrorist attempts to disrupt civilian life. The Mayor of Kiryat Shemona told the visitors that the only way to make the town

secure was to increase its population from 20,000 to 100,000.

Hashachar by Moshe Rivlin, secretary general of the Jewish Agency, who spoke of the 37 agricultural settlements and several development townships built by the Agency to secure Israel's central regions. These settlements were shelled before, during and after the Yom Kippur War, he said. In order to survive, they must increase their populations and create new industries. Rivlin said.

He stressed that a strong Israel meant not only an army but a viable economy and more immigration. He urged the UJA to be prepared for a huge influx of Jews from the Soviet Union which may start within 2-3 months. "God forbid we should not be ready to absorb them. It is something we cannot delay until tomorrow," Rivlin said.

SALE OF NAZI ART AND WAR RELICS BOOMING IN WEST GERMANY

BONN, Oct. 16 (JTA) -- Exhibitions of Nazi art, auctions and sales of Nazi war relics are booming in West Germany. Some of this is rationalized as coming to grips with the past. But much of it is evidently catering to a growing market of morbid curio-hunters.

An exhibition of Nazi paintings, sculptures and architectural designs opened yesterday in Frankfurt amidst a wave of public protest. The display, which will continue until Dec., has been organized by the Frankfurt Art Society and a group from the local university. The organizers contended that the exhibition is "an attempt to interpret the Nazi era and to help people come to terms with the past." An organization in Wiesbaden, dedicated to preventing the dissemination of Nazi culture, declared that the exhibition "merely glorifies the Nazi legacy."

In Bavaria, the government there auctioned some 350 vases, statuettes and other memorabilia that once belonged to Nazi Air Force Chief Hermann Goering. A Bavarian government spokesman said the objects were of "appalling taste." The government had inherited them after the war and had to find a way of getting rid of them, the spokesman said. He had no comment as to why the government wanted to make money from the legacy of a leading Nazi, instead of destroying the objects.

Bidders From Many Countries

A week ago, Hermann Otto Winiarski conducted his ninth sale of curios in the Bavarian village of Toerwang and said he plans to make his auctions a regular event. Winiarski, who resides in Toerwang, reported that bidders came from many countries, including the United States, France and Britain.

In what he described as lively bidding, caps bearing the SS insignia went for as much as \$150. Ceremonial SS daggers bearing swastikas sold for as much as \$230. A copy of Leon Trotsky's autobiography, which Hitler had annotated critically, went for \$750. Goering's Mercedes was sold last month to an American buyer for more than \$165,000. Some Nazi relics are still awaiting some buyers willing to pay the reserve price, like \$750 for a life-sized painting of Hitler, or \$4000 for a sweat-stained cap once worn by Hitler.

RABIN INTERVENES TO HELP SAVE INTERNATIONAL CREDIT BANK

TEL AVIV, Oct. 16 (JTA)--Premier Yitzhak
Rabin intervened personally last night in efforts
to save the International Credit Bank of Geneva
from collapse. Rabin summoned to his Tel Aviv
office the top executives of Israel's three largest

banks—Ernest Yaffee of Bank Leumi; Daniel Recanati of the Israel Discount Bank; and Jacob Levinson of the Bank Hapoalim. He asked them to consider heading a consortium of the Swiss Bank's creditors to keep the institution alive.

The move, unprecedented for an Israeli political leader, was explained by the fact that collapse of the Geneva bank owned by Swiss-Jewish financier Tibor Rosenbaum would have serious repercussions for Israel. The national interest stems from the fact that large sums of Israeli money and the money of other Jewish institutions were on deposit or otherwise involved in Rosenbaum's bank. Swiss authorities closed the bank last week pending an investigation to determine if it is solvent. The bank asked a Swiss court at the same time for a moratorium on payments.

The three bankers who met with Rabin pledged themselves to secrecy on any moves they may make to rescue Rosenbaum's bank. Israeli financial circles appeared more optimistic today that the rescue efforts may succeed. The outlook improved after reports were received that the Hessische Landesbank Girozentrale of Frankfurt, a part owner of the Rosenbaum bank, had reconsidered its earlier decision not to put more money into the Swiss enterprise. (By Yitzhak Shargil)

SIMON TELLS SOVIET LEADERS THEY CAN EXPECT MFN BY YEAR'S END

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16 (JTA)—The status of the reputed compromise between the Ford Administration and Congressional leaders on the Jackson Amendment appeared uncertain again today as reports from Moscow indicated an unbending attitude by the Soviet Union toward any linkage of trade with emigration rights. There was not the faintest suggestion of any compromise on the issue in Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid Brezhnev's tough speech last night at a dinner marking the opening of a session of the U.S.-Soviet Trade and Economic Council.

William Simon to reporters at Moscow Airport today, as he emplaned for Washington after two days of discussions with Brezhnev and other Russian leaders, clearly indicated that in his view the U.S. Soviet trade pace has languished too long without implementation. Simon said he told Soviet officials during their talks this week that they could expect the USSR would be granted most favored nation status—meaning tariff concessions—by the end of this year. The implication was that the Trade Reform Bill would be passed by then.

Senate sources indicated this week that favorable action would be taken on the measure because of assurances from Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger that the Russians were prepared to ease their restrictions on the emigration of Jews and other Soviet citizens. But there was no hint of any such readiness in Brezhnev's words last night.

Blunt Warning From Brezhnev

The Soviet leader declared bluntly, "Attempts to condition the development of trade and
economic ties by putting demands to the Soviet
Union on questions totally unconnected with the
trade and economic fields and related entirely
to the state's internal affairs are utterly irrelevant and unacceptable. It is high time," Brezhnev said "that there was a clear understanding
that such efforts are interference in internal af-

fairs and do nothing but harm, including to the and economic relations between our countries."

He warned that "Unless timely concern is shown for the elimination of such negative factors, further development of cooperation could be substantively held up." Brezhnev went on to express optimism that improved business and economic relations with the U.S. "will be determined by real economic and political interests of the two states and not by the egotistical calculations of certain individuals and not by political groups whose mentality has not yet been freed from the out-dated legacy of the Cold War."

Simon told reporters afterwards that he did not consider Brezhnev's remarks surprising because "we share the desire to get a resolution to most favored nation and the trade bill." Apparently referring to the fact that more than a year has elapsed since the U.S.-Soviet trade bill was signed during former President Nixon's first summit trip to Moscow without final action by Congress, Simon added, "It has seemed an interminably long time for them (the Russians) to wait and an interminably long time for us too."

Soviet Arms For Egypt

Meanwhile, an Egyptian military mission began talks in Moscow today with Soviet Defense Ministry officials on possible new arms supplies for Egypt. The talks began after an announcement that Brezhnev will visit Cairo next Jan. for a meeting with President Anwar Sadat. The Egyptians have been seeking Soviet agreement to such a meeting for several months. They are apparently encouraged by signs that the Kremlin is prepared to thaw its relations with Cairo that had cooled preceptibly at the time of former President Nixon's visit to the Egyptian capital last June.

Reports that the Soviet Union may soon send arms shipments to Egypt were today dismissed by State Department spokesman Robert Anderson as "hypothetical." When a reporter challenged him that it was not hypothetical, Anderson said he did not have details and would not get involved in the report.

RABIN WARNS THE WORLD IS RETURNING TO MUNICH ERA

TEL AVIV. Oct. 16 (JTA)--Premier Yitzhak
Rabin warned tonight that the world was returning
to the "era of Munich." He referred to the United
Nations General Assembly's 105-4 vote Monday to
recognize the Palestine Liberation Organization
and earlier recognition given the terrorist group
by UNESCO and the International Civil Aviation
Organization (ICAO) in Montreal:

power of Fascism and Nazism. Now it is yielding to the to the power of Arab oil," Rabin told a meeting of the Labor Party Central Committee here.

The Premier declared that Israel would meet with the terrorists at only one place, "and that is on the battlefield." He said the government has done, is doing and will continue to do its utmost to protect Israeli lives and property in Israel and abroad from terrorist acts. He said Israel would strike at terrorist bases wherever and whenever it considered it necessary.

NEW YORK (JTA)--Seven Kiev Jews are staging a strike to mark the first anniversary of the
arrest and trial of Aleksandr Feldman, a Jewish
engineer, now serving a three-and-a-half year sentence for hooliganism, the National Conference on
Soviet Jewry reported. The demonstrators are
Esther and Yuli Tartakovsky, Aleksandr Tsatskis,
Kim Friedman, Ilya Zlobinsky, Mikhail Mager and
Vladimir Kislik.

U.S. SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS SCHECHITA

NEW YORK, Oct. 16 (JTA)—In a dramatic development the U.S. Supreme Court yesterday upheld the right of Jews to slaughter animals according to Jewish ritual law. The high court affirmed without opinion the decision of a three-judge Federal District Court which had declared that Jewish ritual slaughter employing the hoisting and shackling method for positioning an animal prior to the "throat cut" was a "humane" process and that the provision of the Federal Humane Slaughter Law permitting such procedure was constitutional.

The complaint in the suit, which was brought by three organizations and nine individuals claiming to be concerned with "humane" treatment of animals, attacked a 1958 federal law prohibiting government purchase of meat that was slaughtered inhumanely" and which permitted purchases of meat slaughtered by Jewish ritual procedure including the hoisting and shackling of fully conscious animals prior to the actual slaughter. The complaint claimed that since hoisting and shackling was not permitted in non-ritual situations unless the animal was first rendered insensible to pain the statute violated the First Amendment.

Although in recent years there has been increasing use of a pen for the positioning of an animal prior to the ritual throat-cut the suit presented a serious threat to the Jewish community. The pen, even if not universally employed was in any event developed for use in large animal slaughter and it has not been successfully adopted for use with smaller animals. Equally important, there was widespread apprehension that a time-honored ritual practice should be characterized as being "inhumane."

Local, Federal Accommodations Noted

In other terms there was great fear that should the hoisting and shackling procedure be found inhumane a further finding that an exemption for religion was not constitutionally permitted would have left other pre-handling procedures vulnerable to attack and would have had a very serious effect on the concept of religious liberty in America.

The National Jewish Commission on Law and Public Affairs (COLPA) submitted a comprehensive brief to the District Court, prepared by Nathan Lewin, a constitutional lawyer and vice-president of COLPA. In the brief Lewin argued that even if hoisting and shackling preparatory to Jewish ritual slaughter "was found to be an inhumane procedure, accommodation by Congress or local legislatures to the needs of a particular religious community by the inclusion of exemptions in laws of general applicability is a well established practice."

Howard Rhine, COLPA president, termed the Supreme Court decision "an important victory for the Jewish community" and expressed the hope that "the anti-schechita cabal has at last been laid to rest." COLPA intervened in the case on behalf of three national Orthodox Jewish organizations, the Agudath Israel of America, the National Council of Young Israel, and the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America. The Joint Advisory Committee of the Synagogue Council of America and the National Jewish Community Relations Advisory Council also appeared in the case and were represented by Leo Pfeffer, a constitutional lawyer.

REJECT NON-UNION LETTUCE, GRAPES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16 (JTA)--The seaboard

region of the United Synagogue of America has announced it is requesting kosher caterers in the Washington and Baltimore areas to refrain from using grapes and lettuce not produced by the United Farm Workers.

A letter from David Gorin, the region's executive director, recalled that the Washington Board of Rabbis and the region's board of directors had adopted on June 9 a resolution asking their members "not to buy, sell or use non-United Farm Workers Union grapes or lettuce in the preparation of meals." The region's goal is that the produce of oppression, be eliminated from menus at Concervative synagogues, the announcement said.

JEWISH COMMUNITY CENTER WORKERS FROM U.S., CANADA, TO SPEND YEAR IN ISRAELI-COMMUNITY CENTERS

NEW YORK, Oct. 16 (JTA)—Seven Jewish community center workers from the United States and Canada left this week for Israel to spend a full year as staff members at community centers there. The seven are "trailblazers" in a pioneer program designed specifically for center workers. The program is a cooperative effort of JWB, Sherut La'am of the American Zionist Youth Foundation, the Israel Corporation of Community Centers, the Youth and Hechalutz Department of the World Zionist Organization, and the Association of Jewish Center Workers.

The major aim of the program is to provide a living experience in Israel in which North American center workers can share with their Israeli counterparts, learning and teaching as they live side by side. Each of these workers has given up a full-time position to devote a year of work in Israel.

"trailblazers" and to use their skills and training to the fullest, the Israel Corporation of Community Centers will assign them to line positions at community centers in development towns. Assignment will come after a three-month ulpan or less for those whose knowledge of Hebrew is adequate.

The seven, all below 30 years of age, include two married couples and three young women. They are: Jonathan Kaiser and his wife Rebecca, of Chicago; Alan Wolchansky and his wife Joan, of New Orleans; Vicki Lebman of St. Louis; Debbie Rosner of Montreal; and Judi Marcus of Houston.

SOVIET JEWS PLAN HUNGER STRIKE

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 16 (JTA)—Three well-known Moscow Jews have appealed to colleagues in the West for "professional solidarity" at a time when "all other avenues have been exhausted." Mikhail Suslov, an award winning cinematographer, Felix Kandel-Kamov, an award winning sceen writer, and Evgeni Baraz, a well-known journalist have all applied for exit visas, but they have been refused permission to emigrate from the Soviet Union. They announced that they would begin a hunger strike today in conjunction with the San Francisco Film Festival which runs through Oct. 27. The strike began today.

News of the dramatic hunger strike came in a telephone conversation with Si Frumkin, chairman of the Southern California Council for Soviet Jews. Frumkin and Zev Yaroslavsky, executive director of the SCCSJ, met with the three Moscow Jews last April during a brief trip to the Soviet Union. In an appeal to theatrical and journalistic professionals, Suslov, Kamov and Baraz declared: "Support us. Express your solidarity with us....We need your help. We wait for your help. If not you, then who? And if not now, when?"