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MIDEAST DEBATE SEEN AS ANTI-CLIMAX

JERUSALEM, June 10 (JTA)--Sources here said today that the United Nations Security Council's general debate on the Middle East has turned into an anti-climax after Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammed H. el-Zayyat sought to create the impression that the debate was to be one of excruciating urgency. The sources noted that reports received here from diplomats and foreign correspondents indicate that the debate was becoming pedestrian, almost boring. The UN proceedings have been overshadowed, according to these sources, by extraneous events such as the Watergate hearings and Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid I. Brezhnev's visit to Washington.

The sources said the debate is expected to recess shortly and that its end would come none too soon. Meanwhile, they said, Israel continues to maintain contacts with member states and is urging them to adopt a balanced approach. Israel is awaiting with interest the British presentation at the debate inasmuch as Britain was the principal author of Resolution 242.

So far none of the major powers has spoken. During Friday's session, Israel and Egypt continued to exchange recriminations. El-Zayyat reviled Israel for its "unwillingness" to accept the principle of non-acquisition of territory by force and said that if the Security Council did not accept that principle and exercise its authority to uphold it, there was no point in Egypt appearing before that body.

Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah said the statements by el-Zayyat and other Arab spokesmen demonstrated "the more sinister elements of the Arab attitude toward Israel and the gravity of Arab designs against the freedom and sovereignty of the Jewish people."

REDUCTION IN EXIT VISAS VIEWED AS MOVE TO HINDER BREZHNEV-NIXON TALKS

WASHINGTON, June 10 (JTA)--Diplomatic sources here believe that "certain circles in the Kremlin" might be trying to undermine Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid I. Brezhnev's forthcoming visit to the United States.

These circles point out that while Brezhnev, who is due to hold important economic talks with President Nixon, would like to enjoy as pleasant a political climate as possible during his stay in the U.S., the Soviet Union has suddenly reduced the number of exit visas granted to Jews. This month, these circles say, less than 800 visas were granted, about half of those allocated for a similar period in past months.

"It looks as if someone in the Kremlin is trying to make Brezhnev's talks in Washington as difficult as possible," these sources told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency. Brezhnev is scheduled to arrive next Saturday for a 10-day visit which is expected to mark a new chapter in Soviet-American trade cooperation.

MORE THAN 100,000 PARTICIPATE IN SALUTE TO ISRAEL PARADE

NEW YORK, June 10 (JTA)--The world's "largest Jewish city" today held its ninth annual Salute to Israel Parade to celebrate Israel's 25th anniversary. Some 75,000 people marched

two miles up Fifth Avenue from 57th Street to 86th Street and east on 86th to Third Avenue while 35,000 watched along the parade route. Seventy floats and nearly 100 Jewish groups from the metropolitan area participated in the four-hour parade, and 30 bands from 10 states and Canada competed for awards.

The mood of the predominantly young marchers was joyous and relaxed as they chanted, danced, and sang Israeli songs. The parade's theme, "Israel-25 Years: The Promise-The Accomplishment-The Future," was expressed in floats, props and costumes which represented subjects ranging from the flowering of the Israeli desert to the plight of Soviet Jews.

Youths dressed in prison clothes and bearing wooden prison bars on their backs displayed the names of "Jewish prisoners of conscience in the USSR." Others waved banners praising Israel's achievements in the past 25 years and proclaiming the solidarity of Jews here with Israel. Spectators and those sitting in the reviewing stands applauded as the floats and groups passed.

Ambassador David Rivlin, Consul General of Israel, told the crowd: "It is wonderful after the Holocaust to see these young people singing and dancing in the streets... We should look forward to days of peace in the Middle East." Simcha Dinitz, Israeli Ambassador to the United States, who was a special guest at the parade, spoke of Israel's economic and social achievements in the 25 years of its existence and emphasized Israel's desire for peace.

Mario Biaggi, the Conservative Party candidate for Mayor who last week lost in the Democratic Mayoral primary, said: "Israel must continue to receive support from this (the U.S.) government.... In order to preserve the bastion of democracy on the other side of the world we must take note of its problems and provide support whenever it is necessary."

New York City Comptroller Abraham Beame, who will run in the Democratic Mayoral primary run-off election on June 26, said: "The survival and establishment of the State of Israel is one of the wonders of the modern world." Mayor John V. Lindsay, who hosted a garden party at Gracie Mansion in honor of Israel's 25th anniversary later today, expressed his hope that "Israel will live and prosper forever."

Sen. Jacob K. Javits (R.N.Y.) congratulated Israel and the Jewish community and called the parade "one of the most magnificent displays of happiness and tranquility that we've had in this city." Among those on the reviewing stand were Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah, Congresswoman Bella Abzug and Congressman Herman Badillo. Senator James Buckley sent a telegram of congratulations. The parade was organized by the American Zionist Youth Foundation in cooperation with major Jewish organizations.

BRANDT: DIFFERENCES BETWEEN WEST GERMANY, ISRAEL LESS THAN EXPECTED Will Maintain Strict 'Even-Handedness'

JERUSALEM, June 10 (JTA)--Chancellor Willy Brandt said here following talks with Premier Golda Meir that differences of opinion between West Germany and Israel were less than some had expected prior to his four-day visit to Israel which ends tomorrow. He announced that Mrs. Meir has accepted his invitation to visit West Germany at a

date yet to be set.

But the West German leader also made it clear that he regards the "special relationship" which once characterized Bonn-Israel relations to be superceded by "normal relations" of a "special character" stemming from what Brandt described as "the sombre background of the National Socialist reign of terror."

Brandt stressed repeatedly at a State dinner in his honor Thursday night, at a press conference Friday, at a banquet he gave for Premier Meir last night and on other public occasions that the past can be neither undone nor forgotten. But he stressed equally West Germany's intention to maintain strict "even-handedness" in the Middle East dispute, and that while his country was prepared to help bring the two sides together it offered neither mediation nor advice.

At the State dinner, however, Brandt appeared to be asking both Israel and the Arab states to take example from his "Ostpolitik" (rapprochement with the Communist bloc) which he said "has been no easy path" and has "required us to give up illusions and indeed to abandon hopes which had been right on their side" because "without a secure peace, all hope would be in vain." Brandt assured his Israeli audience that "Ostpolitik" was not intended to put anyone at a disadvantage. Mrs. Meir responded by saying that Israel's neighbors must learn the lesson of "Ostpolitik."

Political Solution In Mideast Sought

At his press conference, Brandt again expressed the hope that West Germany's success at detente "can be infectious." He said the stabilization of peaceful conditions in Europe "is an element of security for the Mediterranean region, too."

He stated that his policy since taking office has been to maintain normal diplomatic relations with all countries that want such relations with West Germany. He added that improving relations with one country did not mean deterioration of relations with another. "To be more specific, improving relations with another country will not be at the expense of the State of Israel," Brandt said. He noted that the Israeli Government shared this view.

Brandt said in reply to questions that at their recent meeting in Bonn, Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid I. Brezhnev had not asked him to carry any messages to Israel. But, he said, he did convey to Premier Meir some of his impressions of his talks with Brezhnev and other world leaders. However, Brandt added, "It would be very unwise were I to report on details of these talks other than to give my impression that, despite all differences between leaders of the world powers, all of them are interested in a political solution in the Middle East."

Brandt said West Germany would try, in talks with both parties in the Middle East, to be as objective as possible. "That does not mean only to try to be aware of the positions but we want to introduce elements which we consider to be on the line of reason."

Wide Range Of Topics Discussed

Brandt stressed that Israel and West Germany have had normal relations since they exchanged ambassadors eight years ago but these have always been in the context of the historical background of the past. "Without the acceptance of our share of responsibility for the crimes which Nazism committed abusing the name of Germany,

external freedom would not be credible nor reliable," he said. "The three decades that separate us from the days of horror made us forget nothing of what must not be forgotten," he said.

The German leader said his talks with Premier Meir included cooperation between their two countries, international relations in general, the Middle East conflict and the problems confronting that region. He said Israel's viewpoint was presented "in a frank manner," adding that this did not signify wide differences.

The Chancellor said another topic of discussion was the relations between the European Economic Community and the Middle East region. He said on that subject he was in a dilemma because he strongly favored political cooperation between the nine Common Market countries, yet there are substantive differences among them on such subjects as the Middle East. He said, however, that Israel's economic and political interests in the EEC were consonant with West Germany's views. "We shall bear them in mind when the enlarged community goes about the task of working out a comprehensive and balanced policy for the Mediterranean," he said.

Brandt said that the matter of compensation for Nazi victims was not brought up in his talks with Mrs. Meir. He said he held out little hope that people not covered by existing legislation would be brought into a new framework of restitution, but noted that negotiations were proceeding with Dr. Nahum Goldmann, president of the World Jewish Congress.

HOME MADE BOMB KILLS 3 ARABS

TEL AVIV, June 10 (JTA)--Three Arab students were killed last night by an explosion in the home of one of them while apparently trying to manufacture a home made bomb according to instructions broadcast by Arab terrorist radios in neighboring countries. The incident occurred in Shweika village near Tulkarem on the West Bank. Israeli police arrested eight other local students identified as friends of the three killed. The bodies of the students were found in the debris of a room that contained a variety of chemicals and parts of detonating devices. One of the dead youths had been taking a corresponding course from Beirut University.

ISRAELI SAYS DELEGATION RECEIVED WARM RECEPTION IN MOSCOW

TEL AVIV, June 10 (JTA)--An Israeli stage designer who returned from Moscow after attending the International Theater-Institute Congress in the Soviet capital, said he was surprised by the warmth of the reception given the Israeli delegation.

"Not only were we faced with a most-welcome atmosphere but even Hebrew songs in the heart of Moscow," said Arnon Adar. He said that at a number of receptions attended by the Israelis, Russian orchestras opened up with "Hava Nagilla" and hora tunes. Adar said he assumed "there was some order from higher echelons to give us the best possible treatment." He recalled that the Israeli delegation was initially refused visas to enter Russia and that the Soviet authorities relented only after international pressure and threats to move the congress to another country.

Adar said that the delegation met many Jews among the Russian theatrical people. But they were unable to visit the Moscow synagogue on Saturday because the congress sessions were held outside the city on those days.

Encouraged by last year's response to its first UNICEF Jewish New Year card, the U.S. Committee for UNICEF is offering two new designs for Rosh Hashanah greetings this year.

17 MOSCOW JEWS ARRESTED, RELEASED

NEW YORK, June 10 (JTA)--Seventeen Moscow Jews were arrested today and later released with a warning that if they continued to demonstrate they would be "sent away," the National Conference for Soviet Jewry reported. Six of the arrested Jews were seized outside the Kremlin walls after they began a hunger strike to protest the failure of Soviet authorities to grant them exit visas.

The other 11, all activists, were picked up at various points in the city. There was no indication where they would be sent to if they disobeyed the orders not to demonstrate, the NCSJ said.

The six were identified as Valery Krizhak and his wife; Dr. Alexander Luntz, a mathematician; Dr. Vladimir Raginsky, a physicist; Dr. Viktor Brailovsky, a cyberneticist and Eda Nudel whose occupation was not known.

Charge They Are Indentured Servants

Luntz, Raginsky and Brailovsky were among seven Jewish scientists who signed a statement issued just before the hunger strike began which accused Soviet authorities of holding them as "indentured" servants of the State without allowing them to "be redeemed." They said that when they applied for visas, they were told by the Soviet Ministry of Interior that they could not leave because they were too highly qualified and because their skills were needed by the State.

This has replaced access to State secrets as the reason by denying visas to Jewish scientists and other professionals seeking to emigrate, they said.

The NCSJ spokesman said today's hunger strike was prompted by disappointment and frustration over the fact that Soviet Communist Party Secretary Leonid I. Brezhnev has made no move to ease visa restrictions or free Jewish prisoners on the eve of his visit to the U.S. It had been widely expected in Jewish circles that the Soviet leadership would make some sort of conciliatory gesture before Brezhnev's American trip.

The NCSJ also reported that two Kharkov Jews were detained by police all day today. One of them was identified as Moisey Kerbel, who was arrested at Kiev airport after he had gone there from Kharkov with a police escort. He and another Jew were told they could not leave the city, the NCSJ said.

BRANDT GOES SIGHT-SEEING, MEETS WITH SOVIET IMMIGRANTS DELEGATION

JERUSALEM, June 10 (JTA)--Chancellor Willy Brandt went fishing in the Sea of Galilee, was narrowly missed by two eggs thrown at him outside the Jerusalem City Hall and laughed ruefully with sweltering guests inside after the air conditioning broke down. Those were some of the non-political aspects of the West German leader's four-day visit to Israel which ends tomorrow.

Brandt, the first Chancellor of the German Federal Republic to visit Israel, also met with a delegation of Jewish immigrants from the Soviet Union and promised them he would do his best to try to secure the release of Jews imprisoned in the USSR because they wanted to emigrate to Israel.

The Chancellor went on a walking tour of East Jerusalem today, but in the guise of a tourist rather than as a guest of the State. The private nature of the visit was emphasized last

Brandt's presence in the Old City be construed as German recognition of Israel's annexation of the area. He visited the Church of the Holy Sepulchre and was greeted outside by a German Franciscan theologian, Prof. Wolfgang Elpidius Pax, with whom he conversed in German. He waved to Arab shopkeepers who stood outside their shops. Later he attended a reception given by Mayor Teddy Kollek of Jerusalem at which he was introduced to the Arab Mayor of Hebron, Sheikh Mohammed Ali el-Jaabari.

Brandt was the guest of Deputy Premier Yigal Allon at his home at Kibbutz Ginossar on the western shores of the Sea of Galilee. He arrived there Friday afternoon wearing a brown summer suit, a light hat and pink shirt. He took a swim in the pool, fished in the sea and proudly displayed a medium-sized St. Peter's fish that he caught. Later he attended a cocktail party given by Allon and was introduced to Israeli, Arab and Druze notables. Brandt took a night-time sail on the lake.

Will Speak Of Jews Imprisoned In Russia

His meeting with the Russian immigrants was arranged by Allon. The delegation consisted of Miklai Zand; Dr. Yehuda Harif; Zima Kaminska; Aicha Braun and Michael Radomitzki. They expounded at length on the situation of Jews in the USSR. The Chancellor replied: "Unfortunately, West Germany has not much influence on Russia, but I can assure you that I shall take every opportunity to speak of the Jews imprisoned in Russia."

The egg incident occurred as Brandt was entering the Jerusalem City Hall to attend Mayor Kollek's reception. The thrower managed to hide behind a wall despite heavy security measures. Brandt was unaware of the assault as one egg was caught by a security man in mid-air and the other splattered a policeman. The reception in the City Hall, attended by a gathering of Jews, Arabs and Christian dignitaries, was marred by the air conditioning failure in the City Council chamber. The guest of honor took it with good humor, drawing laughter when he spoke of Mayor Kollek's "warm" reception as he mopped his brow.

Emerging from City Hall, Brandt waved at crowds across the street who responded with waves and applause. There were some boos and shouts of "Germans go home." Brandt called on President Ephraim Katzir Friday, accompanied by Premier Golda Meir and Foreign Minister Abba Eban. Israel's President presented the visitor with a 2000-year-old glass vase from the Second Temple period. Brandt also met at the King David Hotel with former Premier David Ben Gurion.

17,000 FORMER SOVIET JEWS URGE SENATE TO ADOPT JACKSON AMENDMENT

NEW YORK, June 10 (JTA)--Yechezkel Poliarevich, a former prisoner in a Siberian strict regime labor camp now living in Israel and chairman of the Association of Former Prisoners of Zion, is scheduled to arrive this evening at Kennedy Airport from Israel with a petition signed by 17,000 Soviet Jews who recently emigrated to Israel, asking the Senate to adopt the Jackson Amendment.

The petition, sponsored by the Association in conjunction with the Association of Soviet Immigrants in Israel, will be brought to Washington tomorrow by Poliarevich and Yitzhak Helmwoltz, an Israeli lawyer who was born in New York and settled in Israel in 1968, and Mikhail Shepshelovich, a Soviet Jewish activist who recently emigrated from the USSR to Israel. The three men will present the petition to Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D.Wash.) and other Congressmen on the steps of the Capitol Building. Poliarevich and Helmwoltz are members of the Herut Party in Israel.

JEWISH CEMETERIES HIT BY STRIKE**Emergency Committee Set Up To Help Bereaved Families Bury Their Dead**

NEW YORK, June 10 (JTA)--Thirteen Jewish cemeteries were among the 47 cemeteries in the New York metropolitan area hit today by a strike of 1700 members of the Cemetery Workers and Green Attendants Union, Local 365. Rabbi Samuel Schrage announced today that an Emergency Committee for Jewish Burial has been set up to help bereaved families bury their dead. He told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that he and Shlomo Drimmer, president of the Committee, met with Sam Cimaglia, union president, and received permission for members of the families of the deceased, volunteers and friends to dig graves. Rabbi Schrage noted that the union agreed because Jewish religious law requires the dead to be buried within 24 hours.

"Because many of the deceased are elderly, and because they have no relatives who are physically capable of digging graves with the blunt instruments required to do the operation, the Committee is organizing squads of volunteers to help," Rabbi Schrage said. Those who wish to help the bereaved families can call (212) 773-8483 and ask for either Rabbi Schrage or Drimmer. The situation is especially acute, Rabbi Schrage said, because of the hot weather.

The last cemetery strike occurred in the winter of 1970 and held up 15,000 burials, with cemeteries storing bodies in sealed coffins in storage tents. The union is currently seeking a \$12 weekly wage increment in each year of a three-year contract in addition to fringe and pension benefits, Cimaglia said. The union leader stated that the union and management officials last met two weeks ago in an effort to break the deadlock but that there has been no movement toward a settlement. In 1970, the strike lasted eight weeks.

JDL SEEKS PERMANENT INJUNCTION AGAINST JEWS FOR JESUS PAMPHLET

SAN FRANCISCO, June 10 (JTA)--A spokesman for the Marin County Jewish Defense League said today that the organization plans to seek a permanent injunction Wednesday from the Marin County Superior Court against distribution by the local office of Jews for Jesus of a pamphlet which the JDL calls misleading.

Sue Warren, assistant JDL coordinator, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the JDL also seeks a permanent ban on use by the Jews for Jesus of the JDL initials. She said the pamphlet uses JDL as representing "Jesus Delivers Life" and that also in the pamphlet is a reproduction of the JDL emblem, a Star of David enclosing a clenched fist.

The injunction suit seeks a ban against use of the emblem by Jews for Jesus, Miss Warren said. She added that a picture on the front of the pamphlet shows a boy reading "Never Again," the book by Rabbi Meir Kahane, JDL founder. She said the suit names Moishe Rosen, who lives in Marin County, as director of Jews for Jesus; Susan Perlman, a follower whose name appears on the pamphlet; and a number of John Does.

Miss Warren explained that on May 25, the JDL office obtained a temporary restraining order which was served on Rosen. She said there had been no known distribution of the pamphlet after that, but that the temporary order expires this month and the JDL wants a permanent ban.

BLACK CLERGYMEN SEEK WAYS TO DEPOLARIZE CROWN HEIGHTS, TENSION

NEW YORK, June 10 (JTA)--A Black clergyman in the racially-mixed Crown Heights section of Brooklyn reported that an agreement had been reached with leaders of the Lubavitcher movement to end a dispute over police barricades limiting access to a service road which passes the United Lubavitcher Synagogue.

The area was the scene of a clash between several hundred Hasidim and police on June 2 which erupted when patrolmen tried to arrest three Hasidic youth charged with battering two cars driven on the block during a restricted period. One was driven by Dr. Rufus Nichols, a Black physician who lives on the block, and the other by a patient. The Hasidim charged the cars were driven "recklessly."

The Black clergyman, Rev. Clarence Norman, said Friday that "we have received assurances from Jewish leaders that no traffic will be interfered with in traveling through this area." Rev. Norman, who is president of the interracial and interfaith Crown Heights Clergy Council, urged that drivers "bear in mind the safety of those children and adults entering and leaving services" at the Lubavitcher Synagogue.

This was a reference to a claim by a Lubavitcher spokesman, Rabbi Yehuda Krinsky, that the barricades, used during the past three years, were meant only to protect worshippers, particularly children, who congregate outside the synagogue on Saturdays. He said last week that four of the children had been hit by cars during the past year.

Rev. Norman also urged both communities "to respect the rights of one another and not to be goaded into confrontation which would only serve the interests of those who would tear our community apart." Dr. Nichols' wife had demanded immediate removal by police of the barricades, and Rabbi Krinsky had charged that the Blacks were "trying to prod us into a confrontation."

Rev. Robert L. Hardmond, another Black member of the Clergy Council, urged religious and lay leaders of the two communities to unit behind efforts of the Clergy Council to depolarize the Crown Heights section. Calling the June 2 clash a "shocking incident," Rev. Hardmond said the problems which the Black community "have long experienced are also the problems of other ethnic groups," including Jews, Haitians and Hispanic Americans.

SMOLAR, PROF. SCHEIBER, HONORED

BALTIMORE, June 10 (JTA)--Prof. Alexander Scheiber, director of the Jewish Theological Seminary of Budapest, Hungary, and Boris Smolar, Editor-in-Chief Emeritus of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, received honorary doctorates in Hebrew Letters at the annual commencement exercises today at the Hebrew College.

Dr. Scheiber, a noted scholar in Rabbinics and in the history of Hungarian Jewry, is head of the only state-supported institution in Eastern Europe for the training of rabbis and Jewish scholars. Smolar has served the Jewish community for more than 50 years as foreign correspondent, columnist and Editor-in-Chief of the JTA. His weekly column, "Between You and Me," which is syndicated by the JTA, is published throughout the world. Smolar's recent book, "Soviet Jewry: Today and Tomorrow," published by Macmillan Co., has received wide acclaim.