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U. N. ASSEMBLY ON MID-EAST ISSUE RECONVENES TODAY; EISENHOWER TO SPEAK

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Aug. 12. (JTA) -- Although at least two broad plans for settlement of the Middle Eastern situation will come up for discussion when the emergency session of the United Nations General Assembly reconvenes tomorrow, UN circles saw little prospect tonight that any concrete results would emerge. The most optimistic forecast was that the Assembly session would pave the way for a summit meeting on the Middle East.

President Eisenhower, who will address the Assembly tomorrow morning, will outline the American proposals for a longterm settlement of the Middle East situation, but the proposals are in such general terms as hardly to constitute a plan. The other set of proposals was advanced to the General Assembly last week by Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold, but his aides concede that these proposals hardly constitute a blueprint for action and the Secretary General would be hard put to implement them if the Assembly should unexpectedly authorize him to do so.

It is generally understood that Mr. Hammarskjold's proposals were advanced to the Assembly principally and mainly to give direction to the debate that will ensue there and to keep the discussion from falling into the old line of the Arab-Israel issue. The Secretary General is said to be anxious--as are the Western Powers and Israel--to keep the Assembly discussion of the Middle East situation from becoming just another debate on the Arab-Israel issue.

Israel Does Not Intend to Take Prominent Part in the Session

For this reason, incidentally, Israel does not intend to take any prominent part in the debate and Foreign Minister Golda Meir will be noticeably absent from this conclave. Israel's role will be that of a closely interested observer and when Israel intervenes in the debate it will be to uphold the legal right of sovereign states threatened by aggression to invite assistance from other friendly states.

The Israelis, it is known, consider the assistance given by the United States to Lebanon as significant to their country, in view of the frequently repeated American commitment to support the independence and integrity of Israel as of Lebanon and other Mid-Eastern states. The Assembly debate, in the view of some Israeli observers here, affects Israel in terms of broad principle and regional interests rather than as a debate on specific issues and problems directly involving the Jewish State.

President Eisenhower, according to information relayed to other delegations with whom the Americans have been in contact, will propose a guarantee for all the countries in the Middle East--a guarantee that would be inclusive of Israel but would avoid mentioning Israel by name. The other major proposal he is expected to make is for economic development in which the United States would be prepared to participate financially.

Eban Seeks Clarification from Hammarskjold on His Proposed Plan

The Hammarskjold proposals which involve extension of the Arab-Israel truce observance machinery to provide additional observers to be stationed within Jordan to deal with developments there and which, essentially would require the Arab States to promise not to attack each other, was not considered satisfactory by the Israelis and today, Israel Ambassador Abba S. Eban called on the Secretary General to seek clarification.

Mr. Eban is understood to have stressed that any UN formulation of the rights and duties of states in the Middle East should be general and not selective in its application. He is believed to have told Mr. Hammarskjold that the duty of states to respect each other's integrity and independence applied to all UN members in the Middle East and should be stated in terms of Arab and non-Arab states alike.

While the Israelis do not regard their own problems as the central issue of debate and do not wish to make them so, they assert that if the United Nations is to endorse any principles of security as proposed by the Secretary General, they should be comprehensive and not exclusive in their formulation.

A strongly reinforced Israeli delegation here expects to take full advantage of the presence here of the Foreign Ministers of many states for some quiet and extensive discussion and

explanation of Israel's position and its views on the entire Middle East situation. Ambassador Abba S. Eban will head the delegation. He will be assisted by Ambassador Arthur Lourie, Ambassador Moshe Tov and members of the permanent mission to the UN. It was anticipated that one or two members of the Middle East Department of the Israel Foreign Ministry would also join the delegation in the next few days.

BRITISH SUPPORT OF ISRAEL'S DEMAND FOR COLLECTIVE SECURITY ANTICIPATED

LONDON, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- The talks between Mrs. Golda Meir, Israel's Foreign Minister, and Selwyn Lloyd, Britain's Foreign Secretary, yesterday, were rated by informed sources here today as a definite milestone in the turbulent history of Anglo-Israel relations and at least a partial success for Israel's diplomacy.

(British Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd, arriving in New York today, said that as a result of his meeting in London yesterday with the Israel Foreign Minister he had "no fear" Israel might attack Jordan.)

The meeting actually began last week when Eliahu Elath, Israel's Ambassador to Britain, presented Israel's position in the Middle East crisis to British Prime Minister Harold Macmillan. It was reported that Mrs. Meir had already received an answer from the British Government to the problems presented by Mr. Elath.

It was understood that in addition to a greater understanding of Israel's needs, Britain seemed prepared to cooperate in obtaining a certain amount of security for Israel's integrity. Hopes were expressed that, as a response to the Meir-Lloyd talks--the first at so high a level since Israel was established--Britain would contribute in more concrete forms to Israel's security and might support Israel's demands for a collective guarantee for the Middle East.

The reported change for the better in Israel-British relations was regarded as partly a result of the severe blow suffered by Britain during the past two months in the Arab world. Despite lingering anti-Israel attitudes in the British Foreign Office, it was reported that the British Cabinet was prepared to consider a completely new phase in relations with Israel.

AUSTRALIAN PARLIAMENT DISCUSSES MIDDLE EAST; MINISTER LAUDS ISRAEL

SYDNEY, Australia, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- As the Australian Parliament continued today to debate the Middle East problem, Richard G. Casey, Minister for External Affairs, declared that "Israel has maintained a correct attitude." Israel, he stated, "has done nothing to sharpen the present situation."

"Israel," continued Mr. Casey, "has assumed a watchful position, concerned lest encirclement of her borders become a possibility. It would be tragic if any action occurs to revive the Israel dispute."

Speakers on behalf of the Liberal, Country and Labor Parties have been generally favorable to Israel's cause and have expressed hopes, in the current debate, that actions would be taken to ease the Middle East tensions, including the Israel-Arab problem. Most of them have expressed the hopes that no border changes would be undertaken along Israel's frontiers.

One Liberal, however, D. Killen, told Parliament that the "fundamental cause" for the Middle East tension is the creation of Israel which he termed "a folly." He urged that Israel return to the borders fixed in the 1947 United Nations partition plan, conceding however, that "Israel today is a reality."

VERMONT NEWSPAPER DENOUNCES SEN. FLANDERS FOR HIS ATTACKS ON ISRAEL

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Aug. 12. (JTA) -- Senator Ralph E. Flanders, Vermont Republican, who has made it his habit recently to attack Israel in the Senate, was today denounced by the Daily Messenger, the newspaper serving this Vermont community, for his anti-Israel outbursts. The editorial, which was signed by the publisher of the newspaper, said:

"It would be interesting to know for what Senator Flanders is the spokesman. Then we would know who is setting up Senator Flanders to make his recent dangerous statements to the effect that the State of Israel is the cause of the trouble in the Near East. Nothing could be further from the truth."

The newspaper defended Israel and expressed regret that "President Eisenhower made one of the greatest mistakes in the history of this country" by intervening against Israeli-British-French forces at the time of the Sinai-Suez war.

"The one last block to absolute Communist control in the Near East is the State of Israel," the paper pointed out. "Therefore, it would be interesting to know what forces in this country put Senator Flanders up to this ill-advised and most unfortunate 'attack on Israel.' If we knew what forces they were we could take steps now to counteract them," the newspaper said, "and this must be done at an early date."

MOSCOW AND GERMAN COMMUNIST RADIO STATIONS INCREASE BROADCASTS TO ARABS

LONDON, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- Moscow Radio has stepped up today its Arabic services by adding one hour of transmission time daily, while the East German radio has also expanded its Arabic output.

WOMAN PHYSICIAN LOSES LICENSE IN GERMANY FOR TORTURING JEWISH WOMEN

BONN, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- Dr. Herta Oberhauser, a woman physician who was convicted of war crimes at Nuremberg in 1947 and reinstated as a doctor by West German authorities, lost her physician's license today after a protest by a British medical leader.

Dr. Oberhauser was sentenced to 20 years for torturing and killing Jewish women victims at the Ravensbruck concentration camp and was released after five years. Following her reinstatement, she had practiced medicine near Kiel.

Last month, Dr. Eric Townsend told a British Medical Association meeting in Birmingham, England, that the reinstatement was a "cynical affront to the ideals of the practice of medicine." He called her a "fanatical Nazi" who had volunteered for concentration camp duties.

JEWISH LABOR COMMITTEE ASKS GROMYKO ON FATE OF JEWISH CULTURE IN RUSSIA

NEW YORK, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko was asked today by Adolph Held, national chairman, and Nathan Chavin, chairman of the administrative committee of the Jewish Labor Committee, whether continued repression of Jewish cultural institutions and personalities in the Soviet Union is "further appeasement of the Nasser clique in the Arab world."

The JLC wired the Soviet Foreign Minister that it "welcomes your visit to the United Nations as a splendid opportunity to receive your country's reply to our consistent ten-year demand to learn the fate of Jewish cultural institutions and leaders in the Soviet Union."

"Destruction of Jewish cultural life in the Soviet Union has been a cause of great concern to working men and women, Jews and non-Jews throughout the world," the message said. "When will Jewish cultural institutions be unpadlocked, Jewish books be published, Yiddish newspapers be permitted, Jewish theatre played in your country again? We will welcome an immediate reply."

CANADIAN JEWISH LEADERS MEET WITH PREMIER; ASK SECURITY FOR ISRAEL

OTTAWA, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- The Canadian Jewish community today presented a memorandum to the Prime Minister urging that in any projected meetings, within or without the United Nations, that the Government use its good offices to secure "some precise international statement that would bring Israel a sense of lasting security."

A joint delegation representing the United Zionist Council of Canada and the Canadian Jewish Congress met with Prime Minister John G. Diefenbaker and Sidney E. Smith, Secretary of State for External Affairs. Led by Samuel Bronfman and Lawrence Freiman, presidents respectively of the Congress and the United Zionist Council, the delegation submitted oral and written representations "in the hope that they may possibly assist with whatever discussions are now taking place within the Government of Canada in preparation for any forthcoming meeting."

In the brief, the delegation pointed out that "amid the grave events of the past weeks, Israel has displayed admirable steadiness and calm. Obviously, Israel's interest in these events, and in any forthcoming conferences, is for her a paramount one. Moreover, it can be said that any such meetings will have failed in one of their essential purposes if they did not fully consider and perhaps succeed in providing formulas to secure the future territorial integrity of Israel and to establish also some basis for a viable relationship between Israel and the Arab world--although a General Assembly resolution and program may not by itself be able to fulfil such a task."

The delegation also recommended that every effort be made to have the "UAR and the other Arab states recognize Israel, to have them stop their economic boycott and to have them cooperate in some humane and realistic program for refugee resettlement, particularly on land available in Syria and Iraq."

KLUTZNICK CHIDES RELIGIOUS LEADERS FOR ACTING AS POLITICAL EXPERTS

CHICAGO, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- B'nai B'rith president Philip Klutznick chided religious leaders today for acting the roles of diplomats and statesmen, politicians and military experts. "Who will then lead the people of the world to the only sound basis for peace, the recognition that all men are brothers?" he asked the 16th Congress of the International Association of Liberal Christianity and Religious Freedom meeting here on the University of Chicago campus.

At a session commemorating the tenth year of the United Nations Universal Declaration of Human Rights, Mr. Klutznick warned that UN statesmen will not accept the primacy of human rights as a force for world peace "until people everywhere, and especially those in the so-called enlightened nations, make this an order of first urgency." He urged that clergymen and religious leaders take the lead in a "new crusade that will dwarf the effort of ten years ago."

The B'nai B'rith leader told 500 Congress delegates representing religious groups from every continent that the "most distressing aspect" of his own service to the UN as a member of the U.S. delegation at the last General Assembly "was to discover how few citizens and non governmental agencies having consultative status with the UN give a high and pressing priority" to enactment of human rights covenants.

SENATE SIMPLIFIES PROCEDURE FOR NON-IMMIGRANTS TO BECOME IMMIGRANTS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- President Eisenhower had before him today a bill passed by the Senate yesterday allowing aliens who entered the United States as students or on visitors visas to change their status to regular immigrants without going through the traditional formality of leaving the country and re-entering on Immigrants visas secured in one of the countries neighboring the United States.

In the fiscal year that ended June 30, more than 7,000 aliens had to meet the requirements for a change of status by going to Canada, picking up a visa and coming right back. The legislation would allow the Justice Department to approve their applications while they stay in the United States.

HEARINGS ON READING OF BIBLE IN PUBLIC SCHOOLS STARTED IN PHILADELPHIA

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- A special three-man court, sitting in the United States District Court here has begun hearing evidence in an action directed against the constitutionality of a school code requirement that ten verses of the King James Bible be read in school every day. The composition of the court will permit the case to be speeded to the United States Supreme Court.

The action was brought by Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Schempp, of Roslyn, members of the Unitarian Church, and is being fought by the Abington Township School Board and the Philadelphia Board of Education. The Schempps charged that the Bible-reading regulation violates the First and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution.

Dr. Solomon Grayzel, editor of the Jewish Publication Society, who was called as an expert witness by the plaintiffs, told the court that Bible-reading in the public schools is a "divisive force." Appearing in a private capacity, Dr. Grayzel said the New Testament's version of the trial of Jesus "was the cause of innumerable anti-Jewish riots throughout history." Under cross examination, he cited the story of the Good Samaritan as an example of a story with moral value which is potentially harmful in its sectarian context.

The three Schempp children also took the stand to testify that the Bible readings often conflicted with their own faith.

WORLD CONVENTION OF KIBBUTZ YOUTH OPENS IN ISRAEL; U.S. REPRESENTED

HAIFA, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- The world convention of the Hakibutz Hameuchad youth movement opened today with 120 delegates in attendance representing Israel and 70 branches of the organization in North and South America, Europe and North Africa. The organization is the association of Israel collectives affiliated with the Histadrut.

Israel Bar Yehuda, Israel's Minister of the Interior, told the delegates it was essential to bring more Jewish youth to Israel from all over the world and that this youth must have spiritual preparation which could be obtained through participation in one of the pioneering youth movements. The delegates also were greeted by Israel members of the organization.

The Hakibutz Hameuchad, a central organization, has 58 collective settlements with a total population of 23,000. The settlements include some of the largest and oldest in Israel and some frontier strongholds. A total of 60 factories and workshops are owned by the settlements.

GHANA LABOR WILL NOT EMULATE HISTADRUT, MINISTER TELLS PARLIAMENT

ACCRA, Ghana, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- A denial that the government is trying to force on the labor movement in this country a new type of organization modeled along the lines of Histadrut in Israel was voiced in Parliament here today by a member of the Cabinet, Ako Adjei, Minister of Labor Cooperatives.

Mr. Adjei made his statement on that point in winding up debate on his motion requiring a budget of 1,012,330 pounds for his ministry. He told Parliament that it was the duty of the Government to assist and encourage the trade union movement here financially.

AUSTRALIAN JEWRY ELECTS MAURICE ASHKENAZY HEAD OF ITS CENTRAL BODY

SYDNEY, Australia, Aug. 12. (JTA) -- Maurice Ashkenazy was elected president of the Council of Australian Jewry, succeeding Sydney Enfeld, who was named Senior vice president.

Moses Leavitt, executive vice chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, addressed a private session of the Council on the situation of European Jewry, including the Jews behind the Iron Curtain.

Delegates adopted a resolution expressing their fears for Israel's security as a result of recent upheavals in surrounding Arab countries and voiced the hope that stability would soon be restored.