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Israeli Soldier Killed as Day-Long New Fighting Flares on Suez Canal Line

TEL AVIV, Sept. 27, (JTA) — One Israeli soldier was killed and nine injured in daylong artillery and tank gun duels across the Suez Canal along a 100-mile front from Kantara in the north to Suez in the south. A railroad worker from El Arish was also killed in the shooting and two other railway workers were injured.

Calm was restored only after six attempts by United Nations observers to obtain agreements to a cease-fire. Israeli officials said that on each occasion the Egyptians violated the cease-fire and resumed shooting. The gunnery duels subsided first in the Kantara and Ismailia area and later in the Suez area.

Israeli units replied to each Egyptian firing. It was reported that Egyptian gun positions near the two centers of the fighting were heavily hit. The latest outburst began early this morning when Egyptians fired machineguns at an Israeli patrol in the Ismailia area, later firing from tank guns.

Allon Vows War Against Guerrillas as New Violence Is Reported

JERUSALEM, Sept. 27, (JTA) — Gen. Yigal Allon, Israel's Minister of Labor, said today that guerrilla activities against Israel were war and "we shall take the necessary measures to put an end to it by striking at the perpetrators themselves and also, if we have to, at those who are sending them in." The Minister made this declaration in a question and answer session at the convention here of foreign volunteers who came to the country to aid Israel during the recent crisis.

He expressed the hope that youths would come from overseas in large numbers to participate in the establishment of outpost settlements along Israel's borders — a task, he said, which belonged traditionally to volunteers.

The Cabinet official said that following the Khartoum summit conference, there was little expectation that the Arabs would be ready to discuss peace, and Israel had to organize her defenses in the framework of the present cease-fire lines. They had to be set up in such a manner, he said, as to constitute a force designed to deter the Arabs from further aggressive plans.

Two Israeli Border Patrolmen Killed by El Fatah Terrorists

Two Israeli border policemen were killed today in a running battle with an El Fatah terrorist band north of Tulkarem in the west bank area near the coastal plane. Three of the terrorists, one wounded, were captured when an Israeli police patrol ran into the band. Reinforcements hastily summoned by the police were pressing an intensive search tonight for the remaining members of the band.

Two of the captured terrorists confessed to having participated in the bombing of a house in the village of Ometz Monday night in which a three-year-old child was killed.

Last night, explosives placed on the railway line north of Gaza near Jabaliya caused damage to an engine pulling a trainload of war booty collected in the Sinai Desert. The village, site of three sabotage actions in recent weeks, was placed under curfew and a house-to-house search begun there. Later three of the saboteurs were captured in the area.

The authorities announced the arrest of Moussa el Jayoussi, 45, a prominent Nablus lawyer, who was believed to be the brains and guiding spirit of the anti-Israeli terrorist movement, centered in that west bank city. In Gaza, a military tribunal imposed a sentence of 20 years' imprisonment on a Gaza youth who had been captured as he was about to hurl a hand-grenade at an Israeli patrol.

Vanguard of Young Settlers Arrives at Etzion for Settlement

JERUSALEM, Sept. 27, (JTA) — An advance party of young settlers moved this morning into the former Jordanian Arab Legion camp on the site of Kfar Etzion and formally reestablished the Jewish settlement there which the Jordanians destroyed in 1948. The new settlement stands on the site of the four settlements of the Etzion bloc in the Hebron hills, between Hebron and Bethlehem, on land owned by the Jewish National Fund.

The new settlement is under auspices of Nahal, the paramilitary youth pioneer organization. The new settlers have been drawn mainly from the B'nai Akiba youth movement of the Mizrachi, the religious Zionist group. Most of them are the children of the original Etzion settlers. About 200 residents of the settlements were slaughtered in 1948 after the Arab Legion captured the settlements and left their defenseless residents to the mercy of Arab gangs despite promises that they would be treated as prisoners of war.

Before setting out, the young men visited the graves of their parents. On arrival at Etzion, many of the settlers recited the Kaddish, memorial prayer for their parents. Torah scrolls were brought into one of the buildings which was consecrated as a temporary synagogue and Mezzuzahs were affixed to doorposts to mark buildings of Jewish occupancy. Among those taking part in that ceremony were Zera Warhaftig, Minister of Religions; Raanan Weitz, head of the Jewish Agency's settlement department; M. Hazani, a National Religious Party deputy in Parliament; and Abraham Hartzfeld, a veteran leader of the Jewish settlement movement in pre-state Palestine.

As resettlement proceeded, official spokesmen reiterated that establishment of Nahal outposts in the territories occupied by Israel was for security reasons and did not prejudice a future political settlement. The popular reaction, however, was that the return to Etzion was a decisive act comparable to the reunification of Jerusalem.

Canada Declares Israeli Withdrawal Must Be Linked to Security

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Sept. 27. (JTA) -- A series of speakers in the United Nations General Assembly's general debate stressed today the need for solution of the Middle East problem and called for an active United Nations role in bringing about an Arab-Israeli peace. Several of the speakers, including the Canadian representative, spoke in favor of appointment of a special U.N. representative in the Middle East as proposed by Secretary-General U Thant.

Paul Martin, Canadian Minister for External Affairs, told the Assembly that while the withdrawal of Israeli forces from the occupied areas was vital, it "must be related to the other issues involved." The he defined as "respect for the territorial integrity of all the nations in the area and the ending of claims to belligerency, respect for the rights of all nations to innocent passage through international waterways; justice for the refugees and arrangement for the preservation of the special spiritual and religious interests in Jerusalem involving, I would hope, some form of international supervision by the United Nations

The Canadian foreign minister also called for an international program of regional economic development that would provide a basis for solution of the refugee problem. The foreign ministers of Argentina, Belgium and Senegal stressed the role of the United Nations in seeking a Middle East solution, with the Argentinian spokesman urging an Israeli withdrawal, cessation of belligerency and revocation of Israeli measures on the status of Jerusalem. Habib Bourguiba Jr., Tunisian Foreign Minister, espoused the UN plan for a Middle East settlement and said a first condition was Israel's withdrawal.

The Kingdom of Jordan, it was learned today, was seeking support for a meeting of the Security Council to hear complaints against Israel for resettling the Etzion bloc in formerly Jordanian-held territory.

Israel today, in a letter to the president of the Security Council, rejected Egyptian charges it had been guilty of seven acts of aggression in the Suez Canal area, declared that the responsibility for the incident lay with the Egyptian forces and reaffirmed its policy "to abide strictly by its cease-fire undertaking on the basis of complete reciprocity."

Eban Sees Economic Union with Jordan, Lebanon as Road to Solution

STRASBOURG, France, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- Foreign Minister Abba S. Eban of Israel suggested today to the assembly of the 18-nation Council of Europe that steps towards a solution of Middle East tensions could be made through an economic union of Israel, Jordan and Lebanon. He said that a tri-national economic union should include free ports and open frontiers while the sovereignty of all three nations was respected.

Mr. Eban said, "A new era of development could open up... It is perhaps Utopian, but these three countries should form an independent economic community with free ports and open frontiers. There should be regional solidarity, while sovereignty would be respected."

The Israeli Foreign Minister said that "as for the possibilities of cooperation between Israel and Jordan, three elements are involved -- conditions of peace would permit the opening to Jordan of the Port of Haifa; joint exploitation of the Dead Sea would be possible, notably for mineral resources; and finally it would be possible to create a common port on the Gulf of Akaba." The last reference was an apparent idea of fusion of the Jordanian port of Akaba with the Israeli port of Eilat.

Non-Residents Barred from Opening Businesses in West Bank Area

JERUSALEM, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- The military commander of the west bank area issued an order today prohibiting establishment of new business enterprises by non-residents of the area without special permission from his office. The order was designed to protect the local Arab businessmen from competition by Israelis and to channel business with Israeli firms through the local Arab merchants and trade

East Jerusalem Is Curfewed to Permit Population Count

JERUSALEM, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- Roads leading from East Jerusalem to West Jerusalem were closed today and the former Jordanian sections of the city were curfewed to permit a complete population census. A census taken a few weeks after the end of the war was found to have been incomplete.

Anti-Israel Drive, With Anti-Semitic Undertones, Pressed in Soviet Union

LONDON, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- Soviet authorities have canceled arbitrarily agreements with organizations and firms in Israel who organize tourist visits to Russia or send parcels from Israelis to relatives in the Soviet Union, it was learned here today. The Soviet action evoked surprise because tourism and the movement of parcels has not usually been affected by shifts in the diplomatic situation.

The action, it was believed here, may have been part of an official Soviet campaign against "Israeli aggression" launched during the June Middle East crisis and continued since then throughout the Soviet Union with strong anti-Semitic undertones.

The themes of "cooperation between the neo-Nazis and Israel" and "German militarists are studying the lessons of the Sinai campaign with the help of the Israelis" recur repeatedly at public meetings in southern Russia, the Asiatic Soviet republics and in the Baltic countries. Another popular theme spread, presumably with official Soviet blessings, is that "racial discrimination" is widespread in Israel and that European-background Israelis are practicing "Nazi-like" discrimination against Oriental Jews.

North African Jews Are 'Scapegoat Victims' of War, B'nai B'rith Is Told

CARACAS, Venezuela, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- The majority of North Africa's 100,000 Jews are likely to emigrate as "scapegoat victims" of the recent Middle East war, the B'nai B'rith International Council was told today at the final session of its annual four-day meeting.

Maurice A. Weinstein, Council chairman, reported a "large-scale exodus" already under way from the dwindling North African Jewish communities because of a "widening cleavage" between the Jewish and Moslem populations, even in countries whose governments have taken strong measures to protect their Jewish inhabitants.

He cited the Jewish community of Tunisia, which had a population of 20,000 before the war and which is now shrinking at the rate of 1,000 departures for France per month, in spite of the protective measures taken by the government of President Habib Bourguiba. The government is assisting the Jews to emigrate, he added.

He reported "increasing anxiety" among Morocco's 60,000 Jews, despite King Hussein's "firm efforts" to forestall anti-Jewish eruptions following the mob violence at the height of the Arab-Israeli crisis. "Economic boycotts organized by private groups are persuading large numbers to seek ways of leaving Morocco," Mr. Weinstein declared.

He said recent reports from Egypt estimate 400 to 500 Jewish "heads of household" still imprisoned in Cairo and some 80 others in Alexandria, "all of whom -- Egyptian nationals -- have been maltreated." Some 3,000 Iraqi and 4,000 Syrian Jews, he said, are living "with harrassments and discriminations" and are not permitted to "exist" in their respective countries, "although the Syrian government is reported to have detailed security police to protect its Jews." His survey also reported that 3,100 of the 5,000 Jews who lived in Libya before the war have since migrated, with government assistance, as an aftermath of the riots.

See Improvement in Catholic-Jewish Relations Since Vatican II

The need for parish-level implementation of the Vatican's new ecumenical policies was stressed by delegates from countries with large Catholic populations at an earlier session. At the same time, they reported marked improvement in Roman Catholic-Jewish relations in many parts of the world as a result of the Vatican Council's declaration on Jews, and said it had eliminated a major source of anti-Semitism. The delegates also reported that the relationship of their communities with church leaders was reaching levels of discussion which "create a mutual respect that grows out of candid confrontation."

They added, however, that there remains "continuing need for Vatican intent to reach those parish levels where priests and teachers, steeped in past traditions of the Church, have either not learned of, or choose to ignore, Church revisions."

Benjamin R. Epstein, director of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, told the Council that recent events had shown that "any nation of a monolithic Catholic community is fantasy" and that "liberal Catholic communities are growing in number, articulation and influence."

The Council, in a resolution, called upon the Soviet Union to permit emigration of Jews "who wish for family or other personal reasons to do so." The statement expressed B'nai B'rith's "good wishes for peace and cooperation to the Soviet people" on the occasion of the 50th anniversary of the Soviet Revolution of 1917.

A delegation from the convention, headed by Dr. William A. Wexler, president of B'nai B'rith, was received by Raul Leoni, President of Venezuela. The President told the group that Venezuela "will seek to uphold peace in the Middle East." He affirmed his government's view that "Israel should be recognized as a sovereign state, and its integrity guaranteed."

New York Federation's 50th Anniversary Campaign Off to Flying Start

NEW YORK, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- A record total of more than \$4 million was pledged here tonight at a dinner inaugurating the 50th anniversary year of the Federation of Jewish Philanthropies of New York toward a record-setting 1967-68 campaign for \$27 million. The dinner honored Allan D. Emil, who served as maintenance fund chairman for the past two years.

The total, the largest amount ever raised in a single evening for maintenance of privately-sponsored New York health, welfare and community agencies, was pledged by some 300 community leaders who heard Gov. Nelson A. Rockefeller stress the continuing and expanded need for such support for health and welfare programs despite increasing government outlays in this field.

Samuel J. Silberman, federation president, and George H. Heyman, Jr., maintenance campaign chairman, said success of the campaign was essential to assure that the federation's 130 medical centers, hospitals, family, youth, child care and welfare agencies, homes and services for the aged, community centers and other programs would meet "the desperate needs of more than 1,350,000 New Yorkers of every faith and race served annually by federation agencies."

Additional Funds Needed to Cover Wide Range of Expanded Services

The federation leaders listed the planned uses for the additional funds. These include provisions for sick aged persons now waiting up to 18 months for residential care; more day and residential care units for emotionally disturbed children; guidance and employment help for nearly 5,000 persons who cannot now be helped; aid to drug addicts who, though they need immediate help, must now wait 18 months or more; more camps for thousands of the aged, the Orthodox and the handicapped; more homemakers for the one of every three families who need and cannot get homemaker service in emergencies; more life-saving equipment for hospitals and community center facilities for 28,000 men, women and children currently denied membership.

Mr. Silberman told the donors that in the past 50 years, the federation "has helped raise \$1.5 billion to aid an estimated 40 million people and has expanded from 24 charter societies to 130 major service groups."

Mr. Heyman declared that "the impatience of our less affluent citizens at the failure of our system to work its wonders for them, and their consequent mood of helplessness and despair, constitute the most menacing forces on the horizon." He warned that "we are running a life-and-death race against the onrushing forces of social needs which threaten to engulf us before we can arrange their solution."

Mr. Heyman asserted that the role of the federation in helping to resolve this problem must be to "offer bolder and more imaginative programs of social service, probe deeper into the nature of human problems and pioneer in the development of effective services and programs designed to deal with the growing complexity of man's environment and its constant maladjustments."

'Package' Proposal Poses Problem for Foes of Aid to Parochial Schools

ALBANY, N.Y., Sept. 27. (JTA) -- Jewish backers of church-state separation in New York State were presented today with the problem of deciding whether they should support a proposed new state constitution which eliminates a 73-year-old clause barring state aid to religious-sponsored schools. In its stead, the convention added to the constitution the language of the Federal Bill of Rights forbidding any law respecting the establishment of religion and to give any citizen the right to bring legal action against the state or its subdivisions to restrain unconstitutional expenditures.

The constitutional convention ended its work last night with a 94-81 vote to send the new basic charter it produced in six months of work to the voters at a special election on November 7 as a single package. A number of state Republican leaders, including Gov. Nelson Rockefeller, had urged the convention to place some of the more controversial sections of the new constitution -- such as the Blaine Amendment which bars state funds for religious schools -- on the November 7 ballot separately.

Jewish civil rights groups, as well as Reform and Conservative religious groups have strongly opposed repeal of the Blaine Amendment. Orthodox Jewish groups in the state have supported repeal with equal emphasis.

Grand Rabbi of France Made Member of Academy of Moral and Political Sciences

PARIS, Sept. 27. (JTA) -- Dr. Jacob Kaplan, Grand Rabbi of France, was installed today as a member of the French Academy of Moral and Political Sciences, filling the seat formerly held by Georges Duhamel, novelist and essayist. Among those present at the ceremony was Sir Hamza Boubakeur, rector of the Moslem Institute of the Paris Mosque.

Dr. Kaplan, who is 72, is the author of many books on philosophy and on Jewish life. He is the holder of the Croix de Guerre and is a Commander of the Legion of Honor.