



## NO ISRAELIS HURT IN THE DISTURBANCES IN CYPRUS

TEL AVIV, July 16 (JTA) -- Reports arriving here from Cyprus today reflected the continuing confusion following the coup yesterday but confirmed that the estimated 250 Israeli tourists now on the island as well as personnel of the Israel Embassy in Nicosia and representatives of Israeli companies on the island were well.

Nicosia airport has been closed since the start of the coup and El Al flights to Nicosia today were cancelled. The shutdown of the Nicosia airport caused some concern among Israeli aviation officials because Nicosia airport had coordinated Israeli flights to Mideast countries whose airports do not have contacts with Israeli airports. The Nicosia control tower has funneled Israeli flights to various Mideast countries.

An Israeli freighter, Avocad Kor, in port to load grapes for Britain, found the port virtually deserted yesterday. 'Dany Lemberg, the ship's captain, tried to get in touch with port authorities without success and decided to sail. Two officers of the ship, their wives and a child were on shore.

Lemberg left their passports with another ship in the port. Shortly afterwards, the ship received a cable that the five had reached Limasol port. The Israeli ship sent a motorboat to the port and picked up the five, bringing them back to the ship which was on the high seas.

## Israeli Officials Mum On Coup

The Israeli Embassy in Nicosia, which is in frequent contact with Jerusalem, has confirmed that no Israeli tourists or holiday vacationers were hurt in the disturbances arising from the coup. Officials in Jerusalem were maintaining silence on the developments, refusing to comment until the situation is clarified. The deposed President, Archbishop Makarios, had in recent years, drifted toward the Arabs but at the same time had been careful to maintain full and correct diplomatic relations with Israel.

Nikos Giorgiades Sampson, who was sworn in as President by the junta which seized power, spent several years in Egypt. His newspaper, "Mahi" (Combat), used to publish extreme anti-Israel articles but recently articles on the Arab-Israeli conflict have been somewhat more balanced, officials reported here.

Observers here suggested that the fact that Makarios is still alive makes the coup incomplete and its results in doubt. Makarios has great influence on the Cypriotes and can rally resistance to the Greek-inspired national guard and other backers of union with Greece.

## RABIN: ISRAEL WILL SEAL BORDERS, HIT AT TERRORIST BASES, EQUIP CITIZENS IN WAR AGAINST TERRORISM

JERUSALEM, July 16 (JTA) -- Premier Yitzhak Rabin declared here today that Israel would seek to close off its borders and thereby prevent terrorist infiltration, while at the same time "organizing the rear, throughout the depth of the country, to resist any incursions which do

succeed in penetrating the borders." In addition, Rabin said, the government's policy would be to conduct active measures to "disrupt, endanger and hit at the terrorist murderers wherever they are." Rabin spoke in the Knesset to wind up last week's debate on the Horev Commission report on Maalot.

In an apparent reference to the disputes and controversies to which the report has given rise, the Premier said his government (which had not appointed the Commission and which was not the subject of its inquiry) would not set itself up as an inquiry into the inquiry. It had accepted the Commission's recommendations, had already implemented some of them, and was preparing to implement the others. Rabin stressed that terrorism was not the most dangerous threat facing Israel, Israel must be on its guard in case a new military confrontation was forced upon it by the Arab states, he declared, in obvious response to recent warlike noises emanating from Cairo.

Defense Minister Shimon Peres had told the Knesset yesterday that 30 infiltrating terrorists had been killed and five taken prisoner by the army during the first six months of this year. Replying to Parliamentary questions, the Minister said 507 persons had been detained under administrative order in the West Bank during the same period, and another 304 in the Gaza Strip.

## SIMON AND ISRAELI LEADERS TO DISCUSS ECONOMIC COOPERATION

JERUSALEM, July 16 (JTA) -- William E. Simon, U.S. Secretary of the Treasury, arrived in Israel tonight from Egypt for talks on Israel's economy and future U.S. economic aid to Israel, as well as economic cooperation between the U.S. and Israel. Simon's visit to Israel, which is part of a tour of Middle East countries, is a follow-up to the prospects for large scale U.S. economic assistance to Israel indicated in the joint communique issued during President Nixon's visit to Israel in June.

The communique made brief references to cooperation in the fields of trade, tourism, investment, industrial research, atomic energy, water desalination and similar topics, as well as economic aid. The talks with Simon are expected to go into detail on the communique topics. Simon will meet with Premier Yitzhak Rabin and Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz. A dinner in Simon's honor will be given tomorrow by Foreign Minister Yigal Allon. Simon will leave Thursday for Saudi Arabia.

Simon's three days of talks in Egypt reportedly concentrated on guarantees for American investments in Egypt and liberalization of Egypt's economic system. President Anwar Sadat of Egypt said, after a conference with Simon, that the latter's trip was "a real contribution to peace."

Simon said he had assured Sadat that he would have an answer soon on how much grain Egypt could receive from the U.S. under the Food for Peace program but he added that Egypt would not get all the wheat it wants from the U.S. alone.

## PROTEST AGAINST PLO OFFICE IN CANBERRA

TEL AVIV, July 16 (JTA) -- A group of

Australian immigrants in Israel met yesterday with the Australian Ambassador to discuss that country's reported intention of permitting the Palestine Liberation Organization to open an information office in Canberra. The delegation reported after the meeting that Ambassador Rawdon Dalrymple stressed Australia's even-handed policy in the Middle East and said that a request by the PLO to open an office in his country would be treated like similar requests from the Jewish Agency or the World Zionist Organization.

Dalrymple, who said the invitation to open a PLO office in Canberra had been extended by a private individual and that the government had nothing to do with it, refused to discuss the possibility that terrorists might receive visas to Australia. He said he could not discuss what he termed hypothetical cases. Several days ago a number of Australian immigrants in Israel said that relatives had sent letters expressing fear that the opening of a PLO office would act to invite terrorists to Australia and terrorist acts against Australian Jews. A protest campaign is being organized by Australian immigrants here against the Canberra government.

#### SAPIR PREPARING NEW EMPLOYMENT, HOUSING PLANS TO ATTRACT IMMIGRANTS FROM SOUTH AMERICA

JERUSALEM, July 16 (JTA) Pinhas Sapir, chairman of the Jewish Agency and World Zionist Organization, is engaged in intensive preparation for his South American tour next month. Sapir wants to go there with new housing and employment plans to attract increased immigration from that part of the world.

In the last few weeks Sapir held intensive talks with various economic specialists in order to develop employment programs. Special attention is being given to projects that will challenge young immigrants. Arrangements are also being made to provide housing for the immigrants.

Sapir will also study the problems of Jewish education in South America. He intends to stress the need for the doubling of the number of educational institutions "within a short-time range." He will be accompanied for that purpose by Haim Finkelstein, chairman of the WZO's department for education in the diaspora.

#### EMPLOYEES OF EC DEMAND EXPULSION OF ACHENBACH

BRUSSELS, July 16 (JTA) -- Several hundred employees of the European Commission headquartered here have demanded that Ernst Achenbach, a West German Liberal deputy, be expelled from the European Parliament.

In a petition, the employees demand Achenbach's expulsion on the grounds that his attempt to block the ratification of the Franco-German treaty providing for the re-trial in Germany of Nazi war criminals is contrary to the fundamental principles of the European community. Achenbach presently heads a sub-commission of the European Parliament.

Achenbach had originally hoped to become president of the European Commission itself but his bid was blocked because of his Nazi past. In 1970, former resistance fighters working for the European Commission campaigned against his candidacy because of his

responsibility in the deportation of French Jews during World War II. Nazi hunter Beate Klarsfeld also fought his nomination as did his fellow countryman, Willy Haferkamp. At the time, Haferkamp headed another commission in the European Parliament and threatened to resign if Achenbach was nominated.

#### Had Connections With Nazi

Achenbach, formerly a German war-time diplomat in Paris, had close connections with Gestapo Chief Kurt Lischka, and has up to now successfully blocked ratification of the 1971 Franco-German treaty that could bring Lischka and many others to trial in Germany. Mrs. Klarsfeld is now appealing a two-month sentence from a Cologne court for her attempt to kidnap Lischka and bring him to trial in France.

Last week the German Young Free Democrats demanded Achenbach's resignation as an FDP member of Parliament. A FDP leader said Achenbach's conduct over the treaty ratification has been a "political scandal which could have consequences for the FDP," harming its political image and the credibility of its foreign policy. He described Achenbach's call for amnesty for Nazi criminals as "cynical."

The Free Democrat Executive Board meanwhile has proposed that Achenbach be removed from the Bundestag Foreign Affairs Committee, where he has been handling the ratification of the 1971 treaty. Mrs. Klarsfeld's trial and the support she has had outside Germany has spotlighted Germany's failure to ratify the treaty and Achenbach's central role in blocking ratification.

#### PERES SAYS GAZA STRIP QUIET

TEL AVIV, July 16 (JTA) -- Defense Minister Shimon Peres, reporting on a visit today to the Gaza Strip, said that the Strip had been tranquil for the past six months and that annual income per capita in the Strip had reached IL 1200, an increase he described as a significant achievement. Peres was accompanied by Gen. Yonna Efrat, coordinator of activities in the administered areas, Gen. Raphael Vardi and local commanders.

One of the topics discussed in meetings with a group of leaders of Gaza Strip communities was the issue of a Palestinian entity. The discussions produced a variety of views, the Israeli officials reported. Some of the local leaders wanted to be under Jordanian rule, some even wanted to return to control by Egypt and some suggested the Strip be attached to the Samaria-Judea district on the West Bank. Some of the Arab dignitaries said they had been invited to come to Beirut to discuss the Palestinian entity issue but they indicated no clear idea as to what they really wanted.

Most of the requests from the Arab dignitaries involved economic matters, including requests for creation of a bank in the Strip, creation of trade unions and setting up of a housing company.

#### ZOA LEADER SAYS U.S. JEWS HAVE LOST THEIR ZIONIST COMMITMENT

By Sue Macy

NEW YORK, July 16 (JTA) -- Claiming that "the American Jew has lost his Zionist commitment," Dr. Joseph P. Sternstein, the new president of the Zionist Organization of America, told a press conference today that during his term of office the ZOA will conduct an intensive campaign to educate the public and restore that commitment. Dr. Sternstein, rabbi of the Conser-

vative Temple Beth Sholom in Roslyn Heights, L.I., outlined the first step of the campaign, a program of seminars to expose young adult Jews and their families to Zionism.

"We are on the eve of a titanic political struggle in the Jewish community outside Israel and especially in America," said Dr. Sternstein, citing the pressure which is now building up over this country's position in the Middle East. However, at the very time when American Jewish support of Israel is crucial, the American community has failed in two important barometers of Zionist strength, aliya and tourism to Israel, he asserted.

Emphasizing that he does not believe "if you don't go on aliya, you are not a Zionist," Dr. Sternstein said that nevertheless the recent decline in aliya indicates an overall decline in American Zionist consciousness. "The precipitous drop after the October War of American tourism to Israel," said Dr. Sternstein, "is a result of our own failures. It is my conviction that to revive Zionism ZOA must put a major effort on educating the young generations."

#### Series Of Programs Outlined

The first step in this education program, called the Young Zionist Fellowship Seminars, is a series of programs lasting a week-end to two weeks and aimed at the age group of 25-40. Its objective is "to expose these young people to the Zionist experience and educate them to the Zionist community and personal involvement, with the possibility of leading to aliya," Dr. Sternstein said. The meetings, which will take place at five locations throughout the country, will invite these people and their children to experience Israeli cultural life, hear lectures on Judaism and Zionism, and take part in discussions on those subjects.

ZOA's new program will be aimed at the 25-40 age group because, according to the ZOA president, "The potential for active Zionists in this group is very significant." He said since the development of the State of Israel in 1948 there have been no real, successful programs of Zionist education in the United States.

"I believe there is a Zionist thesis to Jewish life," said the new president. "Zionism is a word for the responsibilities of Jews to the Jewish people. When you assume responsibility in American Jewish life, you must assume it in world Jewish life as well." Israel, said Dr. Sternstein, is the focal point of American Jewish life, and it is the job of a Zionist organization to bring all Jews to recognize this fact.

#### ISRAELIS MUST BE TAUGHT TO IDENTIFY WITH HOLOCAUST VICTIMS. NOT JUST RESISTANCE FIGHTERS

GENEVA, July 16 (JTA) -- A Hebrew University historian said here that Israelis must be taught to identify themselves with the victims of the holocaust, not just the resistance fighters. Prof. Shimon Hermon, professor of modern Jewish history at Hebrew University, said that Israeli educators have been stressing the aspects of resistance during World War II. He said this was a partial approach and Israeli children should be brought up to identify themselves totally with the Jewish past in the diaspora.

Speaking at a symposium on the holocaust during the annual meeting of the board of trustees of the Memorial Foundation for Jewish Culture, Hermon declared: "It is immoral, and will be even more immoral as time goes on, to ask the question, whether the martyrs of the holocaust

could have done more in active resistance. This attitude could well make children hate the victim rather than the persecutor." However, he noted that since 1967 this attitude has changed and the holocaust is much more pronounced in the consciousness and behavior of Israelis.

Brig. Gen. Yitzhak Arad, director of Yad Vashem in Jerusalem and a former partisan fighter against the Nazis, stressed that it was not always appreciated that it sometimes took more courage to stay with one's family and try to protect and feed them than to leave the town and join the partisans. He said many Jews who tried to join partisan units were not permitted to join.

Arad, who was a tank commander in the Israeli army, said the lesson Israelis have learned from the holocaust is that the only answer is to be strong and able to defend oneself.

#### Awareness Can Prevent New Holocaust

Dr. Yehuda Bauer, head of the Institute of Contemporary Jewry at Hebrew University, said the only way to prevent another holocaust is for Jews and non-Jews to be aware of what happened. "We are only at the beginning of our efforts to teach the holocaust to future generations, though the Israelis have already learned the lesson of how to defend themselves," Bauer said. "Because Israel is there, another holocaust becomes very remote, in fact unlikely."

Prof. Irving Greenberg of the City College of New York, in dealing with the religious aspect of the holocaust, said that as far as he was concerned the reality of God was greater than ever, the rebirth of Israel was the redemption of his faith and the line between secular and religious Jews was no longer credible. "After all, the rehabilitation of Jews is a much more important religious precept than prayer," he said.

#### SSSJ URGES BAN OF U.S. CRIME CONTROL EQUIPMENT TO USSR Warns KGB Will Use It To End Dissent

NEW YORK, July 16 (JTA) -- The Student Struggle for Soviet Jewry sharply attacked the scheduled participation of American crime control equipment firms in a "Crimtechnika 74" exposition in Moscow this Aug. as "a completely immoral act which can only further the ability of the KGB to wipe out any voice of dissent in the USSR."

Scores of U.S. firms have been invited to participate in the display for the benefit of Soviet police and secret police officials Aug. 14-28. According to information learned by SSSJ, the Kremlin has made strenuous efforts to insure the presence of many companies, whose highly sophisticated equipment will probably be purchased quickly thereafter.

"This exposition should be called 'Repression 74,'" a SSSJ spokesman declared. The equipment will be used to wipe out the Jewish emigration movement and the few voices of freedom that can still be heard in Russia. It seems that President Nixon's statement that the U.S. cannot involve itself in the "internal affairs" of the USSR and his lack of reaction to anti-Jewish brutality during his recent Soviet visit will give the Kremlin license to extend the Gulag Archipelago to every home in the USSR."

The SSSJ issued an appeal "to every American who values basic human rights to contact" Congress to ban the sale of the equipment.

## BEHIND THE HEADLINES KISSINGER'S FUTURE SEEMS BLEAK

By Joseph Polakoff

WASHINGTON, July 16 (JTA)--Discussion here of Henry A. Kissinger's future is not whether he will resign as Secretary of State but when and why he will step out of the position he assumed only last Sept. Resignation "within weeks," some of the country's principal conservative voices are now saying. He will leave the Cabinet, they say, to help former New York Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller, his prime political sponsor and friend, groom for the Republican Presidential nomination in 1976.

Liberal commentators agree Kissinger may leave but for different reasons. The Secretary, they say, has incurred President Nixon's displeasure for being identified daily in the media as a diplomatic magician and as America's number one hero for moving world diplomacy at his pace. The implication is that the President, simmering in domestic problems, is a "yes man" to his subordinate on foreign policy which the President cherishes as his domain of eminence in the historical record.

### Kissinger Compared To Servan-Schreiber

A French source said the President could not and would not allow Kissinger to continue in his Cabinet after hearing the Secretary lay the blame on the military of both superpowers for the failure to reach agreement on nuclear weapons at the recent Moscow summit conference. The French analyst compared Kissinger's remark with that of Jacques Servan-Schreiber, Minister of Reforms in the new Cabinet of President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing.

The popular minister was critical of the French government for exploding an atomic bomb in the Pacific. He was fired immediately by d'Estaing, the French analyst said, "because no head of state can countenance a subordinate telling the public that his leader does not control his own government. Can Nixon be any different?"

### Schlesinger Pointed Out

In blaming the military for failure on SALT at the summit, Kissinger pointed a finger at Defense Secretary James R. Schlesinger, his Harvard classmate who has also risen phenomenally to the top of the government's appointive hierarchy. Schlesinger's thinking on Soviet-American relationship in matters of defense and armaments is close to that of Sen. Henry M. Jackson's views, while Kissinger's is close to that of Sen. J. William Fulbright.

At the summit, Nixon decided to go along with Schlesinger rather than with Kissinger. Some say that Schlesinger will take over at the State Department if and when Kissinger should leave. Others consider the post will go to either former Deputy Secretary of State Kenneth Rush, who recently became economic czar at the White House or Joseph J. Sisco who was promoted to Undersecretary only last winter after having resigned as Assistant Secretary for the Middle East to become president of Hamilton College.

### Policies Will Continue

What will happen to the Soviet emigration and Middle East issues should Kissinger leave? Basically, the same policies will continue. Nixon made his commitments to Leonid I. Brezhnev on most favored nation status and credits, and, therefore, no matter who is Secretary of State,

as was evident during William P. Rogers' tenure, the Administration cannot deviate from that course even if Congress won't go along.

Regarding the Middle East, the policy of persuading Israel to give up land while encouraging the Arabs to look upon the United States with friendlier eyes was believed to have been set even before Kissinger took office barely a fortnight before the Yom Kippur War broke out. If the war had not taken place, other means would have been found at the State Department--less dramatic, less costly, less agonizing--to develop the "new realities" in the Middle East. The era of "even-handedness" was in the Nixon hand of cards. Therefore the policy will be the same in the foreseeable future although the tactics may switch should alternatives be required in the delicate business taking place.

Perhaps the most telling comment of all on the possibility of Kissinger leaving the government was the remark of a senior official when he was asked what the effect of the Secretary's departure would be on the State Department. In matter of fact tones and in a manner indicating that Kissinger's resignation appears to be a certainty and not a rumor which it still is at this stage, the official responded that the State Department has many good people in it and will continue to function. In other words, the Department considers no one in it is indispensable and it will go its way as usual whoever is at the helm.

### DR. WILLIAM ROSENTHAL DEAD AT 54

NEW YORK, July 16 (JTA)--Funeral services were held Sunday for Dr. William A. Rosenthal, dean of Yeshiva University's Wurzweller School of Social Work and associated with its school since its beginnings in 1957, who died Friday at his home in Staten Island at the age of 54. He had been in ill health for several months. A veteran social worker and educator for 25 years, Dr. Rosenthal had been a member of the Wurzweller School since 1962. He was appointed assistant professor in 1966 and associate professor of social work in 1970. In 1972, he was named acting dean, and in 1973, dean.

During the 1968-69 academic year he served as consultant at Israel's Bar-Ilan University School of Social Work. As consultant, Dr. Rosenthal aided Rockland Community College in formulating a curriculum for its Human Services Program, which has a unique relationship with the Wurzweller School. The program is considered one of the largest at the college and trains paraprofessionals in social work, education, child care, mental health and recreation.

He received the Bachelor of Arts and Doctor of Social Work degrees from the University of Pennsylvania and was awarded the Master of Science in Social Work at Columbia University. Dr. Rosenthal served in such varied positions as secretary, Health and Hospital Division, Essex County Council Social Agencies; executive director, Jewish Community Center, Utica, New York; and consultant, New York City Department of Social Services.

### GREEK TRANSLATION OF PRAYER BOOK

ATHENS, July 16 (JTA)--A Greek translation of the Siddur Shaare Refloty, the daily prayer book, has recently been published here. The translation was sponsored by the Central Council of the Jewish Communities of Greece (CCJOG). The traditional prayers, translated into Greek by Rabbi Isaac Mifjan and Hebrew teacher Jacob Felous, "will be a valuable contribution in strengthening the religious feelings of Greece's 5000 Jews." A CCJOG spokesman said.