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BONN CABINET HOLDS SECOND MEETING ON SCIENTISTS WORKING IN EGYPT

BOCNN, April 4. (JTA) -- The West German Government said yesterday, after another Cabinet meeting on the problem of West German scientists working on advanced weapons in Egypt, that it had done all it could on the matter and was still considering what steps could be taken to induce the West Germans to return to this country.

Critics of the Government handling of the issue asserted that a strong and formal declaration was needed, preferably before the Bundestag, the lower house of the Bonn Parliament, and assurance that the Government would not merely consider steps but also take them.

The West German Confederation of Trade Unions meanwhile called on the Government to take "appropriate steps" to end the activities of the scientists and technicians. The confederation asserted that West Germany, "above all countries, should avoid all actions which endanger peace or threaten the existence of the State of Israel."

British Jews Assured by German Ambassador on Scientists Issue

LONDON, April 4. (JTA) -- A delegation of British Jewish leaders was assured today by the West German Ambassador in London that his Government was "fully aware" of the dangers in the work of West German scientists on rockets in Egypt. The delegation was led by Sir Barnett Janner, president of the Board of Deputies.

The Ambassador told the delegation from the Board of Deputies of British Jews that his Government was very disturbed by the situation and was giving close consideration to means by which it might be possible, within the limits of the West German constitution, to bring about the return of those responsible for increasing tension by their work in Egypt.

Hadassah Appeals to Germany to Recall Scientists from Egypt

NEW YORK, April 4. (JTA) -- Hadassah today appealed to the Federal Republic of Germany to recall from Egypt the West German scientists who are advancing President Nasser's plans for aggression in the Middle East.

The action was taken in a resolution approved unanimously by the national board of Hadassah. Copies of the resolution are being sent to Karl Heinrich Knapstein, West German ambassador to the United States, and to the Department of State.

In the resolution, Hadassah viewed with "consternation and apprehension reports that Egypt is engaged in a powerful military build-up" of rockets, warheads and missiles "directed at the destruction of Israel." It noted that, in this military build-up, Egypt is being aided by "German citizens" who are lending Egypt "their scientific knowledge, technical skills and experience, and the resources of German parent factories, to assist President Nasser to develop the military strength necessary to achieve his objective."

U.N. BODY ADOPTS REPORT FOR FREE EMIGRATION; SOVIET BLOC VOTES 'NO'

GENEVA, April 4. (JTA) -- A report granting to all persons in any country the right of emigration--a principle consistently opposed by the Soviet Union because the USSR had been singled out as a power forbidding such emigration to Russian Jews--was adopted by the United Nations Commission on Human Rights, at a session here last night. The vote was 15-3. The delegations from the Soviet Union, the Ukraine and Poland voted against the resolution adopting the report.

The Commission had under consideration a report submitted last January by Judge Jose D. Ingles, of the Philippines, which had been adopted by the Subcommittee on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities, granting to all persons the right to leave their own country or return to their own country. During the hot debate on the report before the Subcommittee, in New York, in January, heavy criticism was leveled against the USSR for banning the emigration of Jews from the USSR, and note was taken of the fact that Jews were not even allowed to go to Israel for purposes of family reunification.

When the Ingles report came to the full Commission, last night, the Soviet delegate attacked the study, declaring that the right to leave a country "is not an important issue." Against the Communist opposition, however, the Commission voted to request the Secretary-General of the United Nations to distribute the Ingles report widely.

On the issue of drafting a UN Declaration against religious intolerance, the Commission postponed action, voting 16-0 to give that subject "priority" at its next session, a year from now.

GERMAN COURT RULES OUT COMPENSATION FOR NAZI VICTIMS FROM POLAND

KARLSRUHE, April 4. (JTA) -- The West German Federal Supreme Court ruled today that a Polish citizen who was an Auschwitz concentration camp inmate cannot register a claim for compensation from West Germany for forced labor as long as there is no peace treaty between West Germany and Poland. The court held that in the absence of such a treaty with stipulations for reparations, there was no basis for such claim.

The name of the claimant was not given. He had applied for compensation to recover medical expenditures, wages due for his forced labor and damages for reduction in his work capacity because of his treatment in the concentration camp.

GERMAN PROSECUTOR FILES APPEAL AGAINST VERDICT IN 'CHELMNO TRIAL'

BCNN, April 4. (JTA) -- The public prosecutor's office filed an appeal today for a review of the sentences imposed by a jury court here last week against 12 former SS guards convicted of complicity in the wartime murders of some 180,000 Jewish men, women and children in the Chelmno camp near Lodz in Nazi-occupied Poland.

Six of the defendants were sentenced to prison terms at hard labor ranging from three to 15 years. The other six, while found guilty, were not sentenced to prison because their crimes were not considered sufficiently grave by the jury court to justify the minimum three-year term for such crimes. The prosecutor's action indicated the sentences were regarded as too light.

Defense attorneys also filed appeals against the sentences. The defendants had been charged with murdering Jews in gas vans and by shooting as well as general abuse and mistreatment of the prisoners from 1941 to 1953. The trial lasted six months.

BRITISH COURT PERMITS CONVICTED ANTI-SEMITIC TO SEEK APPEAL ON SENTENCE

LONDON, April 4. (JTA) -- The divisional court granted a certificate today to Colin Jordan, leader of the small but violently anti-Semitic British National Socialist movement, giving him the right to ask the House of Lords for permission to appeal his conviction and two-month jail sentence for using defamatory language.

The charges grew out of a viciously anti-Semitic address Jordan delivered at a rally of his movement in London's Trafalgar Square last July. The London Appeals Court quashed the conviction. The charges were restored by the divisional court on March 19 when the police department appealed the dismissal.

The three judges of the divisional court, in granting the certificate, stated that they were doing so because the case involved a point of law of general public importance.

JEWS IN GERMANY DEPLORE RETENTION OF FORMER NAZIS IN FEDERAL POSTS

DUSSELDORF, April 4. (JTA) -- The Central Council of Jews in Germany today issued a statement strongly criticizing the fact that former Nazis directly or indirectly involved in Nazi wartime mass murder crimes currently occupied important posts in Criminal Investigation Departments and in the legal administration of the West German federal republic.

The Augsburg Government Labor court rejected today an appeal by Otto Roesch from his dismissal by the Social Insurance Institute for Schwaben for a public expression of approval of Hitler's slaughter of European Jewry. Roesch, 55, chairman of the Augsburg section of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's Christian Democratic Union, was dismissed without notice from the Institute.

The Hamburg Provincial Court opened disciplinary action against Dr. Rudolf Schieder-mair to determine whether he concealed his participation in Nazi terror judgments in occupied Norway at the time he entered the Bavarian legal service. Schieder-mair, who was suspended as President of the Bavarian Administrative court here last September, was formally charged in November with having aided in the "final solution of the Jewish problem."

EX-NAZI CHARGED WITH KILLING JEWS IS REARRESTED; WAS RELEASED

FLENSBURG, April 4. (JTA) -- Martin Fellenz, a former major in the Nazi SS who was convicted and sentenced to four years at hard labor for complicity in the mass murders of Jews and then released, was arrested here again today on similar charges.

Fellenz, a 58-year-old businessman, was tried on charges of having directed the removal of Jews from five Polish towns during the Nazi occupation. He was charged with complicity in the deaths of 40,000 Jews in the Krakow area.

The Chief Administrative Court in Lueneburg ruled today that Ernst Leutz, 76, who served as chief public prosecutor of the Nazi People's Court in Berlin, will have to forego his pension.

SO. AFRICA TO DROP CLASSIFICATION 'HEBREW' FROM ENTRY DECLARATION

JOHANNESBURG, April 4. (JTA) -- A South African Cabinet member declared today that the classification "Hebrew" will hereafter be dropped from questions about race which persons entering the country are required to answer on a passengers declaration form.

The announcement was made by Jan de Klerk, Minister of the Interior, in a letter published in the South African Jewish Times. He added that "I understand that the term 'Hebrew' which has been on the form for a long time was originally introduced not to distinguish Jews from others but to cover within the white group Jews from Asia who could not be described as 'Europeans,' whom the Government did not wish to call 'Asiatics.' " Europeans is the customary South African term for whites.

POLISH WOMAN HONORED IN ISRAEL FOR RESCUING JEWS FROM NAZIS

JERUSALEM, April 4. (JTA) -- A Polish Gentile woman who headed a group in Lvov engaged in the rescue of Jews during the Nazi occupation of Poland was honored today with the planting of a tree in her name in the Avenue of the Righteous Gentiles.

Invited to Israel by a group of friends she had helped to save from the Nazi murder machine, Mrs. Wladyslawa Choms attended the ceremony and called it "the first beacon light" in her life since the end of the war.

The ceremony took place at the Yad Vashem Memorial Shrine in the presence of her Israeli hosts as well as Chaplain Kahana of the Israel Air Force and former Attorney General Gideon Hausner, both of whom are Lvov-born. Dr. Leon Kubovi, chairman of the Memorial, recalled that Madame Choms had been called "the angel of Lvov" by those she had saved.

MEMORIAL BUILDING AT AUSCHWITZ WILL HAVE NO JEWISH SECTION

LONDON, April 4. (JTA) -- A memorial structure to be erected by the Polish Government at the site of the Auschwitz concentration camp, which will contain individual halls memorializing the victims of the various nationalities who perished at the most notorious of the Nazi death camps, will have no special section devoted to Jewish victims, it was reported here today from Warsaw.

The memory of Polish Jews who perished at Auschwitz will be enshrined in the Polish hall. Jews of other nationalities who were done to death at Auschwitz will presumably be enshrined in the halls of their respective countries of origin--unless their is a last-minute reconsideration by the planners of the edifice.

Members of groups from Britain who will visit Warsaw this month to participate in the observance of the 20th anniversary of the Warsaw Ghetto uprising were guests last night of the Polish Ambassador here at a party.

N.Y. LEGISLATURE LIMITS FAIR SABBATH LAW TO NEW YORK CITY RESIDENTS

ALBANY, April 4. (JTA) -- The New York Senate approved today a Fair Sabbath measure limited to New York City, to permit Sabbatarians observing a day other than Sunday as their day of rest to do business on Sunday.

The Assembly then dropped its version, which provided for local option on the matter throughout the state which it approved previously, and adopted the Senate version. Early signature by Gov. Rockefeller, who has endorsed the proposal, was expected.

The approved measure contains a clause which makes it effective September 1 and requires the New York City Council to pass a local enabling ordinance on or before next December 31.

Jacob Stein, chairman of the New York City Committee on Jewish Affairs, termed the Legislature's action "a welcome, if small first step." He indicated that he expressed the views of all the organizations participating in the New York City Committee, which had coordinated their efforts in behalf of the bill.

The participating organizations are: The American Jewish Congress, Jewish Labor Committee, Jewish War Veterans, New York Federation of Reform Synagogues, the United Synagogue of America, Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America, New York Board of Rabbis, National Council of Jewish Women, Brooklyn Jewish Community Council, Rabbinical Council of America and the Sabbath Observance Council.

Howard M. Squadron, chairman of the American Jewish Congress Metropolitan Council, expressed disappointment that the legislature had failed to approve the state-wide local option proposal contained in the abandoned Assembly measure. He added that his organization and other Jewish groups which have been fighting for nearly a decade for a Fair Sabbath law would continue to work for a state-wide local option law.

N. A. A. C. P. LEADER SAYS ANTI-SEMITISM IS NOT WIDESPREAD AMONG NEGROES

NEW YORK, April 4. (JTA) -- The anti-Semitism espoused by the Black Muslims against the Jews is not prevalent among the large part of the American Negro community. This observation was made by Roy Wilkins, executive secretary to the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, in an article in the current issue of American Judaism, the official publication of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

Mr. Wilkins felt that misunderstanding and lack of adequate dialogue, rather than organized anti-Semitism, exists today between Jew and Negro in this country. "Both Negroes and Jews could improve their understanding of each other by employing more than a casual or surface approach," he said. "The responsible elements in the Negro community which have to develop maturity in order to cope with their problems have no truck with anti-Semitism." Mr. Wilkins observed that Negroes "are too occupied with fending off senseless hatred to become purveyors of it."

Referring to recent anti-Semitic outbursts by the Black Muslims and their leaders, Mr. Wilkins said: "If Black Muslims appear to be anti-Semites in some of their utterances, this attitude is not that of the broad Negro community. Lack of understanding, snap 'group' judgments, plain and ugly anti-Semitism, and a defiant arrogance are unhappy markings of a part of the Negro community. In their great hurt and in their blinding frustrations, Negroes--humanly--are receptive to scapegoatism. They listen to and repeat the pat phrases of the anti-Semites among them and among some non-Jews with whom they come into contact.

"Anti-Semitism is not widespread among Negroes nor is it nourished and passed on as a working creed. More often than not it is a spite thing, used to assuage a particular failure or to spur a particular effort. It is not virulent and exists among relatively few Negroes. If this were not so, and if actual hatred of whites were not similarly limited, the Black Muslims would have millions of followers instead of thousands," he continued.

Agrees with Concern of Jews; Lauds Jewish Aid to Negro Cause

Mr. Wilkins agreed with the concern expressed by the Jewish community and others about the extreme statements espoused by the Black Muslim movement. He praised the efforts of the organized Jewish community and many individual Jewish leaders for aiding the cause of the Negro in his fight for civil rights. "Certainly, since Negro citizens began an organized effort to secure their constitutional rights as Americans and to campaign for the elimination of bigotry and prejudice, they have had the sympathetic and very active assistance of Jews."

Mr. Wilkins mentioned several Jewish lay and rabbinic leaders who helped organize the NAACP, and many others who are today active in the organization and as its legal counselors. He particularly cited the assistance of the Jewish community in the "very sensitive and difficult field of housing," where he said the Jews themselves had suffered some disabilities, adding that "Jews have helped the Negro in his fight to escape from the ghetto."

Negro Jewish relations also were involved in a charge by Adam Clayton Powell, New York Democrat who recently demanded that white leadership be eliminated from the NAACP, that the New York Times was opposed to his views. The Congressman, in an interview on WNEW, a New York radio station, said the Times opinion was "a white man's opinion" and added that it was "unfortunate" that the Times was "biased when it's owned and operated by a minority group." He elaborated on his statement later by saying "I doubt whether the editors of the Times even go to their synagogues."

VICE PRESIDENT JOHNSON PRESENTED WITH A. D. L. HUMAN RIGHTS AWARD

NEW YORK, April 4. (JTA) -- The Human Rights Award of the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith was presented tonight to Vice President Lyndon B. Johnson for his "vigorous and affirmative activities" as chairman of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity.

The award was presented to the Vice President at the Inaugural Dinner of the 1963 ADL Appeal here tonight, which marked the opening of the New York observance of the ADL's 50th anniversary. The dinner also honored Max J. Schneider, retired vice-president of the Chemical Bank, and long time ADL New York leader.

DR. LEON ROTH, NOTED EDUCATOR, DIES DURING VISIT TO NEW ZEALAND

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, April 4. (JTA) -- Dr. Leon Roth, educator, author and philosopher, died here while on a visit to New Zealand. He was 67 years of age. Dr. Roth, who lived in Brighton, England, was a former dean of the Faculty of Humanities of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem.

Born in London, Dr. Roth received his MA and PhD degrees from Oxford University. He joined the faculty of the Hebrew University in 1928 as Ahad Ha'Am Professor of Philosophy and he was named dean of the Faculty of Humanities in 1949. He is the author of numerous books on philosophy and political science.