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## SECURITY FORCE AT EICHMANN TRIAL UNDERGOES REHEARSAL IN JERUSALEM

JERUSALEM, April 6. (JTA) -- Adolf Eichmann was moved last night from his cell in a fortress near Haifa, where he had been held since he was brought to Israel last May, to the cell prepared for him in the Jerusalem Community Center, the Bet Haam, where his trial on charges of having had a key role in the annihilation of European Jewry will open on Tuesday.

The Bet Haam has been made into a virtual fortress, as security officers made every possible effort to prevent any attempt on the Nazi's life. The security force for the trial is composed of frontier guards, metropolitan police and plainclothes policemen. They all went through a rehearsal last night of their trial procedures.

Under giant searchlights, the guards stood by machineguns at key points, or patrolled the area carrying submachine guns. The bullet-proof glass enclosure in which Eichmann will sit during the trial is already under 24-hour daily patrol to prevent sabotage.

There were forecasts today that the trial might be one of the longest in Israel's history. There are 39 witnesses for the prosecution, each of whom could be on the stand for half a day. There is also an enormous amount of documentary evidence to be introduced. It was therefore considered possible that the prosecution might require two to three months to present its case.

The trial will be suspended on April 13--Nissan 27--which has been declared the official legal Memorial Day for the victims of the Nazi holocaust. Observance of the occasion will begin on the evening of April 12 throughout Israel. Shops, offices and places of amusement will be closed for 24 hours.

The memorial monuments of the Yad Vashem, the official Center for Documentation of the Nazi genocide, will be opened on April 13, and the Eternal Light will be lit for the first time in the "Tent of Remembrance" which will be the central structure of the entire memorial complex.

The Yad Vashem has published a new version of the El Malei Rachamim prayer, which mentions those of Israel killed "by the Nazis and their assistants," omitting the word "Germans." The inclusion of the word touched off a considerable argument last year, leading to intervention by President Izhak Ben-Zvi. He opposed the inclusion on grounds that its use involved "blanket charges against an entire people."

## American Jewish Committee Issues Analysis of Eichmann Case

NEW YORK, April 6. (JTA) -- The American Jewish Committee today issued a comprehensive analysis of the forthcoming Eichmann case, with particular emphasis on the moral questions, and legal arguments.

Warning that moral questions of the Eichmann trial are "in danger of being beclouded or even brushed aside," the Committee urged public opinion leaders to restore proper emphasis "to those issues of conscience which have the highest claim on the attention of Americans and indeed of all mankind." The Eichmann case, the Committee stressed, "should make us confront" the meaning of hatred, genocide and totalitarianism in the modern world.

The Committee pointed to the fact that "Allied leaders solemnly promised to seek out and punish those guilty of genocide no matter how long or difficult the task." Nevertheless, Eichmann remained at large 15 years until captured by Israel. In any event, the analysis emphasized, "no country or group of countries has asked to try Eichmann." Furthermore, "there is no international body for trying war criminals, and in the light of the cold war, it is hardly conceivable that one could be formed."

The analysis recalled that Israel's apology for violating Argentine sovereignty was accepted, and cited a similar case in which an American fugitive in Peru was seized by a U.S. officer and brought home without extradition proceedings.

On Israel's jurisdiction, the analysis cited a report by the United Nations War Crimes Commission which asserted that "the right to punish war crimes is not confined to the state whose nationals had suffered, or on whose territory the offense took place, but is possessed by any independent state whatsoever, just as is the right to punish the offense of piracy."

"The trial will recall horrors that many of us--Christians and Jews--would rather forget," the Committee stated. It added that "neither religion nor humanism can approve

forgetfulness or evasion of the truth. In the eyes of religion, we can repent and reform only if we remember and accept the truth. In the eyes of humanism, consciousness and knowledge must supplant unawareness and ignorance."

#### TRIAL OF NAZI OFFICERS WHO KILLED JEWS IN LATVIA OPENED IN GERMANY

BONN, April 6. (JTA) -- The trial of two former Gestapo officers accused of having taken part in mass executions of several hundred Latvian Jews, began in Tuebingen today. The ex-Nazis, Richard Wiechert, 56, and Bruno Schulz, 58, pleaded not guilty.

Four hundred cases are pending in West German courts against "a large number" of Nazi war criminals, many of the cases involving two or more suspects, the Federal Republic of Germany announced here today. The announcement, in the Government's official Information Bulletin, was candidly tied to the Adolf Eichmann trial in Israel, in an effort by the Government to show that it is doing all it can to clean up the record of Nazi atrocities against Jews and others.

The Bulletin shows that, in several of the West German states, vigorous prosecution has been undertaken against Nazi war criminals. The figures show that, in Bavaria, 1, 721 trials were held in such cases, resulting in convictions against 991 persons. In the State of Baden-Wurttemberg, 585 persons have been convicted of war crimes.

A special filmed documentary based on the life and crimes of Adolf Eichmann, Nazi specialist in the extermination of 6,000,000 European Jews, will be televised over the West German network next Tuesday, April 11--the day Eichmann goes on trial in Israel.

#### JEWISH GIRL KILLED, THREE SERIOUSLY INJURED IN TERROR ACTS IN ALGERIA

ALGIERS, April 6. (JTA) -- Two new outrages against Jews in Algeria, one of them causing the death of a 17-year-old girl, were reported here today.

A typewriter shop owned by a Jew in the center of Algiers was the target of a bomb which demolished the front of the store. A girl, Michele Taies, was killed by a grenade blast in Constantine while she was walking with her two sisters and a friend, Maurice Zerbib. The sisters and Mr. Zerbib, who is well known in Constantine Jewish circles, were seriously injured.

Pro-French extremists were believed to be responsible for these and other recent attacks on Jews and Jewish property.

#### JEWISH CIVIL SERVANTS IN MOROCCO OPPOSE COUNCIL OF COMMUNITIES

CASABLANCA, April 6. (JTA) -- A group of Jewish civil servants declared today in a statement in the Arab press in Morocco that they did not recognize the Council of Moroccan Jewish Communities and that they planned to organize their own association in a few weeks.

The Jewish civil servants had previously fought the Council when it held a national conference on March 19 to discuss steps to improve the situation of the Jews of Morocco. They specifically opposed a resolution adopted at the conference asking the Moroccan Government to organize Moroccan Jewry into a community separate from that of the Moslem community but one which would have the same rights as the Moslems.

The civil servants group was reported to have the support of Dr. Leon Benzaquen, a former Minister in the Moroccan Government. Dr. Benzaquen was received today by King Hassan II.

The civil servants declared that they proposed to organize their own congress to counter-balance the Council, which they contended did not have the right to speak about the future of Moroccan Jewry, and "in order that the principles of integration may prevail over those of separatism." They argued that their congress would bring together Jews and Moslems not only from Morocco but also from abroad.

Leaders of the Council were reported to consider Dr. Benzaquen's ideas as "assimilationist" and therefore not surprised at his support of the Jewish civil servants group.

#### GOVERNOR OF VIRGINIA BACKS GRANTING OF CHARTER TO ROCKWELL BY STATE

RICHMOND, Va., April 6. (JTA) -- Governor J. Lindsay Almond, Jr., today defended the State Corporation Commission's decision to grant a charter to George Rockwell, of Arlington, Va., to promote nazism in Virginia. In a letter to Joseph F. Baar, national executive director of the Jewish War Veterans, the Governor supported Corporation Commissioner Ralph T. Catterall for according "rights" to nazism, as a political movement.

Mr. Catterall had equated the American Nazi party with B'nai Brith in justifying his decision to grant a charter to Rockwell. Replying to a protest by the JWV leader, Gov. Almond cited the Virginia state constitution, and added: "What you are demanding is that officials who have sworn to obey the constitution should disobey it. Mr. Catterall's reference to B'nai Brith was not to equate that organization with the Nazis, but to point out that all applicants, whether they are the best, like B'nai Brith, or the worst, like the Nazis, are entitled to charters no matter what he as an individual may think of them."

It was pointed out in Richmond, however, that the state had denied legal recognition to groups seeking equality for Negro citizens and to extreme leftist organizations.

# ISRAEL REJECTS JORDANIAN CLAIMS AT U.N. SECURITY COUNCIL SESSION

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., April 6. (JTA) -- Israel today rejected Jordanian claims that it was endangering international peace and security by scheduling a military parade to be held in Jerusalem in celebration of Israel's Independence Day, April 20.

The Israeli insistence that the scheduled parade involved no real violation of the Jordan-Israel Armistice Agreement, and that Jordan's charges were "minor" and "technical" was voiced before the Security Council this morning when the 11-member body met to consider a Jordanian grievance against the parade plans.

Abdel Monem Rifai, permanent representative of Jordan, told the Council that Israel's parade plans amounted to "provocation" and showed an Israeli desire to try to "intimidate" Jordan. Mr. Rifai read off a list of heavy armaments, including 50-ton British tanks, heavy American equipment, anti-tank-missile carriages and other equipment which, he said, Israel planned to show during its parade in Jerusalem. He referred to Israel's Independence Day as "The Day of Aggression" and the day of "the establishment of imperialist aggression in the Middle East."

Invited to the Security Council table by the April president of the body, T. B. Subasinghe, of Ceylon, Arthur Lourie, Israel's acting permanent representative to the United Nations, replied to the Jordanian charges.

Pointing out that there have been no Israeli-Arab grievances aired before the Council for the past two years, Mr. Lourie told the Council: "It is the more regrettable that, at a time when the world organization is confronted in other areas with grave issues, the Security Council should be required to devote time and attention to a minor matter of a technical character which in no sense involves a threat to international peace and security and which should never have been brought before this body."

The parade, Mr. Lourie assured the Council, "will move under the watchful eyes of United Nations observers and, no doubt, of numerous foreign correspondents and visitors. All this equipment, having passed briefly in review, is to be removed in a matter of hours." He stressed that the equipment will be without ammunition and that, because Jerusalem is so close to the international demarcation line, no aircraft will participate in the parade.

To Mr. Rifai's insistence that the Jordan-Israel Mixed Armistice Commission had already, on March 20, "condemned" Israel for its parade plans, the Israeli asked the Council whether it was not true that a complainant "must come into court with clean hands." He listed four separate occasions in the last 15 months when Jordan paraded military materiel in the Old City of Jerusalem, with no complaint by Israel because it was certain these Jordanian parades violated the armistice agreement only technically.

## Soviet Delegate Supports Jordan's Request; Speaks Against Israel

"The fact is," said Ambassador Lourie, "that this allegation of the Jordan Government, as it well knows, is without the slightest foundation. Israel's borders with Jordan have in the past four years been calmer and less troubled than at any time previously." Mr. Lourie called attention to the fact that there were other, more serious violations of the 1949 armistice agreement for which Jordan was clearly responsible. He recalled that Jordan still does not allow Israel free access to its Holy Places in Jordanian territory and chokes off resumption of normal functioning "of the cultural and humanitarian institutions on Mount Scopus."

Mr. Lourie suggested that the Council should refer the complaint back for reconsideration by the Mixed Armistice Commission.

Valerian A. Zorin, permanent representative of the Soviet Union, then addressed the Council, telling the body that the MAC decision has already been made against Israel and that "there has been a breach of the armistice agreement." Furthermore, he insisted, Israel's delegate had not denied the violation nor promised that his Government would desist from staging the military parade. He called upon the Council to support Jordan's "elementary" request for support of the MAC and to help prevent the Government of Israel "from any attempt to violate the armistice agreement and the decision of the MAC."

After Mr. Zorin had spoken, President Subasinghe recessed the session until next Monday afternoon, since no other member of the Council was ready to continue the debate.

There is as yet no resolution before the Council, although Jordan, and the Soviet Union had made it clear they would like to see adoption of a resolution upholding the MAC's "condemnation" of Israel. Some members of the Council implied, after the session, they hoped that no resolution may be necessary, expressing their tentative opinion that some form of compromise would be worked out over the weekend, so that both the Arab states and their Soviet supporters as well as Israel would be satisfied.

Several members of the Council noted particularly that Mr. Lourie had stated Israel's willingness to give further "assurances" that the April 20 parade would be of a peaceful and "purely ceremonial" nature, and the Israelis suggestion that the entire matter be referred back for discussion "by the parties on the spot."

CANADIAN JEWISH CONGRESS APPEALS TO MOROCCO FOR FAIR TREATMENT OF JEWS

MONTREAL, April 6. (JTA) -- An appeal to Morocco's permanent representative at the United Nations, Dr. El Medhi ben Aboud, expressing the hopes of the Canadian Jewish community that Morocco will treat its Jews with fairness, was sent today by Samuel Bronfman, president of the Canadian Jewish Congress.

Pointing out in his letter that Morocco's late King Mohammed V had declared himself in favor of equal treatment for Moroccan Jews, Mr. Bronfman asked the United Nations representative to relay the message to his country's new King, Hassan II.

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY IN BEIRUT ORDERED TO REMOVE BOOKS ON ISRAEL

LONDON, April 6. (JTA) -- The American University in Beirut and the British Council there have been ordered to remove from their libraries all books dealing in any way with Israel, it was reported here today from Lebanon. The orders were issued by the Lebanese Ministry of Education.

T. W. Murray, director of the British Council, said that "we have been careful in selecting our books to avoid giving offense but if a library contains an encyclopedia, it obviously contains references to Israel." He also said that he had informed the Ministry that the British Council library was "a center of research and not for the propagation of views."

The Lebanese Education Ministry recently charged that the British Middle East Center for Arabic Studies at Shemlan was "a spy center on behalf of Israel."

J. D. C. SPONSORS CONFERENCE ON MENTAL HEALTH OF JEWS IN EUROPE

AMERSFOORT, Holland, April 6. (JTA) -- Seventeen medical, social welfare and mental health specialists from four countries concluded a two-day series of meetings here today, evaluating the methods of treatment and management at the new Sinai Clinic. The clinic is the first Jewish mental hospital built in Europe since World War II, and was opened last June.

Experts attending the conference, under the auspices of the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, came to the conference from Belgium, France, Britain and West Germany. The sessions were conducted by Dr. Armand Sunier, director of the clinic, and Dr. Laszlo Molnar, of the JDC medical department. In addition to evaluating the work of the clinic, the experts also discussed the problems of mental health in the Jewish communities in Belgium, France and West Germany.

Since the clinic was opened, Dr. Sunier reported, 40 of the 100 patients admitted last June have already been discharged. The advanced methods of the 78-bed hospital were highly praised by the visiting experts.

THIRD MEDITERRANEAN COLLOQUIUM TO BE HELD IN ITALY NEXT MONTH

FLORENCE, April 6. (JTA) -- The Third Mediterranean Colloquium will be held in Florence May 19-25, it was announced today after a meeting here of the Preparatory Committee under the chairmanship of Mayor Giorgio La Pira, organizer of the first two conclaves.

The Second Colloquium was held in October 1960 with the participation of an important group of delegates from Israel, including Professor Martin Buber. Israeli delegates, taking part as individuals, are expected also for the third assembly here. Writers and authoritative exponents of cultural leadership in Arab countries also are again expected.

While the agenda for the May conclave has not yet been completely worked out, it was expected that the principal theme would be an analysis of the possibilities of cooperation between Mediterranean and African countries and of the problems connected with goals of international cooperation at the end of the colonialist period.

AMERICAN ZIONIST COUNCIL AND JEWISH AGENCY SPONSOR SEMINARS IN ISRAEL

NEW YORK, April 6. (JTA) -- A total of nine different seminars will be held in Israel during the coming summer for teachers and other Jewish professionals under the sponsorship of the American Zionist Council and the Jewish Agency for Israel in Jerusalem, it was announced here today.

Dr. Samuel M. Blumenfeld, director of the Council's Department of Education and Culture, said the summer projects were designed to help maintain cultural bridges between Israeli and American Jewries and to improve Jewish educational standards in the United States. He said a number of the seminars had been certified by cooperating universities for accreditation.

He reported also that a special Bar Mitzvah pilgrimage for 13-year-old American youngsters had been arranged to coincide with the Bar Mitzvah anniversary of Israel. He said the number of applications for the project had far exceeded the available places in the pilgrimage.