



### Report Israel Is to Get Two Squadrons of American F-4 Skyhawk Attack Bombers

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, (JTA) -- No official confirmation was forthcoming today of reports that the United States had given Israel private assurances that the scheduled delivery of two squadrons of the A-4 Skyhawk supersonic attack bomber to the Israel Air Force would be made this Autumn despite the present embargo on American arms shipments to the Middle East.

The Administration agreed to sale of the plane -- one of the most advanced in use and the backbone of the U.S. Navy's striking force in Viet Nam -- early in 1966 with the proviso that because of priority needs of the American services, delivery would not be made until this coming Autumn. In the meantime, as a consequence of the June war, an embargo was proclaimed on American arms shipments to the Middle East and the United States pressed for an international agreement to limit the delivery arms to that area.

The heavy flow of Soviet arms to the Arab states, including the most modern and powerful Soviet planes such as the Subhoi-7 attack bomber, has given Israel much cause for concern and led, according to reports, to inquiries in Washington as to the delivery of the Skyhawks. The New York Times, quoting Pentagon sources, said today that the Israelis had been given assurances they would receive the planes as scheduled but State Department sources insisted the embargo had not been lifted and no comment was forthcoming from Israeli sources.

### Jordan Holds Up Scheduled Return of Arab Refugees to West Bank Homes

JERUSALEM, Sept. 17, (JTA) -- The resettlement of additional Jordanian refugees on the west bank of the Jordan River, originally scheduled to begin Sunday, has been postponed until Thursday, Sept. 21. Jordan authorities informed Israel and International Red Cross officials yesterday, that they were not yet "ready" to allow former residents of the west bank to start re-crossing the river, despite an agreement reached Friday between Israeli and Jordanian representatives meeting on the Allenby Bridge.

According to the agreement, 6,500 former west bank residents, whose questionnaires had been approved by Israel and who had failed to make the crossing before the earlier, August 31 deadline, were set to begin moving back to the west bank area today. Their unwillingness to return is believed to be the cause of the delay. According to Israeli sources, the refugees, who fled east across the Jordan to escape the war, were reluctant to go back and become, as Jordan's King Hussein has exhorted them, "thorns in Israel's flesh." "All the refugees want is tranquility; therefore they prefer to stay on the east bank," observers report. It is believed the new date, Thursday, was set in order to give Jordan time to hunt up the reluctant refugees and "persuade" them to return to the west bank.

Israeli authorities, meanwhile, started today to dismantle the special structures which had been prepared for the resumption of refugee traffic across the Jordan. A first group of 500 had been expected; tents were put up on the Israeli side of the river; ambulances were on hand; and a fleet of buses was ready, instead of the trucks previously used, to transport the refugees to their homes. In spite of the postponement of the crossing date, Israeli authorities said they were still prepared to honor their commitments to accept the refugees.

### Israel Authorities Issue Drastic Anti-Incitement Regulations for West Bank

TEL AVIV, Sept. 17, (JTA) -- Stringent new regulations aimed against an Arab anti-education campaign in the west bank occupied area were issued by Israel army authorities today.

Gen. Uzzi Narkis, military commander of the area, issued the orders, which call for a sentence of ten years in prison or a fine of 2,000 Israeli pounds for conviction on charges of incitement. A second order prohibits maintaining any contact with the enemy.

Many Arab teachers in the west bank area were able to go on strike against the Israel authorities because they had continued to receive wages from Jordan.

The first day of school in the Gaza Strip -- and the first under Israeli auspices -- opened smoothly and without incident today. The school year began with some 42,000 students attending classes in 65 elementary schools, 14 high schools and two teachers' seminars. All teachers reported for duty, while the number of students reporting was a little more than half that in previous years, when the area was under Egyptian rule. New and revised school books, as well as other supplies, are provided by the Israel Government.

In addition to these schools, one hundred schools operated by the United Nations Refugee and Relief Organization also opened, and without incident.

### Four Arab Houses, Used by Saboteurs, Blown Up After Israeli Train is Derailed

TEL AVIV, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Four houses in the west bank village of Yertach were blown up today, after Israeli authorities traced to them the footprints of the saboteurs who mined a Lydda-Haifa freight train on Friday, just south of the neighboring town of Tulkarem. At the same time, nine suspected persons were detained.

Three cars were derailed when the train hit the mine, but no one was injured in the blast nor was rail traffic interrupted, an army spokesman reported at the time. He said another mine was found near the scene of the explosion and immediately dismantled.

After the incident, the army imposed a curfew on a number of villages in the area and launched a search for the perpetrators. Footprints of three men were found at the site of the explosion and traced to the four houses in Yertach.

Village leaders said that they would complain to the International Red Cross about the Israeli action and would demand indemnification from Israel for the destruction of the houses. They said that they were certain that the saboteurs did not come from Yertach, claiming that the dogs which had trailed them there were "just mistaken."

### Israel Cabinet Agrees on Limited General Television as Soon as Feasible

JERUSALEM, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Three hours daily of television broadcasting in Arabic, and one in Hebrew, will be programmed as soon as it is "technically feasible," the Israel Cabinet decided today.

The new broadcasts are designed to counteract the influence of programs broadcast from the neighboring Arab countries and attentively watched by Arabs in the Israeli-occupied west bank territory.

The facilities of the semi-independent Israel educational television station, funded by the Rothschild Foundation, will be used for the new broadcasts. Minister without Portfolio Israel Galili told the Cabinet today that negotiations were taking place with the foundation regarding details of the planned transmission. It was stressed that the general programs scheduled would not interfere with the educational programs, for which the foundation originally established its subsidy. The question of transmissions on the Sabbath, raised by the Ministry of Religion, will be decided at a later date.

It was also reported at the Cabinet session that the Minister of Trade and Industry, Zev Sharef, will leave for the United States at the end of this week for two weeks of conferences on exports and investment.

### World Bank Makes \$15 Million Loan to Israel Development Bank

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- The World Bank announced a loan equivalent to \$15 million to the Industrial Development Bank of Israel, Ltd., (IDBI). The loan is the bank's second to the IDBI. It will provide a portion of the funds required for lending operations in Israel up to the end of 1968.

### U Thant Says U.N. Presence as Third Party in Middle East is Essential

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Finland, Sweden and Austria will submit a procedural resolution tomorrow morning to the special emergency session of the General Assembly when it reconvenes, requesting the regular session of the Assembly, which will open on Tuesday, to consider the Middle East situation and give it priority.

Secretary-General U Thant told a weekend press conference here that he believed that the role of the United Nations as a third party in the Arab-Israeli dispute was essential and imperative for a long time to come.

"I do not see how the United Nations can wash its hands of the Middle East situation," he declared. He said he could understand that some of the parties would prefer direct negotiations which would be an "ideal situation." However, he added, this was not practical under present circumstances.

The Secretary-General announced that he was not planning to visit the Middle East in the near future and that he did not see any utility in such a visit but if it were "deemed helpful," he would go, he said.

### Israeli Families are Asked to Serve as Holiday Hosts to Volunteers

TEL AVIV, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Jewish Agency officials called on Israeli citizens today to serve as High Holy Day hosts to the volunteers who came to Israel to help during the May-June crisis and the Six-Day War. An Agency official said that 1,000 families were needed in this city as hosts to volunteers planning to spend the holiday here. There are about 6,000 volunteers still remaining in Israel.

### Four Dead Sea Scrolls Are Missing from Old City Museum

TEL AVIV, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Jordanian museum officials are either unable or unwilling to report the whereabouts of four Dead Sea Scrolls found missing today, according to a group of Israeli experts who checked the contents of the Palestine Archaeological Museum in the Old City of Jerusalem.

Authorities in Jerusalem believe the Jordanians removed the scroll fragments for safekeeping just before the outbreak of the June war. The priceless materials are missing, but the showcases in which they were displayed are intact. Nothing in the museum was damaged or destroyed during the six days of fighting.

## New \$500 Million Israel Bond Issue Is Launched as Sales Hit Record High

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- The sale of a new issue of \$500 million in State of Israel Bonds to help open up "a new era of economic development and progress for Israel" was launched today at the closing session of a three-day National Mobilization Conference for Economic Development.

Louis H. Boyar of Los Angeles, chairman of the board of governors of the Israel Bond Organization, declared that the new bond issue -- the Fourth Development Issue -- would provide the resources for the recovery of Israel's economy from the dislocations of the recent hostilities and for the expansion of industrial development to improve her balance of trade.

The new issue was originally to have been floated at the end of 1968, but the date had to be advanced because of the sharp increase in the sale of Israel Bonds following the summer war crisis in Israel, exhausting the third issue. More than 500 Jewish leaders from the United States and Canada voted unanimously to adopt a minimum quota of \$78,743,400 in sales of the new issue between now and the end of 1967. The balance of the new issue is to be sold in 1968 and thereafter.

Prime Minister Levi Eshkol of Israel called for widespread support of the new Israel Bond issue, declaring that "Israel Bond funds are more critical today than ever, if we are to make our victory meaningful." In a cable to the conference, Mr. Eshkol declared that "the new reality confronting us obliges us to maintain basic tasks of consolidation and development, for we have shown that our strength comes more from social and economic progress than from mere quantities of 'hardware'." He said that "a new Bond issue at this time is the most concrete proof that your support and participation during the recent crisis were based on enduring foundations and will continue during the challenges ahead."

### Nine Month Bond Sales Exceed \$170 Million, Dr. Schwartz Discloses

Earlier, Dr. Joseph J. Schwartz, vice-president of the Israel Bond Organization, announced that proceeds from the sale of Israel Bonds from Jan. 1 through Sept. 12 had reached the record figure of \$171,256,600 -- the largest amount realized in any year since the bond drive was established 16 years ago.

Dr. Schwartz said that of the total sale, \$151,617,750 was sold in the United States, as compared with \$41,795,500 during the same period in 1966; \$4,848,800 was sold in Canada, as compared with \$2,791,950; and \$14,790,050 in other countries of the free world, as compared with \$5,559,100. The world wide total for the period from January 1 through September 12 last year was \$50,146,550, he noted.

### Sees War as 'Most Significant' Milestone to Israel's Independence

Mr. Sapir described Israel's brilliant victory in the Six-Day War as "one of the finest chapters in the long history of our people" and acknowledged gratefully that "the assistance of our state received from world Jewry in that crucial period surpassed everything that had been done during the previous 19 years, exceeding even our most optimistic estimates."

The background of the victory, he declared, "has been the steady growth of the people of Israel as a nation, with its own spirit and values, and of an economic framework strong enough to permit their full development and maturity. The war, in a sense, will prove to be one of the most significant stages in our country's progress towards true independence. It has proved that we are no longer a child among the nations, but a force to be reckoned with; that we are capable of making and implementing momentous decisions. It has given the people of Israel confidence in themselves and in their future."

The Finance Minister warned that although Israel has won the war, "so far there have been no signs forthcoming that we can relax our vigilance; security continues to be a crushing burden." He stressed that the policy of "mitun" -- economic and fiscal restraint -- which Israel introduced at the end of 1964, would have to continue, "if we are to achieve an industrial state based on advanced agriculture and modern technology made possible by our three chief resources -- skilled manpower, scientific know-how and our geo-political position."

Abraham Feinberg, president of the bond organization, told the conference that "Israel has at last won its independence of fear, its independence of invasion, its independence of enemies intent on its annihilation." He stressed the role of Israel bonds in developing the economic structure of Israel and pointed out that "everything that we do now to reinforce her economy will be a vital factor in the ultimate attainment of peace. In the life of Israel, no less than in the life of any other young nation, the sinews of economic development have been and must continue to be of decisive importance. In helping Israel solve the increased economic problems of the coming year, we welcome the opportunity of standing alongside of Israel as she goes forward on the road to a brighter and greater future."

Samuel Rothberg, national campaign chairman, defined the purposes of the conference as mobilization for the post-war recovery of Israel's economy, mobilization for the reconstruction of plants and homes destroyed in the fighting, mobilization for the resumption of Israel's long-range economic development program, mobilization of American and Canadian Jewry for a new level of participation in the solution of the many economic problems which Israel faces in the wake of the recent war. He stressed the importance of continuing aid to Israel's economic development, as a basis for her capacity to cope with emergencies such as the one which occurred three months ago.

## Hadassah Receives \$500,000 Grant to Reestablish Services on Mt. Scopus

MIAMI BEACH, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- A grant of \$500,000 has been made to Hadassah by the Daniel and Florence Guggenheim Foundation of New York to establish a Daniel and Florence Guggenheim rehabilitation foundation at Hadassah Hospital on Mount Scopus, the opening session of the Women's Zionist Organization's 53rd annual convention was told here tonight.

Mrs. Mortimer Jacobson, president, announced the grant to some 3,700 delegates and guests gathered in the municipal auditorium. She said Hadassah would transfer its school of occupational therapy, now located in the old buildings in Jerusalem, to premises formerly occupied by the Hadassah nurses' training school on Mt. Scopus, the use of which had been forbidden by the Jordanians since 1948. Mt. Scopus is now entirely in Israeli hands.

Mrs. Jacobson also outlined Hadassah's response to the renewed call by Israeli officials to western nations for immigration and the Hadassah view on immigration as the key to Zionism. She urged Hadassah's 318,000 members to "carry out a spiritual pledge to give their children some form of Israel experience to back up and fortify the Jewish experience they receive in their homes." She said this meant that Hadassah was promoting immigration "but in Hadassah's own way."

"We believe the desire to return to Israel to settle will come to some portion of those who have the opportunity to experience what life in Israel can offer them and what they can offer Israel," she said, adding that "we believe it is not necessary or incumbent on a Zionist to settle in Israel to prove she is a Zionist, but we also believe that those who do, have climbed to the top of the ladder of Zionist commitment and are making the most important contribution to the future of the Jewish people."

Declaring that "no Zionist organization can turn away from the challenge of Israel's need for Western immigration," Mrs. Jacobson told the delegates she believed that "the incredible, whole-hearted, instant response of world Jewry to rush to Israel's side during its days of crisis can surely be channeled to bring the same response to Israel in time of its peacetime needs for American aliyah. The least we can do is to expose American youth to the opportunity to make this decision for themselves."

### To Build Center on Mt. Scopus for American Jewish Youth

She disclosed that the organization also will build on Mount Scopus a Hadassah Youth Center "to house American youth who come to stay and study in Israel for six months or a year." She said this program represented some of Israel's needs now, as well as the needs of American Jews "who are eager to find meaning for their Jewish identity."

Mrs. Jacobson voiced "disappointment and concern" over the development in the United States of "anti-Semitic and anti-Zionist factions in the Negro community." She added, however, that "as thoughtful citizens, deeply aware of our nation's need and responsibility to uplift this segment of our foundation, we shall not allow these statements and the attitudes of irresponsible groups to affect our whole-hearted support and understanding of the struggle of the Negro to win full equality. In spite of our deep anger at this dangerous development, we shall continue to help in this problem." She added that "we would welcome -- and indeed call upon responsible Negro leaders -- to repudiate these statements in clear-cut terms."

### Condemns Soviet Policy on Israel and Russian Jewry

In another part of her address, she denounced "the unforgivable insults uttered by the Soviet delegation at the United States against the Jewish people and the Zionist movement," last May and June.

"Israel's victory over the Arab forces which sought its annihilation has touched off a vicious anti-Israel campaign in the Soviet press and on Soviet radio and television," she told the session. "But this is more than an attack on Israel," she stressed. "This campaign in the Soviet media is directed with even more venom against the Jews of the Soviet Union through anti-Semitic articles, cartoons and commentaries. Since the public media are controlled by the Soviet Government, their anti-Semitic barages have served to instigate many incidents against Jews."

President Johnson, in a message, lauded Hadassah as "a way of life" for its members "as well as for those whom they are designed to help." He said that Hadassah "has sought to guide the world's youth to self-fulfilment through vocational training and education" and that "it had brought new-found hope to those whom suffering and adversity has taught only despair."

He also said that, "at a time when, more than ever before in history, our nation is moving to right past wrongs and end the injustice that for too long has marked the basic premise of our democratic life, Hadassah's membership is well equipped to face the challenge before us. Your President and your nation count on your sustained support."

The session was opened with the sounding of the shofar in memory of the Israelis who were killed in the six-day June war.

## Gen. S.L.A. Marshall Sees Arab-Israeli 'Modus Vivendi' in Six Months

CHICAGO, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Brig. Gen. S.L.A. Marshall, the noted military commentator, told the opening session of the 20th biennial national convention of Pioneer Women here today that there would be a "modus vivendi" between Israel and the Arab states within the next six months. He said that the Arab states which bordered directly on Israel were in such a state of dissolution politically, economically and militarily, that their war-making potential was virtually non-existent. He added that, short of some big power intervention, he felt there would be no resumption of hostilities in the Middle East in the foreseeable future.

A "Declaration to the State of Israel," read at the opening session, called for the United States to exert its influence to secure a Middle East settlement which insures Israel's right as an independent nation and to aid in the resettlement of the refugees in that area.

Almost 600 women are taking part in the convention, which celebrates the 48th year of the Pioneer Women organization in this country.

## Tribute Paid to Memory of Charles Jordan at Carnegie Hall Gathering

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Hundreds of admirers of Charles H. Jordan, the late executive vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, attended a tribute today to his memory here in Carnegie Hall. Mr. Jordan died mysteriously last month during a vacation visit to Prague.

Israeli Ambassador Avraham Harman was one of a number of welfare, government and United Nations officials who addressed the meeting. He said that: "Wherever there were people to be helped, Charles Jordan was there. To ameliorate and change the conditions of human suffering -- this was the central theme of Jordan's life."

"For us in Israel, the death of Charles Jordan came as a shocking personal loss. Hundreds of thousands of our citizens have been touched by his helping hand, which is now stilled; tens of thousands of our aged citizens, whose children were slaughtered on the road to freedom, saw in him a substitute son who, through the JDC, observed in relation to them the Biblical command, 'Honor thy father and thy mother.' There was great mourning in the land when he was felled." Mr. Jordan left his hotel room in Prague to buy a newspaper on August 20 and was not seen again until his body was found in the Vltava River in Prague. Czech officials arranged a hasty autopsy with no outside officials present and reported there were no indications of foul play, a procedure which evoked sharp criticism from JDC and other Jewish leaders.

Louis Broido, JDC chairman, who presided at the memorial meeting, announced that similar assemblies had been held or scheduled in Antwerp, Athens, Bombay, Bucharest, Geneva, Jerusalem, London, Madrid, Milan, Teheran and Vienna. He added that, at many of the meetings, and among the Carnegie Hall audience, there were a large number of displaced persons, refugees and other needy Jews, who had been helped by the JDC and who felt a sense of deep personal loss.

Rabbi Joseph H. Lookstein of New York delivered the opening prayer and Cantor David Putterman of New York chanted the El Mole Rachamim, a prayer for the dead.

## Role Viewed as One of Seeking Universalist Approach to Refugee Problems

Ambassador James W. Wine, special assistant for refugees and migration affairs to Secretary of State Dean Rusk, told the meeting that there were few persons who could "approach the stature, respect and admiration that Charles Jordan enjoyed among his peers, who constitute the international community daily laboring to assist refugees. While others persisted in thinking of the refugee as a European phenomenon to be solved on a traditionally sectarian basis, he constantly campaigned to make people aware of the rapid proliferation of refugee situations throughout the world and the necessity for a new universalist approach to relief."

Ambassador Francisco Urrutia, western hemisphere representative of the office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, read a cable from the Commissioner, Prince Sadruddin Aga Khan, in which the commissioner singled out as one of Mr. Jordan's major achievements his role in the creation of the International Council of Voluntary Agencies in 1962. He said in the cable that it was largely due to Mr. Jordan's stature "and the universal recognition of his selflessness that 100 organizations, representing a staggering diversity of religious faiths, humanitarian interest and outlook all over the world, have been brought together within a single framework."

Max M. Fisher, general chairman of the United Jewish Appeal, said Mr. Jordan had served the JDC "out of a great love for his own people" and that "he served passionately, completely and free from the heart, and it is in the heart -- hundreds of thousands of hearts -- that he is, and will be remembered."

Dr. Joseph J. Schwartz, vice-president of the Israel Bond Organization, called Mr. Jordan a professional "who knew and understood that his work was linked to Jewish destiny and that it was his duty and responsibility to fill the role of a servant of the Jewish people."

Frank L. Goffio, executive director of CARE, Inc., who was Mr. Jordan's predecessor as chairman of the American Council of Voluntary Agencies for Foreign Service, stressed Mr. Jordan's concern for "refugees of every faith." He declared that, as chairman of the American Council, Mr. Jordan was "the spokesman and leader of 44 organizations representing every major religious faith, as well as many different non-sectarian, cultural and service organizations engaged in international relief activities on behalf of all groups of the needy."

## Dr. Edward H. Levi Is Elected President of University of Chicago

CHICAGO, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Dr. Edward Hirsch Levi became the first Jew to head a major American university, with his election Thursday as president of the University of Chicago.

Dr. Levi, 56, is the grandson of Rabbi Emil G. Hirsch, one of the founders of American Reform Judaism and also one of the first members of the faculty of the University of Chicago. A native of that city, Dr. Levi attended classes from kindergarten in the laboratory schools through law school at the university.

As provost, Dr. Levi has been the university's chief academic officer since 1962. Last year, he was named to the board of trustees. The new president-elect joined the faculty in 1936, as an instructor in the law school, whose dean he was from 1950 to 1962. During a leave from the law school, he held a number of posts in the office of the United States Attorney General and with the Department of Justice.

Dr. George Beadle, present head of the university, whom Dr. Levi will succeed in 1968, said that he was "so clearly and obviously the right person to serve as president that it has been difficult to think seriously about other possibilities."

## Federal Court Rejects Bid for Injunction Against Christmas Stamp

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- Federal District Judge Alexander Holtzoff has ruled that the Post Office Department's annual Christmas stamp does not violate constitutional guarantees of the separation of church and state.

He denied a request by Protestants and Other Americans United for the Separation of Church and State for an injunction to prevent issuance of the Christmas stamp this year. He said that, while the Constitution provided for "a separation of church and state," it did not require a separation of religion and state.

The Protestant group said that the stamp, a reproduction of Hans Memling's "Madonna and Child," was "a religious symbol commonly associated with the Roman Catholic Church."

## Negro Group Likens Itself to German Jews and Says 'It Can Happen Here'

NEW YORK, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- A chapter of the Congress of Racial Equality, several of whose members are under a city investigation on charges of anti-Semitic behavior, issued a manifesto here comparing Negroes in the United States with the Jews in Nazi Germany, asserting "as it happened to them, it can happen to us."

The Brooklyn chapter of CORE made the comparison to explain why it planned to leave the ghetto to "establish a new world." The document declared that "the German plan was to exterminate the Jewish culture and the Jews. Whitey's plan is the same" for the Negro. "We Black Militants note the similarity" between Negroes in the United States "and the Jews in Germany. We pray that the hand of death will pass us by. As it happened to them, it can happen to us."

In recent months, members of the CORE chapter had been active in a struggle for better schools for children in slum areas. That struggle brought a charge from the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith that CORE members in Brooklyn and Queens had been guilty of "blatant and vicious anti-Semitic outbursts and racist behavior in four school-community controversies in largely Negro sections in the two boroughs.

At the ADL's request, the City Commission on Human Relations ordered on August 7 that two commission members investigate the charges of anti-Semitism.

## Jewish Immigration Into Canada Increases Over 1966

OTTAWA, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- A total of 2,091 Jews entered Canada in the first six months of 1967 according to immigration statistics for the period made public here by the Department of Manpower and Immigration. The total compares to 1,197 for the same period in 1966. Of the total, 1,074 gave Israel as the country of last permanent residence. In 1966, 508 listed Israel. Canada's total immigration in the six-month period was 83,108.

## Convicted of Murder of 4,000, Nazi Official Is Freed on Probation

BONN, Sept. 17. (JTA) -- A former SS officer, convicted of complicity in the murder of 4,000 persons, was sentenced to six-and-one-half years in jail today -- and promptly set free on probation. The officer, Dr. Albert Widmann, 54, was convicted in a Stuttgart court for his participation in the killing of mental defectives in Russia in 1941.

The court president, Dr. Wolfgang Fischer, noted that Widmann had already served three-and-one-half years in jail on another conviction, for taking part in human "guinea pig" tests on prisoners at the Sachsenhausen concentration camp in 1942. Concluding that Widmann had already served more than two-thirds of his jail sentence on this charge, Dr. Fischer released him on four years' probation. He also ordered Widmann to pay a fine of 4,000 marks (\$360) to charity.