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Kahane Says All JDL Weapons "Legal" Plans New Bomb-Making Seminar

WOODBURNE, N.Y., July (JTA)--Rabbi Meir Kahane, national chairman of the Jewish Defense League, told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today that "The JDL will not be turning in any illegal weapons because we have none." Kahane, who pleaded guilty in Brooklyn Federal District Court Friday to a conspiracy charge involving the manufacture of explosives, was referring to a stipulation by the Government that the JDL turn over to Federal authorities any illegal weapons and fire arms in its possession and submit to an inspection of its camp site here. Those were part of the conditions laid down by Government attorneys when they agreed to accept guilty pleas by Kahane and two other JDL co-defendants on the explosives charge while dropping charges against Kahane and 12 others of conspiracy to transport fire arms across state lines. Kahane, 38, and his co-defendants Chaim Riebarer, 31, and Stewart Cohen, 16, originally pleaded not guilty to the explosives charge before Federal Judge Jack B. Weinstein. After changing their plea, Kahane's lawyer, Barry Slotnick, said the agreement had the approval of the U.S. Attorney General's office in Washington.

Interviewed by the JTA at Camp Jedel here, Kahane said the JDL had "quite a few guns" at the camp but that all were "registered and legal." He said that the manufacture of explosives at the camp got him into trouble because of ignorance of the law. He said he didn't know that the JDL needed a \$250 Federal stamp in order to explode a bomb on its own property. And that his purpose in making and transporting a bomb was to show campers how radical groups prepared their own bombs. Kahane said that he planned a similar demonstration for the press next week and that this time he would "invest \$250 in a stamp." He said his guide in the bomb-making seminar would be instructions published in a Black Panther newspaper. Kahane faces sentence later this month on the explosives charge. He told the JTA that if he is jailed he did not expect the JDL to collapse. "We have thousands of young members who won't be stopped by this," he asserted, adding that he expected to continue to play a leadership role in the JDL even from jail.

(Kahane defended his philosophy that violence in a righteous cause was justified on a television talk show broadcast Friday night. He was a guest on the 90-minute David Frost Show (Ch. 5) along with two prominent critics of JDL tactics, playwright Dore Schary, honorary chairman of the B'nai B'rith's Anti-Defamation League and Prof. Hans Morgenthau, a political scientist on the faculty of the University of Chicago and CUNY. On the show, taped June 28, Kahane denied that JDL members ever engaged in bombing or spitting. He said, "I think it's very easy for people who have lived in this country and have freedom to sit back and say, 'Well, it's not nice to do certain things to Russian diplomats.' That's quite right, it isn't nice. A war is never nice. This is in effect a war between the Soviet Union and Jews. Soviet diplomats' lives should be made as bearable or unbearable as Soviet Jews' lives are...I am in favor of any violence if it is necessary" even though "violence is ugly."

Schary responded that Kahane's reasoning was "very strange to me" since "we really are not engaged in a physical war--we're engaged in a psychological war, a social war." He said he agreed with Kahane on only one thing, "that Soviet anti-Semitism is a reality." He challenged Kahane's allegations that established Jewish organizations did nothing for Soviet Jewry until the advent of the JDL. Morgenthau said he was "simply amazed at the naivete...of thinking that by insulting Russian diplomats on the streets of New York you are going to sway the government of the Soviet Union." He continued, "While it is very easy to incite young Jews in New York to the kinds of misdeeds which we have witnessed, it is very easy to forget that three million Jews are hostages to the government of the Soviet Union. And the government of the Soviet Union can do with those Jews whatever it wants. This I think, is a danger which is completely overlooked in those self-satisfying, narcissistic activities which we are discussing here and which require absolutely no heroism.")

Scheel Ends Israel Visit Called Limited Political Success For Israelis

JERUSALEM, July 11 (JTA)--The first visit to Israel by an incumbent West German Foreign Minister ended yesterday when Walter Scheel took off for Bonn after a four-day stay which included two days of political talks with Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban, meetings with Premier Golda Meir and other officials and a courtesy call paid to former Premier David Ben Gurion. The visit was a friendly one and there were no serious incidents to embarrass the German statesman or his hosts. But informed circles analyzing the political reaction today decided that from Israel's point of view it was a "very limited success." The Israelis apparently failed to bring Herr Scheel around to their point of view on two crucial matters--Soviet penetration of the Middle East which according to Israel is a flanking maneuver aimed ultimately at Western Europe, and the Middle East policies of the European Common Market of which Bonn is a member.

(Scheel said in a brief statement on his arrival in Bonn last night that there was now greater understanding between Israel and West Germany. He said he had invited Eban to Bonn to continue their discussions.) Political circles here noted that Scheel said at a farewell press conference Friday that "the desired clarifying effect of our talks has been achieved." However, true that may be the circles said, the positions of Germany and Israel on global political subjects have not been brought closer. Israel accepts Bonn's assurances that Chancellor Brandt's "Ostpolitik"--rapprochement with the Soviet Union--will not be allowed to adversely affect its relations with Israel. But Israel disputes the

very basis of the Ostpolitik and holds that Soviet actions in the Middle East pose a potential threat to Western Europe, a theory the Bonn Government refuses to buy, the circles observed. Furthermore, while Israel accepts West Germany's assurances that she will not subordinate herself to French political interests in the Common Market, Israel has not realized its hope to make Bonn a pillar against French efforts to impose its Mideast policies on all Common Market member nations. Scheel's spokesman stressed here that "the political consultations within the Market will continue so that we can all speak with one voice on foreign policy." Israel fears that the French attitude, which it regards as pro-Arab, will permeate the Common Market nations. Nevertheless, Scheel put many Israelis at ease when he stated that "The Federal Republic does not believe that a total withdrawal of Israel from all occupied territories is a pre-requisite of peace in the region." He declined however to be drawn into a statement on Israel's future borders saying, "I find that a public discussion of this question by a representative of the Federal Republic is not indicated. We do not want to assume the role of arbiters."

Referring to the Mideast document prepared last May by Common Market experts and fostered by France, Scheel said he saw no contradiction between the desire of his government to constantly improve its relations with Israel on the one hand and a reconciliation with France on the other. The document ~~calls for a total withdrawal to its pre-June 1967 borders and calls for the internationalization of Jerusalem.~~ Scheel referred to German development aid to Israel; he said that in addition to the current annual loan of \$35 million, additional loans were discussed during his stay in Israel and referred to the Bonn Finance Ministry for further action. He added pointedly, that "the Federal Republic is in a very difficult budgetary situation."

COJO Plenary Ends; Solidarity With Israel, Soviet Jewry Pledged

GENEVA, July 11 (JTA)--The World Conference of Jewish Organizations (Cojo) wound up its three-day plenary meeting here with the adoption of one resolution pledging full support for Israel "in its struggle for a just and lasting peace" and another declaring its "unbreakable brotherly solidarity with the Jews of the Soviet Union." A third resolution pledged "brotherly solidarity with the Jews of the Middle East...now held hostages in some Arab countries, particularly Syria." Adoption of an emergency resolution was prompted by news of the terrorist rocket attack on Petach Tikvah last Wednesday night which claimed four lives. "This conference again expresses its abhorrence of terrorist activities which seek to achieve political ends through the deliberate and indiscriminate killing of unarmed, innocent men, women and children," the resolution declared. It urged "all governments and peoples to condemn unequivocally all such outrages."

The Cojo plenary, attended by the leadership of 11 major Jewish organizations, was marked by a transfer of leadership. Dr. Nahum Goldmann, who founded the organization 13 years ago, retired from the chairmanship to be succeeded by Dr. William Wexler, international president of B'nai B'rith, one of the Cojo constituents. Louis A. Pincus, chairman of the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem, and Dr. Joachim Prinz of the World Jewish Congress were elected co-chairmen. New vice chairmen are Michael Fidler, MP, president of the Board of Deputies of British Jews; Monroe Abbey, chairman of the Canadian Jewish Congress; and Shon Cohen Imach, of the DAIA in Buenos Aires, the central representative body of Argentine Jewry. Yehuda Hellman, of New York, was elected secretary general. The sessions, which began last Wednesday, were highlighted by a discussion of the changing Jewish community in America, introduced by Rabbi Arthur Hertzberg, of Englewood, N.J., a member of the Jewish Agency executive and a report on relations with world church bodies, delivered by Dr. Gerhard M. Riegner, of the World Jewish Congress, speaking on behalf of the International Jewish Committee on Inter-Religious Relations. Gen. Shimon Gazit, head of the Military Government department of Israeli General Headquarters, provided a detailed analysis of the condition of Arabs living under Israeli rule in the occupied territories.

Rabbi Hertzberg said the real problem of American Jewry was the direction the next generation will take. "We are actually the last of the Eastern European generation, and this includes even those of us born in the West," he said. "It is obvious we shall have no more Jewish ghettos of any kind. But this does not solve the problem of Jewishness, even if it may solve the problem of Jews. At this juncture," Rabbi Hertzberg said, "American Jews are themselves a problem, not a problem-solver. American Jews need the help of Israel and the cooperation of the rest of Jewry in their search for a solution to their problem, the problem of the next Jewish generation in America." Dr. Riegner said, "Difficulties developed on several levels in our relations with the Protestants and Roman Catholics. The most important aspect of these difficulties is a change of attitude toward Israel. Positions are taken up in regard to Israel which we have to counter and resist. I cannot say that I see a solution for these difficulties in the near future. But we consider our relations with the churches of the world of great importance in many respects." Speaking of the occupied territories, Gen. Gazit said, "It was our policy, from the very beginning, not to interfere with the lives of the Arabs under our rule except where security is involved. We are determined not to cause unnecessary hardships or even inconveniences and to avoid embarrassments. We don't even hoist the Israeli flag in the Arab towns. Needless to say, mistreatment of Arabs under any circumstances is not permitted."

Discussing the economic aspects of Israeli occupation of Arab territories, Gen. Gazit said, "We have now in the Arabs under our rule another million consumers for the products of Israeli industries. On the other hand, 40,000 Arabs from the occupied territories have regular employment in Israel at wages ten times higher than they had in the old days--when they could find work."

Israelis Fire On Egyptian Planes Overflying Suez

TEL AVIV, July 11 (JTA)--Israeli forces fired today on two Egyptian Sukhoi-7 fighter-bombers that flew over Israeli positions on the central section of the Suez Canal. A complaint was lodged with the United Nations Truce Supervisory Organization (UNTSO).

Dayan Claims Egyptian Pressure Delaying New U.S. Arms To Israel

TEL AVIV, July 11 (JTA)--Two Israeli leaders have voiced concern that their country's best friends do not regard its security needs with sufficient urgency. Defense Minister Moshe Dayan, interviewed on Kol Israel radio yesterday charged bluntly that Egyptian pressure on the United States was preventing Israel from getting the combat aircraft it needed. "Israel is not getting a steady flow of arms" from the U.S. he said. He warned that the withholding of American supplies to Israel under Egyptian pressure was a barrier to negotiations for a peace settlement while Russia continued to supply all of Egypt's military needs. Premier Golda Meir, addressing a Labor Party rally at Ramat Gan Friday said the main argument with "our best friend, the U.S.A., and we have no greater friend, as well as with other friendly nations, is to try to bring home to them the basic premise of Israel's security which is secure borders." She said the terrorist rocket attack on Petach Tikvah last Wednesday night which so far has claimed four lives, was "the best demonstration of how important secure borders are for Israel."

Mrs. Meir disclosed that she had told visiting West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel last week: "Europeans tell us they want to ensure our security through the United Nations and even introduce foreign forces in a protective cordon. Does this mean that once peace is achieved with the Arabs, Israel has to be specially guarded? Should like to know where they have stationed special guards along the European borders after signing peace treaties?" Replying to a question, Mrs. Meir said it was no secret that one of Israel's main points of discussion with Washington was that "We need more Phantoms." She added that one Phantom costs \$6 million.

Gen. Dayan said recent bellicose statements by Egyptian President Anwar Sadat raised the possibility of a resumption of hostilities within the next six months. He said the Israeli Army has made good use of the year-old cease-fire. "It has neither wasted time nor spared efforts to consolidate and strengthen its positions. Egypt will not be able to change the situation by force," he said. Asked if Israeli forces would cross the Suez Canal in the event of a new outbreak of warfare, Dayan replied, "If I am faced with the alternative of winning the battle on the West Bank and losing one on the Eastern Bank, I would prefer the one on the Western bank." Asked to comment on the possibility of Israel's integration into the Nato defense network, Dayan said he did not expect such a development although the Nato chiefs recognize that increasing Soviet strength in the region changes the balance of power. He said they do not realize yet the importance of Israel being in the area and holding bases in the Sinai.

Rabin Call Home Delayed, Sisco Expected Next Week

JERUSALEM, July 11 (JTA)--A Foreign Ministry spokesman confirmed tonight that Israel's Ambassador to Washington, Yitzhak Rabin, has been instructed to postpone his return to Jerusalem for consultations, originally scheduled for next week. The official reason for the delay was that the Government wants time to study the results of the latest American diplomatic mission to Cairo in the persons of Donald Bergus and Michael Sterner. Bergus is the ranking American diplomat in Cairo and Sterner heads the State Department's Egyptian Desk. Earlier, sources here said that U.S. Assistant Secretary of State for Near Eastern Affairs, Joseph J. Sisco, was expected in Israel next week and Rabin's return was believed scheduled to coincide with Sisco's presence here. Sources here said Sisco regards Egypt's current stand on an interim settlement to reopen the Suez Canal to be more moderate than in the past. The Israeli view is that any Egyptian show of moderation is only "play acting."

Petach Tikvah Rocket Attack Claims Two More Victims, Arrests Made

TEL AVIV, July 11 (JTA)--The terrorist rocket attack on Petach Tikvah Wednesday night claimed two more victims today, both elderly ill women. Zehava Chodorov, 69 and Carolina Lazar, 70, died of injuries they sustained when a Katyusha rocket scored a direct hit on their ward in the Beth Rivka Hospital, an institution for the chronically ill. The other victims, who were killed instantly, were Anat Darbashi, five whose home was struck by a rocket and Esther Vitas, 71, a patient at Beth Rivka. The search for the perpetrators is continuing.

Security forces announced the arrests of several persons suspected of having aided the terrorists in carrying their equipment to within range of Petach Tikvah. On Friday helicopters spotted the rocket launcher less than a mile east of the Green Line the boundary between Israeli territory and the occupied West Bank. Two local Arab boys who approached the launcher were wounded by the explosion of booby traps set by the terrorists. Israeli security forces inspecting the launching site found evidence that the terrorists had camped there for some time and had made a meal. Israeli authorities are convinced that they could not have carried out the attack without aid from nearby villagers. All villages east of the Green Line have been under curfew since Thursday, though not Arab villages on the Israeli side of the line. The residents of several of the latter have sent condolences to the Mayor of Petach Tikvah over the tragedy.

10 Soldiers Buried, Victims Of Helicopter Crash

TEL AVIV, July 11 (JTA)--Separate funeral services were held in various parts of Israel today for ten air-borne soldiers killed when their helicopter crashed into the sea off northern Sinai near El Arish Thursday. The bodies were discovered and identified after a two-day search by combined Army, Air Force and Navy teams. The names of the crash victims were not disclosed. An Air Force inquiry commission headed by a Lt. Col. has been set up to investigate the causes of the accident. Debris from the helicopter was still being fished out of the sea today. A military spokesman said the possibility of sabotage was virtually ruled out by a preliminary investigation. He said it was most probable that human error was responsible for the tragedy.

The helicopter was reported missing Thursday afternoon. Shortly afterwards a Bedouin tribesman reported that he had seen a low flying helicopter crash into the sea after being struck by waves. Post mortems disclosed that the occupants of the helicopter died as a result of the impact when the aircraft struck the sea.

Harvard, Wisconsin U. Accused Of Discriminating Against Jews

WASHINGTON, July 8 (JTA)--Jews are discriminated against by Harvard and Wisconsin Universities because they are visibly in the forefront of change, according to Dorothy Rabinowitz in the summer issue of Change Magazine, a monthly on controversial social and academic topics supported by the Esso Education and Ford Foundations. According to the article entitled "Are Jewish Students Different?" Harvard has reduced the number of students from suburban schools, with a resulting discrimination against Jews. Harvard Dean of Admissions Dr. Chase Peterson is quoted as saying that the number of students from "the donuts around the big cities" has been reduced. A Jewish faculty member is quoted as having retorted "Those aren't donuts, they're bagels."

The situation at the University of Wisconsin is even more deliberate, according to Miss Rabinowitz. She cites a legislative act reducing the enrollment of out-of-state students to 15 percent of the student body. She quotes a legislator arguing against the bill as explaining its purpose and effect: "It was to get rid of the kikes from New York and the dirty niggers." Since the enactment of that provision, Miss Rabinowitz says, the Jewish student population dropped by two-thirds within a year. She attributed the Admissions Committee dislike of Jewish students to their leadership of social change movements. "Jewish students are over-represented on the anti-establishment activist side" she says, adding that their number is not statistically remarkable. She explains that the over-representation does not constitute a majority of Jews and is simply reflective of the general heavy representation of Jews in good higher educational institutions. She concludes that Jewish use of education as a survival tool and Jewish cultural familiarity with books.

SSSJ To Promote Cause Of Soviet Jews At Summer Camps

NEW YORK, July 11, (JTA)--Three members of the Student Struggle for Soviet Jewry will visit 30 day and sleep-away camps in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and the New England states this summer to present a program on behalf of Soviet Jewry to campers aged 10 and older. The program, partially funded by a grant from the National Conference on Soviet Jewry, began this week with a visit to Camp Geth in Otisville, Pa. The camp is sponsored by Nahamin, the Zionist youth movement. After presenting their program of songs, discussions, dramatic presentations and the showing of the film "Let My People Go," the SSSJ team of Joy Berman, 20, a student at the City College of the City University of New York, Stan Gruen, 19, of Yeshiva University, and Noah Baer, a student at the Columbia University Law School, meet with campers, counselors and administrative camp personnel to plan on-going programs for Soviet Jewry. The SSSJ team will also present their program at the Manchester (New Hampshire) Jewish Community Center and at the convention of the National Federation of Temple Youth at Warwix, N.Y. at the end of July.

241 Americans Sailing For Israel Monday To Settle

NEW YORK, July 11, (JTA)--Two-hundred and forty-one Americans, comprising 58 families and fourteen individuals will sail for Israel tomorrow aboard the Greek liner Queen Anna-Maria. Nahum Golan, national director of the Israel Aliyah Center said the group is part of the 10,000 Americans expected to settle in Israel this year. He said they include 47 professionals, 13 skilled and semi-skilled workers and 5 businessmen. One family has eight children.

One hundred and forty American and Canadian college graduates will leave by air for Israel in July to spend one year there as teachers, social workers and instructors. Another group of over 50 young Americans and Canadians will depart July 28th, for a year at kibbutzim Shaar Hagolan and Magal. At least 150 more college and high school graduates will leave for Israel in September and October. Together with the first group which left for Israel in January the number of Sherut La'am participants in 1971 will total 400.

Church Group Condemns Communist Governments Denial Of Emigration Rights

NEW YORK, July 11, (JTA)--The Executive Council of the two million member United Church of Christ announced adoption of a resolution condemning Communist and other authoritarian governments for holding political prisoners, discriminating against persons who dissent against governmental policy and detaining ethnic and religious groups who wish to emigrate. The resolution was introduced at the Eighth General Synod of the United Church of Christ which met in Grand Rapids, Mich., June 23-29 and referred to the Executive Council. The Council acts as the Synod in the interim between Synod meetings. "As Christians we value freedom of expression and freedom of person as basic human rights," the resolution said. It went on to call upon the Government of the United States to use its influence especially to persuade authoritarian governments to grant permission to emigrate to those who wish to leave the countries.

Samuel Bronfman Dead; Funeral Tuesday For Canadian Industrialist, Philanthropist

MONTREAL, July 11 (JTA)--Funeral services will be held Tuesday for Samuel Bronfman, industrialist, philanthropist, member of the Company of Canada and head of the world's largest distillery, who died of a heart attack at his Westmount home Saturday night. He was 39 years old. Born in Brandon, Manitoba, he entered the hotel business at the age of 21. In 1924 he organized his own distillery and in 1926 he acquired the Joseph Seagram distilleries with plants in Waterloo, Ontario and Lasalle, Quebec. He was president of Distillers Corp.-Seagrams Ltd., Calvert Distillers Ltd., Thomas Adams Distillers Ltd., Seagram Overseas Corp. Ltd., Seco Investments Ltd. and the Globe Bedding Co. He was director of Joseph E. Seagrams and Sons Ltd. Bronfman was president of the Canadian Jewish Congress from 1938-1962 and chairman of its Board of Governors from 1962 until his death. He was active in Jewish and Canadian communal work serving as honorary president of the Zionist Organization of Canada, the Jewish Community Services of Montreal and the Combined Jewish Appeal. He served as president of the United Jewish Relief Agencies, the Canada-Israel Corp., and the Canada-Israel Securities Ltd.

Mr. Bronfman was known throughout the world for his philanthropy and his interest in Israel. His body will lie in state at the headquarters of the CJC in Montreal Sunday and Monday.