

daily news bulletin

Published by Jewish Telegraphic Agency 165 West 46th St. New York, N.Y. 10036 Contents copyright: Republication only by previous arrangement

Vol. XXXIX - Fifty-Fifth Year

Monday, December 11, 1972

No. 237

ISRAELIS STUNNED BY DISCLOSURE THAT JEWS WERE MEMBERS OF SABOTAGE RING

TEL AVIV, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Israelis were atunned this week-end by the disclosure that young native-born Jews were among the members of a Syrian-directed Arab spy and sabotage ring that took its orders from Damasous. Four Israell Jews were among 20 persons arrested last week when security forces cracked down on the spy ring that had been under surveillance for the past four months. Most of the rest were Christian Arabs, a fact that had disturbing implications here inasmuch as the Christian-Arab community has steered clear of anti-Israel sabotage in the past.

Three more Araba were arrested yesterday on suspicion of membership in the ring but several of those previously detained have been released for lack of evidence. Still in custody are Ehud Aviv, 26, a student at Haifa University who was born and raised at Kibbutz Gan Shmuel; Dan Vered, 30, a teacher; David Cooper, 25, a clerk; and Yehezkel Cohen, a Bat Yam laborer. All are Jewish.

Former SDS Member Second In Command

The ring was headed by Daoud Csman Turki, a Christian Arab merohant and Israeil Communist Party functionary. Vered was apparently his second in command and it was in the latter's home that police found code books used to transmit intelligence information to Syria. It was learned that Syrian intelligence transmitted instructions to the network through coded messages broadcast by Damascus radio.

The overall chief of the ring in Damasous was identified as Habib Kawagi, a Maronta Christian Arab who was once an Israell citizen but left the country after several clashes with the law. Turki ran the spy ring from his book store in downtown Haifa which was a gathering place for Arab and Jewish Mao-lets and other extreme left-wingers.

According to Israell security sources, some members of the ring were saboteurs and others were intelligence gatherers. The latter operated under instructions from Damascus to obtain information on Israell political and economic developments and American arms shipments. Israell forces cracked down on the ring when it became apparent that it planned to launch sabotage activities just before the Christmas holidays. "The ring must be viewed as one of the most dangerous ever uncovered in Israel," Commander Shoon Eshed of the Northern District Police said last night.

Vered was described as an extreme Marxist who joined the SDS (Students for a Democratic Society) when he studied in the United States and who later left Matzpen, an anti-Zionist, pro-Trotskylst splinter group, because he thought it was too conservative. Vered never served in the Israeli Army. But Enud Aviv served as a paratrooper in the capture of East Jerusalem during the Six-Day War.

According to his father, interviewed by Maarty, "Ehud always felt that we paid too high a price for the safeguarding of some old ruins and antiquities." Ehud's mother described her son as "a naive boy who does not fit in with today's world." Both perents said they would stand by their son no matter what happened, Israell investigators are certain that Aviv and Vered gave the Syrians important miltary information after the Syrians played upon their sympathies and convinced them that they could help create a better society by spying and sabotage.

1973 BUDGET OF IL19.5 BILLION APPROVED BY CABINET; IL1 BILLION SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET FOR 1972 ALSO APPROVED

JERUSALEM, Dec. 10 (dTA)—The Cabinet unanimously approved today a 1973 budget said to total II. 19.5 billion and gave its approval to an II. 1 billion supplementary budget for 1972 proposed by Finance Minister Pinhas Spirr. Neither figure was announced officially. The Knesset will take the total property of the prope

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Sapir said he was satisfied with forecasts that exports would stay well ahead of imports by a 2-3 ratio. Sapir announced income tax cuts, obviously intended to please voters in the coming election year. Under the new arrangement, a family with two children earning IL 600 a month will pay no tax. Families with four children will be exempt if they earn up to IL 800 a month.

COMMITTEE OF 3 MANDATE EXTENDED

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Among those in favor were the Soviet Union, Chan, Egypt, Jordan, Lebanon and Syria. Those opposed included the U.S., Israel, Canada, Bolivia, Uruguay the Swaziland. The vote to extend the committee's mandate was taken Friday.

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no effect on American policy.

The officials said that for Israel Bush's statement was the most important fact connected with the resolution. Nevertheless there were indications, not specifically stated, of disappointment that the U.S. chose to abstain rather than vote against the Egyptian-inspired resolution. Disappointment was also expressed over the support of the resolution by the European Common Market powers, although it was acknowledged here that last minute efforts by Britain and Belgium succeeded in softening the language of the resolution.

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stain on the resolution as a whole.

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An earlier resolution had included a demand for sanctions against Israel. But the resolution's 18 sponsors, all sympathetic to the Arab position. were induced to drop that proposal in exchange for support from Britain, France and other European nations. Britain and Belgium also succeeded in deleting another Egyptian-inspired paragraph that referred to "immediate and unconditional withdrawal in accordance with (Resolution) 242." But the feeling here today was that even the softened version contained the potentially dangerous element of sanctions or at least an excuse to apply sanctions by any party seeking such an excuse. No official statement on the resolution was issued by any government spokesman here today.

(Israei's UN Ambassador Yosef Tekoah branded the resolution "a product of Arab negativism and shortsightedness" that would "increase friction between the parties and make the attainment of peace more difficult." He refrained, however, from renouncing support for Resolution 242 as he had warned on Nov. 30 Israel would if the General Assembly passed a resolution distorting the five-year-old measure.)

(Five of the Arab nations favoring tougher treatment of Israel abstained in Friday's vote. They were Iraq, Syria, Algeria, Southern Yemen and Libya. Six Latin American countries joined Israel in voting no on the resolution. They were Colombia, Costa

Rica, the Dominican Republic, Nicaragua and Uruguay.

AAJE TO LAUNCH NATIONWIDE FUND FOR JEWISH EDUCATION

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 (JTA) -- The American Association for Jewish Education, in a move designed to increase the scope of its activities in communities throughout the country, has announced the creation of a Fund for Jewish Education in America. Under the chairmanship of Robert H. Arnow, president of the AAJE, the Fund will have as its objective the task of mobilizing additional financial resources to support the projects, programs and services of the AAJE to meet the ever-increasing educational needs of the American Jewish community.

The Fund will be officially launched at a National Leadership Dinner and Conference next March. In announcing the establishment of the Fund. Arnow stated: "We are now in the process of forming a 'National Committee of 100,' which will represent the most concerned and involved leaders in this area on the national Jewish scene. The scope of Jewish education has broadened so dramatically and the threat of alienation has increased to such an extent that the need for more innovative programs and courses to make Jewish life more meaningful has become an absolute

necessity."

This is especially true on the high school and college levels, Arnow noted, "where disaffection has taken place and graduates are less than positive in their sentiments about their roles as Jews in contemporary America." The AAJE is attempting to meet this challenge by "contemporizing Jewish studies through curriculum research, pedagogic innovation, training of teachers and other school personnel, better programming and standardized tests," Arnow declared. adding: "With the additional Fund resources, we will be able to close the gap between requirement and performance, thus ensuring the continued growth and progress of Jewish education in America." Arnow is also the president of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

DISCLOSE POPE PIUS XI, PLANNED TO STOP NAZI ANTI-SEMITISM

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10 (JTA) -- A papal encyclical attacking racism and anti-Semitism ordered by Pope Pius XI in June, 1938, might have prevented the Nazis from carrying out their planned extermination of Jews, it was disclosed in the National Catholic Reporter due for publication Dec. 16. According to the copyrighted lay-edited Reporter, the Pope commissioned the American Jesuit editor and scholar, the Rev. John LaFarge, to write this encyclical 15 months before the outbreak of World War II. But, the Reporter notes, it is not clear whether the Pope ever saw the completed draft before his death in Feb. 1939.

According to Gordon Zahn, a Catholic scholar who has written extensively on the German church under littler and who was asked by the Catholic Reporter to analyze the encyclical and speculate on the effect it might have had, the publication "could have had important long-term results." Nazi anti-Semitic practices might not have been stopped, Zahn noted, "but they may not have escalated to the stage of planned extermination; more important, Catholics in countries soon to be occupied might have been less ready to cooperate when the time came."

The draft of the papal encyclical, according to Marjorie Hyer, a staff writer of the Washington Post who reported on the contents of the

Catholic Reporter's disclosure, has been discovered in a Jesuit seminary in New York City. The document, "The Unity of the Human Race," was completed by Father LaFarge, but the Catholic Reporter stated that there is "the possibility that the finished manuscript was withheld from Pope Pius XI for political reasons by La Farge's Jesuit superior general, Father Wiodimir Ledochowski, who was also a Polish Count."

Withheld Encyclical From Pope

According to papers left behind by LaFarge, now stored in the Jesuit Seminary in Woodstock, N.Y., Father Ledochowski received the manuscript from Father LaFarge for transmission to the Pope but held it for more than a month and then gave it to an unidentified "disenti censor."

A German Jesuit scholar, the Rev. Gustave Gundlach, who worked with Father LaFarge in Rome on the encyclical draft, expressed distruct of Father Ledochowski "because he felt his extreme anti-Communism blinded him to the dangers of Nazism." Thomas Bifesin, wome-time Jesuit candidate for ordination who discovered the material about the encyclical while studying Father LaFarge's papers, told the Catholic Reporter that Father Ledochowki feared that publication of the encyclical would prompt a Soviet invasion of Poland leading to the downfall of Western religion.

Father Ledochowski reportedly received the encyclical manuscript late Sept. 1933. Some six weeks later—the night known as "Crystal Night" of Nov, 9-10—Nazis pilloged and looted synagogues and Jewish businesses and arrested thousands of Jews throughout Germany. It was the beginning of the planned externments of Jews by the Nazi regime. According to the Catholic Reporter, the virtual sitence of the chirches following that event "showed Hitler that he-could get away with using Jews as scapegoats."

EBAN: ISRA L'S POSITION IN TERRITORIES LEGITIMATE UNTIL PEACE TREATY SIGNED

LONDON, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Foreign Minister Abba Eban of Israel said here today that Israel's position at present in the administered Arab territories is fully legitimate until there is a peace treaty signed which would alter the situation. Eban, appearing at a press conference at the conclusion of the London meeting of the Socialist International Bureau, match his remarks in reference to the resolution adopted Friday by the United Nations General Assembly.

He noted that even the General Assembly, where the Arab states have "an automatic majority" was forced to omit harsh clauses demanding immediate Israeli withdrawal from the territories and implying sanctions for refusal.

Observing that no one has the authority to repeal the Security Council's Resolution 242, Eban said that if the Assembly vote was examined, "you will find that more of the "interested states" voted against the resolution or abstained than voted for it." In the future, he said, Israel would like to see less emphasis on polemics in the UN and more concentration on conciliatory diplomacy.

Study International Terrorism

The Israell Foreign Minister appeared at the press conference with Ron Hayward, general servetary of the British Labor Party; Dr. Bruno Piterman; chairman of the Socialist International, and Hans Jantischek, its secretary general. Eban expressed satisfaction with the action taken at the meeting in the areas of Soviet Jewry and international terrorism.

The Socialist International Bureau decided to reactivate its study group on Soviet Jewry to pro-

duce an up-to-date report on recent developments.
Eban termed the problem of Jews in the USSR
a "meedless obstacle" to improved international
coexistence. The Bureau also decided to establish a special working committee to study the
meeting of international terrorism.

Ehan said the study hoped to discredit the claim by Arab terrorists that they acted from lofty motives and to find means to protect large groups of trade union members endangered by terrorist acts in post offices and at airports. "This is an international problem," Ehan said, "because it constitutes a disruption of international communications, traffic and post. It is an offense to innocent, non-belligerent civilians and no convictions or sentences can possibly the trade of the control of the con

\$505M UJA BUDGET FOR 1973

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Paul Zuckerman of Detroit, who was re-elected general chairman of the United Jewish Appeal at its annual national conference here this weekend, said he will call on American Jews to raise \$505 million in 1973 to meet the "continued high level of immigration from the Soviet Union" and the "immediate need of expanding vital absorption services in Israel for these new immigrants and the thousands more arriving each month,"

The Detroit business executive noted that a minimum of 70,000 new immigrants, many of them from the USSR, "are expected to arrive in Israel this year. And aiready--despite risking harassment, loss of jobs and personal safety-more than 85,000 Soviet Jews are waiting to get out, and thousands more each month are asking for permission to leave."

In addition, Zuckerman noted that the \$505 million goal, almost twice as much as the record \$270 million raised this year by the UJA, will provide for housing for some 55,000 families, for full or partial scholarships for close to 100,000 children from needy families, for direct assistance for some 28,000 larseli families, to help alleviate a critical shortage of hospital beds and to provide education and vocational training for some 25,000 Israeli children between the ages of 14 to 18 who come from large families "living in conditions of poverty."

The UJA also re-elected Mrs. Bert Siris as National Women's Division Chairman. Paul Zinman of Philadelphia was re-elected president of the Israel Education Fund, a subsidiary of the UJA which has 223 educational projects in Israel in various stages of completion, with most of them located in communities with large immigrant populations.

BLACK HEBREWS MUST GO

JERUSALEM, Dec. 10 (JTA)--The Supreme Court Thursday upheld the expulsion of eight black Hebrews who entered Israel last year, but suggested that those of the sect who have been here longer should be allowed to stay. Black Hebrews have been seeking Israeli citizenship as Jews under the Law of Return, but the Court agreed with the Interior Ministry in ruling that "the most one can say is that they maintain the Law of Return of Moses as they understand it, not as it has developed through the ages."

The eight-seven of them members of a faming maned Clark-were picked up by police earlier this year in Jericho after expiration of their three-mooth visas. They had entered Israel last year and lived first at the sect's center in Dimona. Of late, the Interior Ministry has been turning away members of the sect arriving at Lod Airport. ALLON: BRAEL READY TO NEGOTIATE WITH ANY ARAB GOVERNMENT ANYWHERE, ANY TIME Brands General Assembly Resolution As Damaging Prospects Of Mideast Peace

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Israel's Deputy Prime Minister Yigal Allon reaffirmed last night that Israel is ready to negotiate "with any Arab government at any time, anywhere in the world," Addressing more than 2000 American Jewish leaders and guests at the closing banquet of the United Jewish Appeal's national conference which launched the 1973 campaign, Allon also declared: "We are ready to compromise on neuritory, but cannot and will not compromise on security. There is no problem, including the so-called Palestinian question, which cannot be solved by negotiations. Moreover, no problem of any kind can be solved through hostilities, whether waged by terrorists or regular armies."

Alica, considered by many as one of Israel's leading doves, warned, however, that "new voices of warmongering" heard recently in Cairo and Damascus "should now be taken seriously." He braded the Arab-inspired resolution adopted Friday by the United Nations General Assembly as "inflicting great damage on the prospect of peace" and assailed it as creating new illusions in Arab capitals that "can only strengthen Arab leaders in their beliefs that they can achieve their aims at the expense of vital and

legitimate Israeli interests."

The resolution, approved by a vote of 86-7 with 31 antions including the United States abstaining, was rapped by UN Ambassador George Bush as lacking in balance and one that cannot "offer encouragement to the parties to reach a peaceful accommodation of their differences." Bush indicated that the rosolution would not affect American policy. Retring to Sush's statement, Allon said "we are grateful for that." He added that it is unfortunate, however, that the UN "is progressively deviating from its original goal and task of peacemaking."

Referring to the resolution which reaffirmed the principles of Resolution 242 but asked States to "avoid action, including aid, which would constitute recognition of this occupation." Allon said "it cannot impress us too much." About the five European countries which offered the amendment--Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg--Allon stated that these nations were really "less concerned with holy places than with oily places." His statement evoked tumultuous applause.

Atmosphere Of Peaceful Settlement

Discussing Israel in the context of world events, Allon noted that world tensions are relaxing. Citing as evidence the rapprochment of Washington and Peking, the growing understanding between Washington and Moscow, the thawing of international relations in Europe, the prospects of peace in Southeast Asia, the partial withdrawal of Soviet personnel from Egypt, and the long cease-fire period in the Middle East, Allon declared:

"All this may create an atmosphere conductive to peaceful settlement in the Middle East. It is a delicate stitution and should be approached with great care and caution." But, he said, the saher ratilings in Cairo and Damascus poses a threat of renewed war, or limited war, in the hope of mobiliting world pressure against israel "in order to force her to submit to unacceptable conditions which will weaken her to such an extent that the danger of another war will become a real possibility."

Allon anoted further that the laviath Soviet military

equipment being given to Egypt and Syria "can only

encourage the militaristic attitudes of the Arab countries." If five-and-a-half years after the Six-Day War, there is still no peace in the Middle East, "it is not because of Israeli policy, but in spite of it." Allon charged.

Turning his attention to israel's domestic situation, the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education and Culture asserted that Israel has made great strides in the improvement of social standards, with special attention to the underprivileged. After defense, education for Israeli Jews and Arabs "has the highest priority in the governmental budget," he stated. "This is not just a social service, but a real investment in Israel's future. The quality of life will, in the final analysis, determine the quality of our nation."

Israel Ready For 1 Million Soviet Jews

Focusing on the issue of Soviet Jewry, Allon noted that 55 years after the Bolshevik Revolution "the Jews have proven to be indigestible in the Soviet system," a problem "with no alternatives for the Russians." The earlier the gates are opened for emigration, the easier it will be for all concerned, he said. Allon, nevertheless, stated that Israel is grateful to the Sovict authorities for granting exit visas to Jews to leave for Israel, but underscored that "we must unite in our efforts and mobilize world public opinion in order to persuade the Soviet government to remove all obstacles for the Jews" and to abolish the "shameful practice of ransom."

The Israell leader declared that the size of the immigration will not be limited by any quota system and that Israel is meeting the challenge of integrating all those who are arriving, "We in Israel are planning our economy and absorptive capacity to successfully integrate not less than one million Soviet Jews within this decade," Allon stated to prolonged and standing ovation. He added that in addition to Israel's concern for Soviet Jews, the Jewish State "shall not rest until the last suffering Jew from Iraq and Syria will be allowed to leave and live in freedom."

BETTER NUDE THAN RUDE

TEL AVIV. Dec. 10 (JTA)--A customs agent at Lod Airport, unacoustomed to nuce passengers, received an uncustomary response from a woman from Cyprus whom he asked to open her suitcase for inspection. Angared by the request, subtore off her clothes, announced she was going to have a heart attack, and fainted. A hastily summoned doctor pronounced her quite well, if not quite drassed. The oustoms official found items in the woman's suitcase that she was charged with trying to smuggle into Israel. Two hours later, composed and olothed, she paid her oustoms duty and left the hall, her name and home country undisclosed.

Robert Strauss of Dallas, Texas, who was elected yesterday chairmin of the Democratic National Committee, is vice-president of the Jewish Federation of Dallas and chairman of the Board of Trustees of Tample Zanauel of Dallas. Strauss, a former treasurer of the party is known to be a staunch supporter of Israel.

Police rounded up 12 suspects in East Jerusalem today after a Molotov Cocktail exploded in a bus this atternoon. No injuries were reported and damage to the bus was slight.

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An earlier resolution had included a demand for sanctions against Israel. But the resolution's 18 sponsors, all sympathetic to the Arab position. were induced to drop that proposal in exchange for support from Britain, France and other European nations. Britain and Belgium also succeeded in deleting another Egyptian-inspired paragraph that referred to "immediate and unconditional withdrawal in accordance with (Resolution) 242." But the feeling here today was that even the softened version contained the potentially dangerous element of sanctions or at least an excuse to apply sanctions by any party seeking such an excuse. No official statement on the resolution was issued by any government spokesman here today.

(Israei's UN Ambassador Yosef Tekoah branded the resolution "a product of Arab negativism and shortsightedness" that would "increase friction between the parties and make the attainment of peace more difficult." He refrained, however, from renouncing support for Resolution 242 as he had warned on Nov. 30 Israel would if the General Assembly passed a resolution distorting the five-year-old measure.)

(Five of the Arab nations favoring tougher treatment of Israel abstained in Friday's vote. They were Iraq, Syria, Algeria, Southern Yemen and Libya. Six Latin American countries joined Israel in voting no on the resolution. They were Colombia, Costa

Rica, the Dominican Republic, Nicaragua and Uruguay.

AAJE TO LAUNCH NATIONWIDE FUND FOR JEWISH EDUCATION

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 (JTA) -- The American Association for Jewish Education, in a move designed to increase the scope of its activities in communities throughout the country, has announced the creation of a Fund for Jewish Education in America. Under the chairmanship of Robert H. Arnow, president of the AAJE, the Fund will have as its objective the task of mobilizing additional financial resources to support the projects, programs and services of the AAJE to meet the ever-increasing educational needs of the American Jewish community.

The Fund will be officially launched at a National Leadership Dinner and Conference next March. In announcing the establishment of the Fund. Arnow stated: "We are now in the process of forming a 'National Committee of 100,' which will represent the most concerned and involved leaders in this area on the national Jewish scene. The scope of Jewish education has broadened so dramatically and the threat of alienation has increased to such an extent that the need for more innovative programs and courses to make Jewish life more meaningful has become an absolute

necessity."

This is especially true on the high school and college levels, Arnow noted, "where disaffection has taken place and graduates are less than positive in their sentiments about their roles as Jews in contemporary America." The AAJE is attempting to meet this challenge by "contemporizing Jewish studies through curriculum research, pedagogic innovation, training of teachers and other school personnel, better programming and standardized tests," Arnow declared. adding: "With the additional Fund resources, we will be able to close the gap between requirement and performance, thus ensuring the continued growth and progress of Jewish education in America." Arnow is also the president of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

DISCLOSE POPE PIUS XI, PLANNED TO STOP NAZI ANTI-SEMITISM

WASHINGTON, Dec. 10 (JTA) -- A papal encyclical attacking racism and anti-Semitism ordered by Pope Pius XI in June, 1938, might have prevented the Nazis from carrying out their planned extermination of Jews, it was disclosed in the National Catholic Reporter due for publication Dec. 16. According to the copyrighted lay-edited Reporter, the Pope commissioned the American Jesuit editor and scholar, the Rev. John LaFarge, to write this encyclical 15 months before the outbreak of World War II. But, the Reporter notes, it is not clear whether the Pope ever saw the completed draft before his death in Feb. 1939.

According to Gordon Zahn, a Catholic scholar who has written extensively on the German church under littler and who was asked by the Catholic Reporter to analyze the encyclical and speculate on the effect it might have had, the publication "could have had important long-term results." Nazi anti-Semitic practices might not have been stopped, Zahn noted, "but they may not have escalated to the stage of planned extermination; more important, Catholics in countries soon to be occupied might have been less ready to cooperate when the time came."

The draft of the papal encyclical, according to Marjorie Hyer, a staff writer of the Washington Post who reported on the contents of the

Catholic Reporter's disclosure, has been discovered in a Jesuit seminary in New York City. The document, "The Unity of the Human Race," was completed by Father LaFarge, but the Catholic Reporter stated that there is "the possibility that the finished manuscript was withheld from Pope Pius XI for political reasons by La Farge's Jesuit superior general, Father Wiodimir Ledochowski, who was also a Polish Count."

Withheld Encyclical From Pope

According to papers left behind by LaFarge, now stored in the Jesuit Seminary in Woodstock, N.Y., Father Ledochowski received the manuscript from Father LaFarge for transmission to the Pope but held it for more than a month and then gave it to an unidentified "disenti censor."

A German Jesuit scholar, the Rev. Gustave Gundlach, who worked with Father LaFarge in Rome on the encyclical draft, expressed distruct of Father Ledochowski "because he felt his extreme anti-Communism blinded him to the dangers of Nazism." Thomas Bifesin, wome-time Jesuit candidate for ordination who discovered the material about the encyclical while studying Father LaFarge's papers, told the Catholic Reporter that Father Ledochowki feared that publication of the encyclical would prompt a Soviet invasion of Poland leading to the downfall of Western religion.

Father Ledochowski reportedly received the encyclical manuscript late Sept. 1933. Some six weeks later—the night known as "Crystal Night" of Nov, 9-10—Nazis pilloged and looted synagogues and Jewish businesses and arrested thousands of Jews throughout Germany. It was the beginning of the planned externments of Jews by the Nazi regime. According to the Catholic Reporter, the virtual sitence of the chirches following that event "showed Hitler that he-could get away with using Jews as scapegoats."

EBAN: ISRA L'S POSITION IN TERRITORIES LEGITIMATE UNTIL PEACE TREATY SIGNED

LONDON, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Foreign Minister Abba Eban of Israel said here today that Israel's position at present in the administered Arab territories is fully legitimate until there is a peace treaty signed which would alter the situation. Eban, appearing at a press conference at the conclusion of the London meeting of the Socialist International Bureau, match his remarks in reference to the resolution adopted Friday by the United Nations General Assembly.

He noted that even the General Assembly, where the Arab states have "an automatic majority" was forced to omit harsh clauses demanding immediate Israeli withdrawal from the territories and implying sanctions for refusal.

Observing that no one has the authority to repeal the Security Council's Resolution 242, Eban said that if the Assembly vote was examined, "you will find that more of the "interested states" voted against the resolution or abstained than voted for it." In the future, he said, Israel would like to see less emphasis on polemics in the UN and more concentration on conciliatory diplomacy.

Study International Terrorism

The Israell Foreign Minister appeared at the press conference with Ron Hayward, general servetary of the British Labor Party; Dr. Bruno Piterman; chairman of the Socialist International, and Hans Jantischek, its secretary general. Eban expressed satisfaction with the action taken at the meeting in the areas of Soviet Jewry and international terrorism.

The Socialist International Bureau decided to reactivate its study group on Soviet Jewry to pro-

duce an up-to-date report on recent developments.
Eban termed the problem of Jews in the USSR
a "meedless obstacle" to improved international
coexistence. The Bureau also decided to establish a special working committee to study the
meeting of international terrorism.

Ehan said the study hoped to discredit the claim by Arab terrorists that they acted from lofty motives and to find means to protect large groups of trade union members endangered by terrorist acts in post offices and at airports. "This is an international problem," Ehan said, "because it constitutes a disruption of international communications, traffic and post. It is an offense to innocent, non-belligerent civilians and no convictions or sentences can possibly the trade of the control of the con

\$505M UJA BUDGET FOR 1973

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Paul Zuckerman of Detroit, who was re-elected general chairman of the United Jewish Appeal at its annual national conference here this weekend, said he will call on American Jews to raise \$505 million in 1973 to meet the "continued high level of immigration from the Soviet Union" and the "immediate need of expanding vital absorption services in Israel for these new immigrants and the thousands more arriving each month,"

The Detroit business executive noted that a minimum of 70,000 new immigrants, many of them from the USSR, "are expected to arrive in Israel this year. And aiready--despite risking harassment, loss of jobs and personal safety-more than 85,000 Soviet Jews are waiting to get out, and thousands more each month are asking for permission to leave."

In addition, Zuckerman noted that the \$505 million goal, almost twice as much as the record \$270 million raised this year by the UJA, will provide for housing for some 55,000 families, for full or partial scholarships for close to 100,000 children from needy families, for direct assistance for some 28,000 larseli families, to help alleviate a critical shortage of hospital beds and to provide education and vocational training for some 25,000 Israeli children between the ages of 14 to 18 who come from large families "living in conditions of poverty."

The UJA also re-elected Mrs. Bert Siris as National Women's Division Chairman. Paul Zinman of Philadelphia was re-elected president of the Israel Education Fund, a subsidiary of the UJA which has 223 educational projects in Israel in various stages of completion, with most of them located in communities with large immigrant populations.

BLACK HEBREWS MUST GO

JERUSALEM, Dec. 10 (JTA)--The Supreme Court Thursday upheld the expulsion of eight black Hebrews who entered Israel last year, but suggested that those of the sect who have been here longer should be allowed to stay. Black Hebrews have been seeking Israeli citizenship as Jews under the Law of Return, but the Court agreed with the Interior Ministry in ruling that "the most one can say is that they maintain the Law of Return of Moses as they understand it, not as it has developed through the ages."

The eight-seven of them members of a faming maned Clark-were picked up by police earlier this year in Jericho after expiration of their three-mooth visas. They had entered Israel last year and lived first at the sect's center in Dimona. Of late, the Interior Ministry has been turning away members of the sect arriving at Lod Airport. ALLON: BRAEL READY TO NEGOTIATE WITH ANY ARAB GOVERNMENT ANYWHERE, ANY TIME Brands General Assembly Resolution As Damaging Prospects Of Mideast Peace

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 (JTA)--Israel's Deputy Prime Minister Yigal Allon reaffirmed last night that Israel is ready to negotiate "with any Arab government at any time, anywhere in the world," Addressing more than 2000 American Jewish leaders and guests at the closing banquet of the United Jewish Appeal's national conference which launched the 1973 campaign, Allon also declared: "We are ready to compromise on neuritory, but cannot and will not compromise on security. There is no problem, including the so-called Palestinian question, which cannot be solved by negotiations. Moreover, no problem of any kind can be solved through hostilities, whether waged by terrorists or regular armies."

Alica, considered by many as one of Israel's leading doves, warned, however, that "new voices of warmongering" heard recently in Cairo and Damascus "should now be taken seriously." He braded the Arab-inspired resolution adopted Friday by the United Nations General Assembly as "inflicting great damage on the prospect of peace" and assailed it as creating new illusions in Arab capitals that "can only strengthen Arab leaders in their beliefs that they can achieve their aims at the expense of vital and

legitimate Israeli interests."

The resolution, approved by a vote of 86-7 with 31 antions including the United States abstaining, was rapped by UN Ambassador George Bush as lacking in balance and one that cannot "offer encouragement to the parties to reach a peaceful accommodation of their differences." Bush indicated that the rosolution would not affect American policy. Retring to Sush's statement, Allon said "we are grateful for that." He added that it is unfortunate, however, that the UN "is progressively deviating from its original goal and task of peacemaking."

Referring to the resolution which reaffirmed the principles of Resolution 242 but asked States to "avoid action, including aid, which would constitute recognition of this occupation." Allon said "it cannot impress us too much." About the five European countries which offered the amendment--Great Britain, France, Italy, Belgium and Luxembourg--Allon stated that these nations were really "less concerned with holy places than with oily places." His statement evoked tumultuous applause.

Atmosphere Of Peaceful Settlement

Discussing Israel in the context of world events, Allon noted that world tensions are relaxing. Citing as evidence the rapprochment of Washington and Peking, the growing understanding between Washington and Moscow, the thawing of international relations in Europe, the prospects of peace in Southeast Asia, the partial withdrawal of Soviet personnel from Egypt, and the long cease-fire period in the Middle East, Allon declared:

"All this may create an atmosphere conductive to peaceful settlement in the Middle East. It is a delicate stitution and should be approached with great care and caution." But, he said, the saher ratilings in Cairo and Damascus poses a threat of renewed war, or limited war, in the hope of mobiliting world pressure against israel "in order to force her to submit to unacceptable conditions which will weaken her to such an extent that the danger of another war will become a real possibility."

Allon anoted further that the laviath Soviet military

equipment being given to Egypt and Syria "can only

encourage the militaristic attitudes of the Arab countries." If five-and-a-half years after the Six-Day War, there is still no peace in the Middle East, "it is not because of Israeli policy, but in spite of it." Allon charged.

Turning his attention to israel's domestic situation, the Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education and Culture asserted that Israel has made great strides in the improvement of social standards, with special attention to the underprivileged. After defense, education for Israeli Jews and Arabs "has the highest priority in the governmental budget," he stated. "This is not just a social service, but a real investment in Israel's future. The quality of life will, in the final analysis, determine the quality of our nation."

Israel Ready For 1 Million Soviet Jews

Focusing on the issue of Soviet Jewry, Allon noted that 55 years after the Bolshevik Revolution "the Jews have proven to be indigestible in the Soviet system," a problem "with no alternatives for the Russians." The earlier the gates are opened for emigration, the easier it will be for all concerned, he said. Allon, nevertheless, stated that Israel is grateful to the Sovict authorities for granting exit visas to Jews to leave for Israel, but underscored that "we must unite in our efforts and mobilize world public opinion in order to persuade the Soviet government to remove all obstacles for the Jews" and to abolish the "shameful practice of ransom."

The Israell leader declared that the size of the immigration will not be limited by any quota system and that Israel is meeting the challenge of integrating all those who are arriving, "We in Israel are planning our economy and absorptive capacity to successfully integrate not less than one million Soviet Jews within this decade," Allon stated to prolonged and standing ovation. He added that in addition to Israel's concern for Soviet Jews, the Jewish State "shall not rest until the last suffering Jew from Iraq and Syria will be allowed to leave and live in freedom."

BETTER NUDE THAN RUDE

TEL AVIV. Dec. 10 (JTA)--A customs agent at Lod Airport, unacoustomed to nuce passengers, received an uncustomary response from a woman from Cyprus whom he asked to open her suitcase for inspection. Angared by the request, subtore off her clothes, announced she was going to have a heart attack, and fainted. A hastily summoned doctor pronounced her quite well, if not quite drassed. The oustoms official found items in the woman's suitcase that she was charged with trying to smuggle into Israel. Two hours later, composed and olothed, she paid her oustoms duty and left the hall, her name and home country undisclosed.

Robert Strauss of Dallas, Texas, who was elected yesterday chairmin of the Democratic National Committee, is vice-president of the Jewish Federation of Dallas and chairman of the Board of Trustees of Tample Zanauel of Dallas. Strauss, a former treasurer of the party is known to be a staunch supporter of Israel.

Police rounded up 12 suspects in East Jerusalem today after a Molotov Cocktail exploded in a bus this atternoon. No injuries were reported and damage to the bus was slight.

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