

Special Issue And Supplement: Day Of Infamy And Treachery

daily news bulletin

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Tuesday, October 9, 1973

Egyptians, Syrians Reported On The Run ISRAEL'S LEADERS CONSIDERING MILITARY PUSH BEYOND CEASE-FIRE LINES

From Combined Jerusalem And Tel Aviv Dispatches By Yitzhak Shargil and David Landau

Israel's political leadership was reported Monday night to be seriously considering a military push beyond the cease-fire lines to pursue fleeing Syrian and Egyptian forces and deal them a "punishing blow." One unidentified highly placed source in Jerusalem said, "I think we must hit them very hard for their dirty trick." He was referring to the treacherous and infamous attack launched by the combined forces of Egypt and Syria against Israel on the day of Yom Kippur.

This line of thinking that began to emerge as reports from the fronts indicated a complete rout of the enemy, reflected bitterness and anger over the high casualties suffered by Israel as a result of the unprovoked attack. Israel claimed today that Syrian forces were fleeing in disarray on the Golan Heights and that the Egyptian army was crumbling on the Suez front as Israeli forces mounted offensives in all sectors. Syrian soldiers were reportedly abandoning vehicles and retreating on foot. Israeli forces were pursuing them to the cease-fire lines but were not crossing the lines, according to reports Monday evening

Enemy Checked And Disintegrating

Israeli Chief of Staff Gen. David Elazar said Moday night in Tel Aviv that the Egyptian and Syrian attacks have been checked and the Syrian and Egyptian forces are disintegrating. He said Israeli forces have "not yet" crossed the pre-Yom Kippur cease-fire lines on Syrian and Egyptian sectors, Addressing a crowded press conference. Elazar said:

"We are now 54 hours after the beginning of this war. This war was initiated by Egypt and Syria who attacked simultaneously on both fronts and succeeded in crossing the cease-fire line into our territory in the Golan Heights and along the Suez Canal. The first stage of this war was their attack and our defense. We managed to stop the attacking force after about thirty hours, that is to say yesterday (Sunday) evening." (See separate, story on Elazar press conference,)

Reports from the southern front where the battles were fiercest during the first two days of the Egyptian assault across the Suez Canal, spoke Monday of mopping up operations. Gen. Abraham Mendler, commander of Israeli armored forces in the Stnai said in a message to his troops Monday that the Egyptians were suffering their fourth defeat at Israel's hands. "Let us hope that this time they will come to the conclusion that stretching out a hand for peace is advisable over waving a sword." the general said.

Reports From The Military Front

Israel Air Force Jets were reported during the day to be pounding Egyptian bridgeheads on the east bank of the Suez Canal and Egyptian armor deployed there. The rout of the Syrians became apparent earlier today when it was annued that civilians evacuated from the Golan Heights Saturday have been permitted to return,

Three Syrian Sukhoi bombers were reportedly shot down at noon Monday in an air battle over Metullah, Israel's northernmost gettlement near the Syrian-Lebanese border.

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Defense Minister Moshe Dayan said Sunday that the Egyptians had a quarter of a million soldiers on the Suez front, 2000 tanks, 700 planes and 1500 artiflery pieces. He said there was no sign of Jordanian intervention. Dayan said that Israel has suffered casualties but far greater casualties in personnel and equipment have been inflicted on the enemy.

While neither Jordan nor Lebanon have entered the war, Israeli forces are maintaining a close watch on the borders with those countries. The Jordanian sector has been quiet since the Egyptian-Syrian attack began on Yom Kippur. Terrorists have been active in southern Lebanon. Targets of attacks last night included Kiryat Shemona which was bombed by the Syrian Air Force on Saturday; Hanita; Betzet; Akhziv; Manara; Baram; Miron; Gesher Aziv; and Idmit. Most terrorist rockets and mortar shells exploded harmlessly in fields.

Meanwhile, the Israeli Cabinet was scheduled to meet late this evening to assess developments in the Security Council. Israel is hoping that the Council will take no clear cut action and that the U.S. will support Israel's demand that there be no cease-fire until the Egyptians and Syrians are pushed behind the 1967 cease-fire lines.

(At the United Nations headquarters in New York, the Security Council meeting, scheduled to start at 4 p.m. local time, was postponed for several hours. Observers said the delay was due to consultations between the non-aligned nations and Australian Ambassador Laurence McIntyre, this month's president of the Council. The non-aligned countries reportedly want a Security Council resolution calling for Israel's withdrawal to its prejune, 1967 borders. Observers here noted that the U.S. which has asked for the Security Council meeting; has talked about ending current hostilities but not about a cease-fire.)

ELAZAR: ISRAEL WILL PURSUE THE ENEMY

TEL AVIV, Oct. 8 (JTA)--"Our goal is to teach a lesson, to hit hard, destroy and cause casualties and we shall do it everywhere we can reach (the enemy) and we shall pursue him." Those words were spoken by Gen. David Elazar, Chief of Staffoof Israel's irrned forces, at a jammed press conference here this afternoon.

Gen. Elazar, who claimed the Egyptian and Syrian forces were being routed in all sectors, gave the first details of the fighting that broke out Saturday. He said Syrian armor had penetrated the Golan Heights at three points—north of Kuneitra, from who't they have been totally repelled; near Khoushaniyeh village, where the Syrian force was partly destroyed and partly thrown back to the cease-fire line; and near Rapid village where the Syrians also were repulsed with heavy losses.

He said the Egyptians had managed to secure three main bridgeheads, one in the northern sector near Kantara, another in the center of the Suez Canal zone near Ismailia, and the third in the south near Suez. He said Israeli forces have contained each of the bridgeheads and Israeli armor was surrounding them.

Asked if Israel was advancing toward Damascus,

October 9, 1973 and we have not introduced one."

Gen. Elazar said that the troops were moving "from our territory against the other side. We shall see in the next few days the directions and results."He said Israeli prisoners were captured by the attackers "but we also have prisoners, Egyptian and Syrian." Questioned about damage inflicted on the enemy, Gen. Elazar said hundreds of Syrian and hundreds of Egyptian tanks were destroyed. "I don't know exactly how many hundreds," he added.

Spirit Of Victory Evident In Israel

Asked how he would refer to this war, Elazar said he would prefer the phrase, "Judgement Day War" because it started on Yom Kippur, the "Day of Judgement" according to the Jewish calendar. He conceded that Israel has suffered casualties but the enemy has suffered far greater casualties. "The quicker we advance, the stronger we attack, the greater the enemy's cas ualties and the less ours," he said.

A thrust beyond the Golan Heights into Syria and across the Suez Canal into Egypt by Israeli forces would undoubtedly set off international repercussions, some observers noted. But, they added, at least some Israeli political leaders believe that sufficient world-wide sympathy and good will has been built up for Israel since Saturday's attack to offset immediate international opposition to any speedy punitive action into the hearts of Syria and Egypt.

The spirit of victory seemed apparent in the country tonight. Volunteers still poured intohospital and Red Magen David clinics, but the atmosphere was almost festive. Soviet immigrants, including 500 who arrived last night, only hours after the new Middle East war started. demanded to be put to work immediately. Some living in rural absorption centers were taken to the fields and others were assigned to guard duty at villages and kibbutzim to replace men called to the front.

SENATE RESOLUTION URGES CEASE-FIRE LINES BE RE-ESTABLISHED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8 (JTA) -- Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger today endorsed a Senate resolution which urged the re-establishment of the cease-fire lines held by the Arabs and Israelis prior to Saturday's attack launched by Egypt and Syria. The Senate resolution was unanimously adopted by voice vote by the few Senators on hand when it was introduced by the leaders of the two major parties, Senators Mike Mansfield (D.Mont.) and Hugh Scott (R.Pa.).

The resolution, which was left on the desk for any Senator to add his name, deplored the outbreak of hostilities in the Middle East and recommended that President Nixon and Kissinger "urge the participants to bring about a ceasefire and a return of the parties involved to lines and positions occupied by them prior to the outbreak of current hostilities." The resolution also said that "The Senate expresses its hope for a more stable condition leading to the peace

'in that region."

Meanwhile, the U.S. today rejected a charge that it is delaying a call for a cease-fire in the Middle East in order to allow Israel to regain territories seized by Egypt and Syria since the surprise attack Saturday morning. "It is unfair and unworthy of the spirit in which the United States has approached this entire situation." State Department spokesman Robert J. McCloskey declared. "We are not trying to find ways to prejudice the positions of those involved. We have not settled on a Security Council resolution

Earlier in the day the White House disclosed that Nixon and Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid Brezhnev exchanged cabled messages vesterday on the Middle East situation. Officials refused to discuss details but since U.S. diplomats were concentrating on obtaining support for the U.S. effort to bring about an end to the hostilities by action within the UN Security Council it appeared obvious the discussion centered on the Soviet view towards this purpose.

The disclosure was made by White House Press Secretary Ronald Ziegler after the President himself had told newsmen of the importance of obtaining strong support for the U.S. position in the United Nations. He said that Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger and other U.S. officials were in frequent touch with all the Security Council members and parties in the conflict and hoped the U.S. move towards fermination of the fighting would be successful.

EBAN SAYS ISRAEL'S CASUALTIES HEAVY

By Yitzhak Rabi, JTA UN Correspondent UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 8 (JTA) -- Israeli For-

eign Minister Abba Eban indicated today that Israel has suffered heavy casualties in the new Middle East war but declared that it is now "repelling the Arab aggression" and its goal is to drive them behind the cease-fire lines of 1967.

Addressing the UN General Assembly this morning, Eban stressed that Israel knew days in advance of Egyptian-Syrian preparations to attack and tried to deter them through diplomatic channels. He said his government's renunciation of preventive military action "cost us dearly." He said Israel has suffered "tragic losses in blood" since the fighting began on Yom Kippur but that Egypt and Syria had suffered much greater losses.

According to Eban, Egypt began the battle with 3000 tanks, 2000 guns, 1000 aircraft and 600,000 men against the Israeli garrison holding the Suez Capal east bank. Syria went to war with 1000 tanks and a comparable number of aircraft, Eban said. He said the Arabs invented an Israeli sea attack as a pretext for their "premeditated and unprovoked" attack. He said the Arab action had shattered the cease-fire of Aug. 7, 1970 and that Israel's aim now was to restore the cease-fire lines. Eban contended that there has been too much

indulgence in the world of Arab hostility toward Israel. He said the events of the past two days demonstrated how right Israel was to retain the cease-fire lines. The nightmare in Israel is what would have happened if it had withdrawn to the pre-June 1967 borders and this suicidal Arab attack came, the Foreign Minister said.

Israel Lodges Formal Charges

Israel lodged formal charges here last night accusing Egypt and Syria of sole responsibility for starting the new Middle East war and declared: "It will spare no effort, in exercise of its right to selfdefense, until the aggressors have been thrown back and the cease-fire structure agreed to by the parties in 1967 and 1970 restored,"

That statement was contained in a letter submitted by Eban to Secretary General Kurt Waldhelm. Eban asked that it be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly and the Security Council. "The fact of this aggression has been fully confirmed by United Nations military observers in the two sectors concerned," Eban's letter stated.

Eban's letter stated that "When the government of Israel became aware some hours previously that such an attack was imminent it so informed a number of friendly governments through their diplomatic representatives in Israel and by other means. It was made clear that Israel would not herself initiate military action and that the governments of Egypt and Syria could be assured accordingly. The government of Israel was advised that this message was indeed conveyed to Egypt and Syria."

EMERGENCY MEETINGS, MASSIVE RALLIES LAUNCHED BY JEWISH COMMUNITIES

From Combined JTA National And International Dispatches

Jewish communities throughout this country and Canada and abroad launched all-out efforts to come to Israel's defense by mobilizing their financial and ideological resources. Emergency meetings and massive demonstrations in this country and abroad were held yesterday and today involving hundreds of thousands of people including thousands of non-Jews. Phone calls jammed switchboards in Jewish and Israeli offices in major cities in this country and abroad with people volunteering to go to Israel to help on the war fronts, to donate blood and to ask how

they could be of help in their own communities.

The basis for the multi-faceted activities was underscored by Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban who characterized the attack by Egypt and Syria against Israel as "one of infamy, and it is no accident that I use the term that was used during Pearl Harbor." Speaking to Israeli correspondents at the Israel Mission to the United Nations, Eban declared that "it is blasphemous and sacreligious to choose this Day of Atonement, to launch a war." Denouncing Arab claims that Israel had begun the hostilities on Yom Kippur, the Israeli diplomat charged that this was heaping lies on calumny.

in Dag Hammarsikjold Plaza opposite the UN yesterday afternoon in an emotional outpouring of support for Israel. The rally, called by the American Zjonist Youth Federation and other organlzations; brought out throngs of young and old, whe carried placards, chanted and shouted. "We willnever let Israel down." A police officer assigned to the UN told the JTA the crowd was the largest he had ever seen in front of the world organization.

Crowds estimated as high as 60,000 massed

Jewish leaders addressed the gathering, as did local political figures including New York's four mayoral candidates. Mrs. Charlotte Jacobson, chairman of the American Section of the Webrid Zlonist Organization said her office was beseiged by persons wanting to donate blood for Israel's wounded. At one point the chant went up "Dollars for Israel" and thousands of persons,

hands waving bills, surged toward organizers carrying collection boxes. Earlier yesterday about 40 Arabs demon-

strated across the street from the Israell UN
Mission and were confronted by about 100 Israelis and their supporters. Police kept the two
groups apart as each side hurled epithets across
the barriers. About a dozen members of the
Tewish Defense League attacked the Arabs at one
point but were dispersed by police who escorted
Arab demonstrators to the nearest subway station and arrested one Arab and seven JDLers.

Later in the day, a large group of Jews demonstrated in front of the Egyptian Mission to the UN Presidents Conference in Emergency Meeting

An emergency meeting of the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations, attended by nearly 300 Jewish leaders from across the country, yesterday heard Israel! Foreign Minister Abba. Eban say that the end of fighting between Israel and the Arab states that attacked it "must-be inseparably linked with the restoration of the previous cease-fire fine."

Eban called for a "momentous and impressive" demonstration of Jewish solidarity and Jewish indignation." He assured the Jewish leaders that the Jewish community could have "absolute confidence" that Israel did not start the fighting. Jacob Stein, chairman of the Presidents Conference, replied that the American Jewish community "stands ready today to respond to any challenge put before it, ready to come to the aid and assistance of Israel no matter what the effort and commitment required." Mel Dubinsky, a national chairman of the United Jewish Appeal and president of the United Israel Appeal, told the meeting that the American Jewish community must be prenared to

American Jewish community must be prepared to raise \$100 million within the next week.

Stein sent a telegram to Secretary of State-Henry A, Kissinger urging U.S, support for Israel and pledging the Conference's support for Dr.

Kissinger's efforts to restore peace to the area and to bring the parties into negotiations toward a permanent, mutually agreed peace. World-Wide Rallies In Support Of Israel

In Montreal more than 6000 Jews gathered in the Queen Elizabeth Hotel's grand ballroom while hundreds-msree jammed the hotel corridors and overflowed into the street last night as Canadian Jewish leaders urged their government to condenn "the unprovoked attack by Egypt and Syria." The rally was organized by the Canadian Zionist Federation. Henry Steinberg, chairman of the CZF board who presided, declared: "Yom Kippur 5734 will live in infamy, but Jews will not be threatened

In Buenos Aires thousands of Jews marched down the main avenues of the city to gather in front of the Libertad Street Synagogue and later before the Israeli Embassy in an expression of solidarity with Israel. Overflow services were conducted at the synagogue where, after prayers for Israeli soldiers on the fighting front, a statement was read on behalf of the DAIA condemning the Arab aggression.

and Israel will not be engulfed and will not be

overcome."

In Paris more than 30,000 people marched through the streets despite a downpour for 12 blocks toward the Israeli Embassy. Israeli Ambassador Asher Ben Natan told the marchers that "Even while the fighting goes on, hundreds of Soviet Jews have arrived in Israel." Throughout the day Jews and non-Jews called at the Israeli Embassy to offer money, blood plasma and drugs to the Israeli army. Hundreds more came to volunteer to join Israel's armed forces.

—In-London offers from volunteers, some non-Jewish ready to go out and fight for Israel, poured into the Israell Embassy all through the day. There were also effers from people who wanted to donate blood for transfusions, offers of medical equips

In Johannesburg thousands of persons, especially youths, crowded into the offices of the Zionist Federation volunteering their services. The volunteers were told that Israel had not yet requested any manpower assistance but their names would be kept on file? Leaders of the Board of Deputies and the Zionist Federation and rabbis issued a statement expressing South African Jewry's complete solidarity with Israel.

STATEMENTS from Jewish leaders throughout the world and more rallies issued over the weekend will be carried in Wednesday's bulletin.

CASH! NOW! UJA AND CJF URGE \$100 M IN CASH IN NEXT FIVE DAYS

NEW YORK, Oct. 8 (JTA)—Cash! Now! \$100 million in the next five days. This was the call of the United Jewish Appeal, the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds and Israel Bonds after hearing personally from Israel Foreign Minister Abba Eban and by-telegram from

Jewish Agency, acting chairman Leon Dulzin.

The UJA is-contacting all communities in efforts to raise \$100 million in cash during the next five days. All donors not fully paid up on their 1973 pledges are asked to make payments immediately and others will be asked for cash advances on their 1974 pledges. Jewish communities were linked by a 4-way telephone hock-up today to hear messages from Israeli Ambassador Simcha Dinitz on behalf of the Israeli government, Paul Zuckerman on behalf of UJA, Max Fisher for the CJF and Jewish Agency, and Edward Ginsberg for the Joint Distribution Committee.

The UJA and CJF leadership met yesterday in response to the war situation and to a cable from Dulzin in Israel which said:

"People of Israel totally mobilized in war to repulse enemies on two fronts and making supreme sacrifices to secure borders and safeguard population. At same time immigration continues at accelerated pace and Jewish Agency faced with tremendous problems and responsibilities. Imper ative you launch massive drive for total immediate payment of all outstanding pledges and daily transfer of all cash. Equally vital UJA reach every Jev to demonstrate solidarity with people of Israel. We are encouraged by reports of dramatic campaign responses in communities throughout the world. We know American Jewry will again play historic role in these critical hours convinced of the justice of our cause and trusting in Israel's rock and redeemer. We are confident of our victory.'

Rothberg Urges Total Mobilization

At the same time, Eban addressing rabbinical groups in more than 60 cities in the U.S. and Canada through a nation-wide telephone hookup called on Jews to respond with "indignation and solidarity" and urged the fullest support of the Israel Bond campaign "to prove that Israel is not alone." Sam Rothberg, Israel-Bends general chairman, who also participated in the telephone hookup announced that emergency meetings will be held tonight in more than 800 synagogues throughout North America. Rothberg, urging rabbis to mobilize their congregations, said: "In every hour of danger the Jews of the United States and Canada have been Israel's strongest ally.... We can do no less today."

Meanwhile the United Jewish Appeal of Greater New York reported an outpouring of contributions unmatched since the Six-Day War. The donations began at Yom Kippur services Saturday afternoon as news of the outbreak of war in the Middle East reached congregations at prayer in New York City, Long Island and Westchester. The switchboard at New York UJA headquarters was receiving more than 200 calls an hour at midday yesterday. It had been opened on a 24-hoft basis shortly after sundown ended the Day of Atonement.

Some \$242,000 came from the first five synagogues in Long Island, Brooklyn and Queens reporting the results of appeals for emergency support of the humanitarian programs financed by the United Jewish Appeal for immigrants in Israel and Jews in danger and distressed zones overseas. Former Congressman-Herbert Tenzer, a 1973 campaign chairman of the UJA of Greater New York, welcomed the funds that poured in over the weekend as the first proceeds of a drive to raise \$35 million-this week which New York UJA has undertaken. "Again, as we have done since the days of the Exodus, we are calling upon all members of the household of Israel to stand up and be counted," Tenzer declared.

Zuckerman: Emergency Supersedes Aggravations

Cuckerman appealed to the American Jewish communities in a nation-wide telephone hookup to "stand firm with the people of Israel by demonstrating our support concentrating within the next few hours, not days." Urging a massive outpouring of cash for "the humanitarian programs which we support and which must continue during this critical period," he declared: "It know that in every Jewish heart, there is a deep love for Israel that in an emergency supersedes all the petty aggravations we live with day-to-day. And this love must be translated into an act of solidarity with the people of Israel now."

Meanwhile an emergency proclamation was issued yesterday by the New York Board of Rabbis in support of the 1973 campaign of the United Jewish Appeal of Greater New York. The proclamation, signed by Rabbi William Berkowitz, Board president, declared that the renewal of full-scale warfare in the Middle East "confronts the Jewish people, both in Israel and throughout the world, with the gravest of emergencies."

In an effort to meet this emergency the Board summoned all congregations in New York "to take the following actions with all possible speed: to convene emergency meetings of their memberships to rally support for the people of Israel in their battle for survival; and to initiate speedy and thorough fund-raising drives aimed at obtaining from every one of their members a contribution of all-out generosity to UJA's-Israel Emergency Fund."

FATE OF JEWISH PROFESSOR STILL UNKNOWN

BRUSSELS, Oct. 8 (JTA)--There is still no word about the fate of Dr. Jacques Zylberberg, the Belgian Jewish professor arrested and imprisoned by the Chilean military junta. According to a French woman who was arrested with him and who has just been released, Dr. Zylberberg is being kept in secret in "very difficult conditions."

The junta reportedly accuses Dr. Zylberberg of having incited a group of those held with him to rebel, and of having been the leader of a group of guerrillas in the south of Chile.

As professor of sociology at the University of Concepcion under Dr. Salvador Allende's administration, Dr. Zylberberg taught courses in Marxism which reportedly were widely followed. The French woman, who was not identified, said the conditions of Dr. Zylberberg's imprisonment were of a nature to "inspire concern for fils health and safety." Dr. Zylberberg was arrested two weeks ago and imprisoned at the Kuiri-Kuina naval-base off the Chilean coast of Talcahuana.

French Foreign Minister Michel Jobert justified in Paris today the attack on Israel. He told newsmen: "I wonder if one should consider as a surprise attack the attempt to reenter into one's own homeland."

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WAR DIARY: HOW IT ALL BEGAN

By Yitzhak Shargil, JTA Tel Aviv Correspondent

TEL AVIV, Oct. 8 (JTA).—Friday, eve of Yom Kippur. The country is almost at a total standstill in preparation for Judaism's holiest day; almost - because there seems to be some movement of military vehicles. Nevertheless, people to Kol Nigke and the evening service of Yom Kippur. As they leave the synagogues they see instead of the usual complete lack of vehicles, army trucks and cars and civilian cars moving along the streets. People here immediately guess that something is going on with Syria, since there had been tension along that border for some time,

In Jerusalem early Saturday morning a single Phantom jet swoops over the center of town at 7 a.m. passing over the Western Wall where hundreds of people are already at prayer. Other planes can be heard further off.

For several days the Syrians had been massing troops and armor along the Israeli line on the Golan Heights. It brought tension, but no one had an idea that war was around the corner. About the same time Egypt announced it has alerted its forces along the Suez Canal. There was no immediate reason for that move - no internal or external pressures on Sadat. The only aim was therefore - an attack on Israel.

A day before Yom Kippur the Syrians moved their forces into an offensive deployment. Information gathered by Israeli Intelligence proved that the Egyptians and Syrians were coordinating an attack on Israel. The time chosen - Yom Kippur, to surprise Israelis while in synagogues or fasting at home. Diplomatic efforts were made to prevent the war. Friendly governments were provided with confirmed information as to the intention of Syria and Egypt.

Mobilization Starts On Small Scale

Mobilization starts on a small scale Friday afternoon and some reserve soldiers are called just before Kol Nidre. Later at night more reserve units are mobilized and movement on roads becomes heavier in spite of Yom Kippur.

Premier Golda Meir, who is in Tel Aviv, calls in the American Ambassador Kenneth Keating Saturday and reports to him on the situation. At noon, news of the dangerous situation has reached Mrs. Meir and she calls an extraordinary government session. It's Yom Kippur and never was such a meeting held on such a day. But it has become a question of "pikuah nefesh!" - a question of life and death. Defense Minister Moshe Dayan reports to the Cabinet on the latest development and gets permission to continue mobilization. Reports are also heard on efforts to persuade

Arabs to refrain from war. But while the Cabinet is in session news arrives war has started at 1:50 p.m. (local time) as Syrian and Egyptian forces launch a coordinated attack on the Golan Heights and the Suez Canal front. War is on.

Egyptians, Syrians Launch Day Of Infamy

Egyptians launch their attack by pushing forces over the Sucz Canal, laying several bridges and sending Some armor as well. A number of Israell positions are captured by the Egyptians who establish bridgeheads on the eastern bank of the canal. The attack follows an intensive air activity by the Egyptian air force against the Israell positions, installations and camps. At the same time the Egyptians attempt to send in several commando units to attack and capture several points in the Sinal.

· Air battles develop during which 10 Egyptian

helicopters carrying airborne troops are downed Fierce fighting starts along the Suez Canal as the Israeli forces deployed there attempt to

check the Egyptian advance.

The Syrians open up with a terrific artillery barrage all along the Golan Heights and the settlements in the Huleh area. Then vast numbers of Syrian armor and infantry move and the Syrians gain some points, a Syrian commando-unit approaches unobserved the lonely Israeli position on top of Mount Hermon - 2200 meters above sea level. Heavy fighting is everywhere. Regular Israeli army units wage a delaying tactic in anticipation of the reserve units of the Israeli army.

Realization Qf War's Beginning Starts Slowly

It is after 2 p.m. Saturday when many people are resting between services that the air, raid sirens begin to wail. Many people do not take them seriously and public shelters are by no means full. However, Israel Radio-which shut down for Yom Kippur (the only time it is completely off the air), comes on after the sirens and begins to report calls for policemen, medical staff and others on emergency footing to report to duty.

to duty.

The all clear sounds 45 minutes later - and Yom Kippur loses its usual sight. Cars are everywhere. People are called to units from synagogues. Buses move around and pick up recruits. Private cars carry sons and husbands to war. The reserve units are beginning to form. Many soldiers arrive at callup points still wearing their talises.

Shortly before the last service of Yom Kippur a second alarm is sounded in Tel Aviv. This time everyone goes to the shelters. It takes 46 minutes until the all-clear is sounded. Israel is put on a total blackout and the usual festive dinner after Yom Kippur is held in semi-darkness or in darkened rooms. Cars have their lights dimmed, and street lights and traffic lights are out. Residents are instructed to fasten tape on glass windows and glassware at home. Television begins operating even before the end of Yom Kippur. People are glued to their TV sets and radios and take them to the shelters.

Flash! Flash! Israeli naval units sink five Syrian boats, four of them missile boats in a sea battle off Tartous in Syria. Israeli naval units clash with Egyptian vessels opposite Sharm el Sheikh, Israeli naval units-sink three Egyptian rubber boats with soldiers preparing for an attack on Israeli-held Sinai.

Sunday morning. Fierce battles both in Sinai and the Golan Heights. Egyptians are building bridges on Suez and by midday there are 400 Egyptian tanks in Sinai. There are 10 or 11 bridges constructed by the Egyptians. Israeli Air Force planes go into action.

Sunday afternoon, Israeli Air Force planes destroy the Syrian dense anti-aircraft network. Israelis gain air superiority and start a massive action against the attackers. In the Golan Heights, Syrian tanks and convoys are constantly attacked. By night some lull in the fighting is recorded but it is a difficult night and another day of fighting is ahead.

Effort Made To Maintain Semblance Of Normalcy

Meanwhile in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv, people try to maintain a semblance of normaley. Schools are closed but stores are open and offices operate with small staffs. The bus companies maintain restricted services despite the need of the vehicles by the military. Housewives are out in force buying food although the government has

said there are plenty of supplies.

In Jerusalem, unlike the period before the Six-Day War people walk around with a feeling of general safety. This is semething new to Jerus-alemites who had been on the battlefront of every previous war. However, their previous experiences causes a rush on foodstuffs and groceries are soon out of bread and long lines are formed for milk and eggs. People lug home big bags of

flour and sugar.

Commerce Minister Haim Barlev issues administrative orders banning food hoarding as an offense, but it does not stop people. However, many housewives seek to persuade each other while standing on line that they always bought large supplies on Sunday. Young men are almost completely absent from the city centers because of the mobilization. Anxiety can be seen on peoples faces although all are confident that Israel will win.

In the Old City of Jerusalem, all stores are closed and streets deserted except for some young men jeering at tourists. Police and border patrols are armed to the teeth. In East Jerusalem, Arab policemen patrol the silent streets and alleys alongside Israeli policemen. However, Arab taxi drivers do a brisk business as Jewish drivers are called up. Lod Airport is closed to all incoming and outgoing flights. However, some 2000 tourists manage to leave Sunday morning by six flights when the airport is temporarily opened

In Jerusalem, tourists seem unperturbed as crowds of them continue to make their way through the Old City and to the Holy Places. Many tourists complain that Israeli radio should have more English broadcasts than just the regular three-times-a-day English news. Some israeli newspapers have difficulties in distribution because of the mobilization of their men and vehicles. All the newspapers carry banner headlines saying that Egyptian and Syrian penetrations are held.

Few of the 50,000 Arab workers from the territories who usually come to work in Israel do so Sunday. But the territories are reported quiet. By nightfall Sunday, all Israel is under effective blackout. Tel Aviv and other cities are pitch black and car headlights are ordered painted blue. All major political parties agree to suspend the election campaign until the war is over. Israel Warned Of Massive Build-Up

Hours before the first shots were fired - but when it became clear that war was imminent - Israel's diplomatic machinery swung into action. Mrs. Metr herself summoned U.S. Ambassador Kenneth Keating while top Foreign Ministry officials in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv called in other Western envoys.

The message was the same to all of them:
"Ten days of build-up have culminated both on
the Canal and on the Golan in imminent Arab attacks. On the Golan, Syria has massed its entire army and air force plus artillery and tanks,
on the Canal, Egypt is poised to cross. We, Israel, have no intention of attacking either Syria
or Egypt. We will, of course, act to repulse
them if they attack."

The foreign envoys were asked to pass this on to the Arab governments in a last ditch effort to prevent the fighting. Even after it failed and fighting began, officials continued to summon envoys to explain to them Israel's position above all stressing that Israel had not begun the fighting, that the Arabs had chosen Yom Kippur especially hoping to eatch Israel off guard, and that this was a purely defensive war on Israel's part,

The United Nations truce observers confirmed that the Egyptians and Syrians had crossed the cease-fire lines.

500 LEADERS TO HOLD EMERGENCY NATIONAL CONVOCATION IN WASHINGTON TUESDAY

NEW YORK,—oct. 8 (JTA)—Five fundred leaders of the American Jewish community from all sections of the country will gather in Washington tomorrow for an emergency national convocation sponsored by the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations. The convocation will take place at 4 p.m. in the Ambassador Room of the Shoreham Hotel. Jacob Stein, chairman of the Presidents Conference, announced the meeting this morning. Representatives of the Conference's 29 constituent organizations will attend, as will delegations from Jewish communities from Maine to California.

In announcing the emergency meeting, Stein said it would demonstrate the "complete solidar-ity of American Jewry with its brothers in Israel in this hour of their trial and their need." He declared: "Once again, a premeditated and umprovoked assault upon the State of Israel by its Arab neighbors threatens not only the Jews of Israel but Jews throughout the world, whose destiny is intimately linked with that of Israel.

"As in 1967, American Jews will join Jews throughout the world in providing whatever is necessary to see her through this crisis; we are one people, united by ties of blood, religion, culture, language custom and history. The American Jewish community today stands ready to respond to any challenge put before it, ready to come to the aid and assistance of Israel no matter what the effort or the commitment required. Our meeting will set plans for bringing this support to the people of Israel." Simcha Dinitz, Israeli Ambassador to the U.S., will present a report on the war.

HIGHEST PRIORITY TO RAISE \$100 M IN CASH

NEW YORK, Oct. 8 (JTA)-- An expression of solidarity for Israel by the American Jewish community in the face of the Arab invasion on Yom Kippur was voiced at a combined emergency meeting yesterday of the Executive of the American Section of the World Zionist Organization with the leadership of the American Zionist Federation and presidents of Zionist groups. With Mrs. Charlott Jacobson, chairman of the WZO-American Section presiding, it was decided high priority be given to efforts to raise immediate cash for Israel through the \$100 million cash collection campaign of the United Jewish Appeal and the stepping up of the sale of Israel Bonds.

The Jewish Agency-WZO office in Jerusalem informed the American Executive that volunteers for civilian service are needed and sought to work on kibbutzim. These will be processed by the American Zionist Youth Foundation for minimum six month programs, with the volunteers to go at their own.expense. It was also reported that Israel authorities said there is no immediate need for medical volunteers or blood banks. The Zionists pledged full cooperafion, with all community efforts for the mobilization of American Jewry in behalf of these efforts to ald Israel.

The American-Israel Chamber of Commerce and Industry, Inc., announced today that airlines are flying into and from Israel and are accepting passengers and freight. Shipping, telegraphic, telex and postal services are normal. The international telephone service is crowded, with non-priority calls on a waiting list for several hours.