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ISRAEL TO GET FIRST SUBMARINE FROM BRITAIN TODAY; CAN CHECK EGYPT

LONDON, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- The first of two 715-ton submarines sold by Britain to Israel will be turned over to Israel officials tomorrow in impressive ceremonies. The craft Springer will become the Tanin, Hebrew for whale, in the ceremonies. The other submersible, the Sanguine, will be transferred to Israel before the end of the year. It will be renamed the Rahav. Both of the 13-year-old vessels were extensively overhauled before the sale.

The vessels normally carry a crew of six officers and 50 enlisted men. They can remain submerged for three weeks with use of their snorkels and for 24 hours without the snorkels. A British naval official said that normally two years of training are needed by crews but that "the Israelis can probably manage in six to nine months."

Financial terms of the sale were not disclosed but it was believed they were favorable to Israel. The sale was considered a direct consequence of the clear-cut change in British policy which followed the revolutionary upheaval in Iraq last July. It was known that some British leaders felt that the need to equip Israel with submarines was urgent for the security not only of the Middle East but also for that of all the NATO countries.

U.S. and France Informed by Britain in Advance of the Sale

However, it was also pointed out that among those British sources which contended that the sale did not represent a major shift in British policy, it was believed that the sale was in accordance with the 1950 Tripatite Declarationwhich favors a balance of military power in the Middle East. It was understood that the United States and France, the two other signatories to the Tripatite Declaration were informed in advance of the sale.

The balance of arms between Israel and the Arabs was considered to have been upset by the Russian sale of six and possibly ten submersibles to the United Arab Republic. The UAR submarines currently use combined crews of Egyptians, Poles and Russians but their efficiency is expected to drop sharply when they are manned entirely by Egyptians.

The British sale will neutralize the Egyptian threat to the growing Israel merchant fleet, in the opinion of British experts. It gives Israel the capacity to attack the substantial Egyptian navy, to impose a blockade against Egyptian-bound shipping or to cut communications between Egypt and Syria.

Although the Egyptian submersibles are much larger, more modern and better armed and equipped than the two British undersea craft, the efficiency of the Egyptian submarines is expected to drop sharply when all-Egyptian crews take over. Israel naval experts were understood to be convinced that the presence of the Israel submarines would act as an effective deterrent to Egyptian attacks on Israel surface ships.

While the range of the British submarines is limited, they were considered adequate for I-ratel's purely defensive needs. Among those scheduled to attend the transfer at Portsmath will be Shimon Peres, director-general of the Defense Ministry; Aluf Tankus, Israel Navy commander; Zeev Shek, Charge d'Affaires of the Israel Embassy in London, and Col. Islan Pen, chief of the Israel Purchasing Mission in Britain.

Israelis Flood Navy with Applications to Serve on the Submarines

JERUSALEM, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- The Israel Navy command is being flooded with applications from eager would-be submariners. The announcement yesterday that Israel would acquire two undersea craft from Britain brought applications today from every quarter.

It was learned that physical and mental requirements for the new submarine service will be quite stiff. One source said that the members of the crew will have to undergo tests similar to those taken by candidates for jet pilot training. In addition, successful candidates will be required to sign up for a five-year hitch.

The name of the commander of Israel's first submarine has been withheld, but a few facts about him have become known. It is known that he lives on a kibbutz and is a veteran of the Palmach, the striking force of the Haganah during the Mandatory regime.

EBAN CONFERS WITH SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE ON SURPLUS COMMODITIES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8, (JTA) -- Israel Ambassador Abba Eban has conferred with Secretary of Agriculture Ezra Taft Benson on obtaining surplus agricultural commodities for Israel, it was learned.

The discussion was part of negotiations now proceeding between the two governments on the U.S. economic aid program for the current fiscal year. Other projects will be discussed with Under Secretary of State C. Douglas Dillon when Mr. Dillon returns to Washington from New Delhi where he is attending the conference of the International Monetary Fund.

2,000 HIGH SCHOOL TEACHERS STRIKE IN ISRAEL; ASK HIGHER SALARIES

JERUSALEM, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- Some 2,000 high school teachers started a nationwide strike today in a bid for higher salaries. They demanded the same salaries as those paid engineers employed by the Israel Government.

The strike was authorized by the High School Teachers Association but it was opposed by the Teachers Section of the Histadrut which repeatedly urged the teachers to ignore the association's strike call.

ATTLEE EXPLAINS WHY HE THOUGHT THE BALFOUR DECLARATION A "MISTAKE"

LONDON, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- Earl Attlee, Prime Minister of the late Labor Government, explained today what he meant when in a recent speech in the House of Lords he referred to the creation of a National Jewish Home in Palestime as a "mistake" by Britain. In the same speech he also objected to New York as the site of a summit meeting on the Middle East because of the city's large Jewish population.

In an open letter published in the "World Jewry," the former Labor Party head declared: "I should have thought that having regard to the relationship of Britain to the Moslem world and its strategic position in the Eastern Mediterranean this was a statement of an obvious fact. Britain has often been accused of being actuated by imperialist ambitions. This was clearly an instance where altruistic motives prevailed.

Commenting on the other point he made in the House of Lords, Earl Attlee said: "It think it is an advantage if international conferences take place on neutral grounds, I should therefore prefer Geneva as a meeting place for a discussion of Middle East problems to New York where there is a very large representation of people interested in one side of the controversy. The same reasoning would dictate that Istanbul would not be a good choice."

ISRAEL GOVERNMENT EXPLAINS REFUSAL TO PERMIT ARAB FRONT PARTY

JERUSALEM, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- The government's refusal to grant a permit for the registration of an Arab Front Party is not motivated by political considerations but by technicalities, the Ministry of the Interior declared today in an official communique.

The communique noted that under Ottomon law, still effective in Israel, any organization which propagates separatism or self-interest may not be regarded as a non-profit seeking body. The leftist-sponsored front seeks to organize Israel's 200,000 Arabo citizens for the next election around the slogan of eliminating military government in the Arab border districts.

PROSPECTS OF JEWISH EMIGRATION FROM MOROCCO TERMED "DEFINITELY BAD"

LONDON, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- The prospects of Jewish emigration from Morocco are 'definitely bad,' Avraham Harman, member of the Jewish Agency executive, told newsmen here today.

Mr. Harman pointed out that though Moroccan Jews are legally entitled to ask for passports, they are prevented by administrative hurdles from obtaining the documents needed to leave the country. He said that the Jewish Agency hoped to be able to have the 200,000 to 250,000 Moroccan Jews out of that country and in Israel within a decade.

DORE SCHARY ALARMED OVER PORTRAYAL OF NAZIS IN U.S. FILMS

NEW YORK, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- Dore Schary, Academy Award winner and producer of some of Hollywood's pioneer films dealing with racial and religious prejudice, today expressed alarm at the new portrait of the Nazi currently emerging in American and foreign films. He spoke at an American Jewish Committee dinner.

The World War II stereotype of the brutal Nazi is being re-examined, he said. However, this re-evaluation is "a little too superficial, a little too glib." What appears to be evolving is the "new concept that all Germans really hated Hitler and wanted nothing to do with the horrors that accompanied his years of power."

N. C. R. A. C. OUTLINES PROGRAM OF ACTION FOR JEWISH COMMUNITIES

NEW YORK, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- A program of action for Jewish community relations and entered for Jewish community relations are less for the National Community Relations Advisory Council, the policy-forming and joint planning body for community relations work of six major national Jewish organizations and 43 Jewish community councils.

The NGRAC joint program plan for Jewish community relations, 1958-59 represents the consensus of these organizations and communities. It sets forth the major concerns and responsibilities of the Jewish community relations agencies in the light of recent developments and recommends a number of specific undertakings for all to join in to advance the chief objectives of the field during the year.

Overall constant objectives of Jewish community relations work, the plan says, are "the protection and enhancement of equal rights and opportunities and the fostering of conditions conducing toward the vitality of Jewish living." To advance these objectives, Jewish community relations agencies work for 1. Amicable relationships among religious, ethnic and racial groups; 2. Freedom of religion, with complete separation of church and state; 3. Equality of opportunity, without regard to race, color, religion, ancestry or origin.

In the light of these "purposes and commitmen's," the program "reviews events of the past year and evaluates their implications" for Jewish community relations in a "statement of major concerns and responsibilities." The review ranges broadly over civil rights and civil liberties in the United States, community relations implications of events in the Middle East, Arab boycott and propaganda activities, relationships between Jews and Christians, church-state relationships, American immigration policies, discrimination in housing, employment and education, and other matters of concern to Jewish communities.

Finds Anti-Semitism Ebbing; Stresses Situation in the South

The statement establishes that "overt a vi-Semitism continued at an ebb during the past year." At the same time, the statement blames "official defiance of law" for many of the lawless acts of extremist elements in that section during the past year. It urges federal legislation to empower the United States Attorney General and the FBI to take jurisdiction in cases such as those in which Jewish centers and places of worship were bombed.

Referring to circumstances in some parts of the South, it adds: "We are mindful of the problems faced by citizens in certain of our Southern states and we do not underestimate them. But we are convinced that they less problems than those created when citizen inaction and apathy produce a vacuum into which the extreme segregationists inevitably move."

Calling for "effective mobilization of al religious, civic and other groups, through continuous systematic interconsultation and cooperation to maintain an atmosphere of respect for law and order," the statement pledges the Jewishagencies to work for such consultation and cooperation among groups committed to orderly compliance with law.

Intervention of state authority to prevent local school districts from desegregating is assailed in the statement. The civil liberties of all Americans are threatened, the statement declares, by the efforts in some Southern states to outlaw the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. "The free association of individuals for common purposes is indispensable to democracy," the statement asserts.

The statement stresses the injustices and dangers in housing and discrimination.
"There is a manifestly great and urgent need," the statement says in this regard, "to
bring the attitudes of the Jewish community as a whole more closely into conformity
with the principles of equality to which it is committed through its agencies and even
greater need fo voluntary action by religious, civic, racial, ethnic and other groups to
develop effective programs for moving toward acceptance of racially integrated neighborhoods."

Basic reforms in United States immigration policy have still not been realized, the statement notes, despite pledges by both major political parties and by the Administration. Characterizing the national origins quota system as harsh, racist and exclusionist, the statement pledges the Jewish organizations to work for its replacement by "a decent, humane and equitable basis for the selection of immigrants consistent with our national needs and interests,"

Denounces Lack of U.S. Resistance to Arab Action Against Jews

Lack of effective United States resistance to discrimination against Americans who are Jews, on account of their religion, is denounced in the statement as "unthinkable." As a result of the Arab discrimination, "American Jews are no longer protected in their rights of citizenship," the statement says.

The Arab boycott of American business firms owned by Jews, employing Jews or doing business in or with Israel also is denounced in the statement. Noting that other nations have repulsed and reputiated Arab efforts to involve their nationals in boycott,

the statement observes that "our own government, however, has taken no public stand against the boycott." It pledges continued exposure and denunciation of the boycott and continued demands for effective action by the United States Government against its encreachments.

Discussing peace and freedom in the Middle East, the statement notes that: "The great outpouring of good wishes to the State of Israel during her decennial year by Americans of all faiths throughout our country supplied reassuring evidence that American public opinion perceives and evaluates correctly the conflicting forces of freedom and of tyranny in the Middle East."

"Arab economic warfare against Israel, which has been extended to a worldwide boycott, is a major impediment to peace in the Middle East," the statement emphasizes.
"As the leaders of the free world, we in the United States must play a major role in
leading all the nations of the Middle East to recognize that they do indeed share ina comnon interest for the resolution of conflicts and the establishment of a lasting and equitable peace."

SEGREGATION OF JEWISH CHILDREN IN BUENOS AIRES SCHOOL EVOKES PROTESTS

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- A new case of anti-Jewish discrimination in Argentina's Catholic-dominated school system was exposed here last night on a television program by news commentator Dr. Augustin Cuzzani.

The telecaster revealed that in School Number 16, a state commercial high school in this city, the principal, Mrs. Maria Teresa Quiroga de Nocetti had forced Jewish and Catholic girls to sit in separate sections in the classes. The school is situated in the heart of a Jewish residential district.

The entire parent membership of the school's parent-teacher committee resigned in protest and both Catholic and Jewish parents have urged their children to stayaway from school until the principal resigns. The Jewish students have voiced demands that the school system be returned to lay control.

Parliament's action last week in approving a Catholic-controlled university system aroused so much opposition that the population has been split and students protesting the move have battle? police in a series of bloody encounters.

Dr. Cuzzani, in reporting the incident, the second case of bias in the schools in recent days, expressed the hope that this was an isolated "Nazi-Fascist" type outburst. Critics of the religious controlled school system noted that these incidents clashed with: President Arturo Frondizi's pledges that there would be no racial or religious discrimination in this country.

COUNCIL FOR JUDAISM MEMBERS SPLIT ON TAKING STAND ON SEGREGATION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 8. (JTA) -- Elements within the American Council for Judaism are taking divergent views on whether their anti-Zionist organization should devote itself more to basic American issues by taking a stand along with other organized religious groups on the desegregation crisis.

National president Clarence L. Coleman, Jr., here for the dedication of the organizations new regional office, expressed a personal view, questioning whether Jewish groups should speak out on the issue of Negro rights. Mr. Coleman said he did not wish his own opinion to be construed as reflecting official ACJ policy which apparently continues under discussion within the organization.

ACJ members in the South have urged that the group confine its activities to "combatting Zlonism." But outside the South, others hold that as both Jews and Americans, they want their national organization to take a pro-integration stand conforming with that taken by the Reform rabbinate. This was described as part of a new tendency seeking the broadening of the "American base" of the Council's operations in order to strengthen its position that Zionism is not a legitimate part of the American scene, and that Jews may legitimately act as co-religionists but not as co-nationalists.

Many of the ACJ leadership acknowledge that the desegregation question is the leading domestic American human rights problem involving Americans of all faiths. However, they feel the ACJ budget is too limited to enter this area of activity, that it might split the organization along sectional lines, and detract from the major goal of fighting Zionism.

Mr. Coleman stressed that the Israel Government should promote peace during the present lull in the Middle East by abandoning "expansionist Zionism" and restricting immigration. He said the new Washington office would engage in no lobbying activities but would serve the membership of this region of the country including members in Richmond and elsewhere in the South.