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## ISRAEL CABINET DISCUSSES SUMMIT PARLEY; VIEWS COMMUNICATED TO DE GAULLE

JERUSALEM, July 28. (JTA) -- The Israel Cabinet met today and it is believed that Israel's stand toward the projected United Nations summit conference was one of the major subjects discussed. The continued flights of British and American planes from Cyprus to Lebanon and Jordan over Israel territory was another subject discussed. Israel's position on the summit conference seems to be the following:

1. Israel, as a Middle East country, should be invited to any meeting discussing the future of the Middle East.
2. Any decision taken in Israel's absence at the summit conference is not upon the Israel Government.
3. Israel is not interested that the Israel-Arab conflict should be specifically discussed at the summit conference. The Great Powers could contribute to a solution of this specific problem by inducing the Arab to start talks on a permanent Israel-Arab settlement.
4. In view of the patent inability of the United Nations to insure full compliance with such decisions, Israel does not under the present circumstances favor an arms embargo on the Middle East.

Premier David Ben Gurion sent today a personal letter to French Premier Charles de Gaulle outlining Israel's position on various problems that may arise in connection with the summit conference. Mr. Ben Gurion reportedly requested Gen. de Gaulle's support of Israel's position on these subjects.

The letter, it is presumed, sums up the views which Israel's Foreign Minister Golda Meir would have presented to Gen. de Gaulle personally tomorrow had she not fallen ill. It is understood that Premier Ben Gurion's letter is not a substitute for Mrs. Meir's visit to Paris. Mrs. Meir is recuperating satisfactorily and it is hoped that she will be able to fly to Paris next week. However, it was felt here that the French Premier should have Israel's views as early as possible since the Big Powers are engaged now in determining their attitudes toward the summit parley.

### De Gaulle Starts Exchange of Views with Israel on Summit Issues

PARIS, July 28. (JTA) -- Gen. Charles de Gaulle was reported today to have initiated yesterday a series of diplomatic exchanges with Israel and several European and North African countries in advance of the projected Security Council summit conference.

The French Premier, who is pictured as pressing for a summit meeting in Europe with no more than half a dozen government heads participating, was reported to have sent diplomatic communications to Israel, Belgium, Holland, Tunisia, Morocco, Spain and Greece. He is also said to be sending his Foreign Minister, Maurice Couve de Murville, to Bonn today for talks with Chancellor Konrad Adenauer. M. Couve de Murville conferred in Rome this week-end with Italian Premier Amintore Fanfani in advance of the latter's trip to Washington for talks with President Eisenhower.

(The West German Government has joined the growing chorus of Western states which endorse Israel's right to attend the projected United Nations Security Council summit conference on the Middle East if the Arab states are represented. In a radio interview broadcast yesterday in the Saar, Felix von Eckardt, Bonn press chief and a close associate of Chancellor Konrad Adenauer, said that participation of the Arab states would obligate the Western Powers to insist upon Israel's presence at the summit parley.)

### Britain Evasive on Stand of Inviting Israel to Summit Talks

LONDON, July 28. (JTA) -- The British Government refused today to be pinned down on its attitude toward Israel's presence at the forthcoming Security Council summit session on the Middle East.

Replying to Laborite questions, Commander A. H. P. Noble, government spokesman on foreign affairs in Commons, said: "It is up to the Security Council, within the United Nations machinery, to decide" what countries should participate.

# DULLES FAVORS GENERAL MID-EAST TALKS AT SUMMIT PARLEY; BRITAIN DIFFERS

LONDON, July 28. (JTA) -- Differences of opinion have developed here between Secretary of State John Foster Dulles and Prime Minister Harold Macmillan over the nature of the forthcoming summit conference. While Mr. Dulles, who is here to consult with the Bagdad Pact nations, holds that the summit parley should feature a general discussion of the Middle East problems--which would include the Arab-Israel problem--the British Prime Minister wants a limited agenda.

Mr. Dulles told the Bagdad Pact nations today that the United States would be ready to discuss with Russia at the summit conference any proposal for an arms embargo for the Arab states, and perhaps Israel, but not for Turkey, Iran and Pakistan, the surviving Middle Eastern members of the Bagdad Pact.

(The New York Herald Tribune reported from London today that American sources indicated last night prior to the opening of the Bagdad Pact Council meeting that "under no circumstances would the United States gamble with Israel's future in a new understanding between the Soviet Union on the one hand and the United States, Britain and France on the other. Satisfactory guarantees for the frontiers of Israel must be given.")

American circles here believe that a proposal for a United Nations guarantee of the Arab-Israel border could possibly be expanded into a general United Nations guarantee of borders in the Middle East.

## SENATE LEADER URGES U. N. BORDER GUARANTEES FOR ISRAEL AND ARAB STATES

WASHINGTON, July 28. (JTA) -- United Nations guarantees against aggression protecting both Israel and the Arab states were among measures urged today by Chairman Hubert H. Humphrey of the Senate Foreign Relations Near Eastern Subcommittee. He proposed that the full Foreign Relations Committee take an active part in shaping U. S. policy in preparation for a summit parley on the Middle East.

He recalled that members of the committee favored not only guarantees against aggression but also an arms embargo, a UN police force, increased economic assistance and other steps. Sen. Humphrey, a Minnesota Democrat, said the committee should formulate these proposals into a single package and present it to the State Department.

A Senate source today cautioned that a summit conference agreement on a Middle East arms embargo might prove disastrous for Israel. This source said that if an East-West accord is reached on suspension of munitions shipments to Israel and the Arab states, a chance existed that Israel might be scrupulously denied Western arms while the Soviet bloc made clandestine shipments to the United Arab Republic.

Sen. Carl T. Curtis, Nebraska Republican, today proposed a Washington summit conference of Arab leaders without inviting Soviet Premier Khrushchev. He said Mr. Khrushchev should not be permitted to put himself into the role of peacemaker or representative of the Arab nations.

## W. J. C. CALLS ON MOSCOW TO LIFT BAN ON JEWISH INSTITUTIONS IN RUSSIA

GENEVA, July 28. (JTA) -- The World Jewish Congress executive concluded today its conference here with the adoption of resolutions urging the Soviet Union to allow Jewish communities to establish their own institutions, appealing to the Rumanian Government to allow Jews to migrate to Israel and recommending an international Jewish culture conference.

The WJC, in its resolution addressed to the USSR, underlined the "inalienable right of Jewish communities everywhere to establish institutions to maintain the continuity of Jewish life. Rumania was asked to enable families separated between Rumania and Israel to be reunited, and to permit the emigration of 130 Zionists released from Prison some time ago. At the time of their release, the government promised to facilitate their migration to Israel but has not done so.

The delegates asked that recommendations reached at the projected culture parley be brought to the next plenary session of the WJC executive. In the interest of ending the world armaments race, the executive proposed that the halting of nuclear tests would be "an important first step" on the road to delivering mankind from fear.

In his concluding remarks, WJC president Dr. Nahum Goldmann praised the cooperativeness shown by delegates on controversial issues. He also commemorated the Warsaw Ghetto Uprising as a symbol of the heroism and martyrdom of the Jewish people.

## ATLANTA POLICE ARREST AGITATORS CARRYING ANTI-JEWISH PLACARDS

ATLANTA, Ga., July 28. (JTA) -- Atlanta police today arrested five agitators who sought to create an anti-Semitic demonstration under auspices of the "National Committee to Free America from Jewish Domination." The same group dispatched pickets to Washington where they agitated simultaneously. (See page 3 for earlier story.)

The five Atlantans were held by police on a charge of "suspicion of inciting a riot." The men appeared in front of a building housing the Atlanta daily newspapers with placards proclaiming "Jewish-Controlled Press Lies About the Middle East," and other inciting slogans.

#### JEWS IN GERMANY ASK GOVERNMENT FOR BENEFITS OFFERED TO WAR VICTIMS

DUSSELDORF, July 28. (JTA) -- The Central Council of Jews in Germany called today upon the West German Government to extend to Jews and other victims of the Nazi regime the same benefits currently offered war victims and refugees expelled from other countries.

In a memorandum to Chancellor Konrad Adenauer, the Central Council charged that the Federal Indemnification Law had failed the victims by: not making adequate provision for their economic rehabilitation; not providing them with necessary living quarters, and not providing them with health insurance. It asked that amendments be adopted to add Nazi victims to the beneficiaries of social rehabilitation legislation.

Simultaneously, the Central Council of Jews in Germany expressed vigorous opposition today to the remake of the film "Jud Suess" announced recently by a leading West German filmmaker. The project has also drawn critical fire from various German newspapers. Peter Goldbaum, the producer who plans to shoot the new "Jud Suess" script, asserted that it would show the cultural and historical importance of Jewry in late 18th and early 19th Century Germany.

With the best of intentions, the Council declared, the release of a film version of Lion Feuchtwanger's novel must again lead to "unpleasant" public reaction. It recalled that the 1940 Veit Harlan version of the film had been widely used by the Nazis as a cornerstone of their anti-Semitic propaganda.

#### ANTI-SEMITES PICKET WHITE HOUSE WITH ANTI-JEWISH SIGNS; ARE IGNORED

WASHINGTON, July 28. (JTA) -- A group of anti-Semites, carrying anti-Jewish placards in front of the White House, failed to attract public attention yesterday. The eight persons left the premises after parading for an hour, during which they were under close observation by the police.

The signs carried by the group alleged that atomic spies, and even President Eisenhower himself, belonged to the Jewish faith. They called for a demonstration against the Israel Embassy, but the public ignored the pickets. On Saturday the anti-Semites distributed propaganda on downtown streets in Washington and in nearby suburbs.

Lt. Charles Murphy of the Metropolitan Police said the eight pickets were the only evidence of what had been widely advertised in Washington on Saturday as a mass demonstration under the sponsorship of a so-called "National Committee to Free America from Jewish Domination."

Police questioned the pickets who were later described as organized by a new lunatic fringe group of little importance.

#### U.S. SEEKS ISRAEL AID IN TRANSLATING SOVIET TECHNICAL LITERATURE

WASHINGTON, July 28. (JTA) -- The United States National Science Foundation, a government agency, has opened negotiations with the Israeli Embassy here to secure Israel's assistance in the evaluation of Soviet scientific achievements, it was learned here today.

Many hundreds of Israeli scholars, learned in science and multi-lingual, would translate a tremendous amount of Soviet technical literature published between 1946 and 1954. Arrangements with Israel are expected to remedy a situation in which American technical libraries are deficient in translations of Russian scientific publications.

U.S. authorities believe that Israel possesses talent which could be quickly organized into a task force to do the massive translation job. Details of the U.S. offer and financial considerations are not yet available. But the American request has been forwarded to the Israel Government in Jerusalem for a decision. A reply is expected shortly.

The National Science Foundation has decided to ask Congress for additional funds to pay for the project in Israel. The approach was made to Israel basically because of the shortage in America of qualified technical experts who can translate scientific Russian papers. America has been deprived of the benefit of much technical information freely published in Russia because of this deficiency.

The National Science Foundation would work with the Israel Embassy. Technical papers would be sent to Israel through Israel Government channels and assigned to scholars there at the discretion of the Israel authorities. When translations are approved, printing of final manuscripts would be done in Israel.

Most of the translation and printing expenses would be covered by the U.S. Government. However, a portion of the cost could be recovered by sale of copies to universities and industrial research institutions.

#### HERBERT MORRISON LAUDS ISRAEL AT INTER-PARLIAMENTARY PARLEY IN BRAZIL

RIO DE JANEIRO, July 28. (JTA) -- Herbert Morrison, former Foreign Secretary in the last Labor Government of Britain, told the Inter-Parliamentary Union session here that Israel desires peace, but that the Arab nationalists want to destroy the Jewish State. Mr. Morrison made his statement in the course of the general debate at the IPU session.

SCIENCE, MAKING LITTLE IMPACT ON JEWISH EDUCATION, DR. KALLEN REPORTS

GENEVA, July 28. (JTA) -- Jewish educational authorities and parents appear unconcerned about the impact of science on Jewish religious education, according to preliminary findings of a special World Jewish Congress commission on the role of science in Jewish education, headed by Prof. Horace M. Kallen of New York.

The inquiry began about five months ago. Dr. Kallen, who was unable to attend the present session of the World Jewish Congress executive in Geneva, submitted a written progress report to the session. In his report, Dr. Kallen stated that a preliminary analysis of responses to a questionnaire submitted by the Commission to a cross section of Jewish educators showed:

1. An almost total lack of appreciation of the nature of the problem and its urgency among those responsible for educational program and policy.
2. Jewish education, viewed as "religious" education, is held by many to concern itself with an area untouched by the scientific spirit.
3. Others regard Jewish education as a sort of counterforce to the rising tide of "scientism," that should offset the generally increasing concentration on scientific studies by means of intensified plans for religious instruction.

Dr. Kallen stated that one conclusion apparently emerging with great clarity is that Jewish education does not greatly concern itself with the problem set by the conflict because Jewish schools are predominantly elementary schools.

WORLD CONFERENCE OF JEWISH YOUTH OPENS IN ISRAEL; 43 LANDS REPRESENTED

JERUSALEM, July 28. (JTA) -- The first world conference of Jewish youth opened here last night with 350 delegates from 43 countries in attendance. They represent 180 organizations with a total membership of over 250,000 and with a variety of religious and political shades. There are no delegates present from the USSR or the Soviet bloc countries.

President Itzhak Ben Zvi has greeted the parley, which is being held in the Wise Auditorium of the Hebrew University, and the Israel Government has issued a special commemorative postage stamp in its honor. Dr. Nahum Goldmann, president of the Jewish Agency, described the gathering as the first of its kind in Jewish history.

JEWISH THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY ACQUIRES RARE HEBREW MEDICAL BOOK

NEW YORK, July 28. (JTA) -- A hitherto unrecorded and unknown edition of the important Islamic medical work of the Middle Ages, "The Qanun Fi-L-Tibb" of Ibn Sina (the Canon of Medicine of Avicenna) has just been acquired by the library of the Jewish Theological Seminary. It was announced today.

In Hebrew, the library's new acquisition is printed on vellum and is the only such copy known to exist. Although it was issued at the same time as the Hebrew edition printed on paper, in Naples in 1491, it apparently escaped the notice of both the scholars and book collectors.

Ibn Sina, famous eleventh century Islamic philosopher-scientist, prepared the five-volume Qanun as a compendium of ancient and Muslim knowledge in the field of medicine. Because of the comprehensive scope of the work, the Qanun was studied throughout European universities for over six centuries and Ibn Sina came to be known as the "Prince of Physicians."

The Qanun gives many examples of diagnosis, outlines pharmacological methods and considers the usage of 760 drugs. It carefully describes skin troubles, contagious diseases and nervous disorders, both psychological and pathological.

BENJAMIN BUTTENWIESER GIFT OF \$250,000 ANNOUNCED BY COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

NEW YORK, July 28. (JTA) -- A gift of \$250,000 to Columbia University by Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Buttenwieser of New York was announced here today by president Grayson Kirk of Columbia. The gift will establish "The Joseph L. Buttenwieser Professorship in Human Relations."

Joseph L. Buttenwieser, in whose memory the chair has been established, was the father of Benjamin Buttenwieser. He died in 1938. Benjamin Buttenwieser, who was graduated from Columbia College in 1919, is a New York banker, a limited partner of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and is identified with important philanthropic and public service projects.

LAWRENCE WHITE, B'NAI B'RITH LEADER, DEAD; HAD LONG RECORD OF SERVICE

NEW HAVEN, July 28. (JTA) -- Lawrence White, secretary of District One of the B'nei B'rith, died here yesterday following a short illness. Mr. White was administrative head of District One, the largest in the fraternal organization, for the past 30 years. Under his guidance the district expanded from a membership of 4,000 to its present 100,000 in New York, New England and Eastern Canada. At the last district convention, where he was stricken with a heart attack, a Larry White Youth Fund was established to mark his long record of service to the organization.