



Jewish Telegraphic Agency

DAILY NEWS BULLETIN

660 FIRST AVENUE

NEW YORK 16, N.Y.

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Vol. XXVIII - 43rd year

Tuesday, October 24, 1961

No. 200

U.N. BODY TO SEEK EXTENSION ON ARAB REFUGEE PROBLEM FOR ANOTHER YEAR

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Oct. 23; (JTA) -- The Palestine Conciliation Commission, which is now saddled with a General Assembly resolution instructing it to deal anew with the Arab refugee problem in the Middle East, is going to seek extension of its mandate for another year, in the hope that it might be able to work out a solution to the refugee question by 1962, it was learned here today.

The significance of such an extension it was noted here, is that, by the time the Assembly meets in 1962, it will face also the need for a definitive move in regard to the status of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees; UNRWA is now working under a three-year mandate, which is to expire on June 30, 1963. Thus, UNRWA itself must be renewed, or have its functions altered, or have its operations placed into a new format, by the time the Assembly meets in the fall of 1962.

Dr. Edward E. Johnson, president of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, who was appointed by the PCC last summer as the Commission's special emissary, with authorization to survey the Arab refugee problem from all aspects, is expected to recommend that the Commission be given another year, during which it would try, once and for all, to solve the refugee problem.

Dr. Johnson's report to the Commission, based on conferences he has held in the Middle East capitals--including Jerusalem--and on conversations with the Middle East Foreign Ministers here--including Israel's--is being drafted this week. The Commission will file another report to the Assembly some time between next week and the opening of the Special Political Committee's debate on the issue, scheduled for late November.

In that report, Dr. Johnson is expected to indicate that there is hope of a definitive solution of the refugee problem. While he cannot report directly to the Assembly, Dr. Johnson will file his report with the Commission which--in turn--may annex his observations to its formal Assembly report. In its interim report to the Assembly last week, the Commission indicated that there are "hopes of progress" on the refugee issue.

Actually, it was learned, neither the Arab leaders nor Israel's have moved from their previous positions on the refugee issue. The Arabs still insist that the refugees be given the choice between "return to their homeland" and compensation by Israel; Israel, on the other hand, refuses to swallow that formula, insisting that there are alternatives to "reparation" such as resettlement of the Arab refugees in Arab lands and reintegration of the refugees in the Arab economy, as proposed several years ago by the late Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjöld.

However, it is understood that Israel may not object to a plan for compensating the Arab refugees under certain conditions, providing international aid toward such compensation is given by the international community. Both the United States and Britain have been on record since 1955 as willing to aid financially to help meet the costs of compensation to the refugees.

TRIAL OF PARIS POLICEMEN WHO ATTACKED JEWS POSTPONED; ONE DISAPPEARED

PARIS, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- The trial of two Moslem policemen charged with shouting anti-Semitic remarks in a shooting attack seriously wounding several Jews in Paris was postponed this weekend until January because one of the policemen disappeared.

The two policemen, known as harkis, broke into a cafe last July, shouting "dirty Jewish dogs" and shooting at the patrons. One of the victims was invalidated by the bullet wounds. The case has become a major issue among French Jews with various organizations having registered protests. The French chief of police promised to curtail such incidents and assure severe punishment of the culprits.

The defendant who failed to appear for trial had been released on light bail. Police said he could not be traced; Attorneys for the Jewish victims implied that authorities had abetted the policeman's disappearance to Algeria and demanded that he be returned in time for the trial in January.

The harkis have been a highly controversial unit since they were organized two years ago to deal with Moslems in Paris sympathetic to the Algerian rebels. Many residents of

Paris, Jews and non-Jews alike, have protested both against their highhanded methods in chasing their compatriots and against their indiscriminate use of their authority.

Meanwhile, the Jewish Consistory here reported today that to the best of its knowledge, no synagogues were desecrated or otherwise damaged during the recent Algerian demonstrations in Paris. The statement followed an Israeli report that a Paris synagogue had been vandalized by the demonstrators.

SHARETT STRESSES NEED OF BETTER EDUCATION TO PERPETUATE JEWISHNESS

LONDON, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Emphasizing that "not all Jews can go to Israel," Moshe Sharett, Israel's former Minister and ex-Premier, told a conference on Jewish education here today that perpetuation of Jewishness in the lands of the Diaspora cannot be taken for granted and must be strengthened through Jewish education.

"Not all Jews can go to Israel," he said. "Even if the Diaspora were to be liquidated, that would take several generations. Meanwhile, we would lose part of it by assimilation. Nor can we cut our losses and say that Israel is Jewry and the rest must be given up as a dead loss. The only way that remains open to us is self-assertion by the Jews in the West of their distinctive spiritual personality."

"This does not mean cultural isolation," Mr. Sharett continued. "It means a wholesome Jewish personality, open to all cultures but cherishing his own, and remaining faithful to the traditions and the past of his people. The freedom which is enjoyed by the Jews all over the West can be used as a mighty instrument for the assertion of their own individuality. But, in order that Jews do so, we require a mighty effort in the field of education."

Jewish consciousness in the West, Mr. Sharett stated, "is but a pale reflection of the intense spiritual loyalty that resided among East European Jewry. Even the message of Israel must be brought home to Western Jews; it does not come over to them by itself." At the same time, he emphasized, "the young Israelis must be educated to the idea that every Jew is their brother and sister; it does not come to them automatically," he said.

While there are few Jews, Mr. Sharett held, who still need to be persuaded about the importance of Jewish education, "the problem is comparatively novel and bears restating." The pattern of Jewish life that was recreated in the new Jewish centers in the West "are dissimilar from those they had in European Europe," he pointed out.

Mr. Sharett noted that Russian Jewry, constituting the second largest Jewish community in the world, is cut off from contact with the rest of Jewry. "Finally," he said, "there is the rise of Israel, which solved many old problems and removed the curse of political disability but brought about new problems of a different character which time alone will not solve. These must be solved by the Jewish people collectively."

Another of the speakers at the opening session of the conferences was Arthur Lourie, Israel's Ambassador to Britain. Lauding Mr. Sharett as the architect of Israel's foreign service, "who guided its original officials in their first steps," Mr. Lourie said that, in his new post, as chairman of the Jewish Agency, Mr. Sharett has "infused new life into that body." Mr. Sharett, he said, holds a "unique" position in Israel, acting very often as "the conscience of the country."

J.D.C. OVERSEAS CONFERENCE OPENS WITH 200 JEWISH LEADERS FROM 26 LANDS

GENEVA, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- The growing movement toward bringing together all forces working in the fields of Jewish welfare and social service, for joint discussion and action, was stressed here today as the keynote of the 16th annual overseas conference of the Joint Distribution Committee. The keynote address was delivered by Charles Jordan, overseas director of the JDC.

For the second successive year, the JDC conference is being held jointly with the Assembly on European Jewish Community Services. Attending are more than 200 delegates from 26 countries in Europe, Africa and North and South America, as well as from Israel, Iran and India. Additionally, this year's four-day conference will also be the scene of the first meeting of the newly organized International Council of Jewish Social and Welfare Services, Mr. Jordan said.

"The creation during the past few years of these truly international bodies, in each of which JDC is an active participant, gives us an ever-widening circle for concerted action," Mr. Jordan declared.

U.J.A. LEADERS CONFER WITH ESHKOL IN ISRAEL; BRIEFED ON IMMIGRATION

JERUSALEM, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Leaders of the United Jewish Appeal conferred here today with Finance Minister Levi Eshkol. They included Dewey D. Stone, chairman of the Jewish Agency, Inc., and Rabbi Herbert A. Friedman, executive vice-president of the UJA. They were briefed on the current problem of immigration into Israel and the integration of the newcomers.

SO. AFRICAN PARLIAMENT TO HAVE NINE JEWS; TWO REPRESENT COLORED VOTERS

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Seven Jews were among the successful candidates elected to Parliament in last week's elections, according to the final tabulations completed here today. They are Dr. E. L. Fisheg, Major E. B. Isaacs, L. B. Taurog, A. Gorshel, S. Emdin, Mrs. Helen Suzman and S. Frank. The first five represented the United Party; Mrs. Suzman is a member of the Progressive Party, while Mr. Frank ran on the list of the National Party in Southwest Africa. Fisheg, Taurog and Frank were returned to Parliament unopposed.

In addition, two Jews--A. Bloomberg and C. Barnett--were elected in earlier balloting to represent the Colored voters in Cape.

There were no "Jewish issues" in the election campaign. When some newspapers suggested that the "Jewish vote" would favor the Progressives in certain constituencies, Progressive Party candidates themselves scotched this notion, stating that Jews here voted as South Africans for whatever parties the individual voters might favor, and that there was no "Jewish vote."

In one of the most highly contested constituencies, Johannesburg's Houghton, both opposing candidates were Jews--Hymie Miller for the United Party and Mrs. Suzman for the Progressives. Both were members of the outgoing Parliament. Voting was heavy on both sides, with many Jews voting, and Mrs. Suzman won by a majority of 500.

In Johannesburg's Orange Grove constituency, another area where there are many Jewish voters, the United Party's Etienne Malan, who is not Jewish, defeated the Progressive Party's Alf Einstein, who is a Jew. Jews clearly voted on both sides of this contest.

Two main features characterize the results of the elections. The Government increased its strength, gaining three seats and increasing its voting strength by four percent. Then there was a heavy vote for the Progressive Party candidates who contested 23 seats, although they won only one seat. The Government now has 105 seats in the new Parliament, against 51 for the combined opposition parties.

JEWSH EDUCATION ASSOCIATION ADOPTS CODE ON EMPLOYMENT OF TEACHERS

NEW YORK, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- A national code of professional practices designed to assist Jewish communities in the United States and Canada to develop professional standards of employment of teachers in their religious schools was approved today at a meeting of the board of governors of the American Association for Jewish Education.

The principles and recommendations of the code, completed after two years of study and research by the AAJE's National Committee on Teacher Education and Welfare, will serve to guide school administrations in such areas as placement, teacher's duties, tenure and work schedules. It also proposes policies relating to salary and national standards for vacations and leaves, retirement and fringe benefits, and adjudication of controversies.

A special section of the code addresses itself to ethical practices for Jewish teachers, 9,000 of whom are currently serving Jewish schools in this country and Canada. Other projects to improve the status of the Jewish education profession which have been formulated by AAJE and widely adopted by Jewish communities include a national retirement and life insurance program for Jewish teachers.

Many of the code's recommended practices are based on principles and regulations developed both in the general education field and over the years by central Jewish educational agencies and associations of Hebrew schools in Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, Detroit, Los Angeles, Miami, Minneapolis, Newark, New Haven, New York, Philadelphia, Rochester, St. Louis, San Francisco, Savannah and Toronto, Canada.

"While many cities, spurred by their central educational agencies, have developed employment policies and codified them, taken broadly, however, problems and relationships persist in the field of Jewish teaching which make necessary the formulation of national standards of fair and equitable conditions of work," Philip W. Lown of Boston, president of the AAJE, and Samuel H. Daroff, of Philadelphia, chairman of its board of governors, declared in a joint statement.

"The National Committee on Teacher Education and Welfare of the AAJE therefore is pleased to present this set of principles and suggested practices to guide communities in developing proper and mutually beneficial professional standards. These proposals are a synthesis of intrinsically Jewish values and accepted modern-day social thought and practice. It is hoped that they will help normalize employment and working conditions in Jewish teaching and produce the most effective teaching-learning conditions in Jewish schools."

FOUR-DAY CONFERENCE ON JEWISH HISTORY AND SOCIOLOGY IN ARGENTINA HAILED

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Dr. Tobias Kamenszain, president of the Buenos Aires Jewish Community and head of the Federation of Argentine Jewish Communities, today hailed the Conference on the History and Sociology of Jewish Life in Argentina which concluded a four-day series of sessions here.

The conference was held under the joint sponsorship of the Hebrew University's Institute of Contemporary Jewry and the Buenos Aires Jewish Community. Participants included some of the most authoritative of Jewish intellectuals in this country. "I am most satisfied with the results," Dr. Kamenszain told the Jewish Telegraphic Agency. "Undoubtedly, this conference will act as an example for other Jewish communities in Latin America, stimulating similar work."

Among the papers presented and discussed at the conference were a number dealing with the foundation of contemporary Jewish studies in Argentina, Jewish educational and religious society, the relations between various sub-groups in the community like the German Jews and the Sephardim, and the role of Jews in Argentine agriculture and industry. Guest speakers included Dr. Moshe Davis and Shaul Esh, both of the Hebrew University's Institute, and Bezalel Sherman of New York.

HEAD OF U. N. SPECIAL FUND PRAISES ORT'S VOCATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOLS

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- The United Nations and Women's American ORT are "bound together, not only by common sympathies but also as workers in the same vineyard," one of the highest UN officials told the women's organization's 16th biennial convention here tonight. The speaker was Paul Hoffman, managing director of the United Nations Special Fund who headed America's Marshall Plan in the late 1940's and early 1950's. More than 1,200 delegates from Women's American ORT's 419 chapters are attending the four-day convention.

"I know from first-hand experience," Mr. Hoffman said, "of ORT's splendid work in vocational training, in providing new skills which, literally, change the lives of their proud new possessors. And I am grateful to you that you have chosen to consider, at this important convention, ORT's own efforts against the background of the endeavors of the United Nations."

The UN official voiced a plea for greater understanding by the general public in this country of the aims and achievements of the United Nations, especially in the spheres of social and economic development.

EDDIE CANTOR RIDICULES ARAB ANNOUNCEMENT PLACING HIS FILMS UNDER BAN

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Veteran comedian Eddie Cantor today laughed off the announcement by the Arab League this weekend that all of his films would be banned from the League's member countries in the Middle East and North Africa because of the Jewish performer's "Zionist affiliations and material support of Israel." Mr. Cantor, who will shortly celebrate his 70th birthday, today repeated a statement he had made during the war about the Hitler regime: "I have no desire to make any people laugh who have made my people cry."

Celebration of Mr. Cantor's 60th birthday nearly ten years ago was marked by the sale of \$2,616,000 worth of Israel bonds. His 65th birthday was also the occasion for an Israel bond benefit. Other Hollywood stars boycotted by the Arab League for similar reasons include Elizabeth Taylor, Paul Newman, Jerry Lewis and Edward G. Robinson.

SQUARE OF TORONTO'S \$25,000,000 CITY HALL NAMED FOR JEWISH MAYOR

TORONTO, Oct. 23; (JTA) -- The square on which Toronto's new \$25,000,000 City Hall is being built has been re-named Nathan Phillips Square in honor of Toronto's Jewish Mayor.

Mr. Phillips, who has been mayor since 1955, was proposed for the honor by a motion in city council in recognition of his efforts on behalf of the new city hall. The area previously was known as Albert Square.

ISRAELI PRODUCTS WIN FIRST PRIZE AT ALABAMA STATE FAIR

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Israel was today awarded first prize for its "out-standing exhibit" of consumer goods and industrial products at the Greater Gulf State Fair which opened here last weekend. Other countries participating in the fair were Belgium, Greece, Germany, India, Italy and Venezuela. Among the Israeli products displayed were giftware, fashions, food specialties and various industrial goods.

JOSEPH SCHENCK, PIONEER IN AMERICAN MOTION PICTURE INDUSTRY, DEAD

HOLLYWOOD, Cal., Oct. 23; (JTA) -- Joseph M. Schenck, prominent Jewish film executive and a pioneer in the motion picture industry, died here yesterday at the age of 82. He was born in Russia and came to the United States in 1890.