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To Further Disengagement Talks, Moves: KISSINGER LEAVES TOMORROW FOR MIDEAST AT REQUEST OF ISRAELI GOV'T, AND AT INVITATION OF THE EGYPTIAN GOV'T.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9 (JTA)--The White House announced today that Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger will leave for the Middle East at midnight tomorrow in an effort to further the separation of Israeli and Egyptian forces along the Suez Canal and to add momentum to the disengagement talks now going on at Geneva. A spokesman for President Nixon said at San Clemente that Kissinger's trip--his third to the Middle East since the end of the Yom Kippur War--is being made at the specific request of the Israeli government and at the invitation of the Egyptian government.

Kissinger will be accompanied by Ambassador-at-Large Ellsworth Bunker, the U.S. representative at the Geneva talks; Undersecretary of State-designate Joseph J. Sisco, the Administration's top Mideast expert; Alfred L. Atherton, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State; Harold Saunders of the National Security Council Staff; and legal advisor Carlyle Maw. The Kissinger party is expected to visit Cairo first and then Jerusalem.

The White House spokesman said Nixon has informed the Soviet Union, U.S. allies in Europe and UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim of Kissinger's trip. It was also learned today that Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy will visit Moscow this week-end. There was no immediate indication as to where Kissinger will go from Israel although the entire trip is expected to take less than a week.

State Department spokesman George Vest said that Kissinger has received "a number of ideas from Israel which form a prelude to concrete proposals." This was understood to refer to the talks last week-end between the Secretary and Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Dayan and the Israeli Cabinet discussion with Dayan after his return to Israel. It was also understood that the Israeli ideas emerging from the Cabinet meeting were transmitted Monday to Kissinger by Ambassador Simcha Dinitz.

The third trip by Kissinger to meet with Israeli and Egyptian leaders indicates that he is himself the central figure in the "proximity talks" which the Nixon Administration fostered more than a year ago as a preliminary to discussions on an "interim agreement" that would lead to an Israeli pullback along the canal. The present developments do not have these names but the concepts are the same. (By Joseph Polakoff, JTA Washington Bureau Chief.)

GENEVA TALKS ADJOURNED ONE WEEK; WAITING FOR CHANGES IN ISRAEL, EGYPT

JERUSALEM, Jan. 9 (JTA)--Informed sources here believe there will be no substantive moves at the Geneva disengagement talks until a new coalition government takes shape in Israel and President Anwar Sadat completes his reshuffling of the Egyptian Cabinet. The Israeli and Egyptian military negotiators met for 70 minutes in Geneva today and adjourned until next Tuesday. It was the shortest of the six sessions the nego-

tiators have held to date.

It was reported in Cairo today that President Sadat will form a new government; possibly next week and has asked Deputy Premier Dr. Abdel-Aziz Mohammed Hegazi to plan a social and economic reform program. Some observers saw in the report an indication that the Egyptians may be shifting away from a war policy toward economic rehabilitation including the re-opening of the Suez Canal.

Meanwhile, doubt was expressed in Jerusalem today that U.S. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger would follow up his latest trip to the Middle East with another round of talks in Geneva on the foreign ministerial level. The ministerial level talks opened in Geneva Dec. 21 following a Kissinger visit to Cairo, Jerusalem and Damascus. It adjourned Dec. 22 after setting the stage for the disengagement discussions.

According to observers in Israel, the situation at Geneva does not yet seem ripe for another round of top level meetings which would be called to set the seal on a disengagement agreement. Kissinger is going to Cairo, it is believed, to try to persuade President Anwar Sadat that a workable disengagement plan could be extracted from the broad proposals outlined to him by Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Dayan in Washington last week-end.

The week-long break in the Geneva meetings will give the Egyptians time to consider the Israeli proposals, Jerusalem observers said. Egypt's response is considered most likely to come from Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy after his talks with Soviet leaders. But no agreement is expected until Israel forms a new government and Sadat institutes pending changes in his own government.

SEEK TO THWART TERRORIST ATTACK

BONN, Jan. 9 (JTA)--Police and West German frontier patrol anti-terrorist units today moved into one of Germany's biggest oil refineries, at Ingolstadt, Bavaria, after a tip-off about a possible terrorist attack. The Bavarian Interior Ministry in Munich said the security services had considered it necessary to increase security at the refinery. A spokesman said the ministry could not deny that it had not received warnings of a possible Arab terrorist attack on the plant.

In Brussels a Foreign Ministry spokesman said today that some rockets had disappeared from military depots "somewhere in Europe." Speaking at a weekly news conference, the spokesman gave no details as to the type and number of rockets involved. He denied press speculation about the presence of SAM-7 rockets in Belgium and said there was no proof of the allegation.

Meanwhile, in Amsterdam, police in municipalities surrounding Schiphol Airport have been ordered into a state of alert against a possible Palestinian terrorist attack. Village police forces near the Belgian and West German borders are also in a state of alert.

COALITION GOVERNMENT MOVES GAIN DRIVE

JERUSALEM, Jan. 9 (JTA)--Efforts to form a new Labor-led coalition government gained momentum here today. The Labor Party announced the appointment of an 11-member committee headed

by Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir to negotiate with potential coalition partners. Labor is seeking to re-form its previous coalition with the National Religious Party and Independent Liberal Party, and the possible addition of the Aguda bloc. But it faces the difficult task of resolving the NRP's demands for greater religious control and the ILP's insistence on more liberal religious policies. In addition, the NRP is continuing its drive for a national coalition that would embrace Likud, the largest opposition party.

Two NRP Knesset members representing the party's "young guard"—Zevulun Hammer and Yehuda Ben Meir—met with Defense Minister Moshe Dayan in Tel Aviv yesterday to solicit his support for a broad-based coalition. Dayan reportedly told them that he deferred to Premier Golda Meir on that matter and indicated he would not initiate any steps. Mrs. Meir adamantly opposes any coalition that would include Likud.

Dayan also met yesterday with Likud leader Menachem Begin at Dayan's home in Tel Aviv. No disclosures were made on that meeting except an announcement that the two had discussed topics of "mutual interest." Begin is due to meet tomorrow with NRP leader, Dr. Yosef Burg, to discuss the possibilities of a national coalition. Begin said last night that there was definitely a basis for establishing a broad coalition. He told the central committee of Likud's Herut wing that the way was open to find a formula for basic policy lines on which a wall-to-wall coalition could be formed.

Other Moves Under Consideration

But Sapir and Labor Party Secretary General Aharon Yadin said just the opposite at a meeting of the Labor Alignment center. They both stressed that Likud's opposition to territorial compromise would prevent Israel from continuing with the Geneva peace talks. Most political observers believe that the NRP will eventually abandon its efforts to form a national coalition and join with Labor despite severe pressure from the party's more militant wing. They also believe that prospects for drawing the Orthodox Aguda bloc into a Labor coalition have diminished.

It appeared today that the major obstacle to a Labor-NRP-ILP coalition lay in reconciling the divergent positions of the NRP and the Liberals. ILP leader Moshe Kol has suggested a new coalition government without any binding policy lines, meaning that its members would be allowed to vote according to their conscience on such vital matters as the issue of "Who is a Jew?" and Gideon Hausner's controversial bill to institute limited civil marriage in Israel.

As an alternative, Kol proposed a coalition of the Labor Alignment, the ILP and Shulamit Aloni's new Civil Rights list which would command 61 seats in the 120-member Knesset including the three Labor-aligned Arab seats. According to Kol, "either alternative could serve as the starting point for a wider coalition embracing Likud."

MOST ISRAELIS THINK U.S. JEWS CAN INFLUENCE U.S. POLICIES TOWARD ISRAEL

JERUSALEM, Jan. 9 (JTA)—A majority of Israelis believe that American Jews exert considerable influence on the U.S. government with regard to its policies toward Israel, according to a survey conducted for the Jewish Agency. The survey, released this week, showed that

70.6 percent of Israelis interviewed believe American Jews have the influence and 54.3 percent believe they are exercising it sufficiently in Israel's favor, Jewish Agency director general Moshe Rivlin reported.

Another 17.7 percent thought American Jews were doing "more or less" what was expected of them and 16.6 percent felt U.S. Jewry was not doing enough to influence their government. The latter idea was most common among the younger generation, intellectuals, university graduates and sabras, the survey disclosed. According to Rivlin only 4.2 percent did not believe American Jews could influence their government and 21.6 percent felt they had "little" influence.

The survey found that 86.9 percent of Israelis believed that Jews throughout the world identify with Israel and a larger proportion of the respondents said they were conscious of the amount of money world Jewry raises for Israel.

The public was divided as to whether money or aliya was more important. A majority of 44.5 percent said both were equally important. But 29.7 percent favored aliya against 21.8 percent who thought financial aid was most important. Those who valued money more were found to be mainly Israelis of European origin with higher education. People of Asian and African origin and those with less education in lower financial brackets put a higher value on aliya.

FIAT SPURNS ARAB DEMANDS

ROME, Jan. 9 (JTA)—Italy's Fiat Motor Co., under an Arab blacklist threat, is refusing Arab demands to fire three employees of the Turin newspaper La Stampa which it owns, including the Jewish editor, Arrigo Levi. The demands and threats from the Arab Boycott Committee in Beirut followed the recent publication of humorous references to President Muammar el-Qaddafi of Libya which Qaddafi did not consider funny. Fiat's interests in Libya, an Italian colony before World War II, are valued at \$30 million. Its business throughout the Arab world is much greater.

Qaddafi was the butt of humor in a column written for La Stampa by Carlo Fruttero and Franco Lucentini. His ire appears to have been aroused as much by the fact that editor Levi is Jewish and fought for Israel as a volunteer during the 1948 war as by what the two humorists said about him. The latter included tongue-in-cheek suggestions that Qaddafi, who makes much of his Moslem austerity, was a secret homosexual, kept a harem of 48 wives in Switzerland, and ate pork, forbidden to Moslems.

The news staff of La Stampa and its afternoon edition, Stampa Sera, has backed Levi and denounced the Arab blackmail attempts. Their managing editor issued a statement thanking them for their support and declared there was no pressure from Fiat to fire anybody.

SUPERSTAR FILM ATTACKED

BUENOS AIRES, Jan. 9 (JTA)—On the eve of the exhibition here of the film "Jesus Christ Superstar," two cinema theaters were bombed and the distribution firm's store was attacked by a group of youths who tried to cause a fire to burn copies of the American-made film. Police detained six youths carrying arms and gasoline cans. A leaflet was also found in which a reaction against Jews was asked by a group calling itself "Patria Nacionalista" (Nationalist Fatherland), which contended that the film is "gross offense by Jews against our God, our fatherland and our people." Due to this incident, the film will not be shown here, officials said.

AZF DESIGNATES FEB. 10-MARCH 10 AS-ALIYA MONTH IN U.S.

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 (JTA)--Following the issuance of a call for aliya to Israel by the World Zionist Organization in Jerusalem, and its affirmation by Premier Golda Meir, the American Zionist Federation has designated Feb. 10-March 10 as Aliya Month in the United States, it was announced today by Rabbi Israel Miller, AZF president. The call for aliya, issued by the AZF was endorsed by Mrs. Meir in a letter stating: "Aliya is our lifeblood. Confident in our own stand, convinced of our inherent ability to overcome all difficulties, believing in the Jewish people, I call upon you: Come to Israel and build the land."

Rabbi Miller said that the AZF's 13 national membership organizations, and its affiliated Zionist Federations will conduct an active campaign for aliya by Americans in cooperation with the WZO-American Section, the 17 offices of the Israel Aliya Center throughout the U.S. and the Association of Americans and Canadians for Aliya.

The official launching of the campaign will be in New York on Feb. 10 at the Delmonico Hotel. The call for aliya of the WZO issued by Leon Dulzín, acting chairman of the WZO Executive, stressed the "imperative" need for aliya following the Yom Kippur War.

Rabbi Miller said "Programs will be held in synagogues, community centers, on college campuses and wherever Jews congregate. We are asking local rabbinical organizations to proclaim an Aliya Shabbat at which they will dedicate their sermons to the call for aliya. Already all of the American Zionist organizations, as well as national rabbinical groups and fraternal orders, have endorsed the idea of Aliya Month and pledged their cooperation in the sponsorship of educational meetings to be followed by an ongoing program of aliya stimulation."

KREISKY ADVISES ISRAEL TO REJECT VIEW THAT IT IS THE 'CHOSEN PEOPLE'

VIENNA, Jan. 9 (JTA)--Chancellor Bruno Kreisky has advised Israel to shun the belief that it is the "chosen people" because such belief could lead to a great change in world opinion and further isolate the Jewish State. Kreisky offered his advice in an interview published in the Austrian theoretical journal, *Academia*, which devotes its Jan. edition to the Israeli-Palestinian conflict.

Kreisky, who will lead a group of European Socialist leaders on a fact-finding mission to the Middle East next month, warned that Israel would have to change its attitude as far as the military aspects of its policy are concerned. Only such change can guarantee a true and lasting peace in the Middle East, he said.

"They (the Israelis) must change their stand in all problems concerning the question of Palestinian refugees, which I cannot join from my point of view," the Austrian Chancellor said. He said the first goal of international policy was to integrate all peoples into one human society. He added that he would do his best to preserve a true and unadulterated Jewish State.

The same edition of *Academia* published an interview with Israeli Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren who said that Israel wants only to live in peace, with the Arabs no less than with the rest of the world. "We don't hate them (the Arabs), Jews always had a better life in the Arab than in the Christian world and this is an historical fact," Rabbi Goren said.

He stated, however, that Israel is faced with a struggle for its very existence. "The Arabs can lose their wars more than once--maybe more than a hundred times--but if we lose only once we will be on the ground and must hope for clemency from our enemies," he said. He described the Jewish State as "the realization of the Messianic idea and hope."

BERTHA SCHOOLMAN, ZIONIST, EDUCATOR, YOUTH ALIYA LEADER, DEAD AT AGE 76

NEW YORK, Jan. 9 (JTA)--Funeral services will be held Sunday for Bertha S. Schoolman, a former national vice-president of Hadassah, and member of its national board since 1935 who died last Sunday in Doctor's Hospital after a long illness. She was 76 years old. Mrs. Schoolman, born in New York, graduated from Hunter College in 1919 and in 1921 from the Teachers Institute of the Jewish Theological Seminary to which she returned for several years of post-graduate studies.

A gifted Jewish educator, she taught at the Central Jewish Institute, served as a director of Camp Modin, Maine, during a period of 20 years, and assisted her husband, Dr. Albert P. Schoolman, in developing Cejwin Camps at Port Jervis, N.Y. as an effective ally of the Jewish school system in this country. She was a member of the Society for the Advancement of Judaism and of the Board of Directors of the Jewish Reconstructionist Foundation.

A life-long Zionist, Mrs. Schoolman took her two young daughters to Palestine for extended visits and schooling as early as 1931 and again in 1937-38. In America she chaired important committees of Hadassah. In 1947 she received the Outstanding Alumni Award of the Teachers Institute. The "State of Israel Fighters Award" conferred by the Ministry of Defense in 1969 for services rendered prior to the establishment of the State memorialized Mrs. Schoolman's contribution as a non-Israeli to the rescue and rehabilitation of Jewish youth.

From 1947 to 1953 she served as co-chairman with Moshe Kol, chairman of the Youth Aliya Management Committee, helping Youth Aliya to cope with the enormous task of healing and teaching hundreds of young survivors of European extermination camps and Oriental ghettos. Fluent in Hebrew, she was the first American Jewish woman chosen to chair international commissions of the Actions Committee and World Zionist Congress when they met in 1960 and 1964 in Jerusalem.

AIRPORT ROW OVER ARMED ARAB GUARDS

LONDON, Jan. 9 (JTA)--The Department of Trade and Industry is to investigate complaints by Heathrow Airport workers that armed Arab guards employed by Jordanian airlines are "wandering around the tarmac with guns" during overnight stops. The Arabs have caused concern among cleaners and maintenance men who say they have seen them walking about with machineguns in the middle of the night.

A Trade and Industry Department spokesman said an airline guard should leave his weapons locked up on board if he wished to leave the plane or hand them over to customs.

It was meanwhile revealed that a new weapon called "people-sniffer," is being used by troops in the security operation at Heathrow. The electronic gadget can pick out a person in hiding from several hundred yards. Its mass of aerials detects body heat, and pinpoints where a person is.

