

daily news bulletin

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Thursday, August 3, 1972

No. 150

Mild Sentence In Fast Trial
NASHPITZ GETS ONE-YEAR TERM AT
'CORRECTIVE LABOR'; NO JAIL

LONDON, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Mark Nashpitz, 29-year-old Jewish activist and friend of Gavriel Shapiro, was sentenced in Moscow today to one year at "corrective labor" while living at home and deduction of 20 percent of his pay for "administrative costs" of his trial, which began and ended today, according to Jewish sources in Moscow.

(In New York, the report of Nashpitz's sentence was confirmed by the National Conference on Soviet Jewry. Executive director Jerry Goodman said he talked by telephone today after the trial with Nashpitz, his mother and Shapiro, and that Shapiro called the mild sentence—the same one imposed on him last week on the same charge, draft-evasion—"a victory for Jews all over the world." Shapiro added: "Every Jew and non-Jew must know what happened today because we have had the support of all people throughout the world.")

Nashpitz, a dentist, will be assigned a job by the authorities. He went into hiding in May when the authorities, in connection with President Nixon's visit, sought to arrest 14 Jewish activists on draft-evasion allegations. Nashpitz, however, did not completely disappear; he served as best man at Shapiro's June 8 wedding and neither was arrested. Shapiro was picked up June 12 and Nashpitz June 18. Unlike Shapiro, Nashpitz was not allowed to live at

home while awaiting trial.

(The National Conference also reported that Moscow activist Roman Rutman and several friends had been threatened with arrest for allegedly having foreign connections and releasing political information.)

(In Washington yesterday, three Representatives—Alphonzo Bell (R. Calif.), Jonathan B. Bingham (D. N.Y.) and Earl F. Landgrebe (R. Ind.)—sought an urgent meeting on the Nashpitz case with Soviet Ambassador Anatoly F. Dobrynin. The Congressmen, on behalf of the Union of Councils for Soviet Jews, were told that they could not see the envoy without an appointment. An Embassy first secretary told the delegation that he himself knew nothing about the Nashpitz case.)

LIBYA-EGYPT LINK MAY BRING ARMS EMBARGO BY FRANCE AGAINST LIBYA

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The French indicated that this development led to a decision to keep the matter open. Observers said the implication of the French action was that the arms embargo would be applied to Libya if it be-

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Israelis Remain Skeptical

JARRING BACK AT UN ON MISSION;

EGYPT ADAMANT ON WITHDRAWAL

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Egypt has informed Dr. Gunnar V. Jarring that it continues to insist that he base his United Nations-sponsored Middle East peace mission on both Security Council Resolution 242 of Nov. 22, 1967, and his aide-memoire of Feb. 8, 1971, diplomatic sources here said last night. In his memorandum, sent to both Egypt and Israel, the Swedish savoy demanded in effect that Israel withdraw to the former international boundary with Egypt as a precondition for peace. Israel promptly rejected the bid, and the Jarring mission has been frozen since.

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DIALOGUE BECOMES DEBATE ON WHETHER NEW LEFT IS GOOD OR BAD FOR JEWS, ZIONISM, ISRAEL

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supporter of aid to Israel."

McClellan, up for election this November for his sixth successive term, voted for the three legislative measures introduced by Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D. Wash.) calling for "unlimited" authorization of military credits for Israel (1970 and on Monday of this week) and for \$500 million in credits (1971). On Monday the credits amendment was approved by the Senate, 76-9. While he favored the Jackson amendment in 1970, McClellan voted on Dec. 15 of that year against a motion by Sen. Frank Church (D. Id.) to kill a measure which would have barred American financing of ground combat troops or military advisors in Israel as well as in Cambodia. The Church measure carried, 60-20.

McClellan succeeds the late Sen. Allen J. Ellender (D. La.) as Appropriations Committee chairman. Ellender, a Senator for 36 years, opposed the three Jackson measures, as did Mc-Clellan's fellow Arkansas Democrat, Foreign Relations Committee chairman J. William Ful-

bright.

Authorization for the \$85 million measure has been approved by Congress and signed into law by President Nixon. However, the actual funding was sidetracked when, in a floor fight on Vietnam, the Senate rejected the foreign aid bill, which included that money. The Soviet-refugee bill was sponsored by Sen. Edmund S. Muskie (D.Me.). Mc-Clellan was not recorded as voting on the Muskie measure when it was approved, nor was he one of its 45 co-sponsors. The Arkansan also did not sign Congressional petitions to the Nixon administration on Soviet Jewry and Phantom jets, reportedly because he is cool to such procedures.

Some Senate sources said today that the \$85 million may be included in an overall supplemental bill for agencies running into deficits or made part of a continuing resolution to prolong the aid program. Other sources said the Senate may await passage of another version of military aid by the House and act on that. McClellan visited Israel with Sen. Abraham Ribicoff (D. Coan.), the

Senate's only Jewish Democrat, in May, 1968, as chairman of the Committee on Government Operations. He reported on Israel's program of international cooperation.

Girl Terrorist's Confession

Read At Military Trial

SAYS MEMBER OF GRAND MUFTI'S

FAMILY PLANNED SABENA HUACK

By YITZHAK SHARGIL
(JTA Tel Aviv Correspondent)

TEL AVIV, Aug. 2 (JTA)—A member of the influential Houseini family of Jordan planned the attempt to hijack the Sabena airliner in May, according to the confession read today in the Sarafand military court from one of the two Arab girls on trial for their part in the abortive attempt. Rimma Tannous and Therese Khalsa went on trial yesterday before a three-member military tribunal qualified to impose the death penalty.

The confession to police by Miss Tannous, 21, identified the hijack planner as the son of Abdul Kader el Houseini. One member of that family was the notorious Grand Mufti of Jerusalem who entered an alliance with Hitler before World War II to carry on the Nazi war against the Jews in Palestine. The father headed a number of Arab gangs who fought the Jews immediately after the United Nations partition resolution in 1948.

Miss Tannous' confession cited a sordid history, including, she told the police, a series of rapes, torture and drugs at the hands of Arab guerrillas which she said led to her participation in the hijack attempt. Born in Amman, she was orphaned as a child and taken to a Bethlehem convent and then adopted by the Tannous family, taking the family name. She said she was raped by the oldest son of the family, requiring the services of a doctor, who proved to be not only a hot-blooded lover but also an active member of a terrorist group.

She told police the doctor took her to his hospital where she became his mistress and then made her join a terrorist group. She said that during the 1970 clashes between the Jordanian army and guerrillas based in Jordan she was taken from the hospital—where she was by then a staff nurse—to Syria and then to Lebanon where the guerrillas found her very attractive physically. Between frequent love affairs, she told the police, she was trained in handling arms and explosives.

Earlier this year, she said in her confession, she was sent with a terrorist named Youssouf to Frankfurt and the two went to Brussels where they met Miss Khalsa and the other male terrorist where they boarded the Sabena plane and took

control over Zagreb in Yugoslavia.

Miss Khalsa's story to the police was much the same as that of her co-defendant, except that she expressed regret for her participation in the hijack attempt which ended May 9 at Lydda Airport when Israeli army commandoes stormed the plane and killed the two male terrorists in freeing the airliner and its nearly 100 passengers. Miss Khalsa's father, who attended the trial, said later he wished his daughter, who was wounded in the seizure of the plane, had died in the hospital. He said "We do not want to become public property and a public interest. We are a respected Christian family in Acre."

"Jerusalem, Face of a City," an exhibition commemorating the 25th anniversary of Israel, is to be shown in five West German cities next year. The \$350,000 exhibition will be held in Munich, Hamburg, Bremen, Berlin and Cologne.

SO. AFRICAN LEADER REJECTS COJO CHARGE EDUCATION 'DISINTEGRATING'

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 2 (JTA)--The newly elected president of the South African Board of Jewish Education has challenged a proposal made at the annual plenary meeting of the World Conference of Jewish Organizations in Geneva last month that COJO should become the agency responsible for stimulating Jewish education in countries outside of Israel.

Louis Sachs, speaking at the 16th national Jewish education convention here, also took exception to a statement made by Louis A. Pincus, chairman of the World Zionist Organization Executive in Jerusalem, that Jewish education in South Africa was disintegrating. Pincus made his proposal for COJO taking responsibility for Jewish education globally, as well as his criticism of South African Jewish education at the plenary meeting on July 9.

However, David K. Mann, chairman of the South African Jewish Board of Deputies, who was a COJO plenury delegate, told the meeting that Pincus had been inaccurately reported. Mann said that when Pincus used the word 'disintegrating,' he had meant to refer only to the financial crisis of Jewish education in South Africa. Mann noted that a crisis conference had been held on the problem last year.

Mann added that Pincus had attended that conference, convened jointly by the Board of Deputies, the Zionist Federation and the Board of Jewish Education and that the world Zionist leader had helped to persuade various organizations to make funds available to help Jewish education.

Sachs said he doubted COJO would succeed in the proposed global education proposal where the Jewish Agency itself had made "so little headway." He said he felt that Jewish education in the diaspora would not get the stimulation it required until it was handled by the Israel Education department and not by COJO or the Jewish Agency. He added he felt that the trouble with Jewish education in the diaspora was that it was not based on the centrality of Israel in modern Jewish life. He asserted that Hebrew teachers in the United States regarded the centrality of Jewish life as being in New York and not in Israel, a view he said applied also to Jewish schools he had visited in Britain and other countries.

The Board of Jewish Education in South Africa has stressed orientation towards Israel from the start. He added that Israel was an integral part of local Jewish day school curricula and that the education board conducted study ulpanim to Israel annually for pupils of the schools.

Sachs also declared that a Jewish Agency survey had shown that South African Jewry was among the top diaspora communities in its work for Jewish education. He said 11,900 of an estimated 23,000 Jewish children in South Africa between the ages of five and 17 received some form of Jewish education, which he said was a higher percentage than in most other non-Israel communities. He added that of those 11,900, nearly 7000 currently were attending Jewish day schools. He said plans were being made to expand the day school system, adding that one million rand (\$1.26 million) would be the goal of the forthcoming education fund campaign for which Gideon Hausner, a Knesset member, was coming to start this month for the board of education.

ISRAELIS GIVEN MONTH TO TURN IN UNLICENSED WEAPONS WITHOUT PENALTY

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)--In an amnesty offer unprecedented in Israel, those in possession of unlicensed weapons have been given until month's end which went into effect yesterday, derives from a July 2 Cabinet decision. It coincides with a new law providing stiffer penalties for possession of unlicensed weapons, passed in response to a recent rash of unsolved armed robberies. The law applies to souvenir collectors as well as the more nefarious-minded.

Unlicensed weapons may be turned in at police stations, where possessors will be asked their names and the sources of the arms. A police official estimated yesterday that "tens of thousands" of illegal weapons—including Six-Day War souvenirs—were in private hands throughout the country, along with 75,000 legal arms.

Likes To Upset Tradition KNESSET MEMBER SAYS HE'S READY TO BE MINISTER IN NEXT GOV'T

TEL AVIV, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Aryeh Eliav, the Knesset member who three years ago obtained the secretary generalship of the Labor Party by asking for it--a most unusual move in Israel-said yesterday that he was prepared to assume a Cabinet post in the next government, to be elected next year.

Eliav, regarded as a dove on the Middle East conflict, threw his kipa into the ring with publication of his new book "Eretz Hatzi" ("Land of the Deer"), which he called his campaign platform. In it, he maintains that peace depends on Israeli cooperation in the establishment of a Palestinian Arab State in most of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. Regarding Jewish settlement in the administered areas, Eliav believes that when peace comes there must be mutual movement of Jews and Arabs between Israel and the Palestinian-Jordanian State.

The evening newspaper Maariv criticized Eliav today for nominating himself. "Nobody knows what government is to come and what parties will compose it," Maariv said, "but Eliav already knows he is a minister in the future Cabinet."

Eliav, 50, was born in Moscow and came to Israel at the age of 3. A member of the Haganah in the 1930s, he was a Lt. Col. in the 1948 war and became a Hebrew University professor in 1957. He has served as first secretary of the Israeli Embassy in Moscow, Deputy Minister of Commerce and Industry and Deputy Minister of Immigration and Absorption.

ISRAEL ENGINEERS PROPOSE PLANS TO END JAMMING OF PROGRAMS TO USSR

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Ministry of Communications engineers have submitted to Communications Minister Shimon Peres a number of plans aimed at combatting the Soviet jamming of Kol Zion Lagola broadcasts. Since April the Soviets have consistently jammed all Israeli broadcasts in Russian, Georgian, Yiddish and Hebrew beamed at Eastern Europe. As soon as the broadcasts begin, the Russians transfer their broadcasts begin, the Russians transfer their broadcasting stations to the frequency range used by Israel. The interference prevents listeners in the Soviet Union from receiving the broadcasts.

In an attempt to widen the scope of possible Soviet reception of Kol Zion Lagola broadcasts, the Ministry recently started experimental broadcasts on its third program, broadcast at night. The program is now being transmitted after midnight by a powerful transmitter which is picked up in the Southern Soviet Union.

A meeting will be held with representatives of the Ministries of Finance, Foreign Affairs and Communications to discuss possible solutions.

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FOUR JEWISH GROUPS TO MEET WITH NYC CHANCELLOR TODAY ON APPOINTMENT OF SCHOOL HEAD CHARGED WITH BIAS

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (JTA)--A meeting between New York City School Chancellor Harvey Scribner and the four Jewish organizations which sent him a letter of protest last week over the appointment of Luis Fuentes to superintendent of schools in local District One on the Lower East Side of Manhattan, will take place tomorrow morning at the school board offices in Brooklyn.

A spokesman for the American Jewish Congress told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that Scribner called the meeting with the American Jewish Committee, the Jewish Labor Committee, the B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League and the AJCongress to discuss their complaints. A general discussion of quotas and preferential hiring in the schools also will take place, according to Robert Kohler, New York regional director of the ADL.

Leonard Stevens, special assistant to the chancellor, explained that there was as yet "no hasis for an investigation" of Fuentes, who has been accused of making anti-Semitic and anti-Italian remarks while serving as principal of PS 155 in Ocean Hill-Brownsville in Brooklyn. Fuentes took office yesterday after being appointed to the position last month, by what has been called a "militant extremist" community school board.

Under the decentralization laws passed by the state legislature, the community school board alone has the power to hire and fire the district superintendent. But the chancellor has power over the school boards, if non-compliance with the law can be proved. Michael Rosen, legal counsel for the chancellor's office, explained that under the grievance procedure, the chancellor has several options open to him in a case where the school board has acted illegally. Most severe of these is removal of the entire school board. Final power rests with the New York State Commissioner of Education, Ewald B. Nyquist, who could remove Fuentes from office, according to Haskell Lazere, director of the New York chapter of the AJCommittee.

The ADL is currently engaged in research on the legal options in the matter. Kohler said that the ADL may possibly enter into litigation. Other measures are also being considered by his group and the other three organizations. Both he and Lazere said they had no idea what Scribner's position would be at tomorrow's meeting, and said they would wait until after the meeting to plan further action.

The Brotherhood in Action, an intergroup relations agency, is currently working to bring about some type of resolution in the dispute, according to Frank Arricali, executive director of the group. A meeting between Fuentes and the protesting Jewish and Italian groups is in the planning stages. Other individuals, including Albert Shanker, president of the United Federation of Teachers, have voiced disapproval of the Fuentes appointment. Shanker called on "all those who oppose bigotry to speak up" against the appointment.

USSR, POLAND, CZECHS UNREPRESENTED AT BIRTHDAY FETE IN BUCHAREST FOR RUMANIAN CHIEF RABBI ROSEN

PARIS, Aug. 2 (JTA)—The Soviet Union, Poland and Czechoslovakia permitted messages of greetings but no delogates for a celebration in Bucharest last Sunday of the 60th birthday of Rumanian Chief Rabbi Moses Rosen at which Jewish representatives from two other Communist countries—Hungary and Yugoslavia—were present, it was reported here today.

The substantial guest list also included members of the Rumanian government, Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren of Tel Aviv and delegates from the United States, France, Britain and Greece. No explanation was received for the absence of rabbis of Jewish communities of Poland and Czechoslovakia. Rabbi Arthur Schneier of New York's Park East Synagogue, a long-time friend of Rabbi Rosen, who is now in Europe, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that during a recent visit to Moscow, he had been told that Moscow's new Chief Rabbi, Yakov Fishman was "too new" in his post "and will therefore not be able to attend" the birthday celebration.

The guests included also Dimitriu Doganu, the Rumanian Minister for Religious Affairs, Patriarch Justinian, head of the local Greek Orthodox Church, Dr. Bernard Bergman, honorary president of the American Mizrachi Federation, Rabbi Arthur Hertzberg, president of the American Jewish Congress, Michael Fidler of Britain and Claude Kellman vice-president of the Fonds Social Juif Unifie of Paris. Some 200 Rumanian Jewish communal leaders also attended the festivities. Dr. Rosen, who travels widely, has managed to develop close ties with Jewish leaders and communities in both the East and the West.

JUDY SEES STATE DEPT. OFFICIALS IN NEW BID FOR VISA TO MOSCOW

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Mrs. Judith Silver Shapiro, wife of convicted Soviet activist Gavriel Shapiro, said today she met yesterday with State Department officials to seek their support for her efforts to get a visa to return to the Soviet Union in the hope of marrying her husband in a civil ceremony recognized under Soviet law. Shapiro was sentenced by a Moscow court on July 26 to one year of "corrective labor" on charges of evacing military service. He is not under imprisonment. A corrective labor sentence allows him to live at home but he must work at a job approved by Soviet officials for the period of the sentence.

The couple was married in Moscow June 8 in an Orthodox ceremony performed by an American rabbi in Shapiro's Moscow home and married again in a proxy service conducted by a Judge here. The Soviet Union does not recognize religious marriages.

Mrs. Shapiro said she was accompanied by her Washington attorney, Nathan Lewin and that she met for 45 minutes with U. Alexis Johnson, Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs; and Richard Davies, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs. She told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the two officials told her the State Department was trying to "set up" a meeting for her with Soviet officials at either the Soviet Consulate or the Soviet Embassy. She said she would apply for a visa tomorrow.

ARAB VISITORS TO WEST BANK FOR SUMMER ASK OK TO REMAIN

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)—The Ministry of Defense is studying the requests made by thousands of Arabs from surrounding countries who are visiting the West Bank for the summer to permit them to stay. The Ministry said today it may grant such permission to those visitors who have relatives in the West Bank and who are not considered security risks. Several hundred visiting Arabs presently hold jobs in the West Bank.

Dozens of newly arrived immigrants in Israel from the Soviet Union are undergoing circumcistion each month, according to the Minister for Religious Affairs, Dr. Zerach Warhaftig.



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McClellan succeeds the late Sen. Allen J. Ellender (D. La.) as Appropriations Committee chairman. Ellender, a Senator for 36 years, opposed the three Jackson measures, as did Mc-Clellan's fellow Arkansas Democrat, Foreign Relations Committee chairman J. William Ful-

bright.

Authorization for the \$85 million measure has been approved by Congress and signed into law by President Nixon. However, the actual funding was sidetracked when, in a floor fight on Vietnam, the Senate rejected the foreign aid bill, which included that money. The Soviet-refugee bill was sponsored by Sen. Edmund S. Muskie (D.Me.). Mc-Clellan was not recorded as voting on the Muskie measure when it was approved, nor was he one of its 45 co-sponsors. The Arkansan also did not sign Congressional petitions to the Nixon administration on Soviet Jewry and Phantom jets, reportedly because he is cool to such procedures.

Some Senate sources said today that the \$85 million may be included in an overall supplemental bill for agencies running into deficits or made part of a continuing resolution to prolong the aid program. Other sources said the Senate may await passage of another version of military aid by the House and act on that. McClellan visited Israel with Sen. Abraham Ribicoff (D. Coan.), the

Senate's only Jewish Democrat, in May, 1968, as chairman of the Committee on Government Operations. He reported on Israel's program of international cooperation.

Girl Terrorist's Confession

Read At Military Trial

SAYS MEMBER OF GRAND MUFTI'S

FAMILY PLANNED SABENA HUACK

By YITZHAK SHARGIL
(JTA Tel Aviv Correspondent)

TEL AVIV, Aug. 2 (JTA)—A member of the influential Houseini family of Jordan planned the attempt to hijack the Sabena airliner in May, according to the confession read today in the Sarafand military court from one of the two Arab girls on trial for their part in the abortive attempt. Rimma Tannous and Therese Khalsa went on trial yesterday before a three-member military tribunal qualified to impose the death penalty.

The confession to police by Miss Tannous, 21, identified the hijack planner as the son of Abdul Kader el Houseini. One member of that family was the notorious Grand Mufti of Jerusalem who entered an alliance with Hitler before World War II to carry on the Nazi war against the Jews in Palestine. The father headed a number of Arab gangs who fought the Jews immediately after the United Nations partition resolution in 1948.

Miss Tannous' confession cited a sordid history, including, she told the police, a series of rapes, torture and drugs at the hands of Arab guerrillas which she said led to her participation in the hijack attempt. Born in Amman, she was orphaned as a child and taken to a Bethlehem convent and then adopted by the Tannous family, taking the family name. She said she was raped by the oldest son of the family, requiring the services of a doctor, who proved to be not only a hot-blooded lover but also an active member of a terrorist group.

She told police the doctor took her to his hospital where she became his mistress and then made her join a terrorist group. She said that during the 1970 clashes between the Jordanian army and guerrillas based in Jordan she was taken from the hospital—where she was by then a staff nurse—to Syria and then to Lebanon where the guerrillas found her very attractive physically. Between frequent love affairs, she told the police, she was trained in handling arms and explosives.

Earlier this year, she said in her confession, she was sent with a terrorist named Youssouf to Frankfurt and the two went to Brussels where they met Miss Khalsa and the other male terrorist where they boarded the Sabena plane and took

control over Zagreb in Yugoslavia.

Miss Khalsa's story to the police was much the same as that of her co-defendant, except that she expressed regret for her participation in the hijack attempt which ended May 9 at Lydda Airport when Israeli army commandoes stormed the plane and killed the two male terrorists in freeing the airliner and its nearly 100 passengers. Miss Khalsa's father, who attended the trial, said later he wished his daughter, who was wounded in the seizure of the plane, had died in the hospital. He said "We do not want to become public property and a public interest. We are a respected Christian family in Acre."

"Jerusalem, Face of a City," an exhibition commemorating the 25th anniversary of Israel, is to be shown in five West German cities next year. The \$350,000 exhibition will be held in Munich, Hamburg, Bremen, Berlin and Cologne.

SO. AFRICAN LEADER REJECTS COJO CHARGE EDUCATION 'DISINTEGRATING'

JOHANNESBURG, Aug. 2 (JTA)--The newly elected president of the South African Board of Jewish Education has challenged a proposal made at the annual plenary meeting of the World Conference of Jewish Organizations in Geneva last month that COJO should become the agency responsible for stimulating Jewish education in countries outside of Israel.

Louis Sachs, speaking at the 16th national Jewish education convention here, also took exception to a statement made by Louis A. Pincus, chairman of the World Zionist Organization Executive in Jerusalem, that Jewish education in South Africa was disintegrating. Pincus made his proposal for COJO taking responsibility for Jewish education globally, as well as his criticism of South African Jewish education at the plenary meeting on July 9.

However, David K. Mann, chairman of the South African Jewish Board of Deputies, who was a COJO plenury delegate, told the meeting that Pincus had been inaccurately reported. Mann said that when Pincus used the word 'disintegrating,' he had meant to refer only to the financial crisis of Jewish education in South Africa. Mann noted that a crisis conference had been held on the problem last year.

Mann added that Pincus had attended that conference, convened jointly by the Board of Deputies, the Zionist Federation and the Board of Jewish Education and that the world Zionist leader had helped to persuade various organizations to make funds available to help Jewish education.

Sachs said he doubted COJO would succeed in the proposed global education proposal where the Jewish Agency itself had made "so little headway." He said he felt that Jewish education in the diaspora would not get the stimulation it required until it was handled by the Israel Education department and not by COJO or the Jewish Agency. He added he felt that the trouble with Jewish education in the diaspora was that it was not based on the centrality of Israel in modern Jewish life. He asserted that Hebrew teachers in the United States regarded the centrality of Jewish life as being in New York and not in Israel, a view he said applied also to Jewish schools he had visited in Britain and other countries.

The Board of Jewish Education in South Africa has stressed orientation towards Israel from the start. He added that Israel was an integral part of local Jewish day school curricula and that the education board conducted study ulpanim to Israel annually for pupils of the schools.

Sachs also declared that a Jewish Agency survey had shown that South African Jewry was among the top diaspora communities in its work for Jewish education. He said 11,900 of an estimated 23,000 Jewish children in South Africa between the ages of five and 17 received some form of Jewish education, which he said was a higher percentage than in most other non-Israel communities. He added that of those 11,900, nearly 7000 currently were attending Jewish day schools. He said plans were being made to expand the day school system, adding that one million rand (\$1.26 million) would be the goal of the forthcoming education fund campaign for which Gideon Hausner, a Knesset member, was coming to start this month for the board of education.

ISRAELIS GIVEN MONTH TO TURN IN UNLICENSED WEAPONS WITHOUT PENALTY

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)--In an amnesty offer unprecedented in Israel, those in possession of unlicensed weapons have been given until month's end

to turn them in without penalty. The amnesty, which went into effect yesterday, derives from a July 2 Cabinet decision. It coincides with a new law providing stiffer penalties for possession of unlicensed weapons, passed in response to a recent rash of unsolved armed robberies. The law applies to souvenir collectors as well as the more nefarious-minded.

Unlicensed weapons may be turned in at police stations, where possessors will be asked their names and the sources of the arms. A police official estimated yesterday that "tens of thousands" of illegal weapons--including Six-Day War souvenirs--were in private hands throughout the country, along with 75,000 legal arms.

Likes To Upset Tradition KNESSET MEMBER SAYS HE'S READY TO BE MINISTER IN NEXT GOV'T

TEL AVIV, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Aryeh Eliav, the Knesset member who three years ago obtained the secretary generalship of the Labor Party by asking for it--a most unusual move in Israel-said yesterday that he was prepared to assume a Cabinet post in the next government, to be elected next year.

Eliav, regarded as a dove on the Middle East conflict, threw his kipa into the ring with publication of his new book "Eretz Hatzi" ("Land of the Deer"), which he called his campaign platform. In it, he maintains that peace depends on Israeli cooperation in the establishment of a Palestinian Arab State in most of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip. Regarding Jewish settlement in the administered areas, Eliav believes that when peace comes there must be mutual movement of Jews and Arabs petween Israel and the Palestinian-Jordanian State.

The evening newspaper Maariv criticized Eliav today for nominating himself. "Nobody knows what government is to come and what parties will compose it," Maariv said, "but Eliav already knows he is a minister in the future Cabinet."

Eliav, 50, was born in Moscow and came to Israel at the age of 3. A member of the Haganah in the 1930s, he was a Lt. Col. in the 1948 war and became a Hebrew University professor in 1957. He has served as first secretary of the Israeli Embassy in Moscow, Deputy Minister of Commerce and Industry and Deputy Minister of Immigration and Absorption.

ISRAEL ENGINEERS PROPOSE PLANS TO END JAMMING OF PROGRAMS TO USSR

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Ministry of Communications engineers have submitted to Communications Minister Shimon Peres a number of plans aimed at combatting the Soviet jamming of Kol Zion Lagola broadcasts. Since April the Soviets have consistently jammed all Israeli broadcasts in Russian, Georgian, Yiddish and Hebrew beamed at Eastern Europe. As soon as the broadcasts begin, the Russians transfer their broadcasting stations to the frequency range used by Israel. The interference prevents listeners in the Soviet Union from receiving the broadcasts.

In an attempt to widen the scope of possible Soviet reception of Kol Zion Lagola broadcasts, the Ministry recently started experimental broadcasts on its third program, breadcast at night. The program is now being transmitted after midnight by a powerful transmitter which is picked up in

the Southern Soviet Union.

A meeting will be held with representatives of the Ministries of Finance, Foreign Affairs and Communications to discuss possible solutions.

FOUR JEWISH GROUPS TO MEET WITH NYC CHANCELLOR TODAY ON APPOINTMENT OF SCHOOL HEAD CHARGED WITH BIAS

NEW YORK, Aug. 2 (JTA)--A meeting between New York City School Chancellor Harvey Scribner and the four Jewish organizations which sent him a letter of protest last week over the appointment of Luis Fuentes to superintendent of schools in local District One on the Lower East Side of Manhattan, will take place tomorrow morning at the school board offices in Brooklyn.

A spokesman for the American Jewish Congress told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that Scribner called the meeting with the American Jewish Committee, the Jewish Labor Committee, the B'nai B'rith Anti-Defamation League and the AJCongress to discuss their complaints. A general discussion of quotas and preferential hiring in the schools also will take place, according to Robert Kohler, New York regional director of the ADL.

Leonard Stevens, special assistant to the chancellor, explained that there was as yet "no hasis for an investigation" of Fuentes, who has been accused of making anti-Semitic and anti-Italian remarks while serving as principal of PS 155 in Ocean Hill-Brownsville in Brooklyn. Fuentes took office yesterday after being appointed to the position last month, by what has been called a "militant extremist" community school board.

Under the decentralization laws passed by the state legislature, the community school board alone has the power to hire and fire the district superintendent. But the chancellor has power over the school boards, if non-compliance with the law can be proved. Michael Rosen, legal counsel for the chancellor's office, explained that under the grievance procedure, the chancellor has several options open to him in a case where the school board has acted illegally. Most severe of these is removal of the entire school board. Final power rests with the New York State Commissioner of Education, Ewald B, Nyquist, who could remove Fuentes from office, according to Haskell Lazere, director of the New York chapter of the AJ Committee.

The ADL is currently engaged in research on the legal options in the matter. Kohler said that the ADL may possibly enter into litigation. Other measures are also being considered by his group and the other three organizations. Both he and Lazere said they had no idea what Scribner's position would be at tomorrow's meeting, and said they would wait until after the meeting to plan further action.

The Brotherhood in Action, an intergroup relations agency, is currently working to bring about some type of resolution in the dispute, according to Frank Arricali, executive director of the group. A meeting between Fuentes and the protesting Jewish and Italian groups is in the planning stages. Other individuals, including Albert Shanker, president of the United Federation of Teachers, have voiced disapproval of the Fuentes appointment. Shanker called on "all those who oppose bigotry to speak up" against the appointment.

USSR, POLAND, CZECHS UNREPRESENTED AT BIRTHDAY FETE IN BUCHAREST FOR RUMANIAN CHIEF RABBI ROSEN

PARIS, Aug. 2 (JTA)—The Soviet Union, Poland and Czechoslovakia permitted messages of greetings but no delogates for a celebration in Bucharest last Sunday of the 60th birthday of Rumanian Chief Rabbi Moses Rosen at which Jewish representatives from two other Communist countries—Hungary and Yugoslavia—were present, it was reported here today.

The substantial guest list also included members of the Rumanian government, Chief Rabbi Shlomo Goren of Tel Aviv and delegates from the United States, France, Britain and Greece. No explanation was received for the absence of rabbis of Jewish communities of Poland and Czechoslovakia. Rabbi Arthur Schneier of New York's Park East Synagogue, a long-time friend of Rabbi Rosen, who is now in Europe, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that during a recent visit to Moscow, he had been told that Moscow's new Chief Rabbi, Yakov Fishman was "too new" in his post "and will therefore not be able to attend" the birthday celebration.

The guests included also Dimitriu Doganu, the Rumanian Minister for Religious Affairs. Patriarch Justinian, head of the local Greek Orthodox Church, Dr. Bernard Bergman, honorary president of the American Mizrachi Federation, Rabbi Arthur Hertzberg, president of the American Jewish Congress, Michael Fidler of Britain and Claude Kellman vice-president of the Fonds Social Juif Unifie of Paris. Some 200 Rumanian Jewish communal leaders also attended the festivities. Dr. Rosen, who travels widely, has managed to develop close ties with Jewish leaders and communities in both the East and the West.

JUDY SEES STATE DEPT. OFFICIALS IN NEW BID FOR VISA TO MOSCOW

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2 (JTA)--Mrs. Judith Silver Shapiro, wife of convicted Soviet activist Gavriel Shapiro, said today she met yesterday with State Department officials to seek their support for her efforts to get a visa to return to the Soviet Union in the hope of marrying her husband in a civil ceremony recognized under Soviet law. Shapiro was sentenced by a Moscow court on July 26 to one year of "corrective labor" on charges of evading military service. He is not under imprisonment. A corrective labor sentence allows him to live at home but he must work at a job approved by Soviet officials for the period of the sentence.

The couple was married in Moscow June 8 in an Orthodox ceremony performed by an American rabbi in Shapiro's Moscow home and married again in a proxy service conducted by a Judge here. The Soviet Union does not recognize religious marriages.

Mrs. Shapiro said she was accompanied by her Washington attorney, Nathan Lewin and that she met for 45 minutes with U. Alexis Johnson, Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs; and Richard Davies, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for European Affairs. She told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency that the two officials told her the State Department was trying to "set up" a meeting for her with Soviet officials at either the Soviet Consulate or the Soviet Embassy. She said she would apply for a visa tomorrow.

ARAB VISITORS TO WEST BANK FOR SUMMER ASK OK TO REMAIN

JERUSALEM, Aug. 2 (JTA)—The Ministry of Defense is studying the requests made by thousands of Arabs from surrounding countries who are visiting the West Bank for the summer to permit them to stay. The Ministry said today it may grant such permission to those visitors who have relatives in the West Bank and who are not considered security risks. Several hundred visiting Arabs presently hold jobs in the West Bank.

Dozens of newly arrived immigrants in Israel from the Soviet Union are undergoing circumcistion each month, according to the Minister for Religious Affairs, Dr. Zerach Warhaftig.