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MULTI-MILLION DOLLAR TRUMAN PEACE CENTER ESTABLISHED IN ISRAEL

INDEPENDENCE, Moi, Jan. 20: (JTA) -- The establishment of a Harry S; Truman Center for Advancement of Peace, a multi-million dollar project decided to applying scientific methods to the isolation and destruction of the causes of war, was announced here today at impressive ceremonies attended by President Johnson, former President Truman, Chief Justice Earl Warren of the U; S. Jupreme Court, and many dignitaries from the United States and Israel; The Center will be situated on the campus of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem; It will award an annual \$50,000 Truman Center Peace Prize as part of its comprehensive anti-war program;

President Johnson devoted his address to major domestic and foreign issues, avoiding any reference to the fact that the Truman Center will be in Israel. He lauded the former President and praised the fact that a center for the advancement of peace will carry Mr. Truman's name; "I came back to Independence to be with one of the world's most persistent searchers for peace," he said. He renewed his invitation to the "aggressors" in £sia to meet at the negotiating table;

The auditorium at Truman Library here, where the ceremony took place, was filled with personalities who included a White House group that came from Washington; more than 30 founders of the Truman Peace Center in Jerusalem, each of whom contributed \$100,000 for the establishment of the institution; Dr.; Eliahu Elath, president of the Herberw University, who came here from Israel for the ceremony; Ambassador Arthur Lourie, Deputy Director-General of the Israeli Foreign Ministry, who flew here from Jerusalem as the personal representative of Israel's Prime Minister Levi Eshkol; Avraham Farman, Israel's Ambassador to Washington, representing President Zalman Shazar of Israel; and Samuel Rothberg, chairman of the board of the ..merican Friends of the Hebrew University, which sponsored the event;

Chief Justice Warren, referring to the projected Center in Israel, said: "Many nations have great academies devoted solely to the art of war. But I know of no academy or university in any nation devoted solely to the art of peace. The Truman shrine we here inaugurate is, in fact, the only such peace institution I know of which will be part of a great university. Let us hope the idea will spread to many universities, as civilization itself spread thousands of years ago from that ancient part of the world where it will be located;"

Truman Stresses Need to Abolish War; Lays Hope on Jerusalem Center

Mr. Truman himself, in accepting the honor of having the Peace Center named after him, struck the keynote of the occasion by declaring that "the first order of business confronting mankind is to abolish war. I hope that the Center for the advancement of peace will bring to each and every one of the founders the enduring satisfaction of having partiacipated in an undertaking designed to save us from ourselves, "he said." "It is the first order of responsibility confronting all government leaders, under whatever system they choose to live, to determine how to do away with war completely as a way of internationlife. May this Center become a major source of light and reason toward the achievement of eternal peace;"

The Truman Center, it was announced, will be housed in a \$10,000,000 structure whose design will be selected in an international architecture competition. It will be an interfaith, interracial and supranational institution. It will be governed by an international group of trustees to be chosen from among statesmen, scholars, clergymen, United Nations officials, writers and "people who have made significant contributions in international peace efforts." There will also be 12 permanent faculty chairs devoted to the pursuit of peace:

Truman Invited to Visit Israel and See the Center at Work

said the Center will carry on studies and research in subjects relating to international relations such as international law, comparative religion, political theory and philosophy, with emphasis on problems of education. Special projects, he said, will draw on Israel's experience in social and cultural integration of plural communities from widely varying backgrounds;

"Last but not least the Truman Center will endeavor to contribute to the friendly relations and better understanding already happily existing between the Israel and the American peoples, "I the president of the Hebrew University continued, "The name of President Truman will remain forever the source of inspiration for further strengthening of these relations between our two free democracies for the preservation of human liberties, peace and security in the world;"

Ambassador Lourie told the assemblage that Premier Eshkol regretted that he could not leave Israel today, due to internal affairs; He lauded Mr; Truman's postwar role in "helping to rescue the surviving remnants of the concentration camps" and for his "imperishable contribution to the reestablishment in our day of Israel's nationhood; "The participation in these proceedings of President Johnson, "Mr; Lourie said, "is a noble, a generous and a splendid tribute to the character of this occasion; That he found it possible to do so will be greated with immense satisfaction in Israel;" Among the personalities who addressed the gathering was Nathaniel Goldstein, president of the American Friends of the Hebrew University;

Names of Founders Announced; Each Made \$100,000 Contribution

Mr. Rothberg, as chairman of the board of the American Friends of the Hebrew University, introduced the individual founders of the Truman Center at the inaugural ceremony; At Mr. Truman's request, David Noyes, his long-time friend and aide, presided; Messages were received from Pope Paul VI, President Ferdinand E. Marcos of the Phillipines who was represented by Jose D. Ingles, Undersecretary for Foreign Affairs, Prime Minister Lester E. Pearson of Canada, and from other statesmen;

The names of the Truman Center founders, each of whom contributed \$100,000, were announced by the American Friends of the Hebrew University: They included: Mrs. Charlotte Bergman, New York; Abraham Borman, Huntington Woods, Mich.; Louis H. Boyar, Beverly Fills, Calif.; Yexutide Federmann, Faifa, Israel; Barold L.; Flerman, New York; George Frankel, Greenwich, Conn.; Harry H.; Frankel, New York; George Friedland, Philadelphia; Saul Furman, New York; Philip J.; Goldberg, New York; Dr.; Philip Goltbe, Coral Gables, Fla.; Anatol M.; Josepho, Santa Monica, Calif.;

Liso Philip M: Klutznick, Chicago; Dr; Mortimer M: Kopp, New York; Stanley S: Langendorf, San Francisco; Joseph Levy, New York; Isidore Lipschutz, New York; Joseph M: Mazer, New York; Samuel M: Melton, Columbus, C; Baron de Hirsch Meyer, Miami Beach; Jakob Michael; New York; Joel Ostrowicz, Sao Paulo, Brazil; Cscar S; Pattiz, Beverly Hills, Calif; Julius Jack Rosen, Baltimore; James Ross, Youngstown, O;; Samuel Rothberg, Peoria; Ill; Baron Edmond de Rothschild, Paris;

Also Mrs; Emma Schaver, Southfield, Mich; Mark S; Schulman, Beverly Hills, Calif; Leonard I; Shankman, New York; Herbert M; Singer, New York; Leon H; Sturman, Rochester, N; Y;, executor of the estate of Samuel Sturman; Jerry M; Oudarsky, Bestersfield, Calif;; Benjamin H; Swig, San Francisco; .braham F; Wechsler, New York; Den Veingart, Los Angeles; and Yilliam Wishnick, Scarsdale, N; Y;

Ceremonies in Israel Mark Launching of Truman Peace Center

JERUSALEM, Jan. 20: (JTA) -- In ceremonies today at the official residence here of President Zalman Shazar, Israel observed its own counterpart of the launching at Independence, Missouri, of the Farry S. Truman Center for the Advancement of Peace, to be established at the Hebrew University in this city;

Addresses lauding former U.S. President Truman, and pointing up the significance of the project toward world peace, were delivered by President Shazar; Foreign Minister Abba Eban; Valworth Barbour; United States Ambassador to Israel; Prof. Nathan Rotenstreich, rector of the Hebrew University; and Israel Supreme Court Justice Faim Gohn: President Shazar sent the following cable to Mr. Truman;

"In setting up this Center, so fittingly bearing your name, the people of Israel see an opportunity once more to express our deep gratitude for your historic role in the birth of the State of Israel and of the warm friendship we feel for you and Mrs. Truman. May the Truman Center advance the study and teaching of those immortal ideals which saw the light of day in Israel long ago, and which you have done so much to preserve and further in our own time:

U. S. STARTS INVESTIGATION OF AMERICAN SCIENTISTS WORKING FOR EGYPT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. (JTA) -- The United States Department of Justice made known today that it has launched an investigation of American scientists reportedly secretly working on military missiles for Egypt and will prosecute such persons if violations of Federal laws are found;

J. Walter Yeagley, Assistant Attorney General and head of the Internal Security Division, wrote Rep. Seymour Falpern, New York Republican, that the Justice Department has decided to act on this situation in response to the Congressman's request "in view of possible compromise of classified material which might be involved;"

Mr. Yeagley said "if our inquiry reflects any violation of Federal law, you may be assured that prompt and effective steps will be taken to prosecute those responsible for the violation." He added "your concern in bringing this matter to the attention of the Attorney General is greatly appreciated;"

NEW JEWISH AGENCY EXECUTIVE DEFERS DISTRIBUTION OF PORTFOLIOS

JERUSALEM, Jan. 20. (JTA) -- The new executive of the Jewish Agency decided, at its first formal meeting today, to defer temporarily the distribution of portfolios.

Dr. Nahum Goldmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, and Aryeh Pincus, chairman of the Agency executive, met yesterday and today with the various factions. The executive decided unanimously to go into the matter further before making any decision. The new functions of the executive, as determined by the World Zionist Actions Committee at a 10-day session which ended yesterday, include strengthening of ties with Jewish organizations and setting up new branches;

Undecided issues include the demand of the Neumann General Zionist faction to cancel the present procedure of rotation of the New York Jewish Agency chairmanship with the Confederation of General Zionists; Another unresolved issue is the function of the non-party members coopted during the session to the new executive; Unresolved also is the question of who will be the American Reform member and the nominations of South American non-party members of the executive;

For the next few weeks, the Jewish Agency's departments will be run by factions which are currently in charge. Such departments as Youth Aliyah, which was left by Moshe Kol, will be run by a director under Mr. Pincus or the whole executive. Meanwhile talks will continue.

SLOW-DOWN STRIKE OF HAIFA STEVEDORES AFFECTS LOADING OF CRANGES

HAIFA, Jan; 20: (JTA) -- A possible break in the three-day slow-down strike here by 500 stevedores, which has cut deeply into loading of citrus fruit for export, was seen today as negotiations between the workers and the United Port Services Company got underway: The strike began during the height of the loading season;

The workers are demanding a wage boost of 25 percent. They staged their protest by sticking strictly to standard norms for loading the crates. The slow-down has resulted in a reduction of at least half of the normal loading capacity at the port of 100,000 crates a day. The Israel Citrus Board ordered picking of oranges in groves to be reduced by 50 percent for each day of the slow-down until the backlog of unloaded crates of citrus fruits could be cleared up.

ISRAEL GOVERNMENT PREPARES FOR ECONOMIC AID TALKS WITH GERMANY

JERUSALEM, Jan. 20. (JTA) -- Asher Ben-Nathan, Israel's Ambassador to West Germany arrived here today for participation in Government discussions about the details of an economic agreement to be made with the Bonn Government. Among the items to be discussed are the size of West German economic aid and whether German assistance is to be linked to Israel's development budget or to be tied with specific projects. Bonn is understood to have requested that the latter course be followed:

The economic talks with West Germany, to be held soon, will translate into practice the promise of economic aid to Israel made by the Bonn Government last spring, when it announced its readiness to establish diplomatic relations with Israel. Germany had moved very slowly on implementing that promise but finally agreed to start the talks, now that Chancellor Ludwig Erhard's government had been assured of continuance by last fall's elections;

Top-ranking representatives of heavy industry in West Germany have been in Israel for a week, studying the possibility of manufacture in Israel of German machinery, electronics and chemical products, it was disclosed today. The industrialists, understood to represent the Krupp interests in West Germany, are reportedly looking into the possibilities of Israeli industry's cooperation in the export of certain products to developing countries in Africa and Asia.

FUTURE OF U. N. FORCES ON ISRAEL-EGYPTIAN BORDER CONSIDERED 'GLOOMY'

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Jan; 20. (ITA) -- Secretary-General U Thant said here today that, due to the lack of financial support by members of the United Nations, "the future of some of the peace-keeping operations, like the United Nations Emergency Force and the United Nations Force in Cyprus, is rather gloomy;" "In spite of my repeated appeals for contributions, "Ihe added, "the response has been far from encouraging." He made that statement at a news conference in the course of a general review of many recent U.N; developments;

The UNEF has been stationed for nine years on the Egyptian-held side of the Gaza Strip border with Israel, and at Sharm el-Sheikh, overlooking the Gulf of Akaba. The emergency force acts as a policing body to keep the Egyptian-Israeli borders from erupting into conflict, and to guarantee freedom of Israeli shipping to and from the port of Eliat;

U. N. BODY HEARS DEMANDS FOR FREE CULTURAL ACTIVITIES FOR MINORITIES

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Jan. 20; (JTA) -- Demands for United Nations action on behalf of free exercise of cultural rights by all ethnic and minority groups in all countries were made here today by an Israeli, a Frenchman and a Finn in addresses before the Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities;

In accordance with the group's rules, none of the speakers named any member state of the U.N. where such rights are being violated. But all made it clear that their remarks were aimed at the Soviet Union. One of the speakers, V.;V. Saario, of Finland, used the term "cultural genocide" in his stricture, a phrase often used by Jewvish organizations and others who protest against denial of cultural rights to Jews in the Soviet Union;

The other speakers on the subject, during a debate on genecide, were Dr. Meir Rosenne, Israel's alternate delegate to the subcommission, and Pierre Juvigny, who represents France: Dr. Rosenne told the subcommission that the U.N. ought 'bo find some way to include these cultural rights in an international agreement: "M. Juvigny referred to a convention against discrimination in education, adopted by the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, and said it was 'highly regrettable that, in some carts of the world, these prerogatives are not recognized."

The subcommission voted to retain a reference to religious hostility in a draft convention despite objections from Yacov Ostrovsky, the Soviet representative, who said the reference to religious hostility was not important and it should be eliminated.

Dr. Rosenne, the Israeli representative, disagreed. He told the subcommission that "a large Jewish community" which was considered by some experts both a nationality and a religious group, was the target of a campaign of hatred and denigation by the press of that country. This was understood to be a reference to Soviet Jews.

Dr; Rosenne emphasized that in spite of specific laws in that country punishing incitement to hatred there was no implementation of those laws as was indicated by the fact that the press of that corntry was carrying out its anti-Jewish campaign without interference. The item before the subcommission concerned measures to prevent incitement to hatred and violence; The subcommission voted to retain the reference to religious hostility for further consideration at the next meeting of the subcommission in 1967.

Jewish Representative Speaks Before U. N. Body on Genocide Issue

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Jan. 20: (JTA) -- A proposal aimed partly at the United States, recommending that the United Nations call on all governments that had not yet acceded to the U.N. Convention Against Genocide do so by 1968, was made here today to the Subcommission on the Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities.

The anti-genocide convention, adopted by the General Assembly in 1948, has to date been ratified by 68 governments, including all members of the Soviet bloc, while Britain announced recently it is ready to ratify the pact. The U.S.A., however, has never acceded to the instrument which terms genocide a crime, making it punishable;

Today's proposal was made before the 14-member subcommission, a subsidiary body of the U.N. Commission of Human Rights, by the Coordinating Board of Jewish Organizations, comprised of B'mai B'rith and the Board of Deputies of British Jews, Dr; William Korey, representative of the CBJO, which has a voice but not a vote in the subcommission, expressed "regret" that "some" governments had not yet ratified the Convention Against Genocide. He did not identify the U.S.A: by name, but requested that the 20th anniversary of the Convention's adoption be made the goal for more universal acceptance of its principles.

CARDINAL BEA INSTRUCTS PRIESTS ON VATICAN DECLARATION ON JEWS

ROME, Jan. 20. (JTA) -- Augustin Cardinal Bea, whom the late Pope John XXIII entrusted with the task of bringing to the Ecumenical Council a schema for improving the relations between the Catholic Church and non-Christian religions, spelled out for the Catholic priesthood today a set of instructions plus advice on how best to understand the Council's document relating to the Jews, and how to implement the document;

The schema, originally brought by Cardinal Bea before Vatican Council II in 1952, has since been adopted in somewhat different form and is now official Catholic Church doctrine, promulgated as such by Pope Paul VI. Cardinal Bea gave his instructions and advice in a long article that appeared today in The Ecclesia stical Review.

He noted that the draft declaration on Jews was the most debated in the Council "not so much for religious reasons but because of unfortunate political circum stances of the moment, in fact," Cardinal Bea continued, "it was deleted from the Council's agenda by the preparatory commission in June, 1962, because of unforeseen opposition. Cnly new intervention by Pope John succeeded in bringing the subject back to the agenda in December, 1962, when he endorsed an opinion sent to him by Cardinal Bea with the words; "We read with attention Cardinal Bea's note, and share his opinion perfectly as to the importance and responsibility of our interest in it; ""

MEETING IN MILAN STRESSES RESTRICTIONS ON JEWS IN SOVIET RUSSIA

MILAN, Jan; 20: (JTA) -- A meeting on the plight of Soviet Jewry, which attracted many leaders in Italian culture and the arts, was told today that; despite some concessions by Soviet authorities, the position of Soviet Jews remained precarious;

The evaluation was presented by Daniel Mayer, of Paris, president of the League of Human Rights and former French Cabinet Minister: Mr. Mayer noted Soviet Premier Kosygin's public condemnation of anti-Semitism in Riga last July, which was featured in Pravda: Fie said one could also mention a proposed monument at Babi Yar, the ravine where the Nazis slaughtered many thousands of Jewish men, women and children in 1941, and the authorization for printing of 10,000 Jewish prayerbooks;

He called the concessions a kind of re-conquest of positions which the USCR had never admitted "to have been fallen;" He asserted that many circles in the Soviet Union remained dogmatically opposed to Jews. He cited in evidence the effort last year by the Soviet Union to bracket Zionism with Nazism at the United Nations;

Prof. Aldo Garoschi, of Turin University, recalled the repudiation by the Soviet Communist Party of T.T. Kichko's "infamous" book, "Indiasim Without Embelishment," and some other improvements. However, he demanded that the Soviet Government should allow reuron of Jewish families by permitting Soviet Jews who wished to emigrate to do so. He also urged that the USAR repress continuing manifestations of anti-Semitism. A resolution expressing the sense of the speeches and proposals was adopted, and addressed to the Soviet Government.

UKRAINIAN SENTENCED TO DEATH IN RUSSIA FOR MURDERING 200 JEWS

LONDON, Jan; 20; (JTA) -- ! Ukrainian war criminal convicted of having murdered 200 Jews in Krasno-/.rmeisk, in the USSR, during World War II, was sentenced to death and executed immediately, a dispatch from Moscow reported today;

The man's name was A. Skublenka. The Soviet court that tried him found he was a Nazi policeman and had wiped out the entire Jewish population in Krasno Armeisk, numbering 200 persons, in 1942;

K. K. INFILTRATION INTO RANKS OF U. S. FORCES IN GERMANY REPORTED

MUNICE, Jan. 20; (JTL) -- The newspaper Abend-Zeitung charged today that the Ku Klux Klan has enrolled 2,000 members among United States forces stationed in West Germany and that the Klansmen have acclaimed Adolf Hitler as "an idol;"

U.S. Army headquarters in Heidelberg denied knowledge of Klan activity in West Germany and said that existence of any group within the Army numbering 2,000 could not go unnoticed. The Army said it would not permit KKK activity of any kind among United States soldiers.

LATVIAN STATE PUBLISHING HOUSE ISSUES TRANSLATION OF SHOLEM ALEICHEM

LONDON, Jan. 20; (JTA) -- The Latvian Soviet State Publishing House, at Riga, has published a Latvian translation of some of the works of Sholem Aleichem, in honor of the 50th anniversary of the death of the famous Jewish author, it was reported here today;

DIRKSEN TO FIGHT IN SENATE SUPREME COURT'S BAN ON SCHOOL PRAYERS

WASHINGTON, Jan; 20: (JTA) -- Sen; Everett Dirksen, the Senate minority leader, disclosed yesterday he planned to force a fight in the Senate in a bid to overturn the latest U.S. Supreme Court ban on prayers in public schools;

The Illinois Republican leader told the Washington chapter of Sigma Delta Chi, the professional journalism society, that he did not intend "to let nine men tell 190,000,000 Americans, including children, where and when they can say their prayers;" He declined to reveal any details of his planned Senate battle;

The action which aroused Sen; Dirksen was the ruling of the court last December 13 rejecting an appeal from a group of parents in Queens who had asked that their children be allowed to pray voluntarily in their classrooms; The case was the first involving voluntary prayer to reach the high court since its 1962 and 1963 decisions banning prayers specifically ordered by public school officials;

CHICAGO FEDERATION ALLOCATES \$6,712,423 FOR 1966; HONORS BLOCK

CHICAGO, Jan; 20; (JTA) -- Allocations totaling \$6,712,423 for the 1965 budgets of 12 local, affiliated medical and social service agencies were announced here last night by Abram D; Davis, president of the Jewish Federation of Metropolitan Chicago; He made the announcement at the Federation's 66th anniversary meeting at which the Federation presented its 1965 Julius Rosenwald Memorial Award to Joseph L; Block, a civic leader who was cited as the person "who achieved most in the advancement of the purposes of the Jewish Federation and the welfare of the Jewish community:"

In making public the size of the allocations, Mr. Davis noted that, in 1965, the local affiliated agencies had a record operating budget of \$34,000,000, toward which the Federation made appropriations totaling \$5,400,000, another new high; "In 1965," he said, "changing community needs and a consequent intensification of Federation agency services will require a total operating budget of \$38,000,000;"

Of the total of \$5,712,483 allocated toward these budgets for 1965, Mr. Davis declared, \$1,847,661 will go toward medical services; \$2,206,797 for social welfare programs; \$956,159 for care of the aged; \$1,050,946 for Jewish Community Center programs; and the balance for other community services. He said that \$2,202,000 of the Jewish Federation's 1965 income came from direct contributions; \$1,575,000 from the Combined Jewish Appeal; \$1,731,000 from the Community Fund; and \$892,000 from investments and miscellaneous sources. Mr. Davis noted that the Federation has balanced is record 1955 budget of over \$6,400,000 and said that even a higher amount would have to be sought to meet 1965 needs.

The presentation of the Julius Rosenwald Memorial Award to Mr. Block singled him out as the fourth Chicagoan to receive that honor. He has been a member of the Federaction's beard of directors 22 years, and served as president for three years. He is a former president of the Community Fund, and is now president of the Metropolitan Crusade of Mercy. The award honors the memory of the late, outstanding Jewish philanthropist, Julius Rosenwald, who had been a major figure in the development of the Jewish Federation here:

JEWS IN CANADA URGE REVOCATION OF CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP FROM NAZIS

TORONTO, Jan; 20; (JTA) -- A suggestion that Nazi war criminals living in Canada should be deprived of Canadian citizenship is advanced by the Canadian Jewish Congress in the current issue of its organ, Congress Bulletin. An editorial in this issue charges that there are known murderers and accessories living in Canada "and it is unlikely that they will ever be brought before any courts for their heinous capital crimes;"

The Congress asserts some of the Nazis slipped into Canada in the immediate postwar period when security checks were not rigorous enough to catch them. Canada, it notes, refuses to surrender people for trial or punishment unless there is extradition legislation.

"Correct and justifiable as the legal position may very well be, "the editorial says, "there is something fundamentally wicked for a civilized country to allow known murderers to live their lives untouched, unmolested and living off the public purse;" If such persons cannot be jailed, it adds, the least Canadian legislators can do is deprive them of their "patent of nobility" -- Canadian citizenship -- which, the Congress says, they obtained by fraud and misrepresentation.

EXHIBIT OF LEADING ISRAEL ARTIST TO OPEN SUNDAY IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Jan. 20: (JTA) -- Michael Arnon, Consul General of Israel, will open Sunday afternoon the exhibit of selected works by Shaul Ohaly, one of Israel's outstanding contemporary artists. The exhibit will take place at the Energing Arts Gallery. The Consul General will be introduced by Mr. Mendel N. Fisher, honorary secretary of the Jewish National Fund of America, and its former national director: