



# Jewish Telegraphic Agency

## DAILY NEWS BULLETIN

660 FIRST AVENUE

NEW YORK 16. N.Y.

Contents Copyright: Republication only by previous arrangement

Vol. XXXIII - 49th year

Monday, May 16, 1966

No. 93

### EBAN CONFERS WITH POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER IN WARSAW; GERMANY ALERT

WARSAW, May 15. (JTA) -- Israel's Foreign Minister Abba Eban, here to conduct a conference of Israeli diplomats accredited to seven East European countries, met Poland's Foreign Minister Adam Rapacki here today, for the second time this weekend. The two foreign ministers met for a general review of problems of concern to both Poland and Israel and, according to an Israeli spokesman's description, "international affairs and matters relating to the two countries."

(A Jerusalem dispatch to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reported that a member of Mr. Eban's entourage said he believed Mr. Eban explained to Mr. Rapacki Israel's position regarding the Oder-Neisse Line, the postwar Polish borders in dispute with Germany. Jerusalem also reported that Dr. Rolf Pauls, Bonn's Ambassador to Israel, had been instructed by his Government to request from the Israeli Foreign Ministry an "explanation" regarding those Rapacki-Eban talks.)

Mr. Eban met Mr. Rapacki for the second time today when both participated in ceremonies at the Monument to the Jewish Martyrs commemorating the Warsaw Ghetto uprising of 1943. Mr. Eban laid a wreath at the base of the monument. Later, he conferred with Polish Minister of Culture Lucian Motyka, the two Cabinet members reviewing Polish-Israeli cultural relations. Then Mr. Eban visited the Institute for Jewish History here.

Mr. Eban seemed today still shaken by his visit Friday to the site of the Auschwitz concentration camp, now a Polish national memorial shrine. There, surrounded by the Israeli Ambassadors and diplomatic Ministers to the countries beyond the Iron Curtain, the Israeli Foreign Minister, visibly moved, laid flowers at the foot of the Auschwitz "wall of death" and at the ruins of a crematorium at nearby Birkenau.

### AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE HOLDS CLOSING SESSION IN STATE DEPT.

WASHINGTON, May 15. (JTA) -- The 60th anniversary meeting of the American Jewish Committee, in session here since Thursday, closed today with a luncheon in the State Department's diplomatic reception room, after the election of officers of the organization.

Morris B. Abram, of New York, an attorney who is United States representative on the United Nations Commission on Human Rights, was reelected president. Sol M. Linowitz, of Rochester, N.Y., who had been a member of the organization's policy-making executive board, was elected chairman of that body. Reelected also were Philip E. Hoffman, of South Orange, N.J., as chairman of the board of governors; and Dr. John Slawson as executive vice-president.

Details of a pioneering, seven-year study to be conducted by a newly-established Center for Research in Collective Psychopathology were reported at the luncheon by the principal speaker, David Astor, editor of the London Observer. Mr. Astor told the session that Nazi genocide was not an isolated phenomenon but, rather, the most extreme of a number of mass killings that have taken place in modern times. He said the new center's studies will be focused on the processes by which certain social groups come to be regarded as sub-human and, thus, liable to persecution and even to annihilation.

Mr. Linowitz, who presided at the luncheon, said the study outlined by Mr. Astor was an extension of pioneering work in the area of group prejudice and hatred. The study, he declared, could mark an important step toward the elimination of bigotry. He stressed that the AJC regarded the project as very significant and consistent with earlier studies of the Nazi regime initiated by the organization.

### Rise of Anti-Semitism in Austria Reported; Plan Suggested

Dr. Slawson, who returned recently from visits to West Germany and Austria, urged at the luncheon session the immediate expansion of an education-visits program, which, he said, could "profoundly change West Germany's political and civil education, and is already showing signs of doing so." He referred to the AJC program which, since 1960, has been bringing high-ranking German educators to the United States to study American methods of civic education for introduction into West German educational institutions.

The organization's top executive reported that, while in Austria, he had called on the Vienna Government to encourage a similar project for that country, and declared that "very high" Austrian officials had expressed enthusiasm for an American educator visit by their nationals. Reporting that there were "ominous signs that anti-Semitism was becoming increasingly overt and widespread" in Austria, Dr. Slawson stressed the "urgent need" for the implementation of such a program in that country.

**JOHNSON DELIVERS STIRRING SPEECH AT AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE PARLEY**

WASHINGTON, May 15. (JTA) -- A brief but stirring address was delivered here by President Johnson at the convention of the American Jewish Committee where he made an unexpected appearance on Thursday and was presented with the organization's American Liberties Medallion, its highest award "for exceptional advancement of the cause of human liberty." The President said:

"I am deeply appreciative of this award for a contribution to the cause of freedom. But to receive such an award from an organization such as yours is a tribute beyond anything I have a right to expect. No people know more profoundly than your people what is really the true meaning of freedom. Because from the experience of more than 5,000 years you know that the threat to your neighbors' freedom is only a prologue to the attack on your own freedoms.

"Throughout history, your people have been among the victims of the enemies of freedom. Those who thought they could sit idly by and enjoy their own liberty while that of their fellow Jews was taken away have always had a rude awakening.

"Your organization, through its programs to encourage the growth of free institutions everywhere, has demonstrated the principle of that historic lesson. For you have fought not merely for the rights of Jews but you have fought with equal strength for the rights of every suppressed minority.

"You have defended the Catholic and Protestant and the victims of racial discrimination no less than you have always fought for the rights of your fellow Jews. And this in my judgment is the finest example of what we really mean by this word Americanism.

"I am proud and privileged that you have chosen me for this award on this occasion. I will treasure it as long as I live and will pass it on to those who come after me. Coming from a group such as yours, who have made the path of freedom easier to travel for all their fellow citizens, this award means just a little more for this kind of man."

**STUDY SHOWS ANTI-JEWISH BIAS IN NAMING U.S. UNIVERSITY PRESIDENTS**

WASHINGTON, May 15. (JTA) -- The American Jewish Committee reported yesterday the results of a study showing that fewer than one percent of the presidents of America's 775 non-sectarian senior colleges and universities, public and private, were Jewish even though Jews make up between 10 and 12 percent of the student bodies and faculties of those institutions.

The findings were made public at the annual meeting of the AJCommittee by its president, Morris B. Abram, based on a six-month study which concluded that "there does not seem to be any alternative to the conclusion that bias is at work."

The study found that since 1949, there has been an estimated 1,000 vacancies in the presidencies of publicly-supported universities and senior colleges. But, up to a month ago, not one appointment had been given to a Jewish educator. The lone exception is Dr. Martin Myerson, who will take office as president of the Buffalo Campus of the State University of New York later this year.

The study found that of 1,720 deans in the 775 colleges and universities, 45 or 2.6 percent, are Jews and 29 of these are in six institutions. In the other 769 institutions, there are only 16 Jewish deans, fewer than one percent. The purported bias was explained on the premise that the presidency involves positions where the public "face" of the institution was concerned and that if Jews were chosen presidents, they might be handicapped by prejudice on the part of those with whom they must deal.

The study covered 397 private institutions. Five of these were found to have Jewish presidents: Bennington College, Brandeis University, which is Jewish-sponsored; Chicago Medical School, Lincoln University and Sarah Lawrence College. The report found that distribution of the Jewish deanships was "quite uneven." Almost two-thirds of the 45 Jewish deanships are concentrated in a few schools. There are 11 Jews among the 26 deans in the City University of New York. There are 18 more Jewish deans in five institutions with 67 deans. In the other 769 institutions, with 1,627 deans, there are only 16 Jewish deans.

There are 731 deans in the privately controlled institutions with 14 Jewish deans. In publicly controlled institutions, with 989 deans, there are 31 Jewish deans. When the City University of New York is discounted, the ratio in public institutions is not much higher than in private ones: 20 Jews among 963 deans or 2.1 percent.

Jewish deans are disproportionately often found in certain types of graduate schools. Six are at schools of social work, five at schools of government and international affairs. The report found that two major universities have Jewish provosts, one has a Jewish vice-provost, and two have Jewish vice-chancellors. The 15,000-student Pittsburgh University appointed a Jewish acting chancellor.

Mr. Abram said the report would be sent to all groups in the community concerned with selection of college and university administrators, appropriate legislative committees and officials of the U.S. Office of Education.

CONVENTION OF JEWISH SOCIAL WORKERS DISCUSSES 'GREAT SOCIETY' PROBLEMS

WASHINGTON, May 15. (JTA) -- The question whether President Johnson's "Great Society" programs are on a "collision course" with non-government welfare agencies -- Jewish and non-Jewish -- was raised here today at the opening session of the 68th annual meeting of the National Conference of Jewish Communal Service. The five-day parley, which is attended by more than 1,000 Jewish communal workers, is devoted to the subject of how the Jewish community is to face the Great Society.

Dr. Benjamin B. Rosenberg, executive director of the Combined Jewish Philanthropies of Boston, who delivered the keynote address, told the Jewish professional workers in the fields of Jewish welfare, health and communal services gathered from all parts of the country that, "in ever-increasing measure, Jewish communal services may need to focus on quality and intensity rather than on quantitative coverage of all segments of the Jewish community and all areas of need."

Pointing out that, while the Great Society has been described as "an unprecedented series of legislative triumphs in all areas of social and economic welfare," and "a massive attack on poverty and other forms of deprivation supported by massive funds," Dr. Rosenberg stated that it has also been labeled as "a maze of national, regional and local conflicts and irritations with the inevitable political road blocks, putting more emphasis on quantity rather than quality of services." He outlined a number of issues "which are already keenly felt or which will inevitably and profoundly affect Jewish communal services." These include:

1. The bandwagon psychology -- with a tendency for institutions and practitioners to rush to find a niche for themselves in the program of the Great Society -- the the possible detriment of ongoing programs.
  2. The extent of planning which can realistically be achieved in the face of the increasing flow of government funds.
  3. The increasing acuteness of the manpower problems with the exciting and challenging vistas of the Great Society threatening an exodus of trained personnel from the field which already is suffering from shortages.
  4. The meaning of the Great Society to middle-class structures and values which have been the focus of Jewish communal services.
  5. The increase in church-state infractions and the rationalization for accepting them.
  6. The gap between the principles and programs of the Great Society and the readiness of the Jewish community leadership to move towards their implementation.
- Calling "comprehensiveness, continuity and community" as key concepts underlying the major legislative acts of the Great Society, Dr. Rosenberg stated that "a significant aspect of communal service is the development of a Jewish community leadership corps -- both lay and professional."

Endorses Efforts to Relieve Discrimination Against Soviet Jewry

Associate Professor Arnold Gurin, of Brandeis University, reviewed various approaches to defining a rationale for Jewish sectarian services in the new climate of the Great Society. His theme was "Sectarianism -- A Value Dilemma." A large number of position papers was offered by leading practitioners in various fields of Jewish communal service on the current status of their particular areas of practice. These papers described how Jewish communal services have organized to meet the developing needs of the American Jewish community. As it exists today, against the background of the Great Society era.

They also presented unresolved problems facing the Jewish community, including questions of Jewish identification, continuity, and issues like anti-Semitism and Jewish education. A main question asked was whether access to jobs, affluence and status, with accompanying freer social associations, will undermine the sense of belonging to a distinct and unique Jewish community.

Resolutions adopted today emphasized the need for peaceful settlement of world disputes. One measure stated: "We favor policies of the U.S. Government which are rooted in the goals of peace and world order, since these are basic conditions for the well-being of Jews and of all humanity." Other resolutions urged American ratification of the United Nations convention on genocide, and other U.N. human rights treaties.

Efforts to relieve discrimination against Soviet Jewry were endorsed. Concern was voiced about the security of Israel and efforts were asked for new American steps to promote regional peace.

CHIEF RABBI OF ISRAEL LEAVES U.S. TODAY AFTER FOUR-WEEK VISIT

NEW YORK, May 15. (JTA) -- Chief Rabbi Isser Yehuda Unterman of Israel will return to Israel tomorrow by El Al Airlines after a four-week visit to the United States sponsored by the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America.

During his visit to this country, Chief Rabbi Unterman was received at the White House by President Lyndon B. Johnson. He also met with other prominent Americans.

U.S. TO BUY ARMS FROM GERMAN FIRM DESPITE JEWISH PROTESTS

WASHINGTON, May 15. (JTA) -- United States Secretary of Defense Robert McNamara and West German Defense Minister Kai-Uwe von Hassel announced yesterday agreement on a controversial deal in which the United States will purchase 20 MM. cannons from the Rheinmetall Arms Works, despite B'nai B'rith protests that the German firm refused to compensate Jewish slave laborers who were concentration camp inmates forced to work for Rheinmetall. A number of the present directors of the firm were directors during the Hitler era, and members of the Nazi Party.

Defense Department officials said the U.S. Army will spend \$74, 200, 000 for the guns, spare parts, technical data, and royalties. The gun is the Hispano-Suiza 820, and will be mounted on armored command and reconnaissance vehicles. The agreement emerged from a lengthy discussion of a wide range of NATO and American-West German defense cooperation questions.

U.S. Army officials said that despite B'nai B'rith protests and charges by American arms manufacturers that similar weapons were available domestically, the Army has decided that no similar weapon is available in the United States.

COCA-COLA CORPORATION REFUSES TO COMMENT ON ARAB BOYCOTT THREAT

NEW YORK, May 15. (JTA) -- A spokesman for the Coca-Cola Export Corporation said yesterday the company had no comment on a threat by the Arab League to boycott Coca-Cola operations in Arab countries if the firm proceeded with plans for a franchise operation in Israel.

The threat was made in Damascus by Mohammed Marjough, commissioner-general of the Arab Boycott League office. He said the Arab world would be ordered to close the many Coca-Cola plants in Arab countries in three months if the company granted a concession to Israel. The company announced last month it had granted a franchise for an Israeli operation to Abraham Feinberg, president of the Israel Bond Organization, and a group of investors.

The Arab League official also said that the League would ask other Islamic countries, such as Pakistan and Indonesia, to stop buying the drink if the Israelis received access to it. Coca-Cola has bottling plants in all Arab states except Syria and Jordan. Mr. Feinberg and his associates received the franchise last April 15, after charges had been made that the company had bowed to the Arab boycott in rejecting a franchise application from an Israeli soft drink manufacturer.

ISRAEL PRESIDENT OPENS SHOLEM ALEICHEM SHRINE IN TEL AVIV

TEL AVIV, May 15. (JTA) -- President Zalman Shazar today officially opened the Sholem Aleichem House here, marking the 50th anniversary of the death of the great Jewish writer, who died in New York in 1916. The memorial shrine to Sholem Aleichem will house all available materials concerning his life and works, and will also serve as a research center.

Previously unpublished and unedited works of Sholem Aleichem have been discovered and will be issued in a new collection that may run into 20 volumes, it was announced at today's opening ceremony by Dr. Eliahu Elath, president of the Hebrew University and chairman of the board of directors of Sholem Aleichem Foundation. The Center carrying Sholem Aleichem's name has been built at a cost of \$175, 000 contributed by American friends, by the Farband-Labor Zionist Order of the United States, and by Histadrut. The City of Tel Aviv contributed the land. When completed, the structure is expected to cost \$200, 000.

Principal participants in today's ceremonies, in addition to President Shazar, included I.D. Berkowitz, of Tel Aviv, a son-in-law of the late writer and the translator of his works into Hebrew; Sholem Aleichem's youngest daughter, Mrs. Marie Goldberg, of New York; her husband, B.Z. Goldberg, well-known Yiddish essayist; Israel's Minister of Education Zalman Aranne; and Tel Aviv Mayor Mordechai Namir.

50th Anniversary of Sholem Aleichem's Death Observed in Russia

WASHINGTON, May 15. (JTA) -- The Soviet Embassy issued a report of the Novosti Press Agency today stating that extensive events are being held in Russia to memorialize the 50th anniversary of the death of the famous Yiddish writer, Sholem Aleichem.

The report said a mass anniversary meeting was held by the Soviet Writers' Union in Moscow's Central Writers' Club on May 13. Prominent men of letters and public leaders participated. The report added that the anniversary was especially marked in Kiev, where Sholem Aleichem lived for many years. A meeting will be held May 19 in the Kiev Philharmonic Society Hall where, the report said, Sholem Aleichem's works will be recited in the Yiddish language by Ilya Khalif, and in Ukrainian by Anatoly Palamarenko. Other entertainers on the program will render Yiddish musical and dramatic selections.

The 50th anniversary of Sholem Aleichem's death will also be observed in Moscow at the Chaikovsky Hall, in Kharkov, Riga, Vilna and other Soviet cities with a large Jewish population, where the works of the famous Jewish writer will be recited by Jewish actors, the report stated.

**BOSTON JEWISH PHILANTHROPIES ANNOUNCE RAISING \$5,492,000 FOR 1966**

BOSTON, May 15. (JTA) -- The Combined Jewish Philanthropies of Greater Boston announced a final figure of \$5,492,000 in its 1966 Appeal at its campaign closing dinner at the Somerset Hotel. Norman B. Leventhal, general campaign chairman, noted that this year's total -- some \$400,000 higher than in 1965 -- was the best result in close to a decade.

"We have made a major step forward," he stated. "We have demonstrated that our community has the capacity to understand the needs and respond with generosity. The pattern we developed this year augurs well for the future." Sidney Stoneman, president of the CJP expressed the hope that this year's achievement "is only a rung on a continuing rising ladder that will enable our community to help more people more effectively."

Calling the campaign total "a strong reaffirmation of the continued vitality of our Federation as the primary instrument of the Jewish community for planning and fund-raising," Dr. Benjamin B. Rosenberg, executive director of CJP, added that "going beyond dollars, our community and its leadership have demonstrated again their support of our ever-renewed goal towards achieving higher standards of excellence in our agencies and in our services."

Special tribute at the dinner was paid to Sidney S. Cohen, who is retiring after 36 years of executive leadership, most recently as vice-president of endowments and bequests. The presentation was made by Herman Gilman, a past president and campaign chairman of the CJP.

**CONSERVATIVE RABBIS TOLD AT CONVENTION WHAT A RABBI SHOULD NOT BE**

TORONTO, May 15. (JTA) -- Some 500 Conservative rabbis from all parts of the United States and Canada met here today for the opening session of the 66th annual convention of the Rabbinical Assembly, the first time that the organization is holding its conclave outside the United States. The convention will continue through Thursday.

In his presidential address, Rabbi Max J. Routtenberg of Rockville Center, N. Y., urged the American rabbi to stress his function as "the teacher par excellence of his people" without attempting to become a "news commentator or a spellbinder" in his preaching, "a psychiatrist" in his counseling "nor a politician in the discharge of his social responsibilities."

Asserting that the rabbi and the community must both pay a price for the many-sided competence required of today's spiritual leaders, Rabbi Routtenberg said that the rabbi "cannot achieve the depth of learning, the mastery of the texts, the scholarship of the historic rabbi." For this reason, he declared, "it becomes imperative that he be exposed to as much classical learning in his student years as possible."

Rabbi Stuart E. Rosenberg, convention chairman, cited the parallel development between the Canadian and U.S. Jewish communities, noting that Canadian Jews faced similar problems to those of Jews in the United States. A highlight of the convention will be a special convocation of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America at which Canadian Prime Minister Lester Pearson will receive an honorary degree.

**JEWISH SOCIAL SCIENTISTS DISCUSS RELIGION IN THE CURRENT ERA**

NEW YORK, May 15. (JTA) -- About 250 Jewish social scientists and communal leaders engaged here tonight in a two-day meeting convened by the Conference on Jewish Social Studies, to discuss the relationship between the Jewish religion in the current era, the aesthetics of Jewish religious culture and modern thinking. With Dr. Joseph Blau, professor of religion at Columbia University, as moderator, the discussions revolved principally about two papers, presented by Rabbi Sherwin T. Wine, of Birmingham, Mich., and Hans Jonas, professor of philosophy on the graduate faculty of political and social science at the New School for Social Research.

The meeting was held at the YIVO Institute for Jewish Research, and marked the annual session of the Conference on Jewish Studies. The organization was founded in 1933 by the late Prof. Morris Raphael Cohen, of the City College of New York, and Prof. Salo W. Baron, of Columbia University. It seeks to promote, by means of scientific study and research, a better understanding of the position of the Jews in the modern world.

**B'NAI B'RITH PRESIDENT URGES PERSISTENCE IN FIGHT FOR SOVIET JEWRY**

CAMDEN, N. J., May 15. (JTA) -- The American Jewish community is being "tested on its staying power" in the campaign to restore cultural, religious and communal rights to Soviet Jews, Dr. William A. Wexler, president of B'nai B'rith, said here today. Speaking at a "Vigil for Soviet Jewry," sponsored by the Camden County Jewish community, Dr. Wexler urged an outdoor audience of 500 to "pledge your persistence" for what he predicted would be a "long and arduous struggle" to win for the Soviet Jew his right to be Jewish.

Senator Clifford Case of New Jersey told the audience that the psychological effects of the USSR's anti-Jewish practices could only prove harmful to its non-Jewish citizens as well. The demonstration here, he added, was "as much in the interests of Soviet Russia itself as it was in the interests of Soviet Jews."

LEADING CATHOLIC, PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN CELEBRATE ISRAEL'S REBIRTH

NEW YORK, May 15. (JTA) -- Seventeen leading New York clergymen of the Catholic, Protestant and Jewish faiths joined here today in celebrating the 18th anniversary of Israel's independence, which was formally proclaimed 18 years ago today, by endorsing a famous, 75-year-old American document which had called for the establishment of a Jewish state in Palestine. The clergymen hailed the rebirth of Israel as the fulfillment of God's promise.

Among the signers of the statement were Francis Cardinal Spellman, Roman Catholic archbishop of New York; Dr. Dan Potter, executive director of the Protestant Council of New York; and Rabbi Harold Gordon, executive vice-president of the New York Board of Rabbis.

The old document which the clergymen endorsed as a reminder of Israel's contemporary significance is known as "The Blackstone Memorial." It was presented to President Benjamin Harrison in 1891 by William E. Blackstone, a religious layman and businessman of Chicago, who, after visiting Palestine, appealed for "an international conference to consider the condition of the Israelites and their claim to Palestine as their ancient home." In 1916, the memorial was presented at the White House again, to President Woodrow Wilson, and was said to have influenced Mr. Wilson in his endorsement of the Balfour Declaration a year later.

Today's statement was issued by the America-Israel Society, an interfaith body headed by Baltimore's Mayor Theodore R. McKeldin, former governor of Maryland. The 17 spiritual leaders, citing the Blackstone Memorial, declared: "The rebirth of Israel has not only lifted the hearts of Jews all over the world. It has also contributed to a vastly deep understanding of Judaism by Christians, to a fraternal spirit and dialogue between Jews and Christians, and we are confident that doors will in time be opened to mutually beneficial 'I-Thou' relationships between the Israelis and the Arabs as well. God is using her (Israel) once again to send forth 'light from Zion' to the nations of the world."

Among the original signers of the Blackstone Memorial were the Chief Justice of the United States Supreme Court in 1891, the governor of Massachusetts, the mayor of New York, Congressman William McKinley, later to become President of the United States, and outstanding industrialists and merchants like John D. Rockefeller and John Wanamaker.

U.S. OFFICIAL CITES ISRAEL'S NATIONAL SERVICE PROGRAM AS MODEL

NEW YORK, May 15. (JTA) -- Israel's universal national service program, in which all young people participate in some form of service to the country -- whether in the military forces or through work on the land in pioneer settlements -- could serve as a model for American use of its youth, 300 members of the Labor Zionist Organization-Poale Zion were told here today by the associate director of the United States Peace Corps.

The Peace Corps official, Harris Wofford, was the principal speaker at a Labor Zionist luncheon honoring Ambassador Avraham Harman, Israel's envoy to Washington, as part of the Poale Zionist observance of the 18th anniversary of Israel's independence. Comparing the United States selective service system with Israel's, Mr. Wofford said:

"There is a draft in Israel. But the success of Israel's program comes primarily from the acceptance of national service, including pioneering work on the land as part of the definition of 20th Century citizenship. National service in Israel is seen as part of the education of every young Israeli. Israel's universal, national service program thus plays a part in the integration of peoples of diverse background. Is not that, perhaps, also the way for us to win our war on poverty?"

PROF. BERGMANN, TWO OTHER ISRAELIS, RECEIVE ISRAEL'S SECURITY PRIZES

TEL AVIV, May 15. (JTA) -- Prof. Ernst David Bergmann, who was chairman of Israel's Atomic Energy Commission for 15 years, received Israel's annual Defense Forces Prize at ceremonies here Friday over which Prime Minister Levi Eshkol presided. The Premier, who is also Minister of Defense, cited Dr. Bergmann for his overall "important contribution to the establishment and development of defense scientific research since Israel attained its independence." Dr. Bergmann headed the Atomic Energy Commission from 1951 until his resignation three weeks ago.

Mr. Eshkol, at the same time, awarded the prize also to several other recipients for "important achievements in a vital field of security activity," without identifying the specific nature of the activity. The others included a team of researchers, among them, Uri Even-Tov, an aeronautical engineer, and an Israeli naval officer, Michael Harel.

\$6,930,000 BUDGET PRESENTED FOR W.I.Z.O. ACTIVITIES IN 1966

TEL AVIV, May 15. (JTA) -- A 1966-1967 budget for the Women's International Zionist Organization of 20,800,000 pounds (\$6,930,000) was submitted yesterday to the WIZO executive by Mrs. Miriam Benporat, treasurer. The figure compared with 17,000,000 pounds (\$5,666,000) for the previous fiscal year.

She indicated WIZO expected to raise in Israel 10,500,000 pounds (\$3,500,000) of the budget with another 38 percent to be collected by WIZO groups in other countries. The remaining eight percent is an expected deficit, she said.