



daily news bulletin

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Thursday, January 20, 1972

No. 14

U.S.-ISRAEL TALKS PROCEEDING ON INTERIM CANAL PACT, MODERNIZATION OF ISRAEL'S ARMED FORCES

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israeli-American talks on an interim Suez Canal agreement and the "modernization" of Israel's armed forces are taking place, State Department spokesman Charles Bray revealed today. The disclosure followed a visit to the State Department today by Israeli Ambassador Yitzhak Rabin, who conferred with Assistant Secretary Joseph J. Sisco. It was at least their third meeting in recent days.

Bray said the subjects of discussion included the "long-range modernization" of Israel's military power. (After the Dec. 2 White House meeting between President Nixon and Israeli Premier Golda Meir, Presidential press secretary Ronald I. Ziegler said talks on that matter would subsequently be held.) Bray said today that he could not report "any dramatic progress" on a canal pact since Secretary of State William P. Rogers' remark Dec. 23 that Israel had "indicated its willingness" to engage in "proximity" talks on the subject but that he was uncertain about Egypt's position.

Bray would not comment on the Egyptian government's attitude toward the canal discussions or on the reported statement by President Anwar Sadat that Egypt's enemy is now Israel plus the United States in view of the US military assistance to Israel announced during the past two weeks. Bray would say only that there were "a number of loose ends still to be tidied up."

RARICK CONTINUES INSERTING ANTI-JEWISH DIATRIBES IN CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

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The quotations from Tenney, whom Forster described as "a well-known California anti-Semite" and former State Senator, are taken from his 1953 pamphlet, "Zion's Fifth Column"--one of many anti-Jewish Tenney writings from

the 1950's. Tenney, according to the League, was for a number of years a close ally and associate of Gerald Smith, described by the agency as "one of the most notorious of America's professional Jew-baiters." This was in the Dec. 6 Record.

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Thirty-four persons, mostly Black Panthers, were arrested. Two delegates to the Congress, who were caught in the police dragnet but later released, charged police brutality. One of them, David Mandel of New York, a member of the Radical Zionist Alliance, was forcibly ousted from the Congress hall today when he tried to raise the issue of police brutality as a point of order. Pincus refused to entertain his point of order and Mandel was removed from the hall by security guards.

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Jewish Agency Treasurer Leon Dulzain, speaking at this morning's session, announced that the Agency's budget for fiscal 1972 will be \$775 million compared to \$387 million in the current fiscal year. He said the Zionist Organization's budget will remain almost the same as last year--\$32 million in 1972 compared to \$30 million in 1971. Dulzain noted that 166,176 immigrants have arrived in Israel since the 1967 Six-Day War.

BEN-GURION: 'WE NEED ANOTHER 5 OR 6 MILLION JEWS' FOR ISRAEL'S SURVIVAL

JERUSALEM, Jan. 19 (JTA)--The 28th World Zionist Congress paid tribute to former Premier David Ben-Gurion at a special session today and heard the man who proclaimed Israel's indepen-

dence nearly 24 years ago state his formula--massive aliya--for Israel's survival as a Jewish State in the years ahead. Ben-Gurion was presented with a commemorative scroll which referred to him as "the far-sighted prophet, architect of the State and fighter for freedom." The elder statesman, whose 85th birthday was the occasion for nationwide celebrations in Israel last Oct., said that if Israel is to survive as a Jewish State, a majority of the Jewish people all over the world must settle here.

"We need another five or six million Jews and I believe they will come," Ben-Gurion said. Another prerequisite for survival, he declared, was the population and rehabilitation of 80 percent of Israel's pre-1967 territory which is wasteland and desert, especially the Negev. His third point was "Peace with our neighbors." Recalling Israel's Declaration of Independence which he read out on May 14, 1948, Ben-Gurion said it contained these words: "We stretch out our hand in peace to our neighbors."

HOLIDAY INN TO CONTINUE PROJECTS IN ISRAEL; DENIES REPORT ARAB PRESSURE FORCED WITHDRAWAL OF HOTEL PLAN

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 (JTA)--A spokesman for Holiday Inn, Inc., said today from Memphis, Tenn. that it was not true that the corporation had withdrawn plans to build a 450-room hotel in Jerusalem, possibly under pressure from the Arab League's boycott committee. The spokesman told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency during a telephone interview that a story to that effect in an Israeli newspaper "was just wrong from top to bottom." He said: "We are continuing with all the projects we have in Israel"--a minimum of seven hotels, two of which are under construction in Ein Gedi and Kiryat Shemona.

The spokesman recalled that when construction was announced last June, Holiday Inn founder-chairman Kemmons Wilson declared it to be "another important step in promoting world understanding through tourism." There are two Holiday Inns in Morocco and two others nearly completed there, with another being built in Beirut, Lebanon. According to reports today from Jerusalem, the hotel chain's plan for Jerusalem involved \$7 million for a 500-room hotel. The spokesman said cost estimates were not final and the number of rooms was only 450.

TEKOA, JARRING CONFER

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah met for 20 minutes today with Middle East intermediary Dr. Gunmar V. Jarring at the latter's request. This was the second Jarring-Tekoah meeting since the special emissary returned here last month; both of them were preliminary to a possible formal resumption of the Mideast negotiations. No details on today's meeting were disclosed, but it was learned that Dr. Jarring advised Tekoah of the substance of his meetings Monday and yesterday with Egyptian Ambassador Mohammad H. el-Zayyat.

SENGHOR CRITICAL OF EGYPT

JERUSALEM, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israeli diplomats today welcomed a criticism of Egyptian policies by President Leopold Senghor of Senegal. Senghor said in an interview with the Agence France Presse that Egyptian policies in the Middle East were not following a useful course. President Senghor headed a mission of the Presidents of four African states who visited Egypt and Israel last fall in an exploration of Middle East peace prospects on behalf of the Organization of African Unity.

SPECIAL JTA INTERVIEW**OSKAR SCHINDLER: A MAN FOR ALL REASONS**

By MURRAY ZUCKOFF, JTA News Editor

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 (JTA)--"I hated the brutality, the sadism and the insanity of Nazism. I just couldn't stand by and see people destroyed. I did what I could, what I had to do, what my conscience told me I must do. That's all there is to it. Really. Nothing more." Oskar Schindler didn't look at anyone in particular as he said this. But three men who sat around a table with him at the executive office of the American Friends of Hebrew University gazed affectionately at the tall, powerfully built 64-year-old man who spoke in German and haltingly in Yiddish.

For these three men and for 72 other people milling around outside the room, Schindler's presence evoked the memory of a long ago time when the terror of Nazism was dissolved by the compassion and humanity of a man who three times braved arrest by the Gestapo to save some 1,400 Jews from the Nazi gas chambers.

That was almost 30 years ago, and now--several days ago--75 of the 1,400 whom he saved joined together to pay tribute to Schindler. The three men--Murray Pantirer, Isak Levenstein and Abraham Zuckerman, partners in a successful building construction firm in Hillside, N.J.--agreed that the tribute to "our friend" was the very least they could do for a man "whose sense of justice and courage knew no bounds."

The 75 people had gathered to announce that they had raised \$120,000 to dedicate a floor of the Truman Research Center at the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus in Jerusalem "in a living tribute to Oskar Schindler." The floor will house a "Book of Life" containing "the facts of Schindler's humanity" and the names of all the survivors, most of whom now reside in the US.

Horrified By Nazi Brutality

Pantirer, Zuckerman and Levenstein spearheaded the drive to raise the \$120,000 for "our friend" who now resides in Frankfurt, Germany, and works for the German Friends of the Hebrew University. In 1942, Pantirer who was then 14 years old, Zuckerman who was then 33, and Levenstein who was 14, all from Cracow, and other Polish Jews were being herded into slave labor camps, concentration camps and death camps by the Nazis. The able-bodied were sent to labor camps in Plaszow, Zablocie and Brunnlitz in Poland and the then-Sudetenland in Czechoslovakia. Pantirer, Levenstein and Zuckerman were among those sent to labor camps.

Schindler, the son of a prosperous family which owned a farm equipment factory in Zwittau in the Moravian section of Czechoslovakia, acquired a kitchenware factory near Cracow where the Nazis had expropriated Jewish property. "I was an Austrian or a Pole - the border changed so many times I lost touch," he said, "I was repelled, no, really horrified by the brutality of the Nazis. I wasn't sure what I could or should do, but I knew I had to do something. I had known Jews in my youth and I liked them. These Nazis..."

In 1941 the Nazis issued an edict that Jews could escape enforced transfer from the area only if they were employed in German-owned firms. Schindler hired Jews who sought work. He built barracks for them to live in within his factory compound and smuggled in the wives, parents and children of the workers. He hid them until the Jewish underground could effect their escape. At other times, Schindler bribed Gestapo and other

high Nazi officials to overlook infractions on the part of his workers. His wife, Emilia Pelse Schindler, fed and cared for the Jewish inmates and organized a hospital staffed by Jewish slave labor.

Protected Inmates, Prevented Starvation

By 1944 the Nazis issued orders for all factories to be moved westward as the war appeared to be nearing its end and the German army was abandoning Poland. Slave laborers, Schindler recalled, were ordered to death camps. He obtained permission to switch production from kitchenware to armaments for the Luftwaffe and relocated his factory in Brunnlitz.

He demanded that all his workers--almost 900 by then--accompany him because there was too little time to train new workers. The Nazi high command approved the request and provided him with 200 more Jews from Plaszow to fulfill the quota for the Luftwaffe. It was here that Zuckerman, Levenstein and Pantirer first met Schindler.

Levenstein recalled that Schindler "saw to it that no one in his camp was beaten, that there was enough food so that no one would go hungry. He managed to get 300 women out of Auschwitz on the excuse that he needed people for work. To accomplish this he had to go to Berlin. The SS was on top of him and the Gestapo arrested him three times but let him go because the Luftwaffe needed the armaments."

Pantirer recalled that "on the High Holy Days, Schindler arranged for inmates, his children as he called them, to receive the traditional challah bread. When a camp inmate died because of illness, Schindler arranged for Jewish burial service."

Zuckerman described another instance of Schindler's humanity. During a freezing snow storm, the Nazis abandoned a train-load of Jews packed into cattle cars on a railroad siding near the camp site and left them to freeze to death. When Schindler learned about the train he ordered all able-bodied men in the camp to bring the survivors out of the train and into the camp. Schindler, who helped to unload these cattle cars, fed and clothed the survivors and brought them back to health.

A Toast To Life

In 1945, when the Red Army in the east and the Allied armies in the west caught the German army in a pincer and the war's end was imminent, Schindler, the three men related, gave a party in the camp and announced that "it was all over." He armed a small group of inmates with rifles and guns and told them to protect the others against the retreating German army which might come through the camp and unleash a final bloodbath. Certain that his friends would be safe, Schindler and his wife headed for the American lines.

After the war, Schindler and his wife emigrated to Buenos Aires where the two received aid from the Joint Distribution Committee. Mrs. Schindler still resides in San Vicente, a province of Buenos Aires, and is aided by a monthly stipend from several Jewish organizations including the local B'nai B'rith Lodge and the Israelite Philanthropic Association.

In 1967, Schindler received the Martin Buber Peace Prize and has been honored by the German

government, Pope Paul VI and the Yad Vashem in Jerusalem. Now he was back with his friends speaking to them partially in Yiddish which he had learned during his association with them in the labor camp. Just before the ceremony began, Schindler and his 75 friends lifted goblets filled with wine and, in unison, toasted "L'chayim."

SPECIAL WAGES FOR JEWISH ACTIVISTS

TEL AVIV, Jan. 19 (JTA)--The Histadrut Executive recommended today that special consideration be given immigrants from Soviet Russia and other countries who were detained in their country of origin for Zionist activity. Under the Histadrut plan, the starting wages of the activists would be the same as for other Israeli workers who have been on the job for five years. Under prevailing labor contracts, Israeli workers receive a raise in wages after every year of employment. The Histadrut recommendation must be approved by the Central Labor Committee which is composed of employers and Histadrut and government representatives. If it is approved it would be binding on government offices as well as private employers.

SEAPORT PARALYZED BY STRIKE

HAIFA, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israel's largest seaport was paralyzed today as dock workers went on strike in support of wage demands. Only ships loading perishable citrus cargoes and port activities connected with security were exempted from the walkout. Port authorities and the workers have begun negotiations to end the strike. The strike has the unofficial support of the Haifa Labor Council. Officially, the Council cannot support a strike while current labor contracts are still valid.

WALDHEIM, NIXON, ROGERS TO CONFER; MIDEAST PEACE TALKS ON THE AGENDA

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Sources here said yesterday that UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim will meet next Monday in Washington with President Nixon and Secretary of State William P. Rogers to discuss issues now before the UN. Among the topics to be discussed, they said, will be Waldheim's ideas for breaking the deadlocked Middle East peace talks under the auspices of Dr. Gunnar V. Jarring. The Nixon-Waldheim talks are expected to set the tone of US-UN relations for the future. They had been cool during U Thant's term as Secretary General.

ACQUITTAL SEEN POSSIBLE FOR TWO FORMER NAZIS ON TRIAL FOR WAR CRIMES

VIENNA, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Legal experts said today that the trial of the two former Nazis who built and installed the gas chambers and crematoria at the Auschwitz death camp may last seven weeks and could end with the acquittal of the accused if the court chooses to interpret the law "liberally." Walter Dejaco, 63, and Fritz-Karl Ertl, 64, went on trial today for war crimes.

Both were assistant chiefs of the Central Building Corp. of the Waffen SS in Auschwitz whose task it was to build and install four huge crematoria where the remains of tens of thousands of Auschwitz victims were cremated after they had been put to death in the gas chambers. The ovens had a capacity of 4,000-5,000 bodies a day. Dejaco, a businessman in Reutte in the Austrian Tyrol, today pleaded not guilty. No plea was reported for his co-defendant, Ertl, who lives in Linz.

Dejaco is also charged with the "perfidious murder" of a detainee whom he allegedly beat to death with a shovel in Oct. 1940. He murdered another detainee a month earlier, the charge sheet

stated. Legal circles said that if the accused were found to be only "indirectly guilty" of the charges, the jury might decide to acquit them on grounds that the charges were formally filed after the statute of limitations on war crimes came into effect. The statute is inapplicable only in cases where the accused is charged with direct, premeditated murder.

LOUIS LIPSKY CHAIR DEDICATED AT HEBREW UNIVERSITY

JERUSALEM, Jan. 19 (JTA)--A Louis Lipsky Chair in drama was dedicated this week at the Hebrew University in honor of the late American Zionist leader who died nine years ago. The chair was established by the World Confederation of General Zionists. Lipsky, a writer and theater critic for the old New York Telegram in his younger years, was active in the World Zionist Organization, Keren Hayesod and the Zionist Organization of America. Avraham Harman, president of Hebrew University, presented a dedicatory scroll to Lipsky's son, Eleazar Lipsky, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

KOUFAX ELECTED TO HALL OF FAME

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Sanford (Sandy) Koufax, the former Brooklyn and Los Angeles Dodgers pitching star, was elected to Baseball's Hall of Fame with one of the highest vote percentages ever, it was announced today. Koufax, who received 344--or 87 percent--of the record 396 ballots cast by veteran members of the Baseball Writers Association of America, becomes only the second Jewish electee to the Hall, joining Henry Benjamin (Hank) Greenberg, elected in 1956.

With the election this year of Koufax, the New York Yankees' Yogi Berra and the Cleveland Indians' Early Wynn, there are 111 players and 18 others in the shrine. At 36 the youngest electee to the Hall, Koufax retired prematurely in 1966 with arm trouble after winning 165 games and losing 87 in 12 seasons. He was named the National League's most valuable player in 1963 and the majors' top pitcher three times.

The holder of numerous strikeout records, Koufax was the only pitcher ever to hurl four no-hitters (one of them a perfect game). Election to the Hall this year required 297 votes, 75 percent of the total. Sources here disputed the assertion in today's JTA Daily News Bulletin that John C. Kling and Edward Marvin Reulbach, two long-ago players who might be selected later this month by the Hall of Fame's Committee on Veterans, were in fact Jewish. The JTA obtained the information from Hall director Ken Smith.

3 PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS OF AGUDATH ISRAEL BANK ARRAIGNED: SUSPECTED OF VIOLATING BANKING LAWS; BAIL SET

TEL AVIV, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Three principal shareholders of the failing Agudath Israel Bank were arraigned in magistrates court yesterday on suspicion of violating banking laws and were released on \$6,000 bail each. The shareholders, Yosef Glazer, Simha Horowitz and Menahem Yam Lahor, the bank's managing director, are charged with knowingly harming the bank and endangering the interests of its customers and depositors. Specifically, the three are accused of granting themselves and other shareholders loans totalling \$192,000 without adequate security. They have been ordered not to leave the country pending a hearing of the case. The bank, near bankruptcy, has been taken over by the Bank Leumi.



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Jewish Agency Treasurer Leon Dulzain, speaking at this morning's session, announced that the Agency's budget for fiscal 1972 will be \$775 million compared to \$387 million in the current fiscal year. He said the Zionist Organization's budget will remain almost the same as last year--\$32 million in 1972 compared to \$30 million in 1971. Dulzain noted that 166,176 immigrants have arrived in Israel since the 1967 Six-Day War.

BEN-GURION: 'WE NEED ANOTHER 5 OR 6 MILLION JEWS' FOR ISRAEL'S SURVIVAL

JERUSALEM, Jan. 19 (JTA)--The 28th World Zionist Congress paid tribute to former Premier David Ben-Gurion at a special session today and heard the man who proclaimed Israel's indepen-

dence nearly 24 years ago state his formula--massive aliya--for Israel's survival as a Jewish State in the years ahead. Ben-Gurion was presented with a commemorative scroll which referred to him as "the far-sighted prophet, architect of the State and fighter for freedom." The elder statesman, whose 85th birthday was the occasion for nationwide celebrations in Israel last Oct., said that if Israel is to survive as a Jewish State, a majority of the Jewish people all over the world must settle here.

"We need another five or six million Jews and I believe they will come," Ben-Gurion said. Another prerequisite for survival, he declared, was the population and rehabilitation of 80 percent of Israel's pre-1967 territory which is wasteland and desert, especially the Negev. His third point was "Peace with our neighbors." Recalling Israel's Declaration of Independence which he read out on May 14, 1948, Ben-Gurion said it contained these words: "We stretch out our hand in peace to our neighbors."

HOLIDAY INN TO CONTINUE PROJECTS IN ISRAEL; DENIES REPORT ARAB PRESSURE FORCED WITHDRAWAL OF HOTEL PLAN

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 (JTA)--A spokesman for Holiday Inn, Inc., said today from Memphis, Tenn. that it was not true that the corporation had withdrawn plans to build a 450-room hotel in Jerusalem, possibly under pressure from the Arab League's boycott committee. The spokesman told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency during a telephone interview that a story to that effect in an Israeli newspaper "was just wrong from top to bottom." He said: "We are continuing with all the projects we have in Israel"--a minimum of seven hotels, two of which are under construction in Ein Gedi and Kiryat Shmona.

The spokesman recalled that when construction was announced last June, Holiday Inn founder-chairman Kemmons Wilson declared it to be "another important step in promoting world understanding through tourism." There are two Holiday Inns in Morocco and two others nearly completed there, with another being built in Beirut, Lebanon. According to reports today from Jerusalem, the hotel chain's plan for Jerusalem involved \$7 million for a 500-room hotel. The spokesman said cost estimates were not final and the number of rooms was only 450.

TEKOA, JARRING CONFER

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israeli Ambassador Yosef Tekoah met for 20 minutes today with Middle East intermediary Dr. Gunmar V. Jarring at the latter's request. This was the second Jarring-Tekoah meeting since the special emissary returned here last month; both of them were preliminary to a possible formal resumption of the Mideast negotiations. No details on today's meeting were disclosed, but it was learned that Dr. Jarring advised Tekoah of the substance of his meetings Monday and yesterday with Egyptian Ambassador Mohammad H. el-Zayyat.

SENGHOR CRITICAL OF EGYPT

JERUSALEM, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israeli diplomats today welcomed a criticism of Egyptian policies by President Leopold Senghor of Senegal. Senghor said in an interview with the Agence France Presse that Egyptian policies in the Middle East were not following a useful course. President Senghor headed a mission of the Presidents of four African states who visited Egypt and Israel last fall in an exploration of Middle East peace prospects on behalf of the Organization of African Unity.

SPECIAL JTA INTERVIEW**OSKAR SCHINDLER: A MAN FOR ALL REASONS**

By MURRAY ZUCKOFF, JTA News Editor

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 (JTA)--"I hated the brutality, the sadism and the insanity of Nazism. I just couldn't stand by and see people destroyed. I did what I could, what I had to do, what my conscience told me I must do. That's all there is to it. Really. Nothing more." Oskar Schindler didn't look at anyone in particular as he said this. But three men who sat around a table with him at the executive office of the American Friends of Hebrew University gazed affectionately at the tall, powerfully built 64-year-old man who spoke in German and haltingly in Yiddish.

For these three men and for 72 other people milling around outside the room, Schindler's presence evoked the memory of a long ago time when the terror of Nazism was dissolved by the compassion and humanity of a man who three times braved arrest by the Gestapo to save some 1,400 Jews from the Nazi gas chambers.

That was almost 30 years ago, and now--several days ago--75 of the 1,400 whom he saved joined together to pay tribute to Schindler. The three men--Murray Pantirer, Isak Levenstein and Abraham Zuckerman, partners in a successful building construction firm in Hillside, N.J.--agreed that the tribute to "our friend" was the very least they could do for a man "whose sense of justice and courage knew no bounds."

The 75 people had gathered to announce that they had raised \$120,000 to dedicate a floor of the Truman Research Center at the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus in Jerusalem "in a living tribute to Oskar Schindler." The floor will house a "Book of Life" containing "the facts of Schindler's humanity" and the names of all the survivors, most of whom now reside in the US.

Horrified By Nazi Brutality

Pantirer, Zuckerman and Levenstein spearheaded the drive to raise the \$120,000 for "our friend" who now resides in Frankfurt, Germany, and works for the German Friends of the Hebrew University. In 1942, Pantirer who was then 14 years old, Zuckerman who was then 33, and Levenstein who was 14, all from Cracow, and other Polish Jews were being herded into slave labor camps, concentration camps and death camps by the Nazis. The able-bodied were sent to labor camps in Plaszow, Zablocie and Brunnlitz in Poland and the then-Sudetenland in Czechoslovakia. Pantirer, Levenstein and Zuckerman were among those sent to labor camps.

Schindler, the son of a prosperous family which owned a farm equipment factory in Zwittau in the Moravian section of Czechoslovakia, acquired a kitchenware factory near Cracow where the Nazis had expropriated Jewish property. "I was an Austrian or a Pole - the border changed so many times I lost touch," he said, "I was repelled, no, really horrified by the brutality of the Nazis. I wasn't sure what I could or should do, but I knew I had to do something. I had known Jews in my youth and I liked them. These Nazis..."

In 1941 the Nazis issued an edict that Jews could escape enforced transfer from the area only if they were employed in German-owned firms. Schindler hired Jews who sought work. He built barracks for them to live in within his factory compound and smuggled in the wives, parents and children of the workers. He hid them until the Jewish underground could effect their escape. At other times, Schindler bribed Gestapo and other

high Nazi officials to overlook infractions on the part of his workers. His wife, Emilia Pelse Schindler, fed and cared for the Jewish inmates and organized a hospital staffed by Jewish slave labor.

Protected Inmates, Prevented Starvation

By 1944 the Nazis issued orders for all factories to be moved westward as the war appeared to be nearing its end and the German army was abandoning Poland. Slave laborers, Schindler recalled, were ordered to death camps. He obtained permission to switch production from kitchenware to armaments for the Luftwaffe and relocated his factory in Brunnlitz.

He demanded that all his workers--almost 900 by then--accompany him because there was too little time to train new workers. The Nazi high command approved the request and provided him with 200 more Jews from Plaszow to fulfill the quota for the Luftwaffe. It was here that Zuckerman, Levenstein and Pantirer first met Schindler.

Levenstein recalled that Schindler "saw to it that no one in his camp was beaten, that there was enough food so that no one would go hungry. He managed to get 300 women out of Auschwitz on the excuse that he needed people for work. To accomplish this he had to go to Berlin. The SS was on top of him and the Gestapo arrested him three times but let him go because the Luftwaffe needed the armaments."

Pantirer recalled that "on the High Holy Days, Schindler arranged for inmates, his children as he called them, to receive the traditional challah bread. When a camp inmate died because of illness, Schindler arranged for Jewish burial service."

Zuckerman described another instance of Schindler's humanity. During a freezing snow storm, the Nazis abandoned a train-load of Jews packed into cattle cars on a railroad siding near the camp site and left them to freeze to death. When Schindler learned about the train he ordered all able-bodied men in the camp to bring the survivors out of the train and into the camp. Schindler, who helped to unload these cattle cars, fed and clothed the survivors and brought them back to health.

A Toast To Life

In 1945, when the Red Army in the east and the Allied armies in the west caught the German army in a pincer and the war's end was imminent, Schindler, the three men related, gave a party in the camp and announced that "it was all over." He armed a small group of inmates with rifles and guns and told them to protect the others against the retreating German army which might come through the camp and unleash a final bloodbath. Certain that his friends would be safe, Schindler and his wife headed for the American lines.

After the war, Schindler and his wife emigrated to Buenos Aires where the two received aid from the Joint Distribution Committee. Mrs. Schindler still resides in San Vicente, a province of Buenos Aires, and is aided by a monthly stipend from several Jewish organizations including the local B'nai B'rith Lodge and the Israelite Philanthropic Association.

In 1967, Schindler received the Martin Buber Peace Prize and has been honored by the German

government, Pope Paul VI and the Yad Vashem in Jerusalem. Now he was back with his friends speaking to them partially in Yiddish which he had learned during his association with them in the labor camp. Just before the ceremony began, Schindler and his 75 friends lifted goblets filled with wine and, in unison, toasted "L'chayim."

SPECIAL WAGES FOR JEWISH ACTIVISTS

TEL AVIV, Jan. 19 (JTA)--The Histadrut Executive recommended today that special consideration be given immigrants from Soviet Russia and other countries who were detained in their country of origin for Zionist activity. Under the Histadrut plan, the starting wages of the activists would be the same as for other Israeli workers who have been on the job for five years. Under prevailing labor contracts, Israeli workers receive a raise in wages after every year of employment. The Histadrut recommendation must be approved by the Central Labor Committee which is composed of employers and Histadrut and government representatives. If it is approved it would be binding on government offices as well as private employers.

SEAPORT PARALYZED BY STRIKE

HAIFA, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Israel's largest seaport was paralyzed today as dock workers went on strike in support of wage demands. Only ships loading perishable citrus cargoes and port activities connected with security were exempted from the walkout. Port authorities and the workers have begun negotiations to end the strike. The strike has the unofficial support of the Haifa Labor Council. Officially, the Council cannot support a strike while current labor contracts are still valid.

WALDHEIM, NIXON, ROGERS TO CONFER; MIDEAST PEACE TALKS ON THE AGENDA

UNITED NATIONS, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Sources here said yesterday that UN Secretary General Kurt Waldheim will meet next Monday in Washington with President Nixon and Secretary of State William P. Rogers to discuss issues now before the UN. Among the topics to be discussed, they said, will be Waldheim's ideas for breaking the deadlocked Middle East peace talks under the auspices of Dr. Gunnar V. Jarring. The Nixon-Waldheim talks are expected to set the tone of US-UN relations for the future. They had been cool during U Thant's term as Secretary General.

ACQUITTAL SEEN POSSIBLE FOR TWO FORMER NAZIS ON TRIAL FOR WAR CRIMES

VIENNA, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Legal experts said today that the trial of the two former Nazis who built and installed the gas chambers and crematoria at the Auschwitz death camp may last seven weeks and could end with the acquittal of the accused if the court chooses to interpret the law "liberally." Walter Dejaco, 63, and Fritz-Karl Ertl, 64, went on trial today for war crimes.

Both were assistant chiefs of the Central Building Corp. of the Waffen SS in Auschwitz whose task it was to build and install four huge crematoria where the remains of tens of thousands of Auschwitz victims were cremated after they had been put to death in the gas chambers. The ovens had a capacity of 4,000-5,000 bodies a day. Dejaco, a businessman in Reutte in the Austrian Tyrol, today pleaded not guilty. No plea was reported for his co-defendant, Ertl, who lives in Linz.

Dejaco is also charged with the "perfidious murder" of a detainee whom he allegedly beat to death with a shovel in Oct. 1940. He murdered another detainee a month earlier, the charge sheet

stated. Legal circles said that if the accused were found to be only "indirectly guilty" of the charges, the jury might decide to acquit them on grounds that the charges were formally filed after the statute of limitations on war crimes came into effect. The statute is inapplicable only in cases where the accused is charged with direct, premeditated murder.

LOUIS LIPSKY CHAIR DEDICATED AT HEBREW UNIVERSITY

JERUSALEM, Jan. 19 (JTA)--A Louis Lipsky Chair in drama was dedicated this week at the Hebrew University in honor of the late American Zionist leader who died nine years ago. The chair was established by the World Confederation of General Zionists. Lipsky, a writer and theater critic for the old New York Telegram in his younger years, was active in the World Zionist Organization, Keren Hayesod and the Zionist Organization of America. Avraham Harman, president of Hebrew University, presented a dedicatory scroll to Lipsky's son, Eleazar Lipsky, chairman of the Board of Directors of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

KOUFAX ELECTED TO HALL OF FAME

NEW YORK, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Sanford (Sandy) Koufax, the former Brooklyn and Los Angeles Dodgers pitching star, was elected to Baseball's Hall of Fame with one of the highest vote percentages ever, it was announced today. Koufax, who received 344--or 87 percent--of the record 396 ballots cast by veteran members of the Baseball Writers Association of America, becomes only the second Jewish electee to the Hall, joining Henry Benjamin (Hank) Greenberg, elected in 1956.

With the election this year of Koufax, the New York Yankees' Yogi Berra and the Cleveland Indians' Early Wynn, there are 111 players and 18 others in the shrine. At 36 the youngest electee to the Hall, Koufax retired prematurely in 1966 with arm trouble after winning 165 games and losing 87 in 12 seasons. He was named the National League's most valuable player in 1963 and the majors' top pitcher three times.

The holder of numerous strikeout records, Koufax was the only pitcher ever to hurl four no-hitters (one of them a perfect game). Election to the Hall this year required 297 votes, 75 percent of the total. Sources here disputed the assertion in today's JTA Daily News Bulletin that John C. Kling and Edward Marvin Reulbach, two long-ago players who might be selected later this month by the Hall of Fame's Committee on Veterans, were in fact Jewish. The JTA obtained the information from Hall director Ken Smith.

3 PRINCIPAL SHAREHOLDERS OF AGUDATH ISRAEL BANK ARRAIGNED: SUSPECTED OF VIOLATING BANKING LAWS; BAIL SET

TEL AVIV, Jan. 19 (JTA)--Three principal shareholders of the failing Agudath Israel Bank were arraigned in magistrates court yesterday on suspicion of violating banking laws and were released on \$6,000 bail each. The shareholders, Yosef Glazer, Simha Horowitz and Menahem Yam Lahor, the bank's managing director, are charged with knowingly harming the bank and endangering the interests of its customers and depositors. Specifically, the three are accused of granting themselves and other shareholders loans totalling \$192,000 without adequate security. They have been ordered not to leave the country pending a hearing of the case. The bank, near bankruptcy, has been taken over by the Bank Leumi.