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Tougher Anti-Soviet Stance By U.S. Seen In Withdrawal From Deputies Talks

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Diplomatic circles speculated today on how far the United States intends to go in its new tough line toward Moscow following U.S. withdrawal yesterday from the Big Four deputies talks at the United Nations in New York over cease-fire standstill violations. State Department spokesman Robert J. McCloskey disclosed today that the British and French deputies had been informed of the move a "few days" before U.S. Deputy Ambassador Christopher H. Phillips formally asked for a suspension of the talks because the truce violations by Egypt "have raised doubts whether there is a sincere desire for peace." Mr. McCloskey's disclosure contradicted published reports that the British and French as well as the Soviet representatives were "surprised" by the American act. The Russians were deliberately not informed in advance, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned today. When asked why, a State Department spokesman told the JTA Washington correspondent, because "we chose not to." Diplomats here do not doubt that the Soviets were aware of the impending American break-off as soon as their British and French colleagues were informed. But their exclusion from the advance notice represented a sharp rebuff by the U.S.

Observers here agree that the U.S. now appears determined to bring about what the State Department cautiously refers to as a "rectification" of the cease-fire violations. They are wondering whether suspension of the deputies talks was an isolated gesture or the first step in a diplomatic pressure campaign that could affect the Four Power Mideast talks and even areas of negotiation between the U.S. and the USSR unrelated to the Mideast. The U.S. is known to have been unhappy with the lack of progress among the Big Four and resentful of the fact that Secretary of State William P. Rogers' Mideast peace initiative of last spring remained a unilateral move only passively supported by the other three powers. The deputies were assigned the task on March 31 of drafting a memorandum detailing the points of agreement and disagreement among the Four Powers. But they have been unable to produce anything because of Soviet obstruction on key points. U.S. sources acknowledged that the Soviet position had been clear for months and was not viewed as a cause for suspending the deputies' meetings. The U.S. made it clear that it will remain with the Four Power talks and will attend their next session scheduled for Oct. 12. But this could be little more than a formality intended to keep the machinery in operation.

The U.S. has not spelled out publicly what it means by "rectification." Egypt claims that the missiles now in the standstill cease-fire zone were there when the truce began Aug. 7 so there can be no question of rectification. The Russians support the Egyptians while the British and French have offered no support for the American position. There was no indication today of how long the impasse will continue. Israel appeared to be highly satisfied by the American action and in no hurry to get the peace talks going under UN envoy Gunnar V. Jarring. One source said today that the U.S. may agree to regard a partial withdrawal of missiles from the truce zone as satisfying its demand for rectification. The withdrawal would be unannounced to save face for the Egyptians and Russians but would have to be confirmed by aerial reconnaissance before the peace talks got moving, provided Israel agreed. Mr. McCloskey announced today that Secretary Rogers will meet with Israeli Foreign Minister Abba Eban in Washington next week. Mr. Rogers will be at the UN in New York from Oct. 16-24. He is scheduled to meet with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei F. Gromyko. There was no word today as to whether Egyptian Foreign Minister Mahmoud Riad will be in New York at the same time.

British Say It Is Imperative For Big Four Machinery To Continue To Function

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Oct. 7 (JTA)--A spokesman for the British United Nations Mission said today that his government believes "it is imperative that the Four Power machinery should continue to function and should be seen to do so" despite the break-off by the United States yesterday of the Four Power deputies talks. Foreign diplomatic sources said the British position appeared to be that the Four Power deliberations on the Middle East are divorced from the situation in the Suez cease-fire zone. The British are said to take this view on grounds that the Four Power representatives derive their mandate from the UN Security Council's Resolution 242 while the cease-fire was a bilaterally negotiated arrangement. (A British Foreign Office spokesman said in London today that his government was "disappointed" by the American move but that it would not provoke "even a mild crisis" between London and Washington.) The British are believed to have considerable sympathy with the reasons that inspired the American break-off of the deputies talks but do not agree that the U.S. response was the correct one in the circumstances. It was pointed out that the deputies cannot dissolve themselves as they are subordinate to the Four Powers--U.S., Soviet Russia, Britain and France--permanent representatives to the UN and charged by them with a specific task. The Four Powers will hold their next meeting on Monday, Oct. 12 at which time, according to information here, the matter of the suspended deputies meetings will be taken up.

Plan For West Bank Arab University Receiving Support From Israeli Authorities

JERUSALEM, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Israeli authorities are actively supporting plans for the establishment of an Arab university on the West Bank, it was disclosed here yesterday. Deputy Premier Yigal Allon, who is Minister of Education, announced that he had approved of the project in principle when approached by West Bank Arab leaders. He said "there are good prospects of international funds contributing to the establishment and maintenance of such a university." The site of the school apparently will be Ramallah, a prosperous, relatively quiet West Bank town north of Jerusalem which already has several

training schools and a junior college. Plans call for an eventual student body of 2000 with courses taught in Arabic and English. It was proposed that admission be open to non-Arabs. The initiative for the project came from West Bank Arabs but it was welcomed by Israelis who see in an Arab university a force for stability and moderation. Such an institution with acceptable standards for accreditation could be expected to attract West Bank students who now attend universities in the Arab world and abroad, notably in the United States.

Israelis believe it would serve as an alternative to the radical Arab guerrilla movement that exerts a dangerous attraction for intelligent Arab youth. The evolution of the plan is obscure. It was believed to have been proposed two years ago to Defense Minister Moshe Dayan by prominent West Bankers, including the former Mayor of Ramallah who was later deported to Jordan for alleged subversion activities. It was subsequently brought up again and attracted the attention of Mayor Teddy Kolek of Jerusalem. He reportedly asked a five member committee to draft a proposal for an Arab university and the report was recently turned over to the Education Ministry. The committee suggested that the school be affiliated with a well known university in Britain and that it begin on a modest scale, perhaps preparing students for college entrance examinations at first.

Tension Between Guerrillas, Jordan Government Continues Despite Accord

JERUSALEM, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Despite an accord signed ten days ago in Cairo between King Hussein and Palestinian guerrilla leader Yassir Arafat, tension remains high in Jordan and the two sides continue to trade accusations and invective, Israeli experts on Jordanian affairs reported today. They noted that the Jordanian Minister of Information employed bitter language yesterday when he accused the guerrillas of stalling their departure from Amman, one of the conditions of the Hussein-Arafat agreement. Arafat, in an interview with the Yugoslavian News Agency, likened the situation in Jordan to the war in Vietnam and the Hussein regime to the Saigon government. The Israeli experts said that accusations of robbery and rape by Jordanian forces were contained in a letter sent by Arafat to the inter-Arab truce supervisory committee in Amman. The Israelis said that there has been no change for the worse in the Jordanian situation during the last 24 hours but that it is clear that implementation of the Hussein-Arafat agreement is taking place in an atmosphere of suspicion and recrimination.

Eban Urges More U.S. Aid; Scores New Left And Media Presentation Of Terrorists

NEW YORK, Oct. 7 (JTA)--In a wide-ranging address today to the Synagogue Council of America, Israel's Foreign Minister Abba Eban condemned the New Left, criticized media representation of Arab terrorists and again chastised those pro-Isrealis who see the death of Egyptian President Gamal Abdel Nasser as a setback to peace. Mr. Eban, the principal speaker at the Council's Emergency Religious Leadership Convocation on the Middle East, said he could not understand why a "reactionary" faction should be called the "New Left," and asserted that its "anti-Zionism" was merely a facade for anti-Semitism. The Israeli diplomat said media reportage of Arab terrorist activities tended to "romanticize the violence for its own sake." He said that calling those Arabs "commandos," which he defined as fighters against governmental armies, glossed over the Palestinians' policy of "murder without any idealistic motive." Referring to widespread expressions of sorrow over the death of President Nasser, Mr. Eban asserted that "It is not a great disaster if after 18 years there is a chance for a new look." He said Egypt and the world would profit from new Arab leadership that substituted achievements for "flamboyance" and "charisma." Describing Acting President Anwar Sadat as far less charismatic than Col. Nasser, Mr. Eban said "the present hour is an hour of opportunity" for Egypt to "appraise its past and fashion its future" in terms of "a more realistic view of its destiny." Mr. Eban scored Israeli withdrawal from occupied territories prior to a peace settlement as "irrational," and again urged the United States to aid Israel with jets.

Ceylonese Official Expresses Regret That Government Severed Ties With Israel

TEL AVIV, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Indications that Ceylon's new leftist government regrets having broken off diplomatic relations with Israel last July were brought to light here today. Israeli technical experts who had been aiding that country in various important development projects have all been withdrawn and the Ceylonese government has been unable to get experts from other nations to replace them. According to Dr. Raanan Weiz of the Settlements Study Center in Rehovoth, the predicament was described in a letter he received from R. Donn of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development. That agency was instrumental in arranging Israeli technical aid for Ceylon. Mr. Donn wrote that the Ceylonese deputy foreign minister told him his government regretted its decision to cut ties with Israel, Mr. Weiz said.

Middle East Major Item Of Discussion Between Pompidou, Kremlin Leaders

PARIS, Oct. 7 (JTA)--The Middle East conflict was one of the major items on the agenda of President Georges Pompidou's talks with Kremlin leaders in Moscow today, it was reported here. Both countries are said to have agreed on the need for a peaceful settlement. According to reports from Moscow, M. Pompidou stressed that France was deeply involved in the Mideast problem because of its historic interests in North Africa and the Levant. He is also reported to have stated that France is a Mediterranean power and intends to remain one.

State Prosecutor Upholds Appeal For Former Auschwitz Guard

FRANKFURT, Oct. 7 (JTA)--The State Prosecutor surprised a court here yesterday by recommending that it uphold an appeal by a former guard at the Auschwitz death camp who was sentenced to a three-and-a-half year prison term for complicity in the deaths of inmates. According to the Prosecutor, the defendant, Dr. Bernard Lucas, had only obeyed orders. The case is the first in which a prosecutor has supported an appeal by a war criminal he helped to convict.

U.S. Pilots Association Favors Sanctions To Combat Air Piracy

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7 (JTA)--The Air Line Pilots Association of the United States announced today that it had recommended a policy of sanctions to its international federation "to combat air piracy." Charles H. Ruby, president of the U.S. organization, said at a press conference that the recommendation urged "sanctions with respect to airports in any country which is henceforth unwilling or unable to provide the necessary security within its political jurisdiction against sabotage or air piracy." The recommendation would have the International Federation of Air Line Pilots Associations (IFALPA), notify affected countries of discontinuance of operations based on insufficient security measures. Before service would be resumed, according to the recommendation, the country's effective political entity must sign an agreement stating full compliance with the Tokyo convention on offenses committed on board aircraft," and also "must agree to return saboteurs or all persons involved in air piracy to the country of registry of the affected aircraft for trial in connection with the commitment of such crime." IFALPA's principal officers also would "conduct inspection for acceptable security measures at all operational airports before service would be resumed." IFALPA's principal officers are meeting today and tomorrow in London to consider the U.S. pilots' recommendations, a spokesman for the American organization said. The recommendation follows a series of meetings by the American and international organizations in the wake of the hijacking early in September by Arab guerrillas of four airplanes which they later destroyed, and the attempted hijacking of an El Al plane which was foiled.

Interpol Sets Up Committee To Study Problem Of Aerial Hijacking

BRUSSELS, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Interpol, the international police force, reversed a past position today and decided to set up a committee to study the problem of aerial hijacking. Previously Interpol held that hijacking could not be dealt with because it was a political rather than a criminal offense. Today's action by the Interpol General Assembly was believed to have been influenced by local police and airline operators. According to one report, Arab delegates who had previously argued that airliner hijacking was exclusively a political matter, now support the principle of government legislation that could provide the basis for Interpol action against sky piracy.

Investigating Committee Upholds El Al Security Measures That Thwarted Hijack

TEL AVIV, Oct. 7 (JTA)--A committee investigating the attempted hijacking of an El Al jet by Arab commandos last Sept. 6 has upheld the security measures taken by the Israeli air line, it was disclosed in a statement published today by El Al. The statement said that the committee recommended additional measures to protect passengers against hijackers some of which are already being applied. The hijack attempt in midair over the British coast was foiled when armed security guards shot one of the commandos to death while the other, Laila Khaled, was overpowered by male passengers. A steward, Shlomo Vieder, was seriously wounded in the scuffle but has since recovered. The committee's findings on the conduct of the pilot, Capt. Uri Barlev, were not released. The fact that Capt. Barlev has remained grounded, and a report in the London Daily Mail yesterday gave rise to rumors that the committee had found his conduct not entirely satisfactory. According to the Daily Mail he was faulted for keeping one security guard in the pilots' compartment thereby reducing the security of the rest of the plane. An El Al spokesman said there were "some inaccuracies" in the Daily Mail report. He said however that as far as the airline is concerned, Capt. Barlev could return to work tomorrow. The committee found that he had acted correctly when he decided to make an emergency landing in London with the company's permission. The landing is credited with having saved the life of the steward.

Police Probe Hand Grenade Parcels Found In BOAC Locker Addressed To El Al

LONDON, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Police are investigating two parcels of hand grenades found in a BOAC locker at London Airport today, addressed to the Israeli Embassy here and the local office of El Al, Israel's airline.

PLO Office Wrecked By Bomb; JDL Member Picked Up For Questioning

NEW YORK, Oct. 7 (JTA)--A member of the Jewish Defense League was picked up by the police for questioning today in connection with a bomb blast that wrecked the New York office of the Palestine Liberation Organization, the central guerrilla administration headquartered in Beirut, Lebanon. The police, who released the JDL member after questioning, declined to give his name. Police said later that they were looking for an "Arabic-looking" man with an "Afro-type" haircut who is suspected of planting the bomb. Rabbi Meir Kahane, national chairman of the JDL, refused to comment on the questioning of its member. The JDL has frequently threatened retaliation for Arab terrorist acts against Jews. The police said that a bomb, apparently placed in an attache case outside the PLO's Park Avenue office, exploded shortly after 11 p.m. last night blowing out windows on the floor and knocking down walls. No one was injured. The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, a PLO member, was responsible for hijacking four airliners last month and holding their passengers and crew hostage in Jordan. All the hostages have since been freed. The police said they obtained their description of the suspect from a cleaning woman and a night watchman. United Press International reported that it received a phone call about a half hour before the explosion saying that the building had been bombed. The anonymous caller used the phrase "Never again," a JDL slogan. The PLO said today that the bombing was the third "attempt to intimidate the Palestinians" in the past year and the work of "fascist" elements seeking to stifle difference of opinion.

Israel's Sephardic Chief Rabbi, Moscow Chief Rabbi Exchange Greetings

JERUSALEM, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Rosh Hashana greetings have been exchanged between Israel's Sephardic Chief Rabbi Yitzhak Nissim and Chief Rabbi Yehuda Leib Levin of Moscow, it was reported today. Rabbi Levin sent a message expressing hope for the strengthening of Torah among Jews all over the world and for peace among nations. Rabbi Nissim wished the Jews of the Soviet Union a year free from repression, especially the ban on emigration to Israel.

\$5 Million in Israel Bonds Sold; Eban Hails U.S. Withdrawal From Deputies Talks

NEW YORK, Oct. 7 (JTA)--The withdrawal of the United States from the Big Four deputies talks until a rectification of the missile emplacements by Egypt takes place was hailed last night by Israel's Foreign Minister Abba Eban as a vindication of Israel's insistence that the cease-fire standstill accord was being violated. Mr. Eban told the more than 700 persons attending a dinner sponsored by the Greater New York Committee for State of Israel Bonds that despite Egypt's perfidy in negating the truce accord, "tearing it up in front of our eyes," Israel "is available for a new appraisal of elements in the Middle East," that she is ready to continue the cease-fire indefinitely and maintains a flexible position on boundaries within the context of security and a lasting peace. But, he asserted, "peace is not compatible with the monstrous idea of divided cities." The audience burst into prolonged applause when Mr. Eban vowed that "Jerusalem will never again be torn apart" and pledged that Israel would guarantee freedom of holy places to all people. Mr. Eban mounted an eloquent plea for the Jewish people in the U.S. to aid Israel financially at a time when she stands at the crossroad of "destruction or deliverance." He warned that unless American Jewry aided Israel on an unprecedented scale, the military victories won by the gallantry of its young people and the tenacity of the Jewish people to survive would be squandered. "All previous goals are now irrelevant to the situation and to the needs of Israel," he declared.

Mr. Eban's plea met with enthusiastic response as \$5 million in Israel bonds was sold. Abraham Feinberg, president of the Israel Bond Organization, said Israel can only rely on itself, "on the young men in the army and air force who are defending Israel and the safety and security of our country." He said that Israel Bond Organization and the United Jewish Appeal have jointly promised Israel they will raise \$1 billion for Israel's defense needs. Mr. Eban declared that the "central theme of 1970" is "Jewish solidarity and tightening intimacy between Israel and the United States." He said it was illogical to think that the U.S. should show greater solicitude for Israel and her needs than the Jewish people. He warned that despite Israel's military victories "the last sanctuary, the refuge of a people who already lost six million in an orgy of violence" in the inferno of Nazism, Israel remains an island in a sea of hostility, encircled by tanks, Soviet forces, a "stinging blockade," and confronted by Arabs dancing in the streets "intoxicated with the idea that Israel must be destroyed." The Foreign Minister said that Israel's view, based on counsel by the U.S. and an international body of political forces, is "no withdrawal from our present boundaries without peace." Israel, he said, will not return to the "territorial vulnerability of old boundary lines." The frame of reference for Israel's daily agonizing decisions, Mr. Eban observed, is: "Peace if we can get it or stand fast until we achieve it and meanwhile grow in our dynamism." But, he added, there is a price for standing fast - the price of young blood being spilled.

"Does anyone," Mr. Eban asked, "believe that if we withdrew from the present areas we would not be pursued to our most concentrated areas of population?" The devastation wrought in Jordan by the Palestinian guerrillas these past few weeks, he said, should be a forewarning of what Israel can expect if it loses its military superiority. Israel, Mr. Eban stated, is ready to discuss peace. "We have specific ideas about peace but lack someone to discuss it with and a table on which to lay down our proposals," he said. Peace for Israel, he continued, does not mean humiliation of its neighbors but greater unity of all the people in the Middle East to tackle common problems. He noted that Israel had originally hailed the Nasserite revolution whose proclaimed objectives had been to end foreign domination, opening the Suez Canal to the world, and to eliminate internal backwardness. But these objectives, he said, came to naught and were subverted by Egypt's embarkation on a war of attrition. He expressed the hope that Egypt's new leaders would seek peace and added that it is "possible for political leaders to repeat mistakes but it is not mandatory." The dinner, which opened the Fall campaign of the Committee, paid tribute to four prominent businessmen and their sons, all active leaders in the Israel Bond campaign in the New York metropolitan area. Before presenting the leaders with the annual Herbert H. Lehman award, William Goldfine, president of the Royal National Bank and honorary chairman of the Israel Bond campaign in New York City, said "there is no generation gap between these fathers and sons." He said that in New York, Israel Bonds was 30 percent ahead of sale this year compared to 1969. "But in view of Israel's needs we have to be 100 percent ahead."

Two Hassidic Jews Shot By Unknown Assailant; In Fair Condition

NEW YORK, Oct. 7 (JTA)--Two young Hassidic Jews were shot and seriously wounded this morning in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn as they were chatting on a street corner with a friend, the police reported today. The victims, Michael Mendlevic, 18 and Fishel Friedman, 22, were admitted to Cumberland Hospital where officials described their condition as fair. Police said that the victims had told them they had no idea as to any reason for the attack or of the identity of the assailant, who drove up in a car, stopped and fired three shots before racing away. Mr. Friedman was hit in the left arm and the side. His companion was hit in the side.

N.C.J.W. Dedicates Its New York Building To Lucy Kaufmann-Broido; Plaque Unveiled

NEW YORK, Oct. 7 (JTA)--The National Council of Jewish Women honored today the memory of its late leader, Lucy Kaufmann-Broido, by dedicating its building here to her name. The building, located at 9 East 69th Street, houses the headquarters of the New York Section of the NCJW of which Mrs. Kaufmann-Broido was president for a number of years. She died on December 7, 1969 at her New York home. David Sher, noted Jewish leader, who was the principal speaker at the dedication ceremony, emphasized the deep interest which Mrs. Kaufmann-Broido maintained in Jewish communal affairs, her life-long commitment to the work of the NCJW, and her services to the community. Dr. David J. Seligman, spiritual leader of the Central Synagogue, conducted the ceremony. Mrs. Kaufmann-Broido was the wife of Louis Broido, chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee.