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### N. BODY STARTS DISCUSSION ON ELIMINATION OF RACIAL DISCRIMINATION

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Jan. 28. (JTA) -- The United Nations Subcommission on Prevention of Discrimination and Protection of Minorities--which last week adopted a report upholding the right of everyone to leave any country, including his own--today started consideration of a draft declaration on the elimination of all forms of racial discrimination.

Originally, the Subcommission was to discuss not only racial but also religious discrimination. However, under pressure from delegations from a number of under-developed countries that are primarily interested in elimination of racial discrimination, the problem of racial bias was taken up as a separate item, with the problem of religious discrimination to follow.

The Soviet delegation also favored such separation because it expects strong charges against the Soviet treatment of Jews and hopes that the issue of religious discrimination would not reach the Subcommission at its present session, which must conclude on February 1. Jewish organizations have prepared data on the suppression of Jewish religion in the Soviet Union and other forms of anti-Jewish discrimination practiced in the USSR for argumentation at the Subcommission if the subject of religious discrimination is taken up.

#### Italy, France, Chile and Poland Present Joint Recommendation

The draft declaration on the elimination of all forms of racial discrimination which, 12-member Subcommission took up this morning, was proposed jointly by representatives of Italy, France, Chile and Poland. It is composed of the following articles:

- "1. Any theory of differentiation between races or racial superiority is scientifically false, morally reprehensible, socially unjust and dangerous. Nothing can justify racial discrimination, in theory or in practice.
- "2. Racial discrimination, in whatever form and irrespective of the individuals or groups against whom it is directed, is an offense against human dignity, a flagrant violation of the charter, of the United Nations and a denial of the fundamental human rights proclaimed by the Universal Declaration.
- "3. Racial discrimination is a negation of the social nature of man, who can develop his personality to the full only through communication with all his fellow men. Refusal to recognize these bonds linking all men is detrimental to the harmonious development of the national community and may lead to its disintegration.
- "4. Racial discrimination tends to jeopardize international peace and security, friendly relations among peoples and cooperation between nations.
- "5. Everyone, without distinction as to race, color or ethnic origin, has the right to participate in the government of his country and to participate in elections by universal and equal suffrage. Appointment to the public service shall be open to all citizens on the basis of merit.
- "6. Everyone has the right to education, without distinction, exclusion, limitation, preference or segregation based on race, color, or ethnic origin, since the purpose of education should be the formation of a harmonious society based on full respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms for all.
- "7. Everyone, without distinction as to race, color or ethnic origin, has the right to equal opportunity, to free choice of employment, to favorable and just conditions of work, remuneration and promotion, and to social welfare and social security.
- "8. Everyone shall have equal access to any place or facility intended for use by the general public, without distinction as to race, color or ethnic origin, and no such distinction shall be enforced, permitted, encouraged or perpetuated by any organ of society.

#### U. S. Representative Presents Separate Draft Declaration

Morris B. Abram, representative of the United States, submitted a second draft declaration. Emphasizing the desire of the U.S. "to give effect to the principle of equality of men and all peoples without distinction as to race, color, or religion," as stated

in the United Nations Charter, he suggested the following principles as a guide for legislation and practice:

- "1. No state shall make any distinction in the treatment of persons on the grounds of race or ethnic origin, nor shall it make any distinction in the right to citizenship on such grounds.
- "2. Everyone shall have equal access to any place or facility intended for use by the general public, without distinction as to race or ethnic origin, and no such distinction shall be enforced, encouraged, perpetuated or permitted by any agency of any state.
- "3. Everyone, without distinction as to race or ethnic origin, shall have the right to take part in the government of his country and to participate in elections through universal and equal suffrage. Appointment to the public service shall be open to all citizens, on the basis of merit.
- "4. Everyone has the right to an effective remedy, through independent and impartial tribunals, for any discrimination he may suffer on the grounds of race, or ethnic origin with respect to his fundamental rights and freedoms."

#### HEAVY RAINS INUNDATE SETTLEMENTS IN ISRAEL; CAUSE VERY HEAVY DAMAGE

JERUSALEM, Jan. 28. (JTA) -- The Cabinet has asked Minister of Agriculture Moshe Dayan to prepare a study of flood prevention following the heavy rains this weekend which inundated Sdeh Nehemia and Amir settlements in northern Israel, it was reported today.

Truckloads of food, animal fodder and building materials were shipped to the stricken settlements yesterday morning after the waters abated and evacuated children were returned to their homes from nearby settlements.

The Cabinet is expected to consider the question of compensating the two settlements at its regular session next week after damage due to the flooding has been assessed. Preliminary estimates place the flood damage at many hundreds of thousands of pounds.

While northern Israel suffered from floods, farmers in the Lachish area and other southern districts were bitterly disappointed yesterday when predicted rains failed to materialize. Clouds dispersed and most of the region had bright sunshine. Rains were again predicted for later this week but the prospects of saving southern crops were not promising.

#### ISRAEL OPENS NEGOTIATIONS WITH BRITAIN ON RENEWAL OF AVIATION PACT

JERUSALEM, Jan. 28. (JTA) -- Negotiations were opened here today concerning the renewal of the aviation agreement between Israel and the United Kingdom which governs the apportionment of flights between the national airlines of the two countries. It is understood that Britain is demanding an increase in its share of the London-Lydda passenger traffic.

The El Al-Israel National Airlines today has rights to five weekly flights between London and Lydda and under the prevailing system of reciprocity, the British carriers--the British Overseas Airways Corporation and British European Airways--would have rights to the same number of flights.

The British delegation, which is headed by R. R. Lejoy of the British Aviation Ministry, wants El Al's three weekly flights to New York via London to be taken into consideration when setting the quota for the British carriers. Britain is also demanding the right to take on passengers at Lydda for Teheran, which would compete with El Al's present flights to the Iranian capital.

#### GOLDA MEIR SIGNS AGREEMENT IN TANGANYIKA FOR TECHNICAL COOPERATION

DAR ES SALAAM, Tanganyika, Jan. 28. (JTA) -- An agreement calling for technical cooperation between Israel and Tanganyika was signed here today on behalf of the two governments by Mrs. Golda Meir, Israel's Foreign Minister and Paul Bomani, Tanganyika's Minister of Finance.

The agreement is actually a confirmation of a program of Israeli aid to this country that has been in progress for more than a year. The pact, said Mr. Bomani, "is confirmation of the benefits Tanganyika has received through cooperation and assistance from Israel. This agreement will mark the continuation of long-established cooperation between our two countries."

Many Tanganyikans are now undergoing training in Israel, and some have already completed their Israeli courses, and have returned here to aid the country's economy. Israel has also sent experts here in the fields of agriculture, village planning, economic development, youth training and health. More Israeli experts are to be sent here under the new pact.

#### ISRAEL FRIENDSHIP LEAGUES IN SCANDINAVIA OPEN PARLEY IN STOCKHOLM

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 28. (JTA) -- The first Inter-Nordic Conference of Israel Friendship Leagues in the Scandinavian countries opened here today under the chairmanship of Karl Berman. Delegates of League branches in Stockholm, Goteborg, Malmo, Copenhagen, Oslo and Helsinki are attending the conference.

ITALY RATIFIES \$10,000,000 PACT WITH GERMANY ON INDEMNIFICATION

ROME, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- The Italian Senate today ratified the Italian-German agreement of June 1961, according to which the Bonn Government will pay \$10,000,000 for the indemnification of Italian victims of Nazism, many of them Jews, who had been deported to Germany during the Second World War.

The Italian Government now has to enact regulations for the distribution of the funds among the victims and their heirs within six months. During the indemnification procedure, the Government will maintain contact with a special Parliamentary Commission and probably with the various organizations representing the deportees, including the Union of Italian Jewish Communities.

During the debate on the measure, Senator Caleffi said that while "the deportees and the families of those who died during the mass persecutions trust that their needs will find adequate relief," they nevertheless "hope at the same time that nobody will dare boast that the price for so much suffering and pain had been paid."

THREE NAZI OFFICERS, CHARGED WITH KILLING JEWS, RELEASED ON BAIL

FRANKFURT, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- Frankfurt officials announced today the release on bail of two Frankfurt police inspectors and a Hamburg police inspector who were arrested last September on charges of participation in the mass murder of 15,000 to 20,000 Jews in Nazi-occupied Pinsk in October 1942.

Those released were Josef Kuhr and Heinrich Plantius of Frankfurt and Rudolf Eckert of Hamburg. Bail was set at 10,000 to 25,000 marks (\$2,500 to \$6,100) and the former Nazis must report at regular intervals to the authorities.

The detention of Guenther Waltz, 49, of Augsburg, a former police officer charged with murder of Jews at Lublin in Nazi-held Poland, and of Adolph Petch, 57, of Buedenheim, a former S.D. man at Pinsk, was continued.

ADENAUER'S PARTY MAY INVESTIGATE NAZI PAST OF LEADING MEMBER

BONN, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- The possibility of a new investigation by Chancellor Konrad Adenauer's Christian Democratic Union into the Nazi past of Max Frauendorfer developed today as the latest aspect of the growing controversy over the prospective seating of the former Heinrich Himmler aide in the Bundestag.

That possibility was suggested by Gerhard Wachter, Bavarian State Secretary, whose Bundestag seat became vacant when he was appointed to the Frankfurt post. Wachter, who had declared he would not give up his Bundestag seat because Frauendorfer was scheduled to succeed him, said on a Radio Frankfurt interview that any new charges against Frauendorfer would again be investigated by a three-man committee of the CDU. Wachter emphasized, however, that such a probe would not constitute "something like a new de-Nazification procedure."

Frauendorfer, who was defeated twice in bids for election to the West German Parliament because of his Nazi past, was elected by the CDU on January 9 to fill Wachter's vacated seat. He was chosen because he had the highest number of votes among the unsuccessful candidates for the post.

German Press Assails His Candidacy for Parliament

Three leading West German newspapers assailed his candidacy. Die Zeit, the conservative Hamburg weekly, discussed the issue in an editorial headed, "A brown spot in the Christian Democratic Union," and noted that Frauendorfer served under the notorious Hans Frank, Governor of Nazi-occupied Poland, in charge of manpower in Poland. The paper said that seating of the former Nazi would be "political bad taste."

The Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung raised the question of what the younger generation of West Germany, aware of Gestapo Chief Himmler's crimes, would feel if they watched from the Bundestag gallery Himmler's personal aide "fighting for democracy."

The Frankfurter Rundschau, in a featured article on "the peculiar career" of the former Nazi party official, expressed doubt about Frauendorfer's claims that he wholeheartedly joined in the anti-Hitler resistance forces. The newspaper also asked why Frauendorfer lived until 1959 under the alias of "Schreiter."

In a related development, the German-Israel Student Group led a protest campaign against the prospective seating. A leaflet distributed by the group declared that "This is a shame--in a few weeks former SS Lieutenant Colonel Frauendorfer will fight for democracy in the Bundestag." The students were joined in their protest by a students trade union group and the Social Democratic University Association.

INTERFAITH GROUP TO RAISE FUNDS FOR BUILDING SYNAGOGUE IN GERMANY

WIESBADEN, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- Plans for the erection of a new synagogue here to cost about 1,500,000 Deutschmarks (\$370,000) were announced here by the Society for Christian-Jewish Cooperation, which has launched a public drive to raise the needed funds. The synagogue would replace the one burned down by the Nazis here in 1938.

## B'NAI B'RITH YOUTH PARLEY OPTIMISTIC ON FUTURE OF JUDAISM IN U. S.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- A statement taking issue with American Jews who are pessimistic about the future of Judaism in this country was issued here today following a three-day conference of the national executive committee of the B'nai B'rith Youth Organization. The last session of the conference took place with the participation of about 20 leaders of the Washington Jewish community.

"Not only is the current status of the American-Jewish community much healthier than the disciples of doom would paint it, but the future prospects are even brighter, because of the many evidences of growing commitment to Judaism by the younger generation," the joint youth-adult statement said. "Rising membership in Jewish youth organizations and Jewish youth's continuing search for new answers to old questions are among the most positive signs that an overwhelming majority of young American Jews feel secure in their Jewishness."

The BBYO leaders, who represent the organization's more than 43,000 members, and the Washington Jewish community leaders who include past and current local and national Jewish organization presidents and executive board members, conceded that there were still negatives in the present situation. "More and more synagogues are being built by local Jewish communities every year, but what is still lacking is a concrete program designed to attract and retain youth in leadership roles," the statement said.

It also cited the need for an improved curriculum of Jewish education. "Despite evidence of growing enrolment in Jewish schools," said the youth-adult statement, "most curricula still fail to meet the needs of today's sophisticated younger generation." The statement urged the development of special courses geared to modern-thinking teenagers. In this connection, it said also that Jewish youth organizations through their informal educational programs "are doing a better job generally of attracting and holding the interest of Jewish youth."

There was a consensus between the youth leaders and their adult conference partners that the establishment of Israel "has been a major factor in helping to develop a feeling of security among Jewish youth and adults alike" and that continued support of Israel by American Jewry was "an obligation and a privilege." But, they said, one of the greatest needs is the creation of "an American-Jewish culture not dominated by the needs and aspirations of Israel."

The youth-adult conference participants also had praise for the growing number of adults "who are flocking in increasing numbers to Jewish education courses." Such a development, they said, is helping to "bring youth and adults closer together as both continue their Jewish education."

## BRITISH FINANCIER CONFERS WITH U. S. BANKERS ON ISRAEL'S ECONOMY

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- Emphasis in the development of Israel's economy will shift during the next 10 years, Sir Isaac Wolfson, British financier and a member of the board of directors of the Industrial Development Bank of Israel, told a group of New York businessmen and bankers at a luncheon held in his honor here this weekend. He is in this country to discuss with financiers in this city, Chicago and Los Angeles the expansion plans of the bank in Israel.

"Israel," said Sir Isaac, "is growing up. Private initiative and private capital, whether foreign or local, will play an ever-growing role in financing the expected industrial expansion in the next 10 years. It is to this end that the Industrial Bank of Israel was established five years ago. The bank is an integral part of Israel's modern industrial structure."

## ALBERT SCHWEITZER LITERARY AWARD FOR 1963 GRANTED TO KURT GROSSMAN

NEW YORK, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- The Albert Schweitzer Literary Award for 1963 has been granted to Kurt Grossman for his forthcoming volume to be published in Munich, Germany: "Karl von Ossietzky -- A German Patriot," it was announced here today.

Ossietzky, a leading anti-Nazi personality in Germany, was imprisoned in a concentration camp shortly after the Nazis rose to power, and died in their custody a few years later. He was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for 1935, but Hitler would not permit him to accept it. The author, Mr. Grossman, holds the desk for German and Austrian questions at the Jewish Agency in New York.

## LORD HERBERT SAMUEL ILL; FAMILY MEMBERS ANXIOUS ABOUT HIS CONDITION

LONDON, Jan. 28, (JTA) -- Lord Herbert Samuel, former Secretary of State for Home Affairs, former member of Parliament and first High Commissioner of Palestine under the British Mandate, who has been ill since last week, was reported today to have had a more comfortable day but his condition was described as "more or less the same." Members of Lord Samuel's household said today they were "still anxious about his condition." Lord Samuel is 92 years old.