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LAZAR LUBARSKY SENTENCED TO 4 YEARS IN FORCED LABOR CAMP

LONDON, Feb. 4-(JTA)--Lazar Lubarsky, the 46-year-old engineer who was never bothered by Soviet authorities until he applied for an exit visa to Israel, was sentenced Thursday at the end of a two-day secret trial to four years in a forced labor camp on charges of slandering the Soviet Union and giving away official state secrets. The trial was held in Rostow-On-Don.

The judge was identified as Trost, a Jew, according to Jewish sources in the Soviet Union-who reported the verdict. The inne-page indictment accused Lubarsky, who had been chief engineer at a high tension network institute in Rostov, of writing slanderous letters to Jews who had appeared on Soviet television to denounce Israel, and of writing other slanderous letters. The defense counsel, surnamed Pamynins, argued that the letters could not constitute slander Her efforts were severely handicapped by refusal of the court to let her see Lubarsky's file, the sources reported.

The prosecution charged that Lubarsky had given away state secrets at the institute. Miss Pamynina said Lubarsky had simply shown a document—not classified as secret—to a fellow worker, had received a mild reprimand and the incident closed. She added he continued working at the same post until April, 1970, when he was dismissed for applying for the exit visa.

On the second day of the trial, 16 of the 16 defense witnesses were allowed to give evidence Lubarsky's wife was permitted to enter the courtroom on the second day. A group of 32 Jews in Vilna cabled the Rostoy District Court chairman that they were holding a 24-hour hunger strike in solidarity with the engineer.

RABIN OPTIMISTIC ABOUT U.S.
POSITION ON MIDEAST SETTLEMENT
Says Nixon Has Not Changed His
Position Since His Re-Election

TERUSALEM, Feb. 4 (JTA) -- Ambassador Yitzhak Rabin left for Washington this morning following a brief leave in Israel during which he reportedly gave Premier Golda Meir an optimistic appraisal of the United States position on a Middle East settlement. In addition to his consultations with Mrs. Meir, Rabin had a lengthy meeting Friday with Foreign Minister. Abba. Eban and Ambassador-designate, Simha Dinitz who will succeed him in Washington in mid-March.

Rabin is said to have told Premier Meir that President Nixon does not expect any new proposals from her when they meet in Washington March I and does not expect any major changes in israel's position. He maintained that contrary to the belief expressed in some quarters, Nixon has not changed his approach to the Middle East problem since his re-election. The U.S. has recently reaffirmed its doctrine agreed on with Israel, that there can be no Israeli withdrawal from the administered territories prior to a peace settlement.

The Americans firmly believe in peace by stages, Rabin reportedly told Mrs. Meir. He said Nixon and his advisors may well-offer the Israeli leader-some suggestions but that was not the same as pressure, Rabin emphasized.

Hussein To Get Little From Nixon

The Israeli envoy did not expect radical changes in Egypt's position. He reportedly expressed the view that President-Anwar Sadat would probably await the outcome of Soviet Communist Party-Secretary Leonid Brezhnev's. visit to Washington later this year before, making any moves. He said that King Hussein of Jordan who is scheduled to meet President Nixon in Washington Tuesday may secure more U.S. military and economic assistance for his country but little else.

Rabin told reporters at the airport before his departure today that he expected no dramatic developments to emerge from the Hussein-Nixon meeting. He said the Jordanian ruler had decided to rejoin the Eastern Front against Israel in order to appear in Washington as a spokesman for all of the

Arab states, not just Jordan.

He said there was little prospect of an advance toward a bilateral settlement between Israel and Jordan at this time because of Hussein's insistance that Jordan control parts of Jerusalem. The Israeli envoy described Hussein's recent proposal for a meeting of the religious leaders of the three major faiths to discuss the problem of Jerusalem as "a clear propaganda trick." He said it might elicit a favorable response in the U.S. but, he added, "every trick does not bear fruit."

NEW MISSILE BOAT TO BE LAUNCHED

TEL AVIV, Feb. 4 (JTA)—Israel disclosed today that it will soon launch a new missile boat which it claims is far superior to 12 similar craft built for it in France several years ago and faster than any Russian-built vessel of the type khown to be in Mideastern waters. The first in a series of the new boats armed with Israel's "Gabriel" surface-to-surface missile, the "Reshef," will be launched Feb. 19 by Israel Shipyards Ltd. on Haifa Bay, according to today's announcement.

The 415-ton boat took three years to plan and build and cost \$10 million. According to Israel Livertovsky, director general of the shipyard, that price is less than it would have cost to build the boat abroad and proves that Israel is independent of foreign shipyards with respect to its nayal requirements.

Rear Admiral Benjamin Telem, commander of the Israell Navy, said today that the Reshef is one of the most sophisticated vessels of its type in the world and was larger, faster, more maneuverable and more heavily armed than the gunboats of the Saar class built for Israel in France. Israel ordered 12 Saar-class boats in France before the 1967 Six-Day War. Seven were delivered and five were embargoed. On Christmas Eve, 1968, Israeli crews "liberated" the embargoed craft from Cherbourg and sailed them to Israel!

According to Admiral Telem, the Reskef and her sisters, to be known as the Saar-IV Class, are an improvement on the earlier gunboats in that they incorporate the latest techniques and systems of control. He said they were capable of cornate against submarines, surface craft and aircraft.

The Reshef will carry seven "Gabriel" missiles, four depth charge launchors and will be armed with two 76 mm, guns as against one in the French-built dan, that this move, in effect, permits him to be an

unofficial spokesman for a good part of the official

Arab world; his announcement a week earlier that

Jordan is willing to arrive at a peace settlement... with Israel if the Moslem holy places in Jerusalem

are placed under Jordanian control; and his state-

ment this weekend in London calling for an ecumen-

as another effort to present Jordan as a reasonable

ical conclave of the three major religions, is viewed

ficers and men and will be powered by four German-made Maybach diesel engines generating 2670 indicated horsepower for a speed of 32 knots, 36.80 land miles per hour. Admiral Telem said the Reshef had a longer cruising range and better sea-keeping qualities than the French made gunboats.

NOTHING NEW SEEN IN HUSSEIN'S

boats. The Reshef will carry a crew of 45 of-

ECUMENICAL CONCLAVE PROPOSAL

JTA Daily News Bulletin

JERUSALEM, Feb. 4 (JTA)--Israelt officials withheld public comment today on King Hussein's proposal to hold a three-faith meeting to resolve the problem of Jerusalem. Privately.

resolve the problem of Jerusalem. Privately, Israelis said that the proposal, aired in an article Hussein wrote for The Times of London, represented "no basic change." A Cabinet supplement said in reply to reproteers meetions.

represented "no basic change," A Cabinet spokesman said in reply-to reporters' questions that the position of the Israel government on Jerusalem is "well known," One source said there was "nothing clear" about Hussein's proposal, implying that the idea would get bogged down over the question of who would represent each faith at the conference,

Hussein left London today for the U.S, where he will meet with President Nixon Tuesday. Israeli officials expressed the view that he is going to Washington "primarily to get financial aid," They said his recent acquiesence to reactivation of the Eastern Front against Israel was intended to end his isolation from fellow Arab leaders. But they said he was not going to the U.S, as spokesman for any Arab states other than Jordan. "This he has already made

clear before his visit," one source said.

ARAB LEADERS ACCUSED OF LEADING
THEIR PEOPLE INTO MIDEAST MORASS

JERUSALEM, Feb. 4 (JTA)—A prominent West Bank Arab-has accused the Arab-leader—ship of leading their people into the present Middle East morass—Sheikh Mohammed Ali-el-Jāabari, the Hebron Mayor, spoke here at the conclusion of a nation-wide Koran quiz-spon—sored by the Israel Broädcasting service. He said the Arab leadership brought about a "gitua"

tion with which they are unable to cope,

"The Middle East airlines must be getting tired of flying Arab leaders from one pointless conference to another." Jaabari said. He was apparently referring to last week's meeting of 18 Arab foreign and defense ministers in Cairowhich announced the reactivation of the Eastern Front against Israel. The Hebron Mayor also urged King Faisal of Saudi Arabia to permit Israeli Arabs to yisit Mecca.

HUSSEIN MAY EXERT SOME DIPLOMATIC CLOUT IN HIS MEETING WITH NIXON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4 (JTA)--King Hussein's meeting this week with, President Nixon may augur some changes, albeit minor, in the U.S. attitude toward the Arab world, according to some political analysts here. As they see it, the Jordanian monarch now has enough political and diplomatic clout to accomplish a two-fold objective: to convince the Administration that it ought to pressure Israel into an early settledment with her Arab neighbors and to undermine Israeli. Premier Golda Meir's meeting with Nixon next month.

Observers here say that Hussein will bring with him a number of aces in his diplomatic bag, his announcement last week that he will reactivate the Eastern Front provides him with the prestige of speaking for more than just Jor-

nation willing to recognize realities in the Middle East.

This weekend Hussein also stated in an interview with The Times of London that Security Council Resolution 242. "Stripped of its secondary provisions... recognizes two fundamental principles as a basis for a just solution." One principle cited by Hussein is that it calls "for Arab acceptance of a political fact of life which we have refused to admit, and fought to prevent, for a quarter of a century--the fact of Israel. The resolution bids us to reverse this stand and accept not only the presence of Israel but an Israel enclosed behind-secure and recognized borders.

To this, Jordan and Egypt have agreed."

Urges U.S. To Enforce Res. 242

Hussein in the same interview noted

thusein in the same interview noted that "the time lag in converting a resolution into a working formula for peace" has led to hijacking and kidnapping on the part of the Arabs which he termed "senseless acts of a frustrated, defeated people," and "annexing and desecrating the old Arab city of Jerusalem, coupled with wiping out villages and deporting the people of Gaza" on the part of Israel which he termed "the calculated acts of an arrogant victor." The Hashemite ruler added: "In Arab eves. one

force still to be put behind the 1967 resolution (242), publicly and more strongly, is the influence of the

United States on both Arab and Israeli. The Arab

needs to know that American friendship toward Is-

rael is limited to its preservation, not to expansion...
The Arab-needs-to know which borders the United...
States is prepared to guarantee. So does Israel."
In the view-of-some political analysts in the nation's capital, Hussein's apparent reasonableness and even-handedness in dealing with both the Arabs and Israel will provide the Administration witherough diplomatic food for thought to make

SYMPOSIUM HELD IN MEMORY OF SLAIN WEIZMANN INSTITUTE PROFESSOR

line and an intransigent attitude."

Mrs. Meir's approach to Nixon seem like "a hard

ory of Professor Aharon Katzir-Katchalsky, Weiz-

mann Institute scientist killed in the Lod Airport massacre on May 30, 1972, was held yesterday at the Polytechnic Institute of Břooklyn, Nobel Laureates Professor Melvin Calviń of the University of Calliornia, Berkeley, and Professor Gerald M. Edelman of The Rockefeller University were among the participants. The symposium was under the auspices of the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn and the American Committee for the Weizmann Institute of

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (JTA) -- A symposium in mem-

Prof. Katzir-Katchalsky, 58 years old, killed as he was returning from a scientific conference in Europe, was an internationally recognized, specialist in the field of thermodynamics of irreversible processes and especially the application to biological membranes. At the time of his death he was deeply involved in brain research. He was the founder, and head of the Polymer Research Department of the Welzmann Institute of Science in Rehovot, Israel.

of the Weizmann Institute of Science in Rehovot, Israe
An Aharon Katzir-Katchalsky Center of Physical
Biology is now in the process of being established on
the campus of the Weizmann Institute of Science as a
permangnt memorial to him. An International Com-

mittee of distinguished scholars headed by Nobel Laureate Dr. Manfred Eigan of the Max Planck Institute at Gottingen, Germany, is acting-as-advisors to the Weizmann Institute in developing plans for the Center.

The Center will be devoted to the advancement of research. In the areas of biological macromolecules, membrane structure and function, and theoretical biology-fields in which Dr. Katzir-Katchalsky gained international recognition. The activities of the Center will be supported by the Weizmann Institute of Science, as well as by private donations. Numerous universities, solentific organizations and individual

SABOTAGE ATTEMPTS LINKED TO TERRORIST CELL IN NABLUS

scientists have volunteered their support.

JERUSALEM, Feb. 4 (JTA) — Two attempts at sabotage in Nablus this weekfelf have been linked by Israeli authorities to local residents who may have been organized into a terrorist cell last summer when the West Bank was open to visitors from Jordan. Several arrests were made last night after Army sappers safely detonated an explosive charge found in the town square. Another device exploded Friday evening near the Nablus labor exchange but caused no casualties or damage.

Six more arrests were announced by Israeli authorities over the weekend in connection with Syrian espionage attempts in Israel and the administered territories. Police disclosed today that an Arab from Kabatiyeh village near Nablus was arrested on a Jordan River bridge several days ago after a routine-search disclosed that he was carrying detonators concealed in his shoes.

The suspect reportedly confessed under questioning that he had been recruited by Syrian agents while visiting Jordan recently and was sent to Syria, for training in the use of explosives and in organizing sabotage groups.

Police announced Friday the arrests of five more members of a Syrian-directed Druze spy ring uncovered last week. The arrests were made at Eliat where the suspects were working as-laborers and apparently gathering information on Israeli naval and military deployment at Eliat and the Gulf of Aqaba. Israeli authorities said if appeared that the Syrian spy ring was cooperating with Egyptian intelligence in that area.

Operated In Key Positions

The Druze ring was based at Majdal Shams village on the Golan Heights near the Syrian border and was headed by Abu Jamal Shaquib, SI, a wealthy Druze who employed his sons and other relatives in espionage activities. Shaquib and It members of his clan were arrested last week. An investigation, still underway, disclosed that the ring-leader deployed his subordinates in key positions around the country.

They worked as porters, construction workers and mechanics as covers for intelligence j gäthering operations and even managed to obtain civilian jobs in strategic areas, police said. Several arms and explosives eaches used by thering have been discovered.

Shaqutb was reportedly known as a Syrian agent before the Six-Day War during which he fled to Syria. He was permitted to return to the Golan Heights in 1969 under the family reunion program on his promise of good behavior. But he used his farming activities as a cover for espionage, Israell authorities gaid.

Two suspects were arrested in Hebron yesterday after an Israeli bus driver told police that he was menaced by a group of local Arab drivers and had to use his pistol to scare them off. Assaf Dinoyitz, a 25-year-old Egged bus driver, said he was attacked at Tarkumiya village near Hebron when he came there Friday to pick up Arab laborers for jobs in Israel. He said his life was threatened if he continued to transport Arab workers to Israel.

BEN AHARON STIRS CONTROVERSY WITH VIEWS ON ADMINISTERED AREAS

TEL AVIV, Feb. 4 (JTA)—A statement by Histadrut Secretary General Yitzhak Ben Aharon, widely interpreted as advocating unilateral Israeli withdrawal from certain of the administered territories prior to a formal peace settlement, has come under thitter attack from fellow Labor Party leaders and others. Ben Aharon, a leading Israeli dove, said last night that his remarks at a meeting of the Labor Party secretariate here Thursday night were misunderstood and missinterpreted.

A stenographic transcript of his remarks showed that Ben Aharon did not advocate a policy which is diametrically opposed to the current israeli government line but warned that some say Israel might find that policy wanting.

At Thursday night's discussion, the Histadrüthead specifically criticized the large-scale employment in Israel of Arab labor from the Gaza Strip. He was quoted as saying that "We cannot build Zionism with Arab labor" and that current policies were undermining "our moral basis by being rulers over other people." He was immediately challenged by several of his colleagues at the meeting.

Defense Minister Moshe Dayan defended Israeli policies in the Gaza Strip which, he contended, rescued it from dire poverty and chaos. He said the employment of Arabs in Israel and the territories helped greatly to raise their living standards. Dayan declared that/if the Gaza Strip were to be abandoned its residents would be left "to the mercies of the wicked gangs of murderers" and that the Egyptian Army would return and incite the gangs to start attacking, villages in the Strip.

'No Retreat Without Peace' Is Holy Writ

Ben Aharon said last night that he did not make "a proposal of withdrawal prior to peace" but "a suggestion that Israel, which depends on its strength, can unilaterally decide her borders if it became clear that there was no one with whom to talk and make peace." He said he was offering no alternative to the present government policy of no withdrawal prior to peace. However, Ben Aharon remarked, the slogan "no retreat without peace" has taken on the character of holy writ.

At Thursday night's meeting Israel Gallli, a Minister-Without-Portfolio who is a member of the Labor Party's inner circle, assailed Ben Aharon's views as an incentive to an aggressor to restart a war. Some Labor Party circles expressed fear that Ben Aharon's statement would undermine Premier Golda Meir at her meeting with President Nixon in Washington March 1.

Israell police are investigating a threatening letter received by Rabbi Meir Kahane, Jewish Defense League leader, which was signed by the "Arab Defense League" warning the JDL head that it would retaliate "by fire and blood" if the JDL continues its program to got Arabs to emigrate from Israel. A similar letter was received by Emanuel Naji Houri, an Israeli Arab allegedly collaborating with Rabbi Kahane. Both letters were written in red ink and threatened to murder the recipients "within one month." They were turned over to the police.

CONGRESSMAN SEES LITTLE CHANCE USSR WILL REPEAL ITS EXIT TAX

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4 (JTA) -- "Little chance" exists that the Soviet Union will repeal its exit tax on prospective emigrants, Rep. Benjamin Rosenthal (D. N.Y.), chairman of the House Subcommittee on Europe, said Friday after a seven-day visit to Moscow and Leningrad. The Soviet position "hardened" in 1972 when more than 30,000 Jews left the USSR for Israel.

for two reasons, Rosenthal said. One is "the official Soviet judgement that extensive emigration of Jews will cause unrest among other Soviet minorities, and serve to strengthen Israel." The other is the conviction that President Nixon can easily control the political forces in the United States to prevent the issue of Soviet Jews from interfering with trade and other "detente" developments. "I think the Soviets seriously misunder-

stand our political system by forgetting the role of Congress in passing trade legislation." Rosenthal said. "I am convinced that these trade ties are useful to both countries, and to the cause of world peace. But both the President and the Soviets must understand that normal relations between our two countries cannot proceed while Soviet Jews are harassed." Rosenthal, who visited the Soviet Union to assess present "detente" politics and the "outolook for further improvement in Soviet-Ameri-

can relations," said that he did not believe the Soviets will try to eliminate emigration but rather to limit the exit of highly educated Jews. "There is enough flexibility in their exit tax law so they can grant exemptions easily -- if they want. But the active Soviet harassment of vocal Jewish dissidents has increased since our elections in Nov."

RABBI RACKMAN URGES SUPPORT OF ISRAEL'S CHIEF RABBINATE: RABBI HENKIN CONCURS IN LANGER RULING

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (JTA) -- Rabbi Emahuel Rackman, chairman of the board of governors of the Religious Zionists of America, called on the American Orthodox Jewish community to close ranks in support of the Chief Rabbinate in Israel. He congratulated Ashkenazic Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren on the publication of his "brilliant responsum" on the celebrated case of the Langer ghildren, which removed the taint of bastardy against Hanoch and Miriam Langer and permitted them to marry their fiances.

In a statement issued Friday, Rabbi Rackman said "we are confident that he (Rabbi Goren) will solve many additional problems confronting the State and the people of Israel and thus demonstrate the viability of the halacha for individual Jews in an age of technology and for a sovereign State among the family of nations."

At the same time, Rabbi Rackman hailed the statement of Rabbi Yosef Henkin, described as the dean of the Orthodox rabbinate in America. which concurred in Rabbi Goren's ruling, Rackman added that Rabbi Henkin's approval "should once and for all silence those who reacted most negatively," against the Langer ruling, "presumably because they did not know the facts or see the full text of the opinion.'

The Rabbinical Council of America reaffirmed last week at its mid-winter conference its full support of the office of the Israeli Chief

Rabbinate as the religious authority in all mat-

the profound confidence of the Orthodox rabbis in the authority of the Chief Rabbinate office on problems of a religious nature." URGE FORMATION OF ECUMENICAL AGENCY TO-FOSTER JEWISH-CHRISTIAN DIALOGUE

ters of Judaism in Israel. Rabbi Bernard Twersky,

press secretary of the Rabbinical Council, the organization of Orthodox rabbis, said the overwhelm-

ing vote was a manifestation of the support "and

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (JTA) -- The formation of an ecumenical agency to foster Jewish-Christian dialogue in the United States has been urged by the board of directors of the United Church Board for World Ministries, overseas missions arm of the two-million-member United Church of Christ. The agency would serve as an American counterpart to the World-Council of Churches' Committee on the Church and the Jewish People, which has for some years been sponsoring talks between Jewish and Christian leaders. It would coordinate but not dup licate existing activities, and would include conservative evengelicals, Unitarians and Roman Catholics as well as mainline Protestant denominations, the Board said.

In asking the directors to recommend formation of the agency, Rev. Dr. David M. Stowe, executive vice-president of the United Church Board, said that this is a time of "heightened uncertainty and even tension" between Christians and Jews in the U.S. "The news media have carried a flock of resentful or suspicious Jewish reactions to Key 73's announced intention to confront every person in North America with the gospel.' Such phenomena as 'Jews for Jesus' confirm Jewish fears that they are to be made the targets of a proselytizing campaign," Dr. Stowe said.

These concerns about renewed Christian interest in evangelism are "added to deep and lingering hurts springing from the widespread refusal of Christians to rally to the Israeli cause at the time of the Six-Day War in 1967," he said. Current Jewish questioning of Christian evangelism "raises crucial quesstions for the whole style and intent of our work around the world," Dr. Stowe declared.

NEW JEWISH PRISONER OF CONSCIENCE

ence on Soviet Jewry reported today that it learned of a new Soviet Jewish prisoner of conscience. According to the Tashkent newspaper, Pravda Vostoka, Yakov Kaufman has been sentenced to a long prison term. The NCSJ said it did not know when he was sentenced or for how long and did not have any immediate information about Kaufman. According to the report in the newspaper, cited by the NCSJ, Kaufman was sentenced because his views "are close to those of the Zionists and sometimes even identical to them." The article also stated that Kaufman Tyielded to

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 (JTA) -- The National Confer-

the influence of Zionist anti-Soviet propaganda and found himself in the captivity of Zionist theories." He was sentenced, the report continued, "for the systematic spread of deliberately false information, vilifying the Soviet government, and for the preparation and distribution of written works of the same content."

Three persons were killed and 41-were injured yesterday when a bus overturned on a slippery road on the way to a ski site on the slopes of Mt. Hermon. Helicopters transferred the injured to hospitals. Twelve of the victims were reported in serious condition.

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