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SHAZAR IN SERIOUS CONDITION

JERUSALEM, Sept. 30 (JTA)--Former President Zalman Shazar was reported to be in a serious condition today at Hadassah Hospital where he was admitted over the weekend. Doctors refused to specify the nature of his illness. Shazar is 85. His wife, Rachel, who suffered a stroke two years ago, is in a convalescent home in northern Israel.

CAPTURED TERRORIST SAYS LEBANESE AUTHORITIES AND ARMY FULLY AWARE OF TERRORIST MOVEMENTS IN LEBANON By Yitzhak Shargil

TEL AVIV, Sept. 30 (JTA)--A captured terrorist who admitted he was on a mission to seize hostages in Israel said on a television interview last night that the Lebanese authorities and army are fully aware of terrorist movements in southern Lebanon and could stop them at any time if they so desired. Haled Mahmoud Yassin, 28, who comes from the Lebanese coastal town of Tripoli, was captured by Israeli forces during a skirmish near Fassouta in Upper Galilee on Sept. 3 in which two of his companions were killed.

(See separate story dealing with statement on Lebanon and terrorists by Yosef Tekoa, Israeli Ambassador to the United Nations.)

Yassin, a member of Naif Hawatmeh's Popular Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine appeared on the Arabic television broadcast. He said that he and his fellow terrorists infiltrated into Israel under orders to capture hostages and hold them for the release of terrorists in Israeli jails. He said their orders were to blow themselves up along with their hostages should the Israeli authorities refuse to make the exchange. They were also ordered to kill anyone who tried to interfere with their mission, Yassin said.

According to Yassin, terrorists come and go at will in southern Lebanon despite the fact that the region is a military area, heavily patrolled by the Lebanese army which knows of the terrorists' movements and could stop them from entering Israel. He said that he and his companions passed through Lebanese villages in broad daylight, in full view of soldiers and civilians who knew their identity.

Dead Arab Was A Terrorist

Police today identified an Arab laborer killed when a bomb exploded in an Egged bus yesterday morning as a member of a terrorist gang in Gaza. They said that Ibrahim Hilmi, 23, died when the bomb he intended to leave in the Tel Aviv central bus terminal exploded prematurely as his bus carrying workers from Gaza entered Tel Aviv. Hilmi was employed in the bus garage in Gaza. A search of his home there yielded a quantity of potash, the chemical base used in the manufacture of explosives, police said.

Terrorists Trained In USSR

Meanwhile, another terrorist suspect, Ahmed Mouhamed Yassin, 30, was arraigned before a military tribunal in Nablus today on charges of membership in the National Palestinian Front, the military arm of the Palestinian Communist Party

According to the charges, Yassin, who was employed as a city engineer in Nablus, underwent training near Moscow for acts of sabotage to be carried out in Israeli territory.

The prosecution contended that Yassin was recruited by the NPF in 1971 and was sent to the Soviet Union the following year to participate in an institute on Marxist-Leninist doctrines attended by 250 youths from all over the world, including several others from the Israel-administered territories. In addition to the studies, the youths were sent to a camp near Moscow for training in the use of firearms and explosives, first aid and techniques for resisting the dispersion of demonstrators, the prosecution said. Yassin's trial will begin in a few weeks.

JACKSON HOPEFUL FOR EARLY ACCORD ON SOVIET TRADE-EMIGRATION ISSUE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 (JTA)--Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D., Wash.) said today that he hoped an agreement would be reached with the Ford Administration this week on the Soviet trade-emigration issue but indicated that the deadlock still has not been broken. "I hope we will have something this week," Jackson told a news conference. He said he had made a new proposal to the Administration that contained various options but would not say what the proposal was.

Jackson and his colleagues, Sens. Jacob K. Javits (R., N.Y.) and Abraham Ribicoff (D., Conn.) have been conferring regularly with President Ford and Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger on revising the language of the Jackson Amendment that would bar credits and most favored nation status for the Soviet Union unless Moscow eases its emigration restrictions on Jews and others.

The Senators reportedly have proposed a one-year trial period in which the Russians would receive trade concessions. But the White House would have to demonstrate after a year that the Russians were complying in order to have Congress continue to waive the restrictions. The Ford Administration insists that the waiver should remain in force indefinitely unless Congress decides to veto it.

Jackson described his amendment as "a pioneering step" insofar as trade with the Communist bloc countries is concerned. "I assume there will be a substantial number of gentiles as well as Jews applying to emigrate," he said.

ALLON: KISSINGER IS INSTRUMENTAL IN ENSURING U.S. AID FOR ISRAEL

Says There Is No U.S. Pressure On Israel
By David Friedman

NEW YORK, Sept. 30 (JTA)--Israeli Foreign Minister Yigal Allon strongly defended Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger against charges that the Secretary had impeded aid for Israel during the Yom Kippur War. Speaking last night to an overflow audience of young American Jewish leaders at the Israel Consulate, Allon, who is also Israel's Deputy Premier, said no one was "more instrumental than the American Secretary of State" in ensuring U.S. political and economic support for Israel.

Allon, who is here as the head of the Israeli delegation to the United Nations General Assembly and who is due to mount a vigorous campaign against the inclusion of the "Palestine Question"

on the Assembly's agenda as a separate item and the presence of the Palestine Liberation Organization at the session, is scheduled to meet tomorrow with Kissinger.

Responding to questions from the audience about published reports regarding Kissinger's attitude toward Israel, Allon stressed that "there is no American diktat" and "no American pressure, at least for the time being." He noted that "this does not mean we have to accept every view," adding that differences between Israel and the U.S. are discussed as between friends. But he indicated that if major differences arose, Israel would take its case to the American people.

The Israeli official said he had no objection to Kissinger enjoying the confidence of the Arabs since this gives him leverage to act as a mediator between the two sides in the Middle East conflict.

Warm Words For Jackson

Allon also labeled as a "lie" reports in the American and Israeli press that Kissinger had demanded that efforts to aid Soviet Jews to emigrate be dropped in order for Israel to get U.S. aid during the Yom Kippur War. He had warm words for Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D-Wash.) who, he said, was "loved" in Israel for his efforts to help Soviet Jews. Allon noted that the discussions now going on between the Administration and Congressmen led by Jackson on the issue of Soviet emigration would have beneficial results for Soviet Jews.

The Foreign Minister quipped that in the Knesset the opposition seems to include Jackson as one of its members and talks of Kissinger as if he was a member of Premier Yitzhak Rabin's government. "We don't want to lose either Henry," Allon said, "We need both."

With Israeli Ambassador Simcha Dinitz at his side, Allon praised him as a "very able emissary in Washington" who "is doing a very good job." Noting that Dinitz has also been criticized for his part in the Yom Kippur War diplomacy, Allon said that "if to establish good relations in Washington" with the Administration and Congress is wrong, then Dinitz could be criticized.

Need For Jewish Education In The Diaspora

Allon, who had requested the meeting with the young leaders in order to discuss Israel-diaspora relations, ranged over a wide gamut of issues, but stressed the need for Jewish education in the diaspora. He said this generation of Jews aged 16 to 50 has been "given the tremendous responsibility for the continuation and preservation of Judaism as an idea and the Jewish people as a nation." He noted that in Israel "our first and foremost allegiance is to the Jewish people."

Allon criticized American Jewry for not providing adequate Jewish education. "What disturbs me most is the lack almost of Jewish education for Jewish children," he said. He noted that in countries with small Jewish communities such as Australia, South Africa and Venezuela, 90 percent of the Jewish children attend Jewish day schools. He said this was not true in the U.S., which has the largest Jewish population in the world. He said Jewish education was needed "for the preservation of the Jewish people."

The Israeli leader said that in order to keep Israel strong world Jewry must provide Israel

with political and economic support and encourage immigration to Israel. He said of the three, aliya is the most important. "We suffer many shortages," he said. "The greatest shortage of all is of Jews." Allon was introduced by David Rivlin, Israel's Consul General in New York.

TEKOAHI WARNS THAT LEBANON IS IMPERILED BY TERRORISTS

UNITED NATIONS, Sept. 30 (JTA)—Israel declared here that the Lebanese government was being imperiled by the same terrorist "murder squads" for which "pressure is being brought to bear" on the current United Nations General Assembly "to accord some kind of standing" in the Assembly. In a letter Friday to Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah cited a statement on Sept. 11 by Kazem Khalil, the Lebanese Justice Minister, that "it is not just that the Palestinians should conquer a small country like ours and turn us into a scapegoat."

Tekoah prefaced his statement with a review of new efforts by the terrorist groups to infiltrate Israel from their bases in southern Lebanon to carry out missions of sabotage, kidnap and murder. Tekoah declared that "even Jamal Jumblatt, a well-known Lebanese politician and strong supporter of the terrorist organizations, found it necessary to declare, as reported in the Beirut daily, Al Hayat on Sept. 17, that 'I regret that some of the fedayeen in the south are not implementing the clear orders and instructions of several months ago to withdraw from the villages.'"

Terrorist Actions Cited

Tekoah cited the discovery on the eve of Yom Kippur of two breaches of the border at which footprints of terrorists leading from Lebanon into Israel and back to Lebanon were found. He reported that the terror squad left at one of the breaches weapons, ammunition and leaflets, in Arabic and Hebrew, demanding the release of 10 persons in Israel for terrorist activities.

He said one of the names was that of Archbishop Hillarion Capucci, now on trial in Israel on charges of involvement in supplying weapons to terrorists. He said the leaflets were signed in the name of El Fatah. On Sept. 8, he reported, the Zarit area was shelled from Lebanese territory and on Sept. 11, an Israeli patrol north of Zarit was attacked by automatic rifle fire from across the Lebanese border. "These criminal attacks," Tekoah declared, "demonstrate time and again that the Palestinian murder organizations in Lebanon maintain what is in fact a regime of their own completely unfettered in its odious operations."

He said Israel was defending and would continue to defend the lives of its citizens "by taking appropriate measures against the murder organizations." He added that the Lebanese government "which permits the terror activities to continue on and from Lebanese territory, must bear sole responsibility for the consequences of this situation."

UNESCO MAY ADMIT THE PLO

PARIS, Sept. 30 (JTA)—The executive committee of UNESCO will deliberate here Thursday on the question of admitting the Palestine Liberation Organization to the organization as an observer. Political analysts are predicting that the line-up of countries in the UNESCO vote will mirror the predicted majority which is forming in the United Nations General Assembly to sponsor the admission of the PLO. The Israeli delegation to UNESCO is strongly opposing the resolution.

KISSINGER RETURNING TO MIDEAST IN SEARCH OF FURTHER PROGRESS

By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 (JTA)—Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger will visit Egypt, Syria, Jordan and Israel from Oct. 9-13 inclusive on his eighth trip to the area in search of further progress towards a Middle East settlement. The State Department said his purpose is to continue consultations on negotiations looking to "a just and lasting peace" in the Middle East. An announcement in Cairo, however, went further, saying that Kissinger would continue consultations "on the coming stage of the Geneva talks on a just and permanent peace."

Neither the Washington nor the Cairo announcements, which had long been expected, elaborated on details. Kissinger indicated some movement towards additional views from the Arabs in that he invited Arab League leaders to dinner tonight in New York where they are attending the United Nations General Assembly. The dinner will be at the U.S. Mission to the UN.

The Secretary, in New York for four days, will meet separately Wednesday with Israeli Foreign Minister Yigal Allon and with Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy. Before Kissinger left Washington yesterday, he had lunch, followed by a working session, with the Syrian Foreign Minister, Abdel Halim Khaddam.

Kissinger had met with the same foreign ministers in the continuing round of Middle East discussions at the White House and State Department in Washington that stretched over most of last summer. His present round of talks appear to be a reprise of the summer meetings, compressed into a few days, to acquaint the Secretary with the latest thinking on both sides of the Middle East conflict before he visits the region again.

The announcements of Kissinger's trip came while Arab oil producing nations were fuming at the Secretary and President Ford for their attacks against their petroleum output and pricing practices. In that connection, the State Department was asked today whether Saudi Arabia, the largest oil producer, was not included in the Kissinger itinerary since that country was presumed to have been originally on his schedule. Spokesman John King replied that there had been "some speculation" about Saudi Arabia's inclusion but it is not on the schedule.

U.S. Embassy Dismayed Over Grant Cut

Meanwhile, an apparently accurate but unconfirmed report circulated here that the American Embassy in Cairo was dismayed to learn that the Ford Administration is willing to eliminate the grant of \$250 million in economic support to Egypt designated in the Foreign Aid Bill pending in Congress. King said that he could not speculate whether a new aid bill or "a continuing resolution" would be asked from Congress. A continuing resolution would extend last year's aid program which did not include such aid to Egypt.

Israel is earmarked thus far in both branches of Congress to get \$250 million in economic aid, five times as much as the Administration had originally asked. Congress also has authorized the \$250 million for Egypt but the Senate and House Appropriations Committees have yet to act on the measure and Congress is seeking to cut the budget drastically in view of U.S. economic prospects. With regard to the Embassy's reported dismay, King said he would not discuss confidential communications between the Department and

an Embassy and declared he cannot confirm or deny the report.

BANK CRISIS WORSENS

By David Landau

JERUSALEM, Sept. 30 (JTA)—Premier Yitzhak Rabin has telephoned Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz who is attending the International Monetary Fund conference in Washington today to return home immediately because of the worsening crisis involving investments by the Israel Economic Corporation in the tottering financial empire of Swiss-Jewish banker Tibor Rosenbaum.

The government-sponsored corporation, established in 1969 with the assistance of Jewish businessmen from North America and Europe, is believed to have sustained losses in excess of \$20 million as a result of the failure of Rosenbaum's International Credit Bank of Geneva.

The situation was discussed at length at yesterday's Cabinet meeting where Minister of Commerce and Industry Haim Barlev, filling in for Rabinowitz, announced that he has asked Treasury officials to draft new criteria for investments and deposits by government and government-sponsored corporations.

Meanwhile, Michael Tsur, managing director of the Israel Economic Corp., has been suspended, and board chairman Baron Edmund de Rothschild has reportedly asked Israeli legal authorities whether criminal action could be brought against Tsur for his conduct of the IEC's affairs.

Tsur Will Defend His Conduct

Tsur said today that he would defend his conduct and his investment of IEC funds after the money was recouped or collateral secured. He refused to say how much money was involved but strongly denied that his investments had been speculative in nature as alleged in financial circles here. He refused to divulge details of the emergency board meeting last Friday called by Baron de Rothschild.

According to unconfirmed reports, Baron de Rothschild had ordered Tsur to withdraw all IEC funds on deposit with the Rosenbaum bank in the spring of 1973 after learning of Rosenbaum's financial difficulties. Tsur complied but subsequently invested larger sums in Rosenbaum's bank and other companies controlled by the financier without the knowledge of the IEC board, the unconfirmed reports allege.

ADRIANA NEUMANN, ARTIST, DEAD

NEW YORK, Sept. 30 (JTA)—Israeli artist Adriana Neumann, who was critically injured on Yom Kippur eve when she fell from a bicycle in Central Park, died Saturday in Roosevelt Hospital here. She was buried today in Staten Island at Haboron Hirsch Cemetery. Ms. Neumann, in her early 40s, who resided in Manhattan, was well known in artistic circles in Israel and New York as a talented artist, batik expert and stage designer.

Born in Bucharest, she emigrated to Israel in 1961 and shortly thereafter began to design scenery for various theaters in Israel. She also had a number of exhibitions that were received favorably by art critics and the public alike. A batik show of hers was scheduled to open in Washington in mid-October.

Ms. Neumann arrived in New York in 1972. She designed costumes for the Jewish Experimental Theater in N.Y., and had several exhibitions for the America-Israel Cultural Foundation and the American Zionist Federation.

RALLY CALLS ON SYRIAN GOVERNMENT TO END PERSECUTION OF SYRIAN JEWS

By Yitzhak Rabi

NEW YORK, Sept. 30 (JTA)--About 70 persons, national Jewish leaders among them, gathered behind a symbolic prison fence at the Isaiah Wall facing the United Nations this morning to protest against the "imprisonment" of Syrian Jews. The demonstration, sponsored by the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations, called on the Damascus government to end the "persecution, repression and deprivation of Syrian Jews" and to permit them to emigrate.

Rabbi Israel Miller, chairman of the Presidents Conference, said the Isaiah Wall was chosen as the site of the protest because Syrian Foreign Minister Abdel Halim Khadam is currently attending the UN General Assembly session. "We want Mr. Khadam to know that Americans of every race and religion are profoundly distressed that Syria's Jewish community is being systematically destroyed by the Damascus regime," Rabbi Miller said.

He read messages from Sen. Jacob K. Javits (R-NY) and former U.S. Attorney General Ramsey Clark. Javits' message declared, "This nation... must raise its voice to arouse the conscience of the world to the plight of Syrian Jewry and the dire necessity to relieve their pitiable condition. We cannot and must not remain silent."

'Fight With All Of Our Strength'

Clark, who said he had learned of the condition of Syrian Jews as a delegate to the International Conference for the Deliverance of Jews in the Middle East last summer, declared, "Until all Jews who wish to leave (Syria) are allowed to do so, until all Jews who wish to remain are allowed to live in full enjoyment of their civil rights, we must fight with all of our strength to let Syrian Jewry know that they will never be alone."

Another speaker, Mrs. Henry N. Rapaport, president of the Women's League for Conservative Judaism, called the condition of Syria's 4500 Jews an "intolerable and disgraceful situation." She declared, "If Syria, because of the Arab-Israeli conflict, is not ready to let them cross the border to Israel, there will be other countries ready to accept them. But they must be allowed to leave at once." Appealing to the United Nations Commission on Human Rights to intervene to free the Jews of Syria, Mrs. Rapaport said that "the present situation constituted a blemish on all mankind and the world must find a way to persuade the government of Syria to let these oppressed people go."

B'nai B'rith Appeals To Syria's Minister

In Washington, B'nai B'rith called on Syria to permit Jews to leave that country for more hospitable lands if it wants improved relations with the United States. Dr. William A. Wexler, honorary president of B'nai B'rith and chairman of its International Council, said in a letter to Khadam that most of the 4500 Jews in Syria "no longer see a Jewish future" there.

Yet, he said, not only have barriers been placed in the way of their leaving but "restrictions on earning a livelihood are making survival within Syria increasingly difficult." Wexler said a relaxed emigration policy would "eliminate a serious obstacle to improved relations with the governments of the world" and added

that "if your government sincerely wants the good will of the American people it would be well to re-examine your policy on Jewish emigration."

SOVIET JEWISH DOCTOR CHARGED WITH 'ATTEMPTED POISONING OF CHILDREN'

NEW YORK, Sept. 30 (JTA)--A Jewish doctor in Vinnitsa in the Ukraine has been accused of "attempted poisoning of children," it was reported today by the Student Struggle for Soviet Jewry. In a letter obtained by the SSSJ, Dr. Mikhail Stern, his wife, Ida, and their sons, Victor, a physicist, and August, a biologist, all of whom have applied for permission to emigrate to Israel, wrote that the charge and various forms of intimidation began immediately after they received an invitation from their relative in Israel.

According to the letter, the Sterns' apartment was broken into "by unknown persons for unknown reasons. On May 25 our father was arrested by officials of the KGB. Ten men broke into the apartment in the most brutal manner without any warning." All of Dr. Stern's possessions and papers were gone through, the letter continued, and an accusation of "attempting to poison little children who were under his care as a doctor" has been prepared.

"Investigating officials are browbeating witnesses to make them lie and give testimony accusing a doctor they have always trusted and respected of the intention to poison their children," the letter stated. Dr. Stern, 56, has been a practicing physician for more than 30 years. The case, according to the letter, has been handed over to the Procurator's office "with instructions to prepare some sort of case so that our father could be brought to trial."

A SSSJ spokesman commented that "this is reminiscent both of medieval 'poisoning' accusations against Jews and of Stalin's 'doctors plot.' How can the Kremlin say it will abide by the Jackson Amendment when it openly violates standards of basic human conduct?"

ISRAEL'S NEWEST JET EXECUTIVE AIRCRAFT, WESTWIND 1124, UNVEILED

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 30 (JTA)--Preliminary technical specifications and performance details of Israel's newest executive jet aircraft, the Westwind 1124, were disclosed here several days ago at a meeting of the National Business Aircraft Association. The 10-passenger twin-engined jet that will be priced at about \$1.5 million, will have a speed of 500 mph, a ceiling of 41,000 feet and a 2800-mile cruising range, according to S. Samach, an official of Israel Aircraft Industries Ltd.

Samach, who is marketing director for the Westwind model, said the new plane's first flight will take place in April, 1975, and certification by the U.S. Federal Aviation Agency (FAA) is expected later next year. The planes are manufactured at the IAI plant at Ben Gurion Airport near Tel Aviv which is expected to have them ready for customers early in 1976, Samach said.

He said the 1124 will replace IAI's 1123 Westwind model. The latter plane, which is priced at \$1.150 million, is marketed by the Atlantic Aviation Corp. of Wilmington, Del., IAI's North American distributor, which will also handle the 1124. Samach said that 18 1123s have been sold world-wide to date and 10-12 more will be manufactured before the 1124 goes into production.

AMSTERDAM (JTA)--In an abrupt change of policy, Holland has announced it will give development aid next year to three Mideast countries: Egypt, North Yemen and the Sudan.