TAdaily news bulletin

Published by Jewish Telegraphic Agency, Inc. 660 First Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10016

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Vol. XXXVII - Fifty-Third Year

Friday, August 14, 1970

No. 157

Dayan Confirms Missiles Moved Toward Suez Canal; Release Six-Point Cease-Fire Agreement

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA).—Defense Minister Moshe Dayan confirmed today reports that Soviet missiles were moved toward the Suez Canal during the first night of the cease-fire, Aug. 7-8. In an unscheduled address in the Knesset, Gen. Dayan called the development "a substantial, militarily significant movement of Soviet missiles in the Suez Canal area." He said Israel had informed the United States government of the situation and had asked it to insure that the military situation be restored to its status before the cease-fire took effect. It has been reported that the U.S. has advised Israel of her right to take what it considers appropriate action to counter such a violation. The nature of retaliatory action allowed to Israel is not known. Gen. Dayan made it clear that the advancement of Soviet rockets was not only militarily significant in itself but also a substantial violation of the cease-fire agreement.

In that connection, he disclosed officially the six points of the agreement, one of which prohibits the introduction of military equipment within 50 kilometers (31 miles) on either side of the canal. The other five points were as follows: The cease-fire takes effect at midnight last Friday in Jerusalem, 1 a.m. Saturday in Cairo; both parties are to refrain from penetrating the cease-fire line and from firing across ti; each party will use its own forces to police the cease-fire up to 10 kilometers (6.2 miles) on either side of the canal; each party has the right to invoke the assistance of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO) on questions of violations; and the Geneva Convention on the treatment of prisoners of war is to apply.

Gen. Dayan made his statement in response to questions by Knesset members on the cease-fire situation. He said the Parliamentary Foreign Affairs and Defence Committee had been informed of the new missile moves on Tuesday, and that the cabinet was discussing it. It was understood that an unannead cabinet meeting took place today. Foreign Minister Abba Eban's scheduled meeting today with the foreign press, which had been postponed three times, was canceled without explanation. (In Washington, it was expected that the administration would press Cairo and Moscow for full explanations of the missile movement. The administration was said this afternoon to be accepting the Estaci charges as true. It was said that U.S.-Soviet deliberations on the new development would have to take place in Moscow, as both Soviet Ambassador Anatoly F. Dobrynin and Deputy Ambassador Furl. N. Chernia-kov are there on leave. According to reports here from Cairo, Egyptian officers deny reports that missiles have been moved closer to the Suez Canal since the cease-effre began).

Rabin Says U.S. Has Responsibility To Study Israel's Reports On Stand-Still Violation

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13 (JTA)—Israeli Ambassador Yitzhak Rabin told newsmen today at the State-Department that "we have given our views and our facto" to the administration on the new Soviett Egyptian missile advances toward the Suez Canal. Ambassador Rabin said the United States had a "responsibility" to "study it and come to some conclusion." He added: "We have presented what a we believe has happened. What we are asking, I won't say." Gen. Rabin said that "we have evidence, but I will not detail what kind," but did add that the missiles were "closer than they used to be, prior to I will not detail what kind," but did add that the missiles were "closer than they used to be, prior to let cease-fire." The missile movement, he said, "began several hours prior to the cease-fire," and continued long after," but he did not elaborate on the time span involved. Asked what he was asking the administration to do about the situation, the ambassador replied: "We'll leave that to the United States." He commented that he was in "no position to say" whether the new military development in the Middle East constituted an end to the cease-fire or would delay peace negotiations.

(In Israel, the Jerusalem Post stated that due to the violation of the stand-still agreement, the government was considering postponing appointing its delegate to talk to Ambassador Gunnar V. Jarring, the United Nations special Mideast peace mediator.) State Department spokesman Robert J McCloskey said Ambassador Rabin had met for 75 minutes today with Joseph J. Sisco, Assistant Secretary for Near Eastern and South Asian Affairs. Mr. Sisco then conferred, he said, with Ashraf Abdel Latif Ghorbal, the Egyptian ministerial representative in the U.S., who is just back from Cairo. Mr. McCloskey and the Sisco-Ghorbal talk was 'fbroad,' but that 'Il wouldn't rule out the question of these violations," As to the new missiles, Mr. McCloskey would say only what he said yesterday: "We are looking into the matter." It was learned from informed diplomatic sources that the U.S. has been conducting aerial surveillance of the cease-fire area. Mr. McCloskey said Israel had informed the U.S. about the SAM deployment on Tuesday, Asked whether the development would affect the timetable for negotiations, he replied "I should not think so."

UNTSO Releases Israeli Complaint That Egypt Fired Two Shots Across Suez Canal

UNITED NATIONS, Aug. 13 (TA).—The United Nations released today a report by its Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO)in the Middle East in which Israel charges that at 9:10 a.m., yesterday, Jerusalem time, "UAR forces fired two single shots, small arms fire, from west to east, directed at Israeli forces in the vicinity of OP Silver." That is an observation post in the area of Ismailla in the central sector of the Suez Canal. The UNTSO report said the officer in charge of the Ismailla control center was informed of the "alleged incident" 40 minutes later, too late to take effective action. The observer site was reopened yesterday after having been closed since May 10. (In Washington, State Department spokesman Robert J. McCloskey, asked today about Israel's charges of shooting violations,

said the State Department had received such reports but that they were "nothing dramatic.") UNTSO's authority in the area, UN spokesmen said, is solely over cease-fire violations, not standstill violations. The latter, it was explained, are a matter between israel and Egypt, as negotiated by the United States under its peace initiative, although technically, UNTSO can receive complaints on standstill violations and buildups. A UN spokesman said that special mediator Gunnar V, Jarring was still awaiting reports from Israel, Egypt and Jordan on the questions of the time, site and representation for negotiations. Talks are expected to begin as soon as Dr. Jarring receives replies from the three nations. Egypt has named UN Ambassador Mohammed H, El-Zayyat as its negotiator, and Jordan named UN Ambassador Muhammad H, El-Farra to negotiate. Both ambassadors were reported favoring New York as the site for the negotiations.

Movement Of Missiles Considered Grave Violation Of Cease-Fire; Carried Out In Few Hours

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA).—High-level consultations have been held here on what is considered a grave violation of the cease-fire by Egpt and her Soviet advisors in moving SAM-2 and SAM-3 rockets up to the cease-fire line after the shooting halt took effect. The operation appears to have been carried out in an astonishingly short time, under cover of the few hours of darkness between the cease-fire commencement at midnight last Friday local time (1 a.m. Sautrday Cairo time) and the first rays of dawn, when Israeli pilots could detect any movement. The Egyptians, apparently acting on the advice of their Soviet aides, pushed forward 30 or more trucks loaded with both SAM-2 and SAM-3 surface-to-air missiles and deployed the rockets at a distance of 30 to 40 kilometers (9 to 29 miles) west of the Suez Canal, or within the proscribed 50 kilometer (31-mile) distance. When morning came, there were the new missile bases in position, in the central sector of the canal between the Cairo-Ismailia and Cairo-Suez roads.

The implication of the move is a most serious one to Israel, according to observers. From 30 to 40 kilometers, the Egyptians can threaten Israeli air activity not only west of the Suez but even along a stretch of land east of the Suez, in the Israeli-held Sinal Peninsula. Thus, according to some foreign sources, Israeli freedom of action in the air could be curtailed if not ended in the area. The Egyptians had been trying very hard to make this missile advance, but were prevented by continued Israeli attacks on missile bases before the cease-fire. Whenever Egypt did manage to put new bases closer to the canal, Israel attacked them. Cairo's declared aim was to cross the canal and regain the Sinai, but it could not do that without air superiority. Its hope is that by menacing the Israeli Air Force, it will be in a position to try to establish a Sinai bridgehead, enjoying the protection offered by their SAMs. Thus, the Israeli anxiety and the hectic approaches to the United States to relieve the situation, sources here note. The Americans, it is felt, can force the missiles back or tell Israel how to meet the new threat. Whichever way is chosen, the ball is now in the hands of the White House—at a time when the gap between Israel and the U.S., especially in terms of public opinion here, is growing at a serious rate.

Egypt, Jordan For Peace With Israel But Only If Israel Vacates All Occupied Territories

LONDON, Aug. 13 (JTA)—Egyptian and Jordanian spokesman said yesterday they were ready for a "peaceful settlement" with Israel if Israeli troops were withdrawn from "all Arab territories" seized during the 1967 war. Mohammed Hassanein Heykal, Minister of National Guidance (information) and editor of the semi-official newspaper Al Ahram said in Cairo, "all occupied territories" means the Golan Heights, the Sinai, former Jordanian Jerusalem and the West Bank. But he added, Egypt was not ready for a formal peace treaty with Israel. In Amman, King Hussein said the majority of his people would support a "iust and durable 'eace," if Israel, withdraws her troops from the territories occupied during the 1967 war. Mr. Heykal told reporters Egypt has accepted the American peace proposal because "we thought this was a chance not to be missed," and America had finally agreed to accept the Security Council resolution of Nov. 22, 1967 which called for Israeli withdrawal of occupied territories. The peace plan, he added, was proposed because of the failure of Israeli and commando raids to demoralize the Egyptians, the growing strength of Egyptian military forces and increased Russian air defense of Egypt. He said the Palestinian commandos had attacked Egypt's acceptance of the peace proposal because of a "misunderstanding" of Egypt's policies. The cease-fire he added, does not effect the commandos who were free to continue their attacks on Israel.

In Amman, King Hussein voiced optimism that events would lead to a peaceful settlement in the Middle East, but said it would all depend on Israel's attitude. If she does not agree to implement the Security Council resolution - which he interpreted to mean withdrawal from all occupied territories - a position, he implied, that Washington agreed with, then the situation would be serious, he said. He felt, he added, that a settlement could be reached returning East Jerusalem to Jordan with "safe-guards" on the rights of all people to the Holy Places. He denied that there were any secret deals between Jordan and any other countries regarding the cease-fire and added, the extension of the 90-day cease-fire would depend upon events. Meanwhile, Syria and Iraq continued their attacks on Egypt for having accepted the cease-fire proposals. Syria reaffirmed that guerrilla warfare was the only way "to put an end to Zionist and imperialist aggression against the Arabs." Iraq charged that Egypt was laying the groundwork for formal recognition of Israel.

Israeli Jets Blast Terrorist Bases In Jordan After Two Israeli Settlements Hit

TEL AVIV, Aug. 13 (JTA)—Israeli Air Force planes returned safely today after attacking terrorist bases in Jordanian territory in response to last night's strikes on settlements in the Betsan and Jordan Valleys. An Army spokesman announced that two terrorists were killed and three captured Tuesday in the Jordan Valley, with the Israeli patrol suffering no casualties. Two Israeli settlements and an army post came under rocket and mortar fire from Jordanian territory last night. There were no casualties and the fire was returned. Rockets were fired at Ashdot Yaacob south of the Sea of Galilee and a nearby army post. Yardena settlement in the Beisan area was attacked by mortar fire.

Funeral Services For Two Men, 24, Three Girls, 18, Killed When Jeep Hits Land Mine

TEL AVIV, Aug. 13 (JTA)—Funeral services will be held today in Jerusalem, Klar Yavneh and Haifa for the five Israelis, two men and three girls, who died Theeday night when their jeep hit a land mine near the Hapoel Hamizrachi settlement Ramat Magshimim in the Golan Heights. The five were Benjamin Kefir, 24, secretary of the settlement, whose wife is in her last month of pregnancy; Azarya Ginsberg, 24, of Kvutzat Yavneh, who came to work in the settlement as an expert; and three 18-year-old girls from Jerusalem, Ilana Boleh, Yonah Sover and Tamar Dror, graduates of the religious secondary school Maaleh, who planned to join the settlement in a few weeks and were sightseeing in the area. The five left the settlement in a jeep to visit the sunflower plantations which were to be harvested the following day and never returned, A search by army units discovered the jeep and bodies in a ditch by the plantation road yesterday morning. Army experts said the jeep had detonated an anti-vehicle mine and the occupants must have died "almost instantly." The Hapoel Hamizrachi settlement was the first to be established in the Golan Heights. The tragedy occurred as the settlement was observing Tisha b³/4v.

Italian Premier Says Soviet Union's Mideast Moves Not Way To Serve Peace

ROME, Aug. 13 (JTA).—Premier Emilio Colombo criticized today the Soviet Union's attempt to gain a foothold in the Middle East as "not the way to serve peace in that afflicted area." In reply to a request by a Communist Party speaker that his government support the Arab-Palestinian position and the idea of an "Arab-Israeli state," Premier Colombo said: "Peace in the Mideast cannot come by one-sided superiority. This even the Communists know, who actually declared the right to existence of all Mideast states, and thus also of Israel." But the Communists, he said, "though knowing how intricate and delicate the situation is and how mixed are the rights and wrongs, do not resist the temptation to second the expectations of one party only." That, he continued, "is not the way to serve peace in that afflicted area, but by understanding the feelings, fears and hopes of both sides, without taking part, and so facilitating their concurrences."

Premier Colombo called the cease-fire "only a tiny flame of hope" that "needs strengthening in both antagonists." He said that a cessation of hostilities in the Suez Canal area was the first step toward the establishment of peace throughout the Mediterranean area, which he said had been disturbed by a Soviet military presence that threatened to transform it into a superpower confrontation zone. Dr. Mohammed H, el-Zayyat, head of the Egyptian Mission to the United Nations, said here before flying to New York yesterday that all nations in this part of the world want a Mideast peace and that Egypt will do its best to help achieve it. "Peace," he said, "is a good thing, and all good things have a price. Only a just peace is real peace, and we want real peace." Asked to forecast the outcome of the upcoming peace talks, Dr. el-Zayyat quoted what he said was an Egyptian proverb: "Where there is life there is hope. We are alive and therefore we do not despair."

German Government Agrees To Grant Israel \$38 Million In Economic Aid For 1970

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA).—The German government has agreed to grant Israel 140 million marks (the equivalent of more than \$38 million) in economic aid for 1970. The money will be used for new housing projects, telephone networks, development of Lod Airport and for loans to be issued by the Industrial Development Bank. This is the sixth consecutive year that Israel has received such an amount from Germany.

Canadian Jews, Non-Jews Sent \$1900 To Families Of Children Killed In Bus Ambush

TEL AVIV, Aug. 13 (JTA)--A Canadian group has sent \$1800 to the Upper Galilee settlements of Dovey and Avivim to aid the families of the eight children killed when terrorists ambushed a school bus near the Lebanese border last May. The Canadians, Jews and non-Jews, were organized into a group by Dr. Erwin Korani of Montreal, who visited the settlements shortly after the tragedy.

Some 100 Jewish Youths Hold Rally Demanding Soviets Allow Russian Jews To Emigrate

BUENOS AIRES, Aug. 13 (JTA)—About 100 Jewish youths demonstrated yesterday near the Soviet Embassy, demanding that the Soviet government allow Russian Jews to emigrate to Israel. Police armed with rifles kept the demonstrators away from the Embassy premises. The occasion was the 18th anniversary of the liquidation of 24 Soviet Jewish writers and intellectuals by the Stalin regime. That anniversary was also observed at a rally held by the Delegacion de Asociaciones Israelitas Argentinas (DAIA), the central representative body of Argentine Jewry, at a local theater.

Israel Bond Organization Told Despite Cease-Fire Israel's Economic Needs Still Great

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA)--Premier Golda Meir and Finance Minister Pinhas Sapir praised the Israel Bond Organization today and advised it that despite the cease-fire it would have to continue and increase its role in promoting the growth of Israeli industry, agriculture and exports. Following a visit to the Western Wall, the 500 IBO delegates to the conference opening tomorrow were received in the Knesset building by Mr. Sapir, who spoke to them and read them a message from Mrs. Meir. The Premier wrote that while the cease-fire offers hope, however "slight," for a lasting peace, Israel's economic needs will be much greater in the coming months and years. "The hope of a negotiated and binding contractual peace animates all our hopes and all our work," she said. She told the delegates: "Over these 20 years since he Israel Bond Drive began, I have seen your efforts at first hand and worked shoulder to shoulder with many of you. You have a stake in every drop of water we pour into the Negev, in every mile of road built, in every kilowatt of power, in every field and in every factory," Abraham Feinberg, president of the IBO's American section said yesterday that "It is our responsibility to make American Jews realize that the needs of peace are just as great as, if not greater, than the needs of war."

Greek Government Releases Seven Arab Terrorists Who Had Been Sentenced To Prison

LONDON, Aug. 13 (JTA)—Seven Arab terrorists sentenced to prison terms for terrorist activities in Genee against Israeli citizens and property were released today despite the objections of the Israeli government, according to reports from Athens. The Greek government had pledged their release last month after six other Arab terrorists had selzed an Olympic Airways Boeing 727 and helt is five-man crew and 53 passengers as hostages. After releasing the passengers, the terrorists fiew to Cairo with the crew and a representative of the International Red Cross. They were greeted at the Cairo airport by President Gamal Abdel Nasser and given a hero's welcome. The released terrorists were Mahmoud Mohammed, 25, a teacher, and Maher Hussein Suleiman, 30, both Palestinians, sentenced to 17 and 14 years respectively for willful manslaughter and illegal possession and use of arms in an attack on El 14's Athens office; Miss Maha Khalil, 22, a teacher, and Issam Dunti, 18, and Sami Abud, 20, both students, all of Lebanon, sentenced to two years for illegal possession of arms and explosives in connection with an attack on an El Al plane; and two Jordanians, Elias Der-Garbedian, 22, a tailor, and Mansour Mourad Zugsghe, 21, a student, sentenced to 18 years and four months and Il years and three months on conviction for willful manslaughter and illegal use and possession of explosives in an attack on the El Al office.

Eban: Israel Gravely Concerned Over Release Of Terrorists; Histodrut Issues Protest

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13 (JTA).—Foreign Minister Abba Eban stated today that "we were gravely concerned to hear this morning that the Greek government had released seven Arab terrorists who had been detained in Greek jalls." Mr. Eban said that ever since the government of Israel became aware of the Greek government's intention to "surrender to extortionists and to release the terrorists we approached the Greek government sumber of times with the vigorous demand not to surrender to such extortion." By releasing the terrorists the Greek government "assumed a very heavy responsibility since the terrorists have declared that they will persist in attacking Israell citizens and property abroad," Mr. Eban declared "The government of Israel is alert to this responsibility assumed by the Greek government." Israelis recalled that the terrorists have been convicted and sentenced to various prison terms for killing an Israell engineer and a Greek child, injuring many others and trying to blow up an Israell aircraft in Athens. In Tel Aviv, Ristadrut protested against the release and sent a cabb to the International Union of Transport Workers in London stressing that the release of plane hijackers and attackers of planes and airline offices would encourage repetition of such acts and endanger passengers and crews.

ADL, AZF Assail Release Of Terrorists; Call On Aviation Community To Take Sanctions

NEW YORK, Aug. 13 (JTA).—The Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith and the American Zionist Federation assailed today the Greek government, for its release of seven Arab terrorists. The ADL termed the release "a dangerous precedent which threatens international aviation." The AZF termed it "a shocking disgrace and an action which can only lead to further acts of terror and murder." Describing the incident as "a brazen case of international blackmail," Seymour Graubard, national chairman of the Anti-Defamation League, said that "for the Greek government to honor its promise, made under pressure and threats, is to encourage other acts of hijacking for political purposes. A commitment extorted under threat of harming 55 innocent people has no moral or legal standing." He called upon international airlines to take sanctions against Greece and against Egypt for providing the terrorists with a safe refuge and heroes' welcome. Rabbi Israel Miller, president of the AZF, declared that the Arab encouragement for such action, knowing that any Arabs convicted of such future acts will be released once Arab hijackers have carried out their assigned mission of diverting airliners and holding passengers as hostages, has now been given. "By its action the Greek government has encouraged air piracy, a menace which can only be resolved by the concerted action of the international aviation community." Rabbi Miller stated.

Bar-On: Israel Anxious For Peace But Afraid Of Unfair Settlement

BARRYUILLE, N.Y., Aug. 13 (JTA)—The Israell people, who never stopped dreaming about peace, received the message of the renewed cease-fire and the possible progress towards a peace settlement with exhilaration. Yet in spite of the good intentions of the American administration, they feel that Israel's interests might be jeopardized by the great powers bargaining over a settlement, declared Moraceai Bar-On, head of the Youth & Hechalutz Department of the Jewish Agency in Jerusalem, in an address tonight to 1,000 graduates of Zionist youth camps at an assembly in CampTelYehuda. Bar-On stated that 10,000 American Jewish youth are participating this summer in a variety of program sponsored by the Jewish Agency, the American Zionist Youth Foundation and other organizations and that here is a growing desire among them to go on aliyah. Mr. Bar-On addressed the assembled youth on the subject: "What Does Israel Expect From American Jewish Youth in the 70's." The assembly was attended mainly by campers from New York State and Pennsylvania and was held under the auspices of the American Zionist Youth Foundation. The head of the Youth & Hechalutz Department, who arrived in New York yesterday, visited several camps in the area. He was accompanied on his trip by Shlome Ikan, the representative of the Youth & Hechalutz Department of the Usush Agency in Jerusalem for the U.S., Michael Reiner, Director of the summer shlichim of the Youth & Hechalutz Department and Natan Yanal, the newly appointed Education Director of the Memterican Zionist Youth Foundation.

Bank Leurni Announces Interim Dividend Of 7 Percent

NEW YORK, Aug. 13 (JTA).—The Board of Directors of Bank Leumi le-Israel B.M., have declared an interim dividend of 7 percent, less income tax, payable October 7, 1970 to holders of record as of September 13, 1970, it was announced here today. Gross dividends for 1969 totalled 15 percent, consisting of an interim dividend of 6 percent and a final dividend of 9 percent. The current interim dividend does not reflect an increase over the previous year, but is a step to even out the disparity between interim and final dividends.