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NAZI STUDENT PARADE CHECKED IN VIENNA; SEVERAL INJURED IN CLASH WITH POLICE

VIENNA, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Six persons were injured seriously, and a score of others suffered minor injuries when neo-Nazi students today suddenly turned what seemed like an innocent academic parade into a Hitler-like demonstration.

The parade had begun, presumably, as a memorial to Friedrich Schiller, famous German author and playwright, whose 200th birth anniversary is being observed by many universities this year in Germany and Austria. Police were on the alert, however, knowing that neo-Nazi student organizations were behind the parade.

When the parade reached the center of Vienna, fascist youth marchers broke out with signs proclaiming Nazi slogans. Other youth groups started tearing down the banners, and the police intervened. The parade had been organized by members of the recently-dissolved "Faithful Youth" movement, which was broken up by the government because it was known to have been largely controlled by neo-Nazi organizations.

MOROCCO TAKES DRASTIC MEASURES TO CURB INTEREST OF JEWS IN ISRAEL; IMPOSES BANS

PARIS, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Acts of animosity toward Israel are continuing in Morocco, following the severance by the Moroccan authorities of postal communication with Israel, according to reports reaching here today. The reports bring out the following facts:

1. In the town of Meknes, a Jewish merchant, Salamon Benamrou, was sentenced by a local court to one year's imprisonment for having an Israel calendar hung in his store.
2. All over Morocco, the authorities are now banning the wearing of white-and-blue skull caps by Jews, whether the word "Israel" is embroidered on them or not.
3. The Moroccan Government has, by special decree, prohibited the introduction, sale or distribution in Morocco of the book "Israel," published in Lausanne, Switzerland, by a Swiss publishing house.

The Jews in Morocco are reported to be greatly disturbed over the severe sentence imposed upon the Meknes Jewish merchant, as well as over the ban on blue-white skull caps. These extreme manifestations against Israel are taken as an indication that the Moroccan authorities are determined to bring an end to any display of interest in Israel by Jews in Morocco.

EGYPT CONCENTRATING TROOPS ON ISRAEL BORDER, ARAB FIELD MARSHAL ANNOUNCES IN CAIRO

LONDON, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Field Marshal Hakim, of the United Arab Republic, has announced in a radio broadcast from "somewhere on the Southern border," that Egypt is concentrating troops on the Israel border, according to press reports received here today.

Reports that the UAR is massing troops on the borders between Syria and Iraq were denied by Cairo. But, at the same time, Field Marshal Hakim broadcast an order to his troops to concentrate along the Israeli border "as a precautionary measure."

"No force can stand up against us," the UAR military commander stated in his broadcast, "even if it is an Israel force." At the same time it was learned here today that the Arab Republic has asked Britain for a supply of ammunition for British 18-pound guns which are still in use in the Egyptian Army. It was indicated here that the request would be granted, "because the quantity is small and will have no significant effect on the balance of armaments in the Middle East."

ISRAEL PRESIDENT LEAVES ON STATE VISIT TO BURMA; PLANE ESCORTED BY JETS

TEL AVIV, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- President and Mrs. Itzhak Ben-Zvi left by El Al plane today for Rangoon, for an official State visit to Burma. Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion flew to the airport in a helicopter to say farewell to the President.

The President's official party included Walter Eytan, director-general of the Israel Foreign Ministry; and Brigadier Mordechai Limon, as representative of the Defense Ministry.

ISRAELIS MAY RETALIATE AGAINST AUTOMOBILE FIRM BOWING TO ARAB PRESSURE

JERUSALEM, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Veiled hints that potential customers of the automobiles made by the Renault Company of France may retaliate against the decision by Renault to close down Israel operations, under Arab boycott pressures, were printed editorially here today in Davar, the leading pro-Government newspaper in Israel.

Officially, Israeli circles expressed willingness to view the Renault decision as "an isolated case" and not indicative of any change in Franco-Israeli relationship. The Renault Company, which is owned by the French Government, has decided to end its partnership in the Haifa auto assembly plant where small cars, including the Renault Dauphine, are assembled, primarily for export to Afro-Asian countries, by Renault and by Kaiser Frazer.

Reports reaching here today from Paris claim that the Renault car has already been taken off the Arab League's anti-Israeli boycott list, and that an order for 4,000 Renault automobiles has been placed with Renault in France by Egypt. Another report, however, declared that three Renault cars being shipped from Lebanon to the Syrian region of the UAR were refused entry this week-end.

Davar's editorial this morning compared the Renault firm's decision to end Israeli operations with Russia's unilateral action, in 1956, to halt oil shipments to Israel on account of the Sinai campaign. "Buyers in certain Western countries," stated the editorial, "may think of boycott in retaliation. There is no excuse for violating the Renault-Kaiser-Frazer contract, except a desire for financial gains. But it is not certain these hopes will be realized."

Renault must take into account, Davar continued, "not only potential Arab customers but also present customers in other countries who may express dissatisfaction over such a contract violation." Other newspapers print editorials expressing regret over the fact that the French Government, which owns the Renault firm, has not used its influence against an action which the press sees as "dangerous precedents."

(In Paris, a spokesman for the French Foreign Office said that the Renault decision was "strictly commercial." The company has asked the French Government, according to a Paris report, for permission to start an assembly plant in Egypt. The Israeli Embassy in Paris has declined to comment on the issue, although it is known that the matter has been discussed by the Israel Government "on the highest level.")

SOCIALIST INTERNATIONAL SEEKS TO HOLD NEXT COUNCIL MEETING IN ISRAEL

LONDON, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- The Bureau of the Socialist International, in a gesture of friendship to Israel, decided yesterday to seek arrangements to hold the next Council meeting in Israel.

The proposal was made in a letter to the bureau from the Dutch Labor Party, supported by Hugh Gaitskell on behalf of the British Labor Party, Guy Mollet for the French Socialists, and Erich Ollenhauer for the German Social Democratic Party. Representatives of the Belgian and Austrian Socialists also supported the idea. The proposal calls for asking Dr. S. Levenberg, of the Jewish Agency here, to approach the Mapai with the suggestion.

Albert Carthy, general secretary of the Socialist International, is leaving next week on an extensive tour of the Asian countries. He will spend a week in Israel during his trip. Morgan Philips, secretary of the British Labor Party, and Dr. Levenberg representing Mapai, will act on behalf of the Socialist International during Mr. Carthy's absence.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT URGED TO GIVE MORE FINANCIAL AID TO EXILES FROM EGYPT

PARIS, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- The Superior Council of Frenchmen from Abroad, a governmental advisory body, recommended at a meeting here today that the French Government increase financial help to French citizens repatriated from Egypt, among whom are Jews exiled by Egypt after the Israeli-Franco-British Sinai and Suez campaigns of 1956.

The Council also took note of the special problem of Jews who are not being permitted by the United Arab Republic to return to Egypt, although a pledge to permit all exiles to return was made by the UAR in its accord with France, settling the disputes arising from the Suez action. That accord was signed at Zurich last year. However, it is not believed that the French Government will take any action on this issue until France and the UAR have resumed diplomatic relations.

16 JEWISH MEMBERS RE-ELECTED TO SOUTH AFRICAN PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENTS

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Sixteen Jewish members of the provincial parliaments were returned to their posts in yesterday's provincial council elections throughout South Africa, in a quiet election free of any "Jewish issues" or anti-Jewish propaganda. Ten of the candidates were unopposed. The successful Jewish candidates were all of the United Party.

GENERAL GRANT 3RD REFUSES TO MAKE PUBLIC REPUDIATION OF ANTI-SEMITIC CANARD

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- General U.S. Grant, 3rd, who had indicated a change of mind on anti-Jewish material he had distributed, today refused to make public a promised report on the matter.

The issue arose several months ago, when Gen. Grant, commander of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, descendants of Civil War veterans, issued the defamatory material in the organization's publication. After much discussion of the issue, Gen. Grant on Sept. 7 promised the Jewish War Veterans he would report on the "probable" falsity of the anti-Jewish article at an Oct. 8 convention of the Loyal Legion.

Asked for a copy of the report, Gen. Grant stated that it was "an internal matter for our own organization only, and not available to the press." He would say only that he read into the record his letter to the JWV stating that the controversial material was "probably false."

The Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith has charged that, since Gen. Grant endorsed and distributed the article, "Abraham Lincoln and the Rothschilds," it has been exploited by professional anti-Semites. Gen. Grant's important position as chairman of the U.S. Civil War Centennial Commission has been cited as lending authority to the anti-Jewish attacks.

An issue was raised as to whether Gen. Grant made an adequate repudiation. Herman Edelsberg, Washington ADL director, has stated that "the sad fact is that a notorious anti-Semitic canard, which until recently was circulated anonymously in the gutter, is now being circulated by professional anti-Semites on the authority of Gen. Grant."

N.C.R.A.C. ADOPTS PLAN FOR SAFEGUARDING RIGHTS OF RELIGIOUS GROUPS IN THE U.S.A.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- The National Community Relations Advisory Council, coordinating body of six national Jewish organizations and 48 local Jewish community relations councils, today made public a coordinating program adopted by its constituent groups with regard to advancing equal rights and safeguarding the rights of religious groups in the United States.

The program scores Congress for "inaction on civil rights." It terms the Civil Rights Act of 1957 as "inadequate," and says that "the experience of the Civil Rights Commission and the Justice Department demonstrated that additional federal legislation is imperatively needed, if the aims of the Civil Rights Act of 1957 are to be realized."

The NCRAC plan charges "legislative apathy" toward federal civil rights legislation, noting that this apathy "was but a reflection of the general public apathy." It warns that segregationist intransigence meanwhile remains unabated, adding that "there is grave danger that this intransigence may so dismay and alarm other parts of the nation as to intimidate them into a withdrawal from the struggle."

Outlining recommended actions for "facilitating integration in the public schools," the plan calls for "participation by individuals in representative citizens groups to preserve the public schools and to encourage acceptance of compliance with law" and "common planning among organizations and groups concerned about orderly compliance with the Supreme Court's rulings."

Racial segregation in public schools is not limited to the South, the plan comments. In many cities in other parts of the country, it says, "pupils attending many public schools are drawn overwhelmingly from single racial, ethnic or religious groups."

The plan commends New York, Chicago and other cities for "experimenting with various procedures designed to make the pupil composition of schools approximate more closely the composition of the community as a whole and to integrate school facilities." It urges support of such measures as "creative redistricting and integration of teaching staffs."

Noting that there is a shortage of teachers and administrators "adequately trained in the means and methods for fostering equality in the public school setting," the plan calls upon the cooperating Jewish organizations to work for more and better instruction in intergroup education principles and techniques in teachers colleges and in-service training programs for teachers and other school personnel.

The six national organizations affiliated with the NCRAC are the American Jewish Congress, Jewish Labor Committee, Jewish War Veterans of the U.S.A., Union of American Hebrew Congregations, Union of Orthodox Congregations of America, and United Synagogue of America. The NCRAC program was made public by Judge David Ullman, chairman, who stressed that "the 54 constituent organizations of the NCRAC differ markedly in resources, and the local bodies have many different local programs and responsibilities. Each is expected to adapt the overall joint plan to its particular situation."

SURVEY ESTABLISHES EXISTENCE OF RELIGIOUS "RESISTERS" AMONG UNITED STATES JEWS

NEW YORK, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- One-third of the population of the United States--Jews, Catholics or Protestants--are religious "resisters," in the sense that they do not participate in the programs of their faiths and "are virtually unknown to rabbi, priest or minister," according to the results of a survey announced here today by a prominent Christian church statistician.

The survey, conducted in Nassau County, in suburban New York, was summarized by the Rev. Leland Gartrell, executive secretary of the department of church planning and research of the Protestant Council of the City of New York. The "resisters," according to Mr. Gartrell, donate no monies to the organized religious communities of their faiths, and rarely attend synagogue or church except when necessary, as when there is a funeral in the family.

Mr. Gartrell's figures show that, in Nassau County, there are now 329,000 Jews--but he emphasizes that this is "a cultural count," and does not separate practicing Jews from Jews who are "resisters." Percentage-wise, the figures show, the Nassau County "cultural count" of Jews has increased in the last seven years, by comparison with the overall population. The Jews numbered 15.8 percent of the total population in 1952, went up to 26.5 percent last year, and increased slightly to 26.6 percent this year.

AMERICAN JEWISH PHYSICIANS HEAR REPORT ON MEDICAL PROGRESS IN ISRAEL

NEW YORK, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Life expectancy in Israel today is 71 years for men and 73 for women, Dr. Moshe Prywes, associate dean of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School of Jerusalem reported tonight at a dinner sponsored by the American Physicians' Committee, medical arm of the American Friends of the Hebrew University. For the Arab citizens of Israel, life expectancy "is about twice as long as that in the neighboring Arab countries," he added.

Dr. Prywes expressed regret that Israel's achievements in health and medical education cannot be applied in the neighboring Arab countries, "which reject all kinds of cooperation--even in this field." At the same time he voiced satisfaction that "new horizons have recently opened with respect to other new and emerging nations in Africa and South Asia." "Israel," he said, "is doing its best to assist the efforts of these countries in the fields of health and medical education, as in other spheres."

Describing Israel as "an island of health in the Middle East," Dr. Prywes stated that "during the last few years we have succeeded in eradicating or in bringing under control all the infectious diseases which are endemic in this region." He reviewed the role of the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School in achieving these results. He further reported that the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School now has an enrollment of approximately 800 students, while 400 full-time teachers and research scientists are on its staff.

The Hebrew University's significant contributions to underdeveloped areas of the world were also emphasized by Bernard Cherrick, executive vice-chairman of the board of governors of the Hebrew University. He reported on the growing number of students from African and Asian countries who are studying at the university. "They will apply the knowledge and skills acquired in Jerusalem to the progress and welfare of their respective lands," he declared. "This may well prove to be one of the significant cultural developments of this area, since it holds the promise of a brighter future for generations still unborn."

In reviewing the activities of the American Jewish Physicians' Committee in behalf of the Hebrew University since 1921, Dr. John Garlock, president of the committee, stated that "at the moment every effort is being exerted to supply the university with the necessary funds to finish the Medical School buildings. The future efforts of the American Jewish Physicians' Committee will be in the direction of enlarging the program of postgraduate education in the State of Israel, and of lending encouragement to the development of medical research activities in the Medical School."

Dr. Israel Wechsler, honorary president of the American Friends of the Hebrew University, laid particular stress on the importance of furthering the medical research program of the university. Dr. Wechsler is a noted American neurologist.

DR. KORNBERG, NOBEL PRIZE WINNER, FLOODED WITH WORLD-WIDE CONGRATULATIONS

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18. (JTA) -- Dr. Arthur Kornberg, 41-year-old Brooklyn-born scientist, and his wife, the former Sylvie R. Levy, today continued to receive congratulations from all parts of the world in connection with his being named to share the 1959 Nobel Prize for Medicine with Dr. Severo Ochoa, of the New York University College of Medicine. The prize, amounting to more than \$42,000, was awarded to them for their discovery of enzymes for artificially producing some of the key substances of life. The Kornbergs have been at Leland Stanford University only since last July, when Dr. Kornberg became a professor there, and head of the department of biochemistry.