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KING OF JORDAN ATTACKS NASSER AT U.N. ASSEMBLY; MILD ON ISRAEL

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Oct. 3. (JTA) -- King Hussein of Jordan today delivered a series of sharp blasts at the United Arab Republic, accusing its President, Gamal Abdel Nasser, of following the Communist line in the Middle East. The Jordanian ruler also discussed the Palestine refugee question, accusing Israel of failure to carry out U.N. resolutions. But his main fire was directed against UAR President Nasser.

Obviously disregarding heavy Arab pressures which, since his arrival here Friday, attempted to convince him that, in the interests of Arab "unity," he should withhold criticism of the United Arab Republic, King Hussein told the General Assembly plenary session that he could not keep silent on the "local quarrel" between Nasser and Jordan. That dispute endangers peace in the Middle East and threatens world peace as a whole, he affirmed.

"From the very beginning," he stated, "the aim of our sister state has been our destruction." He said the hostility of the U.A.R. against Jordan dates from the time, he, Hussein, spoke out clearly against Jordanian alignment with the Communist bloc or Communist ideology.

Jordan, he said, has been subjected by the U.A.R. "to abuse, pressures of many kinds, incitements by radio and other means, and subversion." He cited the fact that Jordanian Prime Minister Majali and 11 other persons were killed recently by a bomb explosion, and tied up those assassinations with U.A.R. policies directed against Jordan.

Coming to "The Palestine Question," King Hussein treated that subject with comparative mildness. "The world," he said, "has closed and continues to close its eyes to the tragedy of humanity in the Middle East, the tragedy of the Arab refugees."

"Nothing has been done by the United Nations to bring pressure upon Israel to live up to U.N. resolutions. Israel must live up to those resolutions. There can be no peace in the Middle East without a just solution of the refugee problem," King Hussein stated.

Nasser May Return to Cairo Today; Will Not Tour United States

Nasser, who absented himself from the Assembly during Hussein's speech, will leave New York for Cairo either tomorrow or the next day, according to Arab circles here. Thus, Nasser's projected tour through the United States has been called off.

In attacking Nasser today at the U.N. Assembly, King Hussein said that tensions between Jordan and the United Arab Republic began several years ago when he had warned the people of Jordan against "Communist penetration" into the area. After that warning, he declared, Jordan found itself subjected to "abuse, subversion and external pressures." He could only interpret these acts, he emphasized, as a U.A.R. effort aimed at the destruction of Jordan.

The U.A.R., he charged, is seeking to dominate the Arab part of the world and, if it succeeded, "either as a neutral or as an openly avowed Communist ally," it would destroy the basic aims of the Arab people. "Better ways," he told the Assembly, "must be found to bring the combined weight of public opinion quickly and effectively to bear upon whatever nation transgresses agreed upon interrelationships." However, he made it clear he is not requesting immediate action from the United Nations on the disagreement between Jordan and the U.A.R.

In regard to Israel, the Jordanian king said that "the original failure of the United Nations" went back to the partition resolution of 1947 which, he claimed, "left in its wake a sorrowfully unresolved situation." He insisted it was "morally wrong and politically unjust in 1947 to partition Palestine, and it is no less so today."

GERMANY AGREES TO PAY \$19,200,000 TO BELGIAN VICTIMS OF NAZISM

BONN, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- A treaty for indemnification of victims of the Nazi occupation of Belgium was signed here today by representatives of the Brussels Government and West Germany. According to the provisions of the agreement, the Bonn Government will pay 80,000,000 deutschemarks (\$19,200,000) compensation to persons persecuted by the Nazis for religious, racial or political reasons.

BEN-GURION EXPLAINS HIS ORDER TO INVESTIGATE TWO ARMY OFFICERS

JERUSALEM, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion issued a statement last night denying that there was any connection between an inquiry he had ordered into the integrity of two Army officers and the resignation in 1955 of Pinhas Lavon as Minister of Defense in the Cabinet of former Premier Moshe Sharett.

Supporters of Mr. Lavon, who is now secretary general of the Histadrut, Israel's labor federation, had claimed that the probe of the two officers would "rehabilitate" the former Defense Minister.

"As Defense Minister," Mr. Ben-Gurion declared in the lengthy statement on the investigation, "I will not allow any officer to serve in the Army, whose hands are not clean. But I will also not allow an officer to be pilloried without proof and without trial."

The Prime Minister revealed that on the basis of material submitted to him by Mr. Lavon some five months ago and "reports that reached me during the trial of a certain person in recent months," he considered it his duty to order the setting up of an inquiry into the integrity of two Army officers.

The press, however, confused two issues, the Premier's statement continued. One was "an unfortunate incident for which an inquiry committee was appointed by former Premier Sharett at the end of 1954 at the request of the then Defense Minister Lavon, which did not reach any conclusion." The second issue, the statement asserted, was Mr. Lavon's resignation in February 1955, which, according to Mr. Sharett's statement to the Knesset, was because Mr. Lavon "did not find it possible to continue in his post after his proposals for changes in the structure of the defense organization were not accepted by the Government."

Reports to Cabinet on Reasons for Ordering an Investigation

Declaring that he did not have the least doubt that Mr. Sharett's statement to the Knesset was truthful, Mr. Ben-Gurion said in the statement: "I had political differences with Sharett in the Government but I never had, and I do not have today, the slightest doubt as to his personal integrity and honesty."

Denying any knowledge of the changes proposed by Mr. Lavon, the Premier said that neither before he relinquished the post of Defense Minister, which Mr. Lavon assumed, nor after returning to it in February 1955, "did I see any need for changes in the defense organization." The present inquiry will not deal with Mr. Lavon's activities as Minister but only with the integrity of the two Army officers, Mr. Ben-Gurion declared.

Yesterday, the Prime Minister reported to the full cabinet and, later, to a special meeting of Parliament's Committee on Security and Foreign Affairs, about the reasons why he has order a special committee, headed by Supreme Court Justice Haim Cohen, to probe into the events preceding the sudden resignation of Pinhas Lavon from the post of Minister of Defense, in 1955.

Mr. Ben-Gurion promised the Cabinet that he will bring before it the results of the committee's probe, and said he will order the Minister of Justice to prosecute anyone who might be deemed guilty of perjury as a result of l'affaire Lavon.

Mr. Lavon said today that he would not comment on the Premier's statement on the investigation until he addressed the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee tomorrow. He said he would supply the Committee with additional documents relating to the "affair" which led to his resignation as Defense Minister in 1955.

Israelis, meanwhile, are still in a dilemma over what the whole affair is about and hints in the papers only help to increase the obscurity.

ISRAELIS AND ARABS PARTICIPATE IN MEDITERRANEAN PARLEY IN ITALY

FLORENCE, Italy, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- Israel-Arab coexistence became a reality here today at least on the individual and unofficial level, at the second Mediterranean Colloquium now being held here with the participation of some 200 delegates from several Mediterranean countries, including Israel and the United Arab Republic.

Main speakers at the Colloquium included Professor Martin Buber of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem and George Henein of the U. A. R. Giorgio Lapira, who is presiding at the conference, expressed satisfaction over the large number of Israeli Arabs participating.

Rustum Bastuni, a prominent leader of the Arab community in Israel, addressing the parley, stressed the importance of cooperation between the state and local organizations and described the work done by Israel's Ministry of Development in teaching modern agricultural techniques to the country's Beduins. He advocated that similar initiatives be undertaken by other countries in the region in a spirit of cooperation.

Professor Martin Buber stressed the difference between real peace and the present state of international affairs, which, he said, is merely an interval between two wars. Real peace, Professor Buber declared, is the result of common work by men living in the same territory. Egyptian writer Wilna Mogazi cited the Arab-Jewish-Christian historical contribution to Alexandrine civilization. He endorsed Professor Buber's definition of real peace.

PARTICIPATION IN BUILDING OF TEL AVIV SUBWAY BECOMES ISSUE IN ITALY

ROME, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- Two members of the Italian Parliament, Senators Nencioni and Turchi, today charged in a public inquiry to the Government that Italy is trying to discourage Italian construction firms from participating in the building of a new subway line at Tel Aviv, for fear of endangering relations between Italy and the United Arab Republic.

A statement issued by the Foreign Ministry declared: "Rumors that the Israel Government intends to solicit the cooperation of Italian firms have not been confirmed. Therefore, reports of pressures anywhere against such cooperation are excluded."

This statement from the Foreign Ministry, it was noted here, does not constitute an official Government explanation as requested by the two members of Parliament. The Senators who made the inquiry are members of the Italian neo-Fascist movement. Their objection to the alleged Government steps against cooperation with Israel are based on reports they spread that Cairo Radio broadcasts have insulted Italians.

GERMAN COURT OPENS TRIAL OF NAZI WHO ANNIHILATED SALONIKA JEWS

KIEL, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- Karl Marbach, president of the Schleswig-Holstein Financial court and Nazi wartime administrator for the German Army in Salonika, was on trial in criminal court here today on charges of giving false testimony in the trial of Max Merten on war crimes in occupied Greece, including the deportation of more than 100,000 Jews.

Merten, who succeeded Marbach in Salonika, was convicted by a Greek military tribunal and sentenced to 25 years imprisonment. He was released on amnesty to West Germany in 1959 pending retrial by a German court.

Marbach was accused of giving the false testimony on July 22, 1958 when he was questioned about executions and deportations in wartime Greece. Marbach had claimed that during his service in Salonika he had never heard of any "acts of revenge" against the civilian population. It was proved subsequently that he had counter-signed a number of incriminating documents.

Meanwhile Merten, in a letter to the Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung, today admitted that the paper was correct in reporting that a Greek court charged him in March 1959 with responsibility for the deportation of 46,000 Jews and the inhuman treatment of 56,000 Salonika Jews, as well as with the shooting of hundreds of Greek partisans. However, he asserted that it was "not at all certain" whether criminal proceedings would be opened against him by the West Berlin court now examining his case.

GERMAN GENERAL, EMPLOYED BY U.S. MILITARY, DEFAMES DACHAU VICTIMS

BONN, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- The West German Government launched an inquiry today into the comments made by an unnamed former German General to Lord Russell of Liverpool at the Dachau concentration camp site. Lord Russell reported that the former General argued that the Dachau gas ovens were built by German prisoners after the war and that a gas chamber was actually a shower bath.

Dr. Carstens, Secretary of State in the Foreign Ministry, said in the West German lower house that the Government was studying the possibility of legal action against the former general. Possible charges include slander and defamation and calumny of the memory of the dead.

The former officer is now employed at the United States military camp in Dachau. Dr. Carstens emphasized that West German authorities are not responsible for the employment of civilian personnel by the United States. He added that West German missions abroad have made efforts to present the "true attitude" of the German people on these questions.

GERMAN POLICE CHIEF ARRESTED; CHARGED WITH KILLING JEWS IN POLAND

FRANKFURT, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- The police chief of Minden in North-Rhine Westphalia was arrested here today on charges of having directed the murder of 50 Jews in Poland during the Second World War.

The police official, Hermann Rohlfsing, 60, was accused of having ordered the shooting of the 50 Jews near Lublin in the winter of 1943/45 when he was in charge of a special execution "commando" unit engaged in "eliminating" traces of Nazi mass murders during the retreat of the German troops. Rohlfsing was arrested after he testified against another police official who was a member of an SS commando unit.

Three former Nazi stormtroopers went on trial in Duesseldorf today, charged with complicity in the killing of 3,000 prisoners at the Oranienburg-Sachsenhausen concentration camp near Berlin during the Second World War. The three men are August Hoehn, 70, Otto Boehm, 70, and Horst Hempel, 50. More than 50 witnesses -- former prisoners at the camp -- will give evidence during the trial, which is expected to last 12 days.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY OF ISRAEL BOND DRIVE IN U.S. CELEBRATED IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- More than 600 communal, civic and religious leaders paid tribute tonight to 10 founders of the Israel Bond Drive in New York at a dinner at the Hotel Pierre, and heard Foreign Minister Golda Meir of Israel salute their efforts on behalf of her state and her people. The dinner launched the fall campaign of the bond drive in New York. The goal of the New York drive is \$15,000,000 for 1960.

In her address at the dinner, Mrs. Meir declared: "It is a source of deep satisfaction to me to be able to join in celebrating the tenth anniversary of the founding of the Israel bond campaign and in paying tribute to the 10 men and women whose effort and leadership were so greatly instrumental in bringing about its success in Greater New York.

"In the past decade, when Israel was confronted with the heavy burdens of receiving and absorbing a million immigrants, it was the Israel bond campaign which financed the economic development program necessary to fulfill this historic task of redemption for the Jewish people," Mrs. Meir said. She expressed the hope that "with continued aid from Israel bonds, Israel will attain the goal of economic independence in the very near future."

The 10 founders of the bond campaign honored were: Benjamin Abrams, Mrs. Charles Braverman, Dr. and Mrs. Israel Goldstein, David Kluger, Jacob Sincoff and Rudolf G. Sonneborn, Benjamin G. Browdy, District Attorney Edward S. Silver, and Rabbi Irving Miller.

Colonel Dina Werth, the Commander of the Women's Army of Israel and the highest ranking woman in the Israel Defense Forces, arrived in the United States for an intensive nationwide speaking tour on behalf of the 1960 Israel bond campaign. Colonel Werth, who assumed the top command of the Women's Army one year ago after several years as its chief training officer, is an expert on all phases of the Army as it affects the lives of the women of Israel.

U.S. GRANTS \$250,000 TO NEW YORK JEWISH HOSPITAL FOR RESEARCH

NEW YORK, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- The United States Public Health Service awarded the Hillside Hospital here a research grant of more than \$250,000 for the next three years to study brain function on human behavior, it was announced here today. Hillside Hospital is a member of the New York Federation of Jewish Philanthropies.

The grant has been made to Dr. Max Fink, director of the Department of Experimental Psychiatry, as principal investigator of the research project. Based on previous studies this project was begun in 1958 with federal aid. The new grant makes it possible to continue the study through 1963.

Last month Hillside announced similar grants totaling \$42,000 to intensify the hospital's current studies into the chemical changes in the body that accompany mental disorders. This project is now underway in the Hospital's Department of Biochemistry under the direction of Dr. Harry Goldenberg and Dr. Vivian Fishman.

YOUNG ISRAELI CONDUCTOR SUBSTITUTES FOR LEONARD BERNSTEIN AT CONCERT

NEW YORK, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- Elyakim Shapira, a 34-year-old Israeli conductor, took over the podium of the New York Philharmonic Orchestra along with two other young assistants at Carnegie Hall yesterday when Leonard Bernstein suddenly became ill and could not go on.

The audience, attending the Philharmonic's first concert of the season, cheered the performances of Mr. Shapira and the other two assistant conductors -- Gregory Millar of Canada and Russell Stanger of New York. It was just such an incident -- when Bruno Walter became ill before a concert in 1943 -- that Leonard Bernstein took over the baton of the Philharmonic to start his rapid rise to fame.

ANCIENT CITADEL OF JUDEAN KING UNEARTHED BY ISRAELI ARCHEOLOGISTS

JERUSALEM, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- A fortress used by the kings of Judah in the Eighth Century B. C. E., has been unearthed on a hill at Ramat Rachel, an Israeli settlement near the Jordanian border south of here, it was announced today by Dr. Yohanan Aharoni of the Government's Department of Antiquities, who directed the excavations during the summer. The citadel is believed to have been the residence of King Uziah.

The site was discovered last year, but identification of the ruins as a citadel of the kings of the Judean monarchy was made only recently, according to Dr. Aharoni. This was shown, he said, by analysis of pottery and other artifacts found at the site.

JULES MOCH, FRENCH STATESMAN, JOINS ALLIANCE ISRAELITE LEADERSHIP

PARIS, Oct. 3. (JTA) -- Jules Moch, former member of the French Government and now Chairman of the French Delegation to the United Nations Disarmament Commission, has joined the Central Committee of the Alliance Israelite Universelle, it was announced here today. Mr. Moch is attending the current General Assembly of the United Nations.