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HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS IN ISRAEL HOLD 'WARNING STRIKE'; WANT HIGHER WAGES

TEL AVIV, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- Secondary school teachers throughout the country staged a one-day warning strike today in protest against what they called "foot-dragging" by the authorities in dealing with their demands for improved conditions, including higher wages.

The teachers held meetings in various cities to voice their impatience with the slow progress in settling the issue. Some of the teachers called for an all-out struggle to win their demands. They had rejected an appeal by the Government to call off the strike following an extraordinary Cabinet session on Tuesday, when they were asked not to disrupt the country's educational system.

SOVIET DELEGATE ATTACKS ISRAEL AT U.N. DEBATE ON PALESTINE REFUGEES

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Nov. 24. (JTA) -- The Soviet Union today strongly attacked Israel on the Palestine Arab refugee issue during the debate on this issue at a meeting of the United Nations Special Political Committee. Delegates from 17 countries have taken part in the debate so far and representatives of 30 more countries are scheduled to speak.

In his attack on Israel, Platon Morozov, the Soviet delegate, said that the Arab refugee problem was primarily a political problem, and, because of the "resistance" of Israel and the Western Powers to implementation of the General Assembly resolutions on this question, a situation was being created which was "fraught with grave consequences."

The situation was "intolerable," declared Mr. Morozov. Israel could not go on "ignoring" the General Assembly resolutions, while basing itself on "its Western allies, its great protectors." The refugees must be given their choice of repatriation or compensation, in accordance with General Assembly resolutions, and as quickly as possible.

The Soviet representative said that Israel had participated in the 1956 "aggression" against Egypt, and that this, too, was only because of backing from Israel's "protectors." Mr. Morozov then spoke of the "brilliant" statement made by the representative of Saudi Arabia. His delegation, he said, fully shared the thoughts that had arisen in the mind of the representative of Saudi Arabia regarding the report of the Conciliation Commission for Palestine. The representative of Saudi Arabia, he observed, had asked a number of questions regarding the report, seeking to look "between the lines and behind the lines."

Mr. Morozov said that the Conciliation Commission had stated in its report that it was giving careful consideration to possible courses of action. "The statement was only designed to cover up the Commission's obvious inactivity," he asserted. He saw no reason to think that the Commission would take any decisive measures, and he looked forward to hearing the answers to the questions asked by the representative of Saudi Arabia.

In all these years, he went on, the Commission had not achieved any significant results. He concluded by declaring that the refugees must return to their homes and their property must be returned to them.

Challenged by Israel to Use Soviet Influence on Arabs

Ambassador Michael Comay, head of the Israel delegation, said he would not reply to the "highly contentious" statements of the representative of the USSR except to repudiate them. What his own present intervention aimed at, he said, was to provide some clarifications with regard to the Conciliation Commission for Palestine. This body, he pointed out, was not an Implementation Commission but a Conciliation Commission, whose task was to try to make possible negotiations between the parties to the dispute.

Israel, said Mr. Comay, was ready to enter into negotiations with the Arab states on all points. If, he added, the representative of the USSR considered the present situation "intolerable," perhaps he might use his influence with the Arab states to induce them to settle their dispute with Israel in accordance with the UN Charter, namely, through peaceful negotiations.

Ahmad Shukairy, representative of Saudi Arabia, said he would not reply to Mr. Comay's remarks "because the Soviet delegation was well able to make its own reply." He argued that the repatriation of the Arab refugees was not dependent on agreement with Israel--as provided in the General Assembly resolutions. The Palestine Arabs, he said, had "an inherent right to their homeland" even without the resolutions of the General Assembly. He emphasized that the Arab States were not prepared to enter into negotiations on the refugee issue.

BEN-GURION ATTACKS FORTHCOMING WORLD ZIONIST CONGRESS IN KNESSET

JERUSALEM, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion resumed his polemical battle against the Zionist movement today with a comment in the Knesset, Israel's Parliament, that he doubted that the adjective "Zionist" was appropriate for the forthcoming World Zionist Congress. He remarked that he was "willing to advise my friends not to recognize this Congress as Zionist but my friends do not share this view."

The Prime Minister made his comments in reply to a question from Joseph Serlin, General Zionist Knesset member, who asked whether the Prime Minister was aware that two Mapai Cabinet members had presented their candidacies for the Congress in lists abroad. He was referring to Finance Minister Levi Eshkol in Britain and Minister of Education Abba Eban in Belgium.

The Prime Minister replied that he felt "nobody should be a candidate for the Zionist Congress since that name does not fit the Congress." However, he added, others think otherwise and have a right to participate in the Congress elections and to present their candidacies.

Dr. Goldmann Rebukes Ben-Gurion for Attacks on Zionist Movement

TEL AVIV, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- Dr. Nahum Goldmann, in a lecture on the 25th World Zionist Congress, strongly rebuked today Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion for his criticisms of the present Zionist movement and of plans for a new "roof organization" for world Jewry.

Dr. Goldmann said the Zionist movement still had a two-fold mission--to bring to Israel the many Jews who need sanctuary or wish to go to Israel and to bring those Jews remaining in other countries closer to Israel so that they would regard Israel as a "center and basis" for the life of the entire Jewish people.

The world Zionist leader argued that while the Prime Minister had not said so openly, he intended that the Israel Government would take over the functions of promoting settlement in Israel and Hebrew education in Jewish communities in other countries. Dr. Goldmann said this would not be accepted by any Government abroad and least of all by Jews in other countries.

He added that even if one were to accept the contention that the present form of the Zionist organization was not ideal, any attempt to create a new organization would cause chaos and leave a vacuum in Zionist activity. Not only could Israel not prevail in such a vacuum, Dr. Goldmann said, but the Jewish people as such could not continue in view of the relaxation of religious ties.

Accuses Israel Govt. of Non-Cooperation with Jewish Agency

He contended that the Zionist movement could carry out these and other tasks if two conditions were arranged--unreserved backing by the Israel Government and an end to the difficulties deriving from "present conditions of party divisions." Given those conditions, he said, the Zionist movement could carry out required changes and expand the scope of representation of Jewish communities either through full membership in the World Zionist movement, or as affiliates or fraternal members.

Dr. Goldmann devoted almost 60 minutes of the lecture, which was sponsored by the Israel Government Information Office, to a description of what the Zionist movement could have done and would do if given the opportunity by the Israel Government and if "a man representing the Israel Government" had not made statements that caused "confusion in several Jewish communities"--an obvious reference to the Prime Minister.

Dr. Goldmann expressed the hope that cooperation between the Government and the Jewish Agency would be improved when the first regular meeting of the Agency-Government coordinating committee is held on December 4.

Remarking that he hoped the majority of Israelis did not share the Prime Minister's views about the Zionist movement, Dr. Goldmann accused the Israel Government of non-cooperation with the Jewish Agency on development and absorption plans. However, he added that there was a measure of cooperation between the Israel Foreign Ministry and the Jewish Agency's immigration department.

ISRAEL ENVOY IN CHILE GETS THREATENING LETTERS OVER EICHMANN

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- Israel Ambassador Eliezer Doron has received a number of letters threatening his life over the Eichmann arrest and trial in Jerusalem, it was disclosed here today. Some of the letters warned that "the hour of vengeance is approaching." Police are investigating.

TWO MOSLEMS SENTENCED IN ALGERIA FOR KILLING JEW; ONE GETS DEATH

ALGIEPS, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- The highest military tribunal today confirmed the death sentence of Boulahbib-Salal Bensalib, a Moslem, who shot and killed a young Jew four years ago. The victim, Aded Jacky, was killed while walking with his fiancée in Constantin.

The tribunal also confirmed a sentence of 15 years' imprisonment on Belacha Ahmed Ben Eekem, an accomplice of Bensalib. Both men, convicted earlier this year, had appealed to the Supreme Military Tribunal, which today confirmed the sentences.

KNESSET PASSES LEGISLATION ENABLING GERMAN LAWYER TO DEFEND EICHMANN

JERUSALEM, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- The Knesset, Israel's Parliament, today approved the final reading of an amendment to the Advocates Ordinance which will enable the Minister of Justice to formally approve the appointment of Cologne attorney Robert Servatius as the defense lawyer for Adolf Eichmann, the Nazi war criminal due to go on trial March 6 for his part in the mass killing of Europe's 6,000,000 Jews.

Under the Advocates Ordinance, only members of the Israeli Bar were permitted to appear before an Israeli court. The amendment authorizes a non-citizen of Israel to appoint--with the approval of the Minister of Justice--a defense counsel who is not an Israeli lawyer.

The amendment was passed without debate by agreement among all parties in order to avoid discussion which would inevitably involve both the entire issue of the Nazi holocaust and the Eichmann case which is pending before the court. The final version of the amendment, however, includes a provision authorizing the Minister of Justice to cancel--with the court's approval--the appointment of a non-Israeli defense attorney even during the trial, should "special circumstances arise."

The provision is believed to be aimed at providing the means of preventing the non-Israeli defense attorney, who is not bound by the rules of conduct of the Bar Association, from engaging under immunity, in anti-Israel or even anti-Semitic discourses.

PALESTINE-BORN JEWISH SCIENTIST CREDITED WITH DEVELOPING TIROS II

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- A 44-year-old Palestinian-born Jewish scientist, Dr. Morris Tepper, was disclosed today to have been the man primarily responsible for the development and launching of the Tiros II meteorological satellite, latest American development in space research.

Dr. Tepper, chief of the meteorological satellite program of the National Aeronautics and Space Agency, became fascinated by weather forecasting when he was an Air Force officer in World War II in the Pacific. At the end of the war, he joined the staff of the U.S. Weather Bureau and in 1951 was made chief of the bureau's research unit on severe local storms.

Earning a Ph.D. in meteorology from John Hopkins University in spare time study, Dr. Tepper was a co-winner in 1950 of the Meissinger award of the American Meteorological Society for research on hydraulic dynamics in meteorological problems. A few years ago, Dr. Tepper joined NASA and was soon placed in charge of the weather satellite program.

He came to the United States with his family in 1922 and became a citizen in 1926 when his parents were naturalized. He earned a Bachelor of Science and a Master of Arts degree at Brooklyn College. For four years before joining the Air Force in 1943, he was chief of the physical science unit of the U.S. Civil Service Commission.

RABBINICAL ASSEMBLY SENDS FRATERNAL OBSERVERS TO ZIONIST CONGRESS

NEW YORK, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- The Rabbinical Assembly of America, central body of Conservative rabbis, will attend the World Zionist Congress to be held in Jerusalem next month, it was announced here today by Rabbi Edward T. Sandrow, former president of the group.

The Assembly will send a three-man fraternal delegation who will serve as non-member observers at the Congress. The delegation will be composed of Rabbi Sandrow; Rabbi Armond E. Cohen, of Cleveland; and Ira Eisenstein, president of the Reconstructionist Foundation.

"As workers in the Zionist movement and long-time friends of Zionism," Rabbi Sandrow declared, "we go to these meetings to see and to hear. In the spring of 1961, we will report our observations at the convention of the Rabbinical Assembly."

"We expect that in Jerusalem," Rabbi Sandrow added, "we will meet fellow Jews who are also engaged in building spiritual bridges between Israel and Jewish communities throughout the world. It is our hope that, with our fellows, we shall be able to help raise the standard of Jewish religious life everywhere."

AGUDAH ASKS U. N. BODY FOR STRONGER ACTION ON RELIGIOUS DISCRIMINATION

LONDON, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- The World executive of the Agudas Israel today asked the UNESCO conference in Paris to give more consideration to racial, religious and educational bias.

An Agudah delegation in Paris was advised that UNESCO planned to allocate \$48,000 for the 1961-62 period "for specific action against race prejudice." It was also indicated that UNESCO planned to explore "the possibilities of creating an international body for centralising documentation concerning race relations."

The Agudah executive, in a memorandum to UNESCO, presented details of religious and educational discrimination in a number of countries, including European countries where difficulties arise because Jewish children do not attend state schools on the Jewish Sabbaths and Holy Days.

FOUR-DAY CONVENTION TO MAP 1961 HISTADRUT DRIVE OPENED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- The four-day annual convention of the National Committee for Labor Israel opened here today to plan the 1961 Histadrut fund-raising campaign in the United States and Canada. About 3,000 delegates from all parts of the American continent are participating in the parley.

At a special session tomorrow, the convention will launch the newly formed American Histadrut Development Foundation, which seeks to mobilize capital funds for a long-range program of expansion of medical, educational, vocational training, and immigrant rehabilitation services of the National Committee for Labor Israel. The Foundation will receive income from wills and bequests and long-term commitments.

The sessions of the convention will be addressed by Moshe Sharett, Israel's former Prime Minister; Ambassador Michael Comay, chief of the Israel Mission to the United Nations; Binyamin Eliav, Consul General of Israel in New York; Baruch Zuckerman of Jerusalem, leader of the World Labor Zionist movement; and prominent American trade union and Zionist spokesmen.

NEW YORK JEWISH POLICEMEN URGED TO REPLACE NON-JEWISH ON CHRISTMAS

NEW YORK, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- An appeal to the 1,300 Jewish policemen in New York to work for Christian members of the New York police force on Christmas and New Year's Day was issued here today by Rabbi Isadore Frank, Jewish chaplain of the Police Department here.

His appeal was released as a departmental directive, bearing Police Commissioner Stephen Kennedy's name, and addressed to all commands. The directive was the second this year. The first was issued last September to Christian police, urging them to volunteer tour of duty exchanges with Jewish police who wanted time off to observe Yom Kippur.

Rabbi Frank said that the Christmas period gave Jewish police a chance to show their appreciation to Christian officers who volunteered to work for the Jewish police on the High Holy Days.

JEWS IN CHILE PRESENT \$70,000 BUILDING TO HOUSE ISRAEL EMBASSY

SANTIAGO, Chile, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- A \$70,000 building, built by the Santiago Jewish community, was presented yesterday as a gift to the Government of Israel for use as the Israel Embassy here.

The presentation was made to Israel Ambassador Eliezer Doron on the occasion of the visit here of Pinhas Sapir, Israel's Minister of Commerce and Industry, by Israel Pollak, president of the Zionist Federation of Chile, and Mauricio Litvak, president of Banco Israelita of Chile.

RABBI LOOKSTEIN HONORED IN CANADA; REPORTS ON BAR-ILAN UNIVERSITY

OTTAWA, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- Dr. Joseph H. Lookstein, president of the International Board of Governors of Bar-Ilan University in Ramat Gan, Israel, was honored by the Jewish community here at a dinner last night under the patronage of Israel's Ambassador to Canada, Yaacov Herzog and arranged by the Canadian Friends of Bar-Ilan University.

The university, Rabbi Lookstein told the gathering, seeks to fuse the old and new Jewish and world culture. Planned along the lines of Anglo-American educational institutions, Bar-Ilan has a four-year arts course with student activities organized much as in Canada, the educator said. Organizations of Friends of Bar-Ilan have also been established in the United States, Britain, The Netherlands and Israel, with groups in other countries in the process of formation.

LUBAVITCHER REBBE BACKS CHAPLAIN OF ISRAEL ARMY FOR CHIEF RABBI

JERUSALEM, Nov. 24. (JTA) -- Leaders of the Habad Chassidic movement in Israel declared today that their world leader, the Lubavitcher Rebbe in New York, has given his support to Chief Chaplain Shlomo Goren of the Israel Army for the post of Ashkenazi Chief Rabbi in Israel.