

# daily news bulletin

Published by Jewish Telegraphic Agency 165 West 46th St. New York, N.Y. 10036 Contents copyright: Republication only by previous arran

Vol. XL - Fifty-Sixth Year

Monday, March 12, 1973

little on its part and the initiative must come from

Hussein.

JEWISH CANDIDATE ASSAULTED

PARIS. March 11 (JTA) -- Three men were ar-

Mrs. Meir, Rabin, Return Home

rested today for assaulting a Jewish candidate for the French Parliament, Jean Pierre-Bloch, and later attacking his office. The incident was the only one with anti-Semitic overtones to occur while some 28-million Frenchmen went to the polls in the second and final phase of France's parliamentary elections. Bloch, running on the Reform Party ticket, was attacked to cries of "Dirty Jew, you want to buy your way to power."

The candidate was injured in the face and his car

PREMIER SAYS THERE IS NO CHANGE IN U.S. FRIENDSHIP FOR ISRAEL TEL AVIV, March II (JTA) -- Premier Golda

was damaged

Meir returned to Israel tonight after a 13-day visit to the United States and assured her countrymen that there has been no change in the American policy of friendship and support for Israel. She said that, regretably, there has been no change in the Arab position but that U.S. officials had neither asked nor hinted that Israel should change its attitude.

Bloch told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the three managed "to escape detention while being escorted to police headquarters.". He said the attackers may have been motivated by the fact that the Gaullist candidate pulled out of the race in his electoral district. Bloch, son of the president of the League Against Anti-Semitism (LICA), said his assailants apparently blamed

The Premier was greeted at Lod Airport by Cabinet and Knesset members, senior Army officers and her family. Returning aboard the same plane was Ambassador Yitzhak Rabin who terminated his duties in Washington last Friday. Meeting with reporters in the airport terminal. Mrs. Meir said of her trip to the U.S.: "It was important for us to know if there were any changes in the cooperation that we enjoy with the U.S. very glad to state, as was stated by the White House press officer, that the cooperation and assistance will continue."

him for "forcing" the Gaullist out of the contest.

The balance of power ip oday's voting seemed to be held by the three million Reform Pary voters. The party's platform calls for a change in France's Middle East policy and closer ties with Israel. During the first round of voting lastSunday, the Socialist-Communist coalition won 46 percent of the popular vote and were only four points away from an absolute majority.

Israel Not Opposed To U.S. Initiative

# LLON REPORTED READY TO SUGGEST SEPARATE SETTLEMENT WITH JORDAN

Mrs. Meir said that Israel was not opposed to any American peace initiative and welcomed any action that might promote the possibility of peace. "What we opposed," she said, "was one thing-that there shall be no foreign factor, that instead of conclusions and agreements we have to readh" with our neighbors, it will face us with accomplished facts, either in agreement with our neighbors or with other factors, and then exert pressure on us to accept it. On that last possibility, I found no sign in America. As to an initiative to promote peace, America wants things to start moving." She said, however, that she could only wish that

JERUSALEM, March II (JTA) -- Deputy Premier Yigal Allon is planning to suggest that Israel seek a separate peace settlement with Jordanian King Hussein when the Labor Party resumes its debate on the future of the administered territories, it was reported today. Allon's purported intentions were reported in the newspaper Haaretz,

> a meeting with Arab leaders was close at hand. "I know of no such possibility" at this time. Mrs. Meir said. She added that after the murder of two American diplomats by Arab terrorists in Khartoum, the U.S. has become aware of Arab terror and its consequences. On the matter of Soviet Jewry, she said, "I brought up the question of Russian Jewry in almost every talk I had in the U.S. and I found a great understanding of the problem among my listeners."

Allon has apparently been talking to his close friends privately about raising such a proposal. According to the Deputy Prime Minister, the chances of getting a settlement with Jordan are far better than of securing an arrangement with Egypt. Moreover, he thinks that Israel should exploit any opportunity of denting Arab opposition to negotiations, Haaretz'said. Allon was said to feel that Palestinian representatives on the West Bank are more receptive to a peace arrangement with Israel. Were Israel to forge a settlement with Jordan these representatives would be inclined to subscribe to it Allon believes

Rabin refused to comment on his political future. However, he had great praise for Mrs. Meir. He said there could have been no better conclusion to his tour in Washington than her visit there. He noted that American Jewry had demonstrated its deep affection for the Premier and its affinity for Israel in the warm receptions accorded Mrs. Meir wherever she went:

Allon's suggestion has apparently been given impetus by the recent expressions of support for the Allon Plan given by Hussein. Specifically, the Jordanian monarch was reported to agree with that part of the Allon Plan calling for the stationing of Israeli troops along the Jordan River, Des pite this, Hussein still feels strongly that the Israelis must turn over some sovereignty of Jerus-, alem to the Arabs.

### CZECHOSLOVAK ACCUSES JEWISH RESEARCHERS OF STEALING DOCUMENTS

Alton is said to be willing to discuss a partial withdrawal of Israeli forces from the territories. But at this stage he is not ready to discuss the question of Jerusalem. On his visit to the U.S. in Dec. the Deputy Premier is known to have raised the question of a separate peace agreement with Jordan. But Allon and U.S. Secretary of State William P. Rogers agreed that Israel could do

LONDON, March 11 (JTA) -- In a Slovak language broadcast from Prague, Jewish historians, writers, and other researchers, who visited Czechoslovakia from Israel, the United States and Austria, were charged with stealing documents from Czechoslovak archives. According to the broadcast several days ago, the Jewish researchers had gone to

Czechoslovakia "under the pretext of research into the history of Czechoslovak Jewry!" but had taken away documents "proving cooperation between Zionist organizations and the Nazis."

The histographs. Like Roberts also god that

The broadcaster, Jiri Bohatka, also said that "offier evidence" on confidential relations between the gestapo and the Jewish Council of Elders in Prague and the Jewish Central Office for Slovakia was feloniously taken from the archives."

Bohatka mentioned by name Livia Rothkirchen

Bohatka mentioned by name Livia Rothkirchen of Yad Vashem, who he attacked, however, not for stealing documents but for her study "Jews in Czechoslovakia," published in New, York in 1968. He rejected her assertion that Slovak anti-Semitism has been general and directed not only against Jews but also against the poor.

# EMIGRATION FUNDS AVAILABLE.

WASHINGTON, March 11 (JTA) -- State Department sources, admitting "considerable administrative delay" in the use of the \$50 million appropriated to the Department for Soviet Emigration purposes, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the money is now directly available and plans for its expenditure are in progress.

Congress last Oct, appropriated the funds for use this fiscal year ending June 30 to aid Jews and others emigrating from the Soviet Union to Israel and other control which may accept them The practical effect of the regislation is to assist Jewish emigrants since they exceed by far at this time emigration of non-Jews.

time emigration of non-Jews.

Rep. Joshua Eilberg (D.Pa.) charged last weel in a telegram to President Nixon that the administration secretly has impounded the funds after the President had signed the bill which made the money available. The government accounting office disclosed that the State Department had not asked for the \$50 million, he said, and apparently had made no plans to spend it. Last Thursday, however, a statement from Eilberg's office reported that the funds have been released and "work has also begun on the plans for spending the money."

Eilberg said that "the funds will be used topay the transportation costs from Russia to Israel for the refugees, modernization of stop-over facilities in Austria, improvement and construction of reception centers in Israel, and for housing for the refugees in Israel." Noting that more than 30,000 Soviet Jews had emigrated to Israel last year, Eilberg said that "while Israel has welcomed all these people it simply cannot handle the financial burden of assimilating them."

#### Grants Will Go To ICEM

When Eilberg's statement was brought to the attention of the State Department, the JTA was informed that the Office of Management and Budget released the \$50 million to the Department March 5 and that "plans to utilize the funds are being made" by the State Department's Office of Refugee and Migration Affairs in consultation with the American Embassy in Tel Aviv, the government of Israel and Jewish voluntary agencies in the United States. Frank L, Kellog, special assistant to Secretary of State William P. Rogers heads the office.
"Although firm decisions have not been "Although firm

"Although firm decisions have not been reached," the sources told JTA, "we anticipate these funds will support the housing and care of the migrants in Europe while they are in travel status, their onward transport and their initial resettlement in Igrael." We anticipate the expenditures will be made in the form of grants to the Intergovernmental Committee for European

Migration (ICEM) and to voluntary agencies." No decision has been yet made for using the funds for housing in Israel the source said. He agreed that this was a variation from Eilberg's statement regarding this factor.

ICEM is a 31-nation organization outside of the United Nations. It was established after World War II to assist emigrants from Eastern Europe in resettling in other areas. While virtually all of the Jewish emigration from the Soviet Union is centered near Vienna before it flows mainly to kirael, Department officials said they preferred the use of "Europe" in their planning. They noted that the legislation applies to immigrants to Israel or another suitable country of Jewish and "Similar refugees" from the Soviet Union.

# DEFENSE SAYS SPY RING DEFENDANTS ACTED POLITICALLY, ASKS FOR ACQUITTALS

TEL AVIV, March II (JTA)--Defense counsel in the Syrian-spy trial asked the court today to acquit the six defendants of espionage charges on grounds that they acted solely from political moti-

vations and had no intention of harming the State,—
Ali Raffa, the attorney for Daoud Osman Turki,
the ring leader of the Syrian-directed Arab-Jewish spy ring, and Tousiya Cohen, lawyer for Ehud
Adiy, head of the ring's Jewish section, did not
deny that their clients visited Syria, trained in the
use of arms and explosives and passed information to enemy agents.

But they claimed that they were motivated by a political ideology that wanted to bring about political revolutions in Israel and other Middle Eastern countries. The attorneys argued that the defendants passed on information that was known to every soldier and civilian in Israel and therefore could not be considered classified.

The court is expected to pronounce judgement in several days after which 27 other spy ring suspects including four Jews, will be brought to trial in the same Haifa district court.

## THREE PLO COMMANDERS KILLED

TEL AVIV, March 11 (JTA)--The Arab terrorist known as "Che Guevara," whose activity recently has resulted in a number of murders of Arab notables and in the resumption of terrorist activities against Israeli forces in the Gaza Strip, was killed Friday morning in a clash with an Israeli Army unit at his hiding place. With him were two other terrorist commanders who also were killed. There were no casualties to the Israelis, officials said.

Following a hand grenade throwing Thursday at an Israeli-army truck which resulted in the death of an Israeli soldier and injuries to another Israeli, army units conducted searches in some Gaza suburbs. Two hand grenades were found in the Rimal quarter. Later a subterranian bunker was discovered at the home of a local physician, Dr. Rashad Mousmar. Three Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine commanders were iniding in the bunker. One of them was "Che Guewara."

The terrorists opened fire at the approaching Israelis. The fire was returned and the three terrorists were killed. Arms and ammunition as well as propaganda material were found in the bunker. Dr. Mousmar had been previously convicted for adding terrorists and sentenced to five years imprisonment. He was released, however after two years on condition that he would remain in his medical profession and have no connections with terrorists. He was detained when the bunker was found in his home.

# RABIN LEAVES; DINITZ DUE By Joseph Polakoff, JTA Washington Bureau Chief

WASHINGTON, March II (JTA) -- Yitzhak Ralin, Israel's Ambassador to the United States, since Feb. 28, 1968, terminated his assignment Friday and returned to Israel today. Mrs. Rabin departed—for Jerusalem—several days ago. Rabin will be succeeded by Simcha Dinkiz, director, general of the Prime Minister's office. "Drittz will arrive to take up his ambassadorial

duties towards the end of this month.

Dinitz, the personal choice of Israell Premier Golda Meir for the post, will come here accompanied by his wife, their son and two daughters. The new envoy, 44, was in the United State for 10 days during Mrs. Meir's visit to the U.S. He had served previously at the Israell Embassy here as Minister for Information in 1968-69, during Rabin's first two years as Ambassador. In his student years Dinitz earned a political science degree at Georgetown University, the foremost Jesuit institution in America.

During the hiatus between Rabin's departure and the arrival of Dinitz, the Embassy will be under the direction of Minister Avner Idan as charge d'affaires. Idan has been here for the past 18 months, coming from Bonn where he also held the rank of minister.

While his departure had been posted several times in the past six months, Rabin had been expected to remain in Washington until mid-March. His departure this weekend came, therefore, as a mild surprise. He succeeded Avraham Harmani, now-president of Hebrew University, as Ambassador. As Chief of Staff of the Israeli. Armed Forces that triumphed over the Arab nations in the Six-Day War in 1967, Rabin shared in the tremendous acclaim for Israel's brilliant military feat,

#### Nixon, Rogers, Praise Rabin

Twice while with Mrs. Meir in the White House during the Premier's recent visit, Rabin was praised by President Nixon. At the meeting with Mrs. Meir at the White House, Nixon referred to Rabin's excellence as an Ambassador. At the dinner the President gave for Mrs. Meir at the White House, Nixon again lauded Rabin and remarked jocularly, "if you will change your citizenship we have a job for you."

Secretary of State William P. Rogers saluted Rabin at a farswell dinner for the Ambassador spönsored by the Conference of Presidents of Major American Jewish Organizations in New York, saying, "you have earned the respect of all who have worked with you," Newsweek magazine, hailed him as one of Washington's five top Ambassadors.

Often described as the "undiplomatic diplomat," Rabin cane under fire during the last Presidential campaign when he was accused of supporting Nixon at a time when the Jewish vote in the United States was receiving extensive attention in the media. However, the incident quieted down after Mrs. Meir declared in Jerusalem that Israell officials abroad are forbidden to take sides in politics in the countries to which they are accredited.

Ralin's future in Israel has not been made known but it is expected that he will be in the Foreign Ministry pending his decisions on a future course, which is understood to be in Israeli politics.

#### PARTICIPATORY DEMOCRACY IN ISRAEL

JERUSALEM, March II (JTA) -- An example of

participatory democracy at work in Israel came to light today with the disclosure that two telephone company employes recently "sat in" on a conversation between Premier Golda Meir and Ambassádor Yitzhak Rabin in Washington. One of them became so involved in the trans-Atlantic dialogue that he volunteered his own answer to a question Mrs. Meir put to her envoy, thereby bringing about his downfall and that of his eaves-dropping colleague.

The incident occurred three weeks ago. Both employes were promptly suspended by the Communications Ministry pending a full scale inquiry. Simcha Dinitz, Mrs. Meir's political advisor and Rabin's successor, demanded at the time that they be summarily, fired.

The employes, whose names have not been disclosed, were described as Tel Aviv University students working temporarily for the phone company. By some electronic quirk they plugged into the Meir-Rabin conversation and, typical of all Israelis deeply concerned with affairs of state, decided to listen. At one point, Mrs. Meir asked Rabin his opinion of a newspaper article published in the U.S. the day before. Rabin asked which newspaper the Premier was referring to.

Before Mrs. Meir could reply, a strange voice broke in with the answer, "It was the well-known Washington Post," he voice said. A startled Mrs. Meir said, "Yitzhak, this conversation is being overheard," and apparently terminated it. A workers committee of the International Telephone Center has protested against the possible dismissal of the two employes.

#### SOVIET JEWS ON KHARTOUM MURDERS

LONDON, March II (JTA).-Jewish sources in the Soviet Union reported that many letters have been sent to the American and Belgian peoples by Soviet Jews following the murder of three diplomats by the Black September group in Khartoum. In a telegram to President Nixon, 14 Soviet Jews from Moscow, Kiev and Kharkov expressed their grief at the deaths of Ambassador Cleo A, Noel Jr. and George Curtis Moore, charge d'affaires.

The telegram stated: "Dear Mr. President, Deeply moved by the cowardly murder of the representatives of your people in Khartoum by Black. September terrorists. We extend our deep sympathy to you, to all the American people and to the families of the murdered men. We mourn together with you over this senseless tragedy."

A similar telegram was sent to King Baudoin of Belgium about the death of Guy Eid, the Belgian charge d'affaires. A telegram about the Khartoum affair was also sent by the Goldstein brothers and Elizabeta Bykova from Tbilisi to the American Ambassador in Moscow, with a request to pass it on to Nixon.

#### 'PRO-JEWISH' PRIEST REMOVED

AMSTERDAM, March II (JTA)--Prof. Cornelius A. Rijk, a Roman Catholic priest who sharply criticized a negative statement issued by a Vatican spokesman following Premier Golda Metr's meeting with Pope Paul VI, has been "quietly removed," from the Vatican Secretariate for Christian-Jewish relations, it was disclosed here today. According to an article in the quarterly Ter Harkenning, a periodical devoted to Christian-Jewish relations, the Dutch priest was removed for his "too pro-Jewish views."

David Ben-Gurion said today he was convinced that peace would be restored to the Middle East within 10 years and that the time was ripe now to start making contacts with the Arabs.

# \$50 M.U.S. GRANT AID TO ISRAEL

WASHINGTON, March II (JTA).—The U.S. government has provided a grant of \$50 million to Israel to help her meet financial burdens from national defense and resettlement of immigrants from the Soviet Union and other areas. The grant the second of that amount in 10 months for those purposes, was formalized Friday at a ceremony at the State Department in which Yithak Rabin, in his final act as Ambassador of Israel, signed an agreement transferring the funds to his government. Dr. John A. Hannah, administrator of the Agency for International Development (AID); signed for the United States.

Leaving Washington yesterday en route to Jerusalem at the end of a five-year term as Ambassador, Rabin expressed gratitude to American officials for having speeded up the paper work attendant to the agreement to enable him to

sign it before his departure.

"This agreement and the predecessor of last May which we have fully utilized are clear, tangible evidence of U.S. support for Israel's security, economic strength and independence," Rabin-said. "On behalf of the people of Israel, I extend our gratitude to the people of the United States, their President, his administration and the Congress for decisions and acts that have made this ceremony possible."

# Expression Of U.S. Friendship, For Israel

In his response, Dr. Hannah said, "We are pleased to help Israel maintain the economic stability necessary for successful fulfillment of her efforts for defending and developing herself as a nation." A statement issued by the State Department said that the signing represents "another concrete expression of the long and warm friendship between Israelis and Americans as part of the continuing U.S. effort to help Israel maintain economic-stability in the period of heavy defense expenditures."

The grant will also help Israel in resettling emigrants "who in their new lives will have new opportunities to use their faients for self-development and for continuing the growth of Israel," the statement added. The \$50 million are in the form of dollar financing made available for Israel to purchase imports of a variety of industrial and miscellaneous commodities from the U.S. to which "related services also may be added," according to the statement.

Under the agreement the goods imported under the U.S. grant will be sold in Israel and the proceeds, which will be in Israeli pounds, will be applied to the general support of Israel's national budget. The Israelis are expected to use the ald financing for industrial, agricultural, scientific, textile and office equipment, Import transactions since July 1, 1972 are eligible retroactive by for the financing. Delivery of goods may be made through June 30, 1974.

# FISHER: GENERAL EDUCATION IN ISRAEL, JEWISH EDUCATION IN U.S., IMPERATIVE

CLEVELAND HEIGHTS, O., March II (JTA)--Max M., Fisher, chairman of the Jewish Agency's board of governors, made a two-pronged appeal today for increased American Jewish support of general education in Israel and Jewish education in the United States. Addresding a meeting of the Zionist Organization of America's Cleveland Region at the Park Synagogue here, Fisher said Am-

erican Jews must assist Israel in making "more and better education available" to its youth, "especially immigrant children" from Afro-Astan countries, as a major step in helping to close the "social-economic gap" between Israel's Oriental and Western Jewish communities."

Fisher, a former general chairman of the United Jewish Appeal and a past president of the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds, also declared that "most Jewish children in the free countries, our own included, still get little or no Jewish education....If we are not going to teach our young people what it means to be a Jew," he said, "then we have no right to say we are concerned about Jewish survival."

At the ZOA meeting, Fisher received the Cleveland Region's Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver Award in recognition of his "friendship and concern for the welfare and security of the State of Israel." The presentation was made by Conrad J. Morgenstern, a Cleveland attorney who is president of the ZOA Region. Herman L. Weisman, president of the ZOA, who addressed the meeting, said Fisher "has proven himself as a great force for the commitment of American Jewry to aid the people of Israel, especially in the fields of absorption of new immirants and education."

Fisher lauded Israel for making free, compulsory primary school education available to every child, but said more had to be done to help "broaden and strengthen Israel's educational opportunities." He also noted that in spite of greater community support and funding of Jewish education in American Hebrew day schools, "we are not doing enough" for Jewish education in the United States and "we cannot afford to let that situation continue."

#### SOVÍET MISSION DEMANDS PROSECUTION OF JDL MEMBERS FOR DEMONSTRATION

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., March II (JTA)=-The Soviet Mission to the United Nations has demanded in a letter to the United States Mission, the prosecution of 10 members of the Jewish Defense League who picketed the Soviet Mission from a balcony of the Park East Synagogue on Feb, II. The synagogue is located across the street from the mission building in Manhattan.

In the letter, released Friday, the Soviet Mission asked for federal prosecution of the JDL members under the U.S. law for the protection of foreign officials and official guests of the United States. That law bars picketing and demonstrations within 100 feet of the premises of a foreign mission.

The Soviet letter, which ificluded a note to Secretary General Kurt Waldheim on the matter, and which was circulated as a document of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country, declared that the JDL demonstrators "shouted threats, obscentities, abuses and insults at the staff of the Mission" from the synagogue balcony. The letter also charged that the members of "the notorious Zionist group" also "displayed hostile slogans" in placards which "contained threats of physical violence" against representatives of the Soviet Union.

At the time of the incident, Rabbi Arthur Schneier of the Park East Synagogue deplored "the invasion and takeover of our synagogue" and condemned the irresponsible tactics of the "self-appointed defenders of Soviet Jewry." The JDL'ers were protesting the oppression of Soviet Jews.