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Swedish Diplomat Expected To Go To Mideast Under Security Council Resolution

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 23. (JTA) — Gunnar Jarring, a veteran Swedish diplomat, was believed today to be United Nations Secretary General U Thant's choice as the emissary to be sent to the Middle East under a Security Council resolution adopted unanimously yesterday.

The resolution, proposed by Britain, called for withdrawal of Israel from occupied Arab territories, termination of all claims of belligerency, acknowledgement by all parties of respect for the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political dependence of all states in the area. It also proposed acceptance of the right to live in peace by all states within recognized and secure boundaries, free from threats or acts of force.

The resolution also called for guarantees of freedom of navigation through international waterways in the area, for a just settlement of the refugee problem and for guarantees of the territorial inviolability and political independence of every state in the area through measures including creation of demilitarized zones.

The resolution instructed the Secretary General to designate a special representative to proceed to the Middle East "to establish and maintain contact with the states concerned in order to promote agreement and assist efforts to achieve a peaceful and accepted settlement in accordance with the provisions and principles of the resolution." The resolution asked the Secretary General to report to the Security Council on the progress of efforts of the special representative as soon as possible. Mr. Thant was expected to act before the end of the week in naming the emissary. Mr. Jarring, the Swedish ambassador to the Soviet Union, served as a UN mediator in the Pakistan-India dispute and has been his country's envoy to the United States.

Unanimous Vote For British Resolution Seen As Surprise

The unanimous adoption of the British resolution came as a surprise. The Soviet Union introduced a draft resolution earlier in the week, which made no mention of a special Mideast emissary. That resolution, along with drafts by the United States and an Indian-Mali-Nigeria resolution, was withdrawn, paving the way for approval of the British draft.

(Sources in Jerusalem expressed satisfaction with the Security Council action and added the hope that termination of belligerence would be interpreted to mean a call for the end of unremitting Arab propaganda threats.)

Abba Eban, Israel's Foreign Minister, told the Security Council that Israel would "maintain and respect the cease-fire agreement until it is replaced by peace treaties, ending the state of war, determining the agreed and secure national frontiers of states and ensuring a stable and mutually guaranteed security."

(President Nasser of Egypt, in his first address to the Egyptian National Assembly since the June war, said he would not recognize Israel and would refuse Israel use of the Suez Canal. He boasted that Egypt had been rearmed to a position of greater military strength than before the June war. He declared that Egypt could now take "effective action against the enemy." This was viewed as a reference to the sinking of the Israeli destroyer Elath off Sinai on October 21 by Egyptian missile boats. He also told the Assembly that Egypt was incapable of preventing Israeli forces from driving into Cairo at the time of the cease-fire last June.)

Diplomats at the UN characterized the British resolution today as a document of "careful ambiguity" but also as a serious setback for the Middle East policies of the Soviet Union. They noted that the Soviets failed, at a special emergency session of the General Assembly last June, to obtain approval for the demands voiced by Premier Kosygin at the session for immediate Israeli withdrawal, condemnation of Israel as aggressor in the June war and payment by Israel of compensation to the defeated Arab countries.

Jackson Rabbi's Home Bombed; Synagogue Was Bombed In September

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 23 (JTA) — Governor Paul B. Johnson of Mississippi and Governor-elect John Bell Williams denounced today the bombing last night which virtually wrecked the home of Rabbi Perry E. Nussbaum of Temple Beth Israel of Jackson and nearly cost the rabbi his life. Mayor Allen Thompson announced that the city had increased its reward for the arrest and conviction of the bombers from \$5,000 to \$25,000.

The explosion, which shattered Rabbi Nussbaum's home shortly after 11:00 p.m., was the second act of violence in recent months against the rabbi who has been active in the civil rights movement. Last September 18, hit-and-run bombers blasted Temple Beth Israel.

American Jewish organizations quickly demanded Federal protection for the rabbi and for others whose lives and property were threatened by racist violence. The Union of American Hebrew Congregations in New York, congregational organization of Reform Judaism, sent a telegram to Federal officials asking them to take firm action to end the "reign of violence, terror and intimidation" in Mississippi. Adolph Held, president of the Jewish Labor Committee, telegraphed U.S. Attorney General Ramsay Clark expressing "shock" that after the bombing of Rabbi Nussbaum's synagogue, "no adequate protection" was given to the rabbi who "has been made the target of violent terrorism in violation of his own civil rights." Mr. Held urged "immediate Federal intervention and protection in this case."

Rabbi Nussbaum, who is searching for new living quarters, hit out today against the Ku Klux Klan and the segregationist "Americans for the Preservation of the White Race." He said that while he had no proof that either of these organizations were implicated in the bombings, they had helped create the kind of "climate" that permitted "this present reign of terror." Governor Johnson urged all Mississippians to cooperate with law enforcement officials in apprehending "these depraved bombers."

Israel Reported Ready To Accept Thant's Emissary But Will Insist On Direct Talks

JERUSALEM, Nov. 23, (JTA) — Informed sources here said this evening that Israel was expected to agree to the anticipated selection of Swedish diplomat Gunnar Jarring as the United Nations special representative to the Middle East to seek to arrange an Arab-Israeli agreement under the terms of a Security Council resolution adopted unanimously yesterday.

The resolution, as it was evaluated here, was understood not to contain anything which would deny Israel's insistence on direct talks with the Arabs. The view here was that Jarring should offer his good offices to arrange for such talks. The Cabinet will discuss the Council resolution at its regular meeting Sunday. It was expected to reiterate Israel's demand for direct talks for peace and to announce Israel's readiness to work with Secretary General U Thant's representative.

Israel Judge Rules Ban On Intermarriage Bars Breach Of Promise Action

TEL AVIV, Nov. 23 (JTA) — A Tel Aviv district judge has ruled that a non-Jewish girl who was seduced by an Israeli Jew could not sue him for breach of promise to marry her because Israeli law bars Jews from marrying non-Jews.

The ruling was made by Judge H.S. Levenberg in voiding an earlier court decision barring the youth from leaving Israel. The judge said he was not happy with his ruling but that under the law there was no other option. The non-Jewish girl, according to court records, met the Jewish youth in Tiberias and she lived with him, becoming pregnant. According to the records, the youth decided to abandon the girl and she appealed for support to the courts, obtaining a stay on her lover's plans to leave the country.

Judge Levenberg held that because of the ban on such marriages, the youth was not bound by his promise to marry the girl because it could not legally be implemented. Therefore, he ruled, a breach of promise claim had no validity.

Non-Israeli Moslems May Visit Dome Of The Rock, Israel Announces

JERUSALEM, Nov. 23, (JTA) — The Israel authorities announced today that Moslems from other countries wishing to make the pilgrimage to the Dome of the Rock in the Old City of Jerusalem, a sacred Moslem shrine, during the holy month of Ramadan can apply for Israeli visas. The military government said there was no objection in principle to their admission.

The authorities were preparing to help the Moslems with their observance of the holy month in the usual fashion, including the discharge of a cannon each morning at sunrise.

The authorities said that Christian Arabs wishing to visit Bethlehem during the Christmas season will be permitted to do so unless the individual concerned is considered a security risk.

Terrorists Fail In Assassination Attempt Against Mayor Of Ramallah

JERUSALEM, Nov. 23 (JTA) — Police ruled out today the possibility that an attack on Mayor Nadim Elzaro of Ramallah and other Arab notables in East Jerusalem Monday night had been an attempt to assassinate him because of his leadership in a move for establishment of a separate West Bank Arab state independent of Jordan.

Elzaro narrowly escaped a fusillade of shots. The police statement came today after interrogation of a number of suspects arrested immediately after the shooting. Police authorities were inclined to doubt any political motivation in the incident at all.

Israel army sappers dismantled three anti-vehicle mines discovered yesterday on three different sections of unpaved road along the west bank of the Jordan River. The mines were located north of Umshurt, site of the violent air-tank-artillery clash across the Jordan River on Tuesday.

Israel's Mideast Stand Backed By Priests In 'Statement Of Conscience'

NEWARK, N.J., Nov. 23 (JTA) — Two priests, one of them a theologian who was closely associated with Augustin Cardinal Ben in the work culminating in the Ecumenical Council's declaration on relations between the Roman Catholic Church and the Jews, issued a "statement of conscience" today appealing to the Christian world to support Israel in this time of crisis.

The statement, issued in the name of the Institute of Judaean-Christian Studies at Seton Hall University, was signed by Msgr. John M. Oesterreicher, who served as Cardinal Ben's aide, and Rev. Edward H. Flannery, a leading Catholic advocate of rapprochement with the Jews.

The statement called on Christians, as Christians, to make their voices heard in support of Israel and when necessary "sound the alarm" when Jews and Israel were in danger. The statement then made five "affirmations" on the Mideast crisis.

The first was a denial of Arab-Soviet charges of Israeli aggression in June. The statement said that Israel's initial strike at the Egyptian air force was "clearly an act of defense" and "the operation of a country that refuses to be strangled." The second was a ringing defense of Israel's right to a peaceful existence. The statement traced Jewish ties to the Holy Land over the centuries and said they had a right to remain securely on the soil which they had reclaimed and additionally, "a vocation to live for the Lord. We hope that it will be granted them to bear witness to the God of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob as never before."

The third affirmation fully backed Israel's insistence on holding present cease-fire lines until permanent boundaries were established by peace treaties, calling that stand "reasonable and fair." The statement also gave full support to Israel's stand on the future of Jerusalem, rejecting proposals to internationalize the city — which remains the official position of the Vatican — and expressed certainty that Israel would be a "faithful guardian" of all holy places.

The fifth affirmation categorically denied that the Jews drove the Arabs out in the 1948 war and denounced the Arab countries for shutting refugees up in camps. However, for "the sake of justice and peace," the statement said Israel should again offer financial compensation to refugees who lost homes and farms, as well as aid in uniting separated Arab refugee families. It called for an international resettlement fund for the refugees but warned that solution of the problem probably would have to wait until Arab-Israel peace was established.

Germans Who Saved Jews From Nazis Honored In Ceremony In Bonn

BONN, Nov. 23. (JTA) — Germans who rescued Jews, the "unsung heroes" of the Nazi era in Germany, were honored by West German Christians and Jews at a gathering in Beethoven Hall here yesterday. Israel's Ambassador Asher Ben Natan, United States Ambassador George McGee, West German Minister Carlo Schmidt and Kurt R. Grossman, an American active in the reparations program, were among those present.

The observance was sponsored by the West German Society for Christian-Jewish Cooperation and the Medical Research Foundation of Philadelphia as a reminder that some Germans had "obeyed their conscience" and risked their lives to save Jewish fellow-citizens. One speaker noted that although the Gestapo pronounced Germany "Judenfrei"—rid of Jews—in 1943, several thousand German Jews survived, mainly through the efforts of their non-Jewish friends and neighbors who hid them out, supplied them with food and even with identity papers.

One of the Germans who had helped Jews survive, an elderly Bavarian farmwife, Frau Dingsinger, was introduced by Ambassador Ben Natan who presented her with a scroll. She and her husband sheltered dozens of Jews who had managed to escape from trains bound for the Auschwitz and Treblinka death camps.

Plans To Improve Israel's Immigration Laws Disclosed At Buenos Aires Parley

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 23. (JTA) — A series of reforms of Israel's immigration laws designed to stimulate immigration, particularly from Western countries, was outlined here today by Aryeh Dulczin, head of the Jewish Agency's immigration department, at an Aliyah conference convened by the Zionist Organization of Argentina. The conference was attended by 520 delegates representing Jewish communities and organizations in Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay, Chile and Peru.

Mr. Dulczin told the gathering that the reforms were incorporated in new immigration legislation that Prime Minister Eshkol will place before the Knesset shortly. The new law provides for the establishment of hostels where newcomers and their families may live rent free for six months while seeking employment and where Ulpanim, intensive courses in the Hebrew language, will be offered at no cost. Mr. Dulczin told the conference that immigrants must now first obtain housing and then look for work. The new law will permit them to rent homes instead of going into permanent immigrant housing and will exempt them from taxes on incomes of up to 1,500 pounds (\$450) during their first year stay and will allow substantial tax reductions for the next three years. Loans of up to 25,000 pounds (\$8,000) will be made available to newcomers at low interest rates.

Another feature of the new law will be free secondary school education for the children of immigrants. Israel's compulsory education law covers only elementary schools. Mr. Dulczin said that Israel needed 31,000 professionals between now and 1970 of which it can produce only 1,500.

National Committee For Labor Israel Opens Drive For \$6 Million For Histadrut

NEW YORK, Nov. 23. (JTA) -- A drive to raise \$6 million in the United States and Canada to aid the health, education and welfare services of Histadrut, Israel's Labor Federation, was launched by the National Committee for Labor Israel at the opening of its 44th annual convention here today. The convention received messages from President Johnson, President Shazar and Prime Minister Levi Eshkol, of Israel, and Governor Nelson Rockefeller of New York.

President Johnson, in a telegram to the convention, likening Histadrut to America's free trade union movement, noted that it "has long been dedicated to helping working people build better lives for their families in a democratic society" and also, through its Afro-Asian Institute in Tel Aviv "introduces the leaders of emerging nations to the advantages of a free and open society."

In his message, President Shazar praised the National Committee for Labor Israel for the "loyalty and devotion" of its members to Israel. Prime Minister Levi Eshkol expressed the hope that the Jews everywhere would "ascend to the land of Israel and partake in its upbuilding."

Dr. Sol Stein, executive director of the National Committee, reported that during the fiscal year 1966-67, the committee raised \$4,727,000 for the Histadrut campaign, including \$1 million raised by the Pioneer Women for Moledet Hapoalot, its sister organization in Israel.

Dr. Stein said that the 24 percent increase in funds was due to an extra effort by American trade unions during and after last June's emergency. He said that the American Histadrut Development Fund had reached the \$1 million mark in the form of wills and bequests during the past year. The Histadrut campaign benefitted 72 new projects in Israel and allocated \$360,000 for the Histadrut scholarship fund, which granted nearly 3,000 scholarships for secondary vocational training, higher education and research. During the past year, Histadrut arranged for 1,658 adults and youths to visit Israel, he said.

Rabbi Miller Assails Propaganda Differentiating 'Jews' And 'Zionists'

NEW YORK, Nov. 23 (JTA) -- Rabbi Israel Miller, chairman of the American Zionist Council, denounced here "attempts by anti-Semites and self-hating Jews to differentiate between 'Jews' and 'Zionists'." He called such attempts "false and discredited" and declared that "the unanimity of response" by Jews everywhere to the threat of destruction of Israel in the May-June crisis and war "should have laid to rest once and for all the canard that Jew and Zionist are separate and apart."

Rabbi Miller, who is also chairman of the American Jewish Conference on Soviet Jewry, made his comments in an address to representatives of the Council's nine constituent Zionist groups at a special dinner meeting of the Council's executive committee given in honor of Dr. Max Nussbaum of Hollywood and Nathaniel S. Rothenberg, former chairman and administrative committee chairman of the Council, respectively. They were honored for 25 years of leadership for Zionism and Israel.

Rabbi Miller stressed the "Soviet propaganda campaign against Zionists," which, he said, "must therefore be exposed to the world for what it truly is -- a hate campaign against Jews and Judaism."

Jewish Conciliation Board Reports More Family Problems Before It

NEW YORK, Nov. 23. (JTA) -- A growth in the number of cases reflecting changes in Jewish family and communal life was indicated in the 47th annual report of the Jewish Conciliation Board of America.

The Board, of which Dr. Israel Goldstein is chairman, said it held 18 sessions and heard 78 cases during the past year. The report said that "like many social institutions," the Jewish family had changed and "self assertion and individual rights are more in vogue. The problems of children moving out of the home and the incidence of inter-marriage accounts for many of the cases" brought before the board. The report said that while, "unfortunately, we cannot help all who come to us, we have been able to resolve a high percentage of their conflicts."

The Board adjudicated disputes in Jewish fraternal organizations whose problems in recent years have involved liquidation of long-standing fraternal groups whose memberships have dwindled. In other cases, the report said, disputes have revolved around administration of funds of fraternal groups controlled by one or two officers because the few remaining members are too enfeebled by age to attend meetings.

Conservative Seminary Creates American Jewish Religious Archives

NEW YORK, Nov. 23. (JTA) -- The establishment of an American Jewish religious archive at the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, which will be a source for historians delving into the background of Judaism's development in the new world, was announced by Dr. Louis Finkelstein, chancellor of the Seminary. The archive will be under the direction of Dr. Moshe Davis, founder and co-director of the Seminary's American Jewish History Center and head of the Institute of Contemporary Jewry at the Hebrew University in Jerusalem.

Dr. Finkelstein noted that the cultural pluralism and religious freedom that flourish in the United States and Canada provided the Jewish people with "an unprecedented stimulus for growth."