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## ISRAEL HOPES EISENHOWER-KHRUSHCHEV MEETING WILL RELAX TENSIONS

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- The hope that East-West tensions would be relaxed as a result of the forthcoming meeting between President Eisenhower and Soviet Prime Minister Nikita Khrushchev was expressed here tonight by Golda Meir, Israel's Foreign Minister. Such relaxation of tensions, she declared, would "also affect the Middle East."

Mrs. Meir made that statement in an interview over the Israel radio during which she declared also that the Eisenhower Doctrine does not provide sufficient guarantees of Israel's securities.

Concerning Israel's insistence, on freedom of shipping through the Suez Canal, the Foreign Minister declared that Israel rejects totally the theory that United Arab Republic President Gamal Abdel Nasser has any right to impose conditions on any nation's freedom of shipping through the international waterway.

Col. Nasser's "conditions," as conveyed to Israel recently by United Nations Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold, are that Israeli cargoes will be permitted passage through the Suez only if the goods are purchased FOB Haifa, so that the goods be owned by foreign purchasers before they are taken through the Canal. Goods being shipped to Haifa must be marked CIF Haifa, meaning that the goods remained the property of a foreign exporter until the shipments have reached Haifa.

Denying that Col. Nasser has either "legal or moral right" to set such conditions, Mrs. Meir said Israel will refuse to test Nasser's "conditions." "Such demands," she held, "cannot be made the basis for unlocking a deadlock."

In answer to another question, Mrs. Meir declined to say whether she plans on continuing as Foreign Minister after next November's general elections in Israel. She also said that the Israel Government has never taken any decision, one way or another, on whether to establish diplomatic relations with West Germany.

## JORDAN RE-OPENS DISPUTE WITH ISRAEL OVER MT. SCOPUS ROAD; SERVES NOTICE

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- The Jordan Government re-opened another dispute with Israel today, when it served notice on Major Carl C. von Horn, United Nations truce chief, that it demanded the re-opening by Israel of a road through the Israeli enclave on Mount Scopus used by Arab villagers.

The road leads from the Arab village of Issawiya, which is illegally occupied by Jordanian forces, through the Israeli enclave to Jordanian territory. It was closed by the Israeli authorities following a shooting affray in May, 1958, when gunfire from the village of Issawiya caused the death of Col. George A. Flint, a Canadian member of the United Nations truce force, and four Israeli policemen. It was subsequently opened to the Arabs during the hours of daylight.

Gen. von Horn was expected here today to discuss the Jordanian demand with the Israeli Foreign Ministry. Israel insists that the question of the road can be discussed only within the framework of negotiations for implementation of Article VIII of the Jordan-Israel armistice agreement under which Israel is guaranteed freedom of access to Mount Scopus. Jordan has refused to honor this section of the armistice agreement.

### Mt. Scopus Issue Can Explode into Conflagration, Hammarskjold Warns

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Aug. 13. (JTA) -- The Mt. Scopus dispute between Jordan and Israel is still an explosive issue which could, at any time, spread into a major conflagration along the entire Arab-Israeli front, UN Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold told a press conference today.

In his carefully diplomatic phrasing, the UN Chief asserted today that, around the Mt. Scopus dispute, "there is a whole complex of questions." We know, he continued, "that such questions have a habit of spreading, contagiously, from one matter to another, matters unrelated even geographically." Asked about the question of Jordan's failure to

implement Article VIII of the Israel-Jordan Armistice Agreement of 1949, dealing with Israel's access to Mt. Scopus, Mr. Hammarskjold replied: "That matter is part of that complex."

The UN Secretary General was asked also--in the context of the Mt. Scopus issue and Jordan's re-opening of the issue with Maj. Gen. Carl C. von Horn, Chief of Staff of the United Nations Truce Supervision Organization--whether his team of personal representatives, appointed to deal specifically with the Mt. Scopus issue, is still operating. That team consists of Dr. Francisco Urrutia, former Chief of Colombia's delegation to the United Nations; Dr. Ralph J. Bunche, Undersecretary of the United Nations in charge of political affairs; and Andrew W. Cordier, executive assistant to the Secretary General.

#### Says Nothing Has Changed on the Suez Blockade Issue

"There has been a rather long and quiet period around Mr. Scopus," Mr. Hammarskjold replied. "For several months, things have been running smoothly, and those representatives had little to do. But their mandate remains, and they will go into action again when it is necessary. Mt. Scopus is linked up with neighboring problems, and some of the operations are not working as smoothly as the convoys." He was referring to the bi-weekly convoys of supplies which the Israelis, under a UN-supervised agreement with Jordan, send to Mt. Scopus from Jerusalem.

Asked about the Inge Toft issue, centering about Israel's demand for freedom of shipping through the Suez Canal, Mr. Hammarskjold said: "There is nothing really to say or to add on the Inge Toft story today." The Inge Toft, a Danish vessel, has been tied to a dock at Port Said since last May, when the ship was halted by Egyptian authorities while carrying Israeli-organized cargo from Haifa, destined to the Far East. The captain of the Danish vessel has refused to unload the cargo, which Egypt announced it would confiscate.

Prior to the press conference, Israel's acting head of the delegation here, Joseph Tekoah, met with Mr. Cordier, presumably for a continuation of their many talks about the Inge Toft issue. However, neither of the conferees had anything to say about the subject of their conversation.

#### Middle East Is Danger Spot, U. N. Commander Tells Troops

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Lt. Gen. E. L. M. Burns, Commander of the United Nations Emergency Force guarding the Gaza Strip border and a strategic sector of the Gulf of Akaba shoreline facing Israel's water-route to its port of Eilat, feels that the world peace is "precarious" because of the Middle East situation.

This was indicated by him today in a report from the town of Gaza, Gen. Burns' headquarters, where he delivered a short speech during a ceremony presenting medals to a unit of Swedish soldiers serving with UNEF. In addressing the troops, at the conclusion of a parade, he said:

"As you know, the Middle East is one of the danger spots of the world, where peace is precarious, and where a flare-up would have results that are incalculable. The United Nations has placed you here to prevent such a disaster."

#### Golda Meir to Head Israel's Delegation to U. N. Assembly

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Mrs. Golda Meir, Israel's Foreign Minister, will arrive here shortly before the next General Assembly convenes, on September 15, and will remain as head of Israel's Assembly delegation for several weeks at least, it was learned here today.

It appeared likely today that this year's Israeli delegation will be smaller than usual. In recent years, Israel has included in its Assembly delegation at least one member of Parliament from the various political parties--excluding only the right-wing Herut and the Communist Party. This year, it is believed, no members of Parliament will be sent, since each party will want its parliamentary leaders to stay home to participate in the campaign prior to the November general elections.

#### U. S. SCIENTISTS SEEK DATA IN ISRAEL ON SPEEDY EVACUATION METHODS

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Experience gained by the Jews in running illegal immigrant ships and refugee camps in the days before the establishment of Israel may be utilized by American scientists studying problems of rapid evacuation of population areas and of maintaining survival camps in the event of an atomic attack, it was disclosed here today.

American scientists here on an official mission had requested the Haifa Institute of Technology to collect data about speedy embarkation and disembarkation techniques, the number of passengers that can be put aboard ships, the minimum daily food and water requirements and other relevant data.

Based on the experience of the illegal ships that carried refugees to Palestine, the institute was also asked to collect data on the size of crews, the number of technical personnel and medical facilities required. Similar information was also requested about the operation of the refugee camps.

### ISRAEL GETS U.S. CONTRACT FOR TRANSLATION OF RUSSIAN LITERATURE

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- A \$300,000 contract for translation of Russian scientific literature into English was signed here today by the United States National Science Foundation and the Israel National Research Fund.

About 70 Israeli academicians at Hebrew University, the Weizmann Institute and the Technion at Haifa, will be engaged in the work, as well as other Israeli scientists and post-graduate students of East European origin. The \$300,000 is for one year's work, with other annual contracts to follow.

Israeli scientists welcome the project as one more effort toward world coordination of knowledge, and as an opportunity to acquaint scholars here with the work of scientists in Russia in the fields of medicine, agriculture, chemistry and electronics.

Two representatives of the United States Science Foundation, now visiting here, will proceed next week to Eastern Europe to seek more translators. Experts in the United States and in Western Europe, the Americans said today, are unable to cope with the vast volume of Soviet scientific material needing translation into English.

### JEWS ENTITLED TO CLAIM PROPERTY SOLD TO FOREIGN MISSIONS UNDER NAZIS

BERLIN, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- The Supreme Court for Restitution Claims in West Berlin upset today sales made by Jewish property owners under the Nazi regime to the Japanese, Hungarian, Bulgarian and Latvian governments, and ruled that the former owners or their heirs were entitled to claim the properties. The court found that the sales had been made under duress, and the property-owners had been victims of racial persecution.

The properties involved were in the Tiergarten district of Berlin, which was the diplomatic quarter before World War II. The four governments had purchased the properties from their Jewish owners for use by their missions in Berlin.

A legal action by the governments in London to have the claims of the former owners set aside was considered here to be nullified by the local court's action. The individual claims of the former Jewish owners or their heirs will now be handled in the West Berlin courts.

### AUSTRIAN GOVT. WILL TAKE NO ACTION ON JEWISH CLAIMS DURING SUMMER

VIENNA, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- A resolution at Stockholm by the Assembly of the World Jewish Congress, calling upon Austria to broaden existing indemnification laws so as to compensate adequately those who suffered persecution in Austria under the Nazi regime, drew reactions here today from the semi-official Austrian News Service as well as from leaders of the Jewish community.

The Austrian News Service pointed out today that, since Parliament has been recessed for the summer, the earliest action that can be taken by the government will come in the Fall, when a \$6,000,000 fund is to be established to compensate certain losses suffered by political persecutees during the Nazi regime here.

Agreement to establish that fund was reached last Spring between Austria on the one hand, and Britain, France and the United States on the other. That fund, however, Jewish leaders point out, will not take care of adequate compensation for all Jewish victims of Nazism who had suffered losses due to imprisonment in concentration camps, or to losses by Jews whose businesses were taken over by non-Jewish Austrians.

Austrian Jews, and world Jewish organizations concerned with the subject, have been for a long time urging the Austrian Government to broaden its indemnification laws so as to make indemnification much more comprehensive. Jewish circles reject the official government contention that the Nazi persecutions were solely the responsibility of German Nazis.

### COMMANDER OF U.S. VETERANS VISITS GRAVE OF 10,000 JEWS KILLED BY NAZIS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- A non-Jewish American physician visiting Russia, said here today he was "distressed" to find that the government at Kharkov, large Ukrainian center where 100,000 Jews murdered by the Nazis and buried in one mammoth mass grave, had marked the burial mound with an "insignificant" marker. The American said he will try to stimulate action for the erection of a proper monument to the Jewish martyrs.

The physician, Dr. Winston E. Burdine, of Atlanta, went to Russia in his capacity as national commander of Amvets, an organization of American war veterans. While in the Soviet Union, Dr. Burdine studied the Jewish problem. Dr. Burdine noted a fact known a long time, that Russian physicians do not perform circumcision, that ritual having been outlawed since the early 1930's.

### GERMAN TEACHER, SENTENCED FOR ANTI-SEMITISM, REPORTED IN AFGHANISTAN

BONN, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Ludwig Zind, the Offenburg school teacher who escaped from Germany a year ago after being sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment for anti-Semitism, was reported by a German newspaper agency today to be living now in Afghanistan.

## AMERICAN FIRM NEARING COMPLETION OF ISRAEL NUCLEAR RESEARCH REACTOR

NEW YORK, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Nuclear research and the training of scientists will be greatly advanced in Israel when a research reactor facility now being built by AMF Atomics, a division of American Machine and Foundry Company, is completed by the end of the year. Morehead Patterson, AMF board chairman, announced today. The Israel reactor is being built as a part of President Eisenhower's "Atoms for Peace" program. AMF is the world's largest designer and manufacturer of nuclear research reactors.

"The 1,000 kilowatt reactor facility, which will be boosted to 5,000 kilowatts in the future, situated on the sand dunes near Rishon L'Zion, will open a new phase in Israel scientific studies," the announcement said. "The new reactor will enable nuclear scientists to study the various problems of operating atomic reactors as well as engage in a broad range of fundamental atomic structure research.

"In addition, the reactor will produce substantial quantities of isotopes which will permit Israel scientists to undertake a major program in medical, agricultural and industrial research and to study the influence of radiation on living cells and biological processes," the announcement emphasized.

Mr. Patterson said that Israel scientists have made important progress in two main areas of nuclear research and development. "They discovered methods to extract uranium from phosphates in the course of established processes for the production of phosphate fertilizers. They have also studied the production of heavy water by high-power fractional distillation," he stated.

Heavy water is an excellent moderator used in research reactors and in power reactors. As a by-product of this research, heavy water containing oxygen-18 isotope O-18 is being produced at the Weizmann Institute in Rehovot and exported as a tool for research in various fields of chemistry and biology.

## J. T. A. STARTS NEWS SERVICE TO NEW YORK POST; USES FACSIMILE METHOD

NEW YORK, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Direct transmission facilities from the New York headquarters of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency to the New York Post were opened today. The new facilities will make the worldwide news service of JTA immediately available to the New York afternoon newspaper, including the JTA coverage of Israeli news developments.

The new circuit utilizes the facsimile method of transmission which JTA first among American news agencies, used on a regular basis for the delivery of news to newspapers. JTA uses the facsimile system on another circuit for delivery of its Yiddish service to the New York Yiddish dailies and high-speed teleprinter for service to leading English-Jewish publications throughout the country. Its news broadcasts to Israel, Europe and South Africa are by radioprinter and, to Argentina, Brazil and Peru, in Morse code.

## MANITOBA LEGISLATURE ASKS LOCAL GOVERNMENT TO ACT AGAINST BIGOTRY

WINNIPEG, Man., Aug. 13. (JTA) -- The Provincial Legislature has unanimously adopted a resolution inviting the Manitoba Government to introduce legislation barring discrimination in provision of public accommodation, services and facilities because of "race, creed, color, nationality, ancestry or place of origin" of the applicant.

The resolution was introduced by M. Baizley, Progressive-Conservative member from Osborne. It was welcomed by M.A. Gray, a Jewish member of the Legislature who has sought civil rights legislation for several years. He expressed the hope that a "Bill of Rights will follow this resolution in the not too distant future."

Mr. Gray recalled the defeat of his bill in the last session of the Legislature and reminded the house that "it is the clear duty of a democratic government to enact legislation to do away with the ill effects of the prejudices that are being held." He said adoption of a Bill of Rights by Manitoba would be "a great stimulant to a Canadian Bill of Rights."

## ISRAEL OBSERVES TISHA B'AV; BANKS, MOVING PICTURE HOUSES CLOSED

JERUSALEM, Aug. 13. (JTA) -- Civil services throughout the country were partially staffed today to permit workers to observe Tisha B'Av which started at sundown last night. The Jewish Agency offices, the Ministry for Religious Affairs and the Chief Rabbinate were closed all day as were all banks and movie houses.

The traditional fast, which marks the anniversary of the destruction of the Temple in Jerusalem 1890 years ago, was ushered in at a special service on Mount Zion with prayers and lamentations at the site of the tomb of King David after which the congregants ascended the observation roof to gaze on the Wailing Wall, still inaccessible on the Jordan-held side of Jerusalem.

Pilgrims from various parts of the country visited Mount Zion throughout the day and synagogues all over the country were crowded for prayers.