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Report Eban Seeking Ban On Foreign Affairs Statements By Members Of Cabinet

JERUSALEM, June 20 (JTA)--Foreign Minister Abba Eban was reported today to be seeking a Cabinet ruling that would bar its members from making declarations on foreign affairs. Mr. Eban's move came in the aftermath of Defense Minister Gen. Moshe Dayan's reported assertion at a closed meeting of Labor Party Knesset members yesterday that Israel must not accept the United Nations Security Council's Middle East resolution of Nov. 22, 1967 because it calls for Israel's withdrawal to the armistice lines of June 4, 1967, the day before the outbreak of the Six-Day War. Gen. Dayan spoke off the record but his purported remarks were headlined in this morning's press. Mr. Eban is expected to raise the question in the Cabinet.

Gen. Dayan was also quoted as having told the Laborites that the Arabs saw the Nov. 22 resolution as an opportunity to force Israel from all occupied lands and that it would have been better to have made a quick settlement with them. The Foreign Ministry today took sharp issue with Gen. Dayan's reported interpretation of the resolution. A Ministry spokesman said, in reply to questions, that no international forum had ever interpreted it that way nor had its sponsors, which included Britain and the United States. But Gen. Dayan's reported remarks have already had political repercussions. They are expected to be the subject of heated discussion at a meeting in Tel Aviv today of the Labor Party secretariat.

Those members of the secretariat affiliated with the Mapai and Achdut Avodah factions in the Labor Party are expected to take Gen. Dayan to task for his remarks even though he specified that they were off the record. Some party members have already complained that the "leak" to the press was intentional and designed to create a rift between the three factions within the Labor Party -- Rafi, Achdut Avodah and Mapai.

In Tel Aviv today, the political committee of Mapam, the leftist labor party, denounced Gen. Dayan's alleged interpretation of the Nov. 22 resolution as foreclosing peace talks with the Arabs. Mapam's reasoning was that since Israel accepts the resolution but does not accept withdrawal prior to a peace treaty, Gen. Dayan's "presentation of the Security Council's resolution as a demand to withdraw to the June 4, 1967 borders undermines the Government's struggle and sabotages efforts to explain Israel's position."

Today's furor over Gen. Dayan's alleged remarks was the second time in barely two months that the Nov. 22 resolution seemed on the verge of precipitating a Cabinet crisis. Israel's public acceptance of the resolution as the basis for peace negotiations sparked a controversy within the Government in May. Several ministers, lead by Herut Party leader Menachem Begin, charged that it constituted a reversal of Israel's policy not to withdraw prior to a peace agreement with the Arabs. But Mr. Eshkol and Mr. Eban succeeded at the time in convincing the Cabinet that there was no such reversal.

Foreign Minister Denies Raising Territory Questions With Jarring

JERUSALEM, June 20 (JTA)--Foreign Minister Abba Eban told the Knesset (Parliament) yesterday that Israel has never raised any territorial questions with Ambassador Gunnar V. Jarring, the United Nations special peace envoy to the Middle East, but asked only that he arrange meetings between Israel and the Arabs in which all pertinent issues would be discussed. In reply to questions, Mr. Eban denied specifically that the so-called Allon plan for the West Bank had been submitted to Dr. Jarring. The Allon plan would divide the West Bank into an Israeli security zone facing Jordan and an Arab enclave in the mountainous hinterland.

On another matter, Mr. Eban reported that the Deputy Foreign Minister of Japan had expressed dissatisfaction with Japanese firms that have yielded to the Arab boycott of Israel. Mr. Eban did not say whether the Japanese Government intends to take any steps against those firms. Involved are several Japanese industries, mainly in the electronics field, which have refused to do business with Israel at the request of the Arab boycott office in Beirut.

Publishes Map Purporting To Show Future Of Captured Areas

LONDON, June 20 (JTA)--The London Times today published a map reportedly distributed to delegates at the 27th World Zionist Congress in Jerusalem last week and claimed that it "throws some light on what Israel intends to do with the Arab territories" occupied in last June's Six-Day War. The Times noted in that connection the location of settlements established since the war and the sites of projected new settlements. "If there was ever any doubt as to the future of the Golan Heights, the map removes them," the Times said. "There are already nine settlements of the strong military variety thriving there and two more are planned."

Two new settlements are earmarked near the Arab towns of Hebron and Jericho and "if one studies this in light of five other new settlements around the northern and pre-June (1967) western borders of the West Bank, it would appear that East Jerusalem and the territory bordering the Dead Sea area are to become part of Greater Israel and the rest, one would assume, would be negotiable," according to the Times. The paper observed that military settlements have been established along the

Sinai coast. "The hand of the cartographer provides further fuel for speculation," the Times said. "Except for the Suez Canal, the international markings appear all along the June cease-fire lines."

Meanwhile, in Tel Aviv, the so-called movement for a Greater Israel demanded that the Government immediately launch a large scale colonization effort throughout the Jordan Valley and denounced "any negotiations with the Kingdom of Jordan that are based on a readiness to compromise Jewish sovereignty" there. The demand was contained in a statement issued at a meeting of the Greater Israel movement's council. Four leaders of the movement — Nathan Alterman, Oved Ben Ami, Ephraim Ben Haim and Moshe Shamir — met with Labor Minister Allon to discuss his proposal to partition the West Bank into Israeli and Arab zones. Following that meeting, spokesmen for a Greater Israel denounced the plan as dangerous and ill-calculated to achieve peace. Advocates of a Greater Israel demand that Israel declare the present cease-fire lines the permanent boundaries of Israel.

Moscow Rabbi Expresses Sadness Over Audience Jeers During Speech At Hunter College

NEW YORK, June 20 (JTA)--Rabbi Yehuda Leib Levin of Moscow reacted with sadness to a hostile reception he received last night during a speech at Hunter College in which he denied there was anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union, it was reported today by a leading Orthodox rabbi close to the Moscow rabbi. Rabbi Pinhas M. Teitz, a member of the presidium of the Union of Orthodox Rabbis of the United States and Canada, and spiritual leader of the Jewish Education Center in Elizabeth, N.J., also reported that the 74-year-old Moscow rabbi told him the Hunter College uproar would not affect his plans to meet with and learn about American Jews. An estimated 1,000 persons attended a reception today at the Elizabeth synagogue, given for Rabbi Levin and for Cantor David Stiskin of Leningrad, who is accompanying Rabbi Levin on his first visit to the United States. The visit is under sponsorship of the anti-Zionist American Council for Judaism. Rabbi Teitz was host at the reception as president of the Union's New Jersey chapter.

Rabbi Teitz, who has accompanied the visiting Russians much of the time since their arrival Tuesday in New York, said Rabbi Levin reacted to jeering and hooting at Hunter College with the comment that his mission was not understood. Rabbi Teitz quoted the Moscow rabbi as saying also that his Hunter College critics were unaware of the implications of their hostile actions and that these were also hurtful to Russian Jewry. He also told Rabbi Teitz he had expected better treatment.

Rabbi Levin said at the Elizabeth reception that he had been asked here whether he had been given any directives by Soviet authorities on what he should talk about. He said he was told only to establish contacts with American Jews and to seek to influence American leaders to help promote peace. Two pickets marched outside the synagogue during the reception. They carried signs declaring that Rabbi Levin was a representative of Communism. They were reported to represent the International Council of Christian Churches in Collingswood, N.J., described as a right-wing group. Their names were Rev. Carl McIntire and Rev. Hal Webb.

On a CBS radio program, "World of Religion," taped for broadcast Sunday, Rabbi Levin was asked about charges of official anti-Semitism in the Soviet Union. As in prior public statements, he denied it, saying "all the restrictions on culture, work and similar matters were eliminated and the Jews have the same rights as other nationalities." In reply to another question, he said that until the Soviet Union severed diplomatic ties with Israel during the June, 1967 war, "there was a large and swift immigration" of Soviet Jews to Israel but that since then the family reunion program had been halted. He added that charges of Soviet anti-Semitism stemmed from "bad tongues, evil tongues, those that engage in gossip."

The response Rabbi Levin received at Hunter College to similar statements generated a jeering and hooting uproar at some stages, with interruptions of "lies" and "falsehoods," but there were also many Jews who showed mortification over the interruptions and tried to hush them. His speech was a defense of the Soviet Union against charges of anti-Semitism, a plea for world peace, and criticism of critics of Soviet Jewish policies. He called such critics "false prophets" who wanted to create "strained relations among the governments." Jews in Russia, he insisted, "occupy a prominent place in science and technology, in literature and art, and we, like all other peoples, are contributing our part to all branches of knowledge, of the economy, in building our socialist society." At one point he departed from his prepared text to declare that American Jews could come to Russia as tourists and see for themselves whether his statements were correct.

High School Students Protest Discrimination At Soviet Embassy

WASHINGTON, June 20 (JTA)--Two Jewish high school students from San Francisco protested to a Soviet Embassy official here today against the discriminatory treatment of Jews in the Soviet Union. Andrew Kluger, 16, and David Klonoff, 17, winners of a San Francisco oratorical contest on the plight of Soviet Jewry, met in a spirited 90-minute session with Soviet attache Ikar Zavrazhon at the Soviet Embassy. The youths presented a petition signed by 5,000 Bay Area residents which urged that restrictive measures against Soviet Jews be removed.

The students said that the Soviet official told them that anti-Semitism existed in the Soviet Union "as it does in New York or Washington" but denied that it was fostered by the Government. He asserted that the Soviet Government permitted its Jewish citizens to establish synagogues, Hebrew schools and other religious and cultural institutions but said they could not be aided by Jews from abroad.

Mr. Kluger told the attache that protests in the United States and other Western nations "will not only continue but grow" until the Soviet Union clearly demonstrated that Jews were allowed the same rights as other national groups in the Soviet Union.

UNESCO Executive Authorizes Examination Of Textbooks, Alleged To Teach Hatred

PARIS, June 20 (JTA)--The executive board of UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization) today authorized an examination by experts of textbooks used in schools in the Middle East run by UNESCO and UNRWA (United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestinian Refugees). The board named Rene Maheu, director-general of the agency, to set up a commission for the task. Israeli, Egyptian and Lebanese board members joined in the unanimous decision.

UNESCO and UNRWA schools in the Middle East provide education for some 200,000 children and youths in refugee camps. Some of the textbooks used have been said to contain anti-Israel propaganda. (In Washington last week, Sen. George Murphy, California Republican, charged that Arab refugee children were being "steeped in hatred" for Israel and the West at the UNRWA schools which are financed mainly by the United States and asked the U.S. to stop it.)

The Senator said that up to last June's Six-Day War, the U.S. provided two-thirds of the UNRWA budget — \$425 million out of \$625 million. He cited a "math problem" in which "an Arab kills eight of 10 Israelis" and is asked how many Israelis are left.)

Nasser Reported Ready To Propose 'Timetable' To Soviet Leaders On Middle East Issue

LONDON, June 20 (JTA)--Egypt's President Nasser intends to propose a timetable to the Kremlin for implementation of the "other steps" that the Soviet Union said last month would be taken if Israel "falls to respect the Security Council resolution" of Nov. 22, 1967 which, according to Russia and the Arab states, demands the immediate unconditional withdrawal of Israel from occupied Arab territories.

According to Jon Kimche, in an Evening Standard article today, Nasser will present the timetable during his two-day visit to Moscow that begins on July 4. Cairo attaches exceptional importance to this visit, Mr. Kimche said, and "no secret was made of the fact that Nasser invited himself under conditions which the Soviet leaders accepted as requiring immediate consultations at the highest level." The Egyptians, Mr. Kimche wrote, "are certain that whatever else Dr. Gunnar V. Jarring (the UN peace envoy to the Middle East) will say in his final report six weeks from now, he will not be able to announce an impending Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories. This time, the Egyptians say, the Russians will have to cash in on their promises."

Brazilian Police Seek Gunman Who Pumped Three Bullets Into Ritual Slaughterer

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 20 (JTA)--A manhunt was under way today in Brazil's remote Parana state for a young Arab who shot and seriously wounded a Jew in Curitiba, the provincial capital. The victim was Moshe Getstein, a ritual slaughterer for the Jewish community, which numbers 3,000. The alleged gunman is Saaid Kazahala who is said to have fired three revolver bullets into Mr. Getstein's head. Police said the crime may have been politically motivated.

There are 6,000 Arabs in Curitiba. Parana adjoins Paraguay where, according to persistent reports, wanted Nazi war criminals have found a haven. Said to be among the latter are Martin Bormann, one-time deputy of Hitler, and the notorious Dr. Josef Mengele who selected victims for the Auschwitz gas chambers.

Israel Accepts K. H. Knocke As New German Ambassador, Succeeding Dr. Rolf Pauls

BONN, June 20 (JTA)--Karl Hermann Knocke will be West Germany's new Ambassador to Israel, succeeding Dr. Rolf Pauls. The Israeli Government has conveyed its acceptance of Mr. Knocke to the West German Foreign Office. He will take up his new post in August. Mr. Knocke is at present Ambassador to The Netherlands. He was an officer in the German Army during the Second World War, but informed sources said, was never a Nazi Party member.

Bundestag President Will Be Called As Defense Witness In Ex-Nazi's Murder Trial

BONN, June 20 (JTA)--Dr. Eugen Gerstenmaier, president of the Bundestag, West Germany's lower house, will be called as a defense witness in the trial of Adolf Beckerle, the former German Minister in Sofia, who is accused of having participated in the mass deportation of Bulgarian Jews during World War II. The defense counsel alleged that Dr. Gerstenmaier had contacts with Mr. Beckerle during the war.

Trade Official Sees Israel As Excellent Potential Market For Italian Goods

ROME, June 20 (JTA)--The director-general of Italy's Foreign Trade Institute said here today that Israel was an excellent potential market for Italian-made mechanical and electro-mechanical goods because of that country's rapid industrialization. Dr. Giuseppe Scala made the remark on his return from the International Trade Fair in Tel Aviv where, he said, the celebration of Italy Day was a great success. He predicted that Italy's trade with Israel would benefit as a result of Italy's participation in the Fair.

Ner Israel Yeshiva In Toronto Confers 13 Degrees, Reaches College Status

TORONTO, June 20 (JTA)--The Ner Israel Yeshiva here achieved college status this month when it conferred degrees of Bachelor of Talmudic Law on 13 students. The degrees are recognized by three Roman Catholic universities in the United States — Georgetown, Fordham and Loyola. The Ner Israel Yeshiva, founded in 1959, is a branch of the Ner Israel of Baltimore. It is reported to be arranging affiliation with York University in Toronto. At present it has 125 students in its high school section and 45 at college level.

Reform Rabbis OK Conscientious Objection As Grounds For Deferment From Chaplaincy

BOSTON, June 20 (JTA)--The Central Conference of American Rabbis voted today to grant Reform rabbinic students the right to seek deferments from military chaplaincy service on grounds of conscientious objection to a particular war like the Vietnam conflict. The action was taken at one of the closing sessions of the CCAR's 79th annual convention here. The Reform rabbinical delegates also approved by a heavy margin a report of the CCAR chaplaincy committee which recommended maintenance of the mandatory military chaplaincy draft program. The committee, which is headed by Rabbi Bertram W. Korn, surprised many of the delegates by endorsing selective conscientious objection as a reason for exemption from the chaplaincy draft. Rabbi Korn is chairman of the Association of Jewish Chaplains, which has been sharply critical of the virtual ending of the mandatory draft program. Yeshiva University last January approved a one-year suspension of the mandatory draft for rabbinic students at its Rabbi Isaac Elchanon Theological Seminary, allowing them to volunteer. The Conservative Theological Seminary of America also ended participation in the mandatory draft for its rabbinic candidates, creating instead a special seminary program limited to students prepared to enter the military chaplaincy on graduation and requiring all other rabbinic candidates to serve two-year periods as civilian chaplains on graduation.

The Reform rabbis also approved an amendment, after more heated debate, which provides that a special committee, to be drawn from a broadly representative group of views on the issue, study for a year proposals for an alternate service plan in lieu of the military chaplaincy, such a civilian chaplaincy assignments for graduating Reform rabbinic students. The committee also will study the issue of church-state involvement in acceptance of funds from the military for the military chaplaincy program. The committee was instructed to report to the 80th CCAR convention in 1969 in Houston.

At a workshop session, Rabbi Emanuel Rackman, a leading Orthodox rabbi, warned the Reform rabbis that there was an urgent need for an accelerated program of dialogues, community exchanges between synagogues of all three faiths, and adult study programs in congregations for greater understanding among Orthodox, Conservative and Reform Jews. If this is not done, he added, there could be action by elements in Orthodox Judaism determined to widen differences with non-Orthodox Jews, such as the possibility that some Orthodox rabbis would refuse to recognize any marriages with non-Orthodox partners.

The CCAR agreed, in a resolution approved today, to set up counseling services in the 675 Reform congregations for young men of draft age seeking exemption from military service as conscientious objectors. The rabbis also endorsed the positions taken by Dr. Benjamin Spock, the Rev. William Sloane Coffin Jr., and their co-defendants in the trial here in which they were convicted of conspiring to abet draft evasion. The rabbis expressed the hope that higher courts would reverse the convictions.

In another resolution, the rabbis urged the United States and the United Nations to act to ameliorate the "disabilities and persecution" being suffered by Jews in the Arab countries.

The CCAR charged the Johnson Administration with failing to de-escalate the Vietnam war and with pursuing a policy of redistributing bombing targets. The organization, an outspoken critic of the Government's Vietnam policy, called for an immediate halt in bombing of North Vietnam and especially attacks upon civilian populations, saying the Paris peace talks cannot be effective until the bombing is completely stopped.

Jews Will Honor Denmark And Sweden On Anniversary Of Rescue From Nazis

NEW YORK, June 20 (JTA)--American Jewry will honor Denmark and Sweden next October in commemoration of the 25th anniversary of the rescue of Danish Jews from the Nazis. The Jews, whom the Gestapo had marked for deportation, were transported from occupied Denmark to Sweden in small boats under cover of darkness, in October, 1943, an operation in which many Danes and Swedes risked their lives.

Sol. M. Linowitz, United States Ambassador to the Organization of American States, and Victor Borge, the Danish-American entertainer, have been named co-chairman of the American Jewish community's salute to Denmark and Sweden. Mr. Borge, a pianist, will perform at Philharmonic Hall, Lincoln Center, on Oct. 20 in the company of other Scandinavian artists. The concert will benefit the Thanks to Scandinavia Foundation which provides scholarships for Scandinavian youths in appreciation of their countries' courage in aiding Jews during World War II.

Decries Parents' Insistence On College Education For Unwilling, Unprepared Youth

NEW YORK, June 20 (JTA)--Thousands of Jewish young people, who have neither the desire nor aptitude for advanced study are attending college because of "irrational fears" of "status-conscious" parents and that the lack of a college education will create social and professional stigmas in the children's adult lives, a Jewish vocational expert has charged here.

Dr. S. Norman Feingold, director of the B'nai B'rith Vocational Service, said also that such Jewish parents must be educated not to push such children toward careers requiring college degrees. Speaking at the annual meeting of the Vocational Service's professional staff, Dr. Feingold said that one result was that the Jewish community "may have many unhappy third-rate pharmacists and engineers instead of productive first-rate carpenters or salesmen."

Dr. Feingold said that the traditional Jewish reverence for scholarship was one motivating factor among parents but added that "there are too many instances where a Jewish youngster, showing no desire or aptitude for advanced study, is made to attend college -- any college -- because his parents believe he will not be fully accepted by his Jewish peers without a college diploma."