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JEWISH LEADERS IN POLAND APPEAL TO ORGANIZATIONS ABROAD FOR AID

VIENNA, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- Jewish community leaders in Poland expect Jewish relief organizations abroad to come to their aid in rehabilitating Jews repatriated from the Soviet Union and who must adjust to new conditions in Poland. (Charles Jordan, Joint Distribution Committee's European director, was today on his way to Paris from Warsaw where he negotiated a possible resumption of JDC activities in Poland).

A report from Warsaw received here today emphasized that although the Jewish communities in Poland are doing their best to arrange work in cooperative shops for the Jewish returnees, many of them must be retrained since they cannot use their work experience in Russia.

"We have the right to expect a large amount of assistance from organizations such as the ORT and others," the report said. It stated that leaders of the World ORT Union studied the Jewish situation in Poland and expressed hope that vocational training assistance for the Jewish repatriates would be given "urgently" by Jewish groups abroad.

ORT Mission Returns from Poland; Resumption of Work Planned

GENEVA, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- Leaders of the Polish Communist Government "attach great importance" to the work of ORT "and are prepared to help us" in resuming CRT services to Polish Jews, officials of an ORT delegation to Poland reported today on their return here.

The mission was led by J. Chorin of the ORT executive and Dr. Vladimir Halperin, ORT Union director. It visited most of the Jewish communities in Poland and spent 15 days making numerous contacts with Polish Government officials.

Dr. Halperin said that ORT schools in Poland would cater mainly to the educational needs of the Jewish adult population with short courses, of up to 10 months, in various semi-skilled and skilled trades. "Polish Jews are in grave and urgent need of professional rehabilitation and we hope to be able to help," he said.

The report of the mission will be submitted to the World ORT Union executive committee meeting here October 27 to decide on ORT activity in Poland and on the 1958 ORT budget. ORT, together with most other Jewish organizations, suspended activities in Poland in 1950 after intensive operations in the early postwar period.

EGYPT WILL NOT PERMIT RED CROSS TO VISIT CAPTURED ISRAELI FISHERMEN

GENEVA, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- The Egyptian authorities have refused until now to permit an International Red Cross representative to visit the six crewmen taken off an Israeli fishing vessel last week, or to permit the Red Cross to bring the men messages from their families, it was learned here today from well informed sources.

From Cairo it was reported that the Egyptian Government today asked for an emergency meeting of the Egyptian-Israeli Mixed Armistice Commission to investigate an Egyptian complaint that the Israeli fishing vessel violated Egyptian territorial waters.

A spokesman for the International Red Cross assured newsmen here today that the Red Cross would do everything in its power to implement Article IV of the Geneva Convention which governs the Red Cross' right to visit prisoners and convey messages from their families. (See page 3 for Israeli action.)

The same spokesman expressed regret at what he termed "unnecessary publicity" given Red Cross actions in behalf of the five Israelis and one Italian national removed from the vessel Doron and charged with "espionage" off Egypt's Mediterranean coast. The Red Cross representative, apparently referring to dispatches emanating from Tel Aviv, said that such publicity threw a "political light" on its functions and hampered the Red Cross in its humanitarian activities.

(From Stockholm, it was reported today that the Scandinavian Transport Workers Federation cabled President Nasser, protesting against the confiscation of the Doron and its crew and urging him to act personally to obtain the immediate release of the ship and the fishermen.)

EBAN OPTIMISTIC ON RECEIVING INCREASED AID FROM UNITED STATES

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- Israeli Ambassador Abba Eban was optimistic today of Israel's chances of obtaining increased U.S. aid, after conferring with C. Douglas Dillon, Deputy Under Secretary of State for Economic Affairs.

"We hope with a certain degree of confidence that the total volume of aid will be greater than last year," Mr. Eban said. He indicated that today's meeting developed into a "general and useful review of all elements of American-Israel economic cooperation." It is understood that Israel may receive a considerable increase in U.S. surplus agricultural commodities.

The Export-Import Bank is continuing study of Israel's application for a \$75,000,000 loan for irrigation development.

SAUDI ARABIA ATTACKS JEWS AT U. N. ASSEMBLY; PRESENTS "PLAN"

UNITED NATIONS, N. Y., Oct. 2. (JTA) -- Saudi Arabia, considered by many diplomats here and in Washington as America's finest ally among the Arab states, presented to the General Assembly today a three-point plan for "solution" of Arab-Israel tensions. The Saudi Arabian Government suggested:

1. Establishment of a special United Nations agency to send all the Jews from Israel "back to their homelands in Europe and elsewhere."
2. Outlawing Zionism "anywhere and everywhere."
3. Rejecting all thought of resettling Arab refugees and, instead, sending all of them back into Israel.

The Saudi Arabian Government also expressed its strongest support of Syria, absolved Syria from any blame for accepting arms shipments from the Soviet Union. It also denounced Israel's use of the Gulf of Akaba, and concluded its statement to the Assembly by declaring flatly: "To the Jews as a nation we grant nothing."

The first policy speech in this year's Assembly by any of the Arab governments, the address came as a great shock to many delegations here. The speech was delivered by Ahmad Shukairy, Saudi Arabia's Minister of State for United Nations Affairs, who is well known here for many vitriolic speeches against Israel delivered when he was representing Syria in the United Nations.

On the issue of "the Palestine problem," Mr. Shukairy declared, "we have a radical approach to place before the Assembly." He asked the 82-member body to "strike at, not around the bush." Calling the Palestine question "the center of gravity in the whole situation in the Middle East, Mr. Shukairy said there is only one answer to the question as to what is wrong in the whole situation. That answer, he went on, is "Israel is the wrong."

The only thing the United Nations must do is to "reverse" everything it has done in the past years in connection with Israel, he said. "Zionism," Mr. Shukairy continued, "is an aggressive movement. It is destructive for it destroys the loyalty of Jewish citizens to their homelands. It is expansionist for it engineers to establish 'Great Israel' between the Nile and the Euphrates.

"To avoid a great catastrophe, the United Nations must reverse the course of action that has brought about this dilemma. To accept the de facto situation, is resignation and surrender on the part of the United Nations. A de facto situation that breathes a threat to peace must be brushed aside. It is with this idea in mind that the United Nations must shoot its way through new avenues." Mr. Shukairy then outlined his three-point program.

A spokesman for the Israel delegation said, in comment on Mr. Shukairy's address: "The Assembly today witnessed the shocking performance of a delegate of a member state addressing the Assembly and asking formally for the liquidation of another sovereign member of the United Nations."

GOLDA MEIR CONFERS WITH POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER AT UNITED NATIONS

UNITED NATIONS, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- Mrs. Golda Meir, Israel's Foreign Minister, conferred here with Adam Rapacki, Foreign Minister of Poland, for more than an hour today. Spokesmen for both delegations later described the talk as "friendly." An Israeli source said that they had discussed matters of "mutual interest."

Philip Klutznick, B'nai B'rith president and member of the U.S. delegation at the United Nations, was invited today to an Islamic group luncheon which was attended by the members of the Arab and Moslem delegations to the UN. Jacob Blaustein conferred yesterday with UN Secretary General Dag Hammarskjold on Middle East issues, it was learned today.

TUNISIA CLOSES RABBINICAL COURTS; OPENS REGULAR COURTS TO JEWS

TUNIS, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- The rabbinical courts which have had jurisdiction in civil lawsuits among Tunisian Jews have been abolished, it was announced today by Justice Ahmed Mestri, Tunisian Secretary of State. The Justice said that Jews may now use the regular Tunisian courts.

U.S. GROUP WARNS OF SOVIET THREAT TO ISRAEL; SUGGESTS AMERICAN ACTION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- A warning of the Soviet threat to Israel and charges of United States appeasement of the Arabs at Israel's expense were contained in an extensive new report by the Public Affairs Institute of Washington.

The Institute--which was founded in 1947 by 54 American leaders who felt the need of a non-partisan, non-profit organization in the nation's Capital doing original research and promoting wider public knowledge of important problems--urged a new Middle East regional resources development agency, capitalized at \$1,000,000 as the cornerstone of a dynamic U.S. policy. The development agency would be financed jointly by the royalties of oil-rich states, the oil companies, member states, and the United States. Membership would be open to Israel and the undertaking is envisaged as a force for Arab-Israel peace.

The report urged abandonment of what it termed the present U.S. policy of "ambivalence, uncertainty, appeasement and parsimony." It called for priority to the needs of the peoples of the region through a long-range development plan, a final settlement of the Arab-Israel conflict, and the resettlement of Arab refugees in Arab lands.

Inadequacies in the Eisenhower Doctrine were charged and alarm over continuing Soviet success in penetrating the region. The Institute warned that the Kremlin is ready "to engage the force of its arms in support of the Arab states "to destroy Israel to advance Communist ends in the Moslem world. It said "Soviet acquiescence in the elimination of Israel as a state is a price the Kremlin is prepared to pay if thereby it can further entrench itself in the Middle East with Arab support."

Report Charges Washington Administration with Pro-Arab Bias

Israel's Sinai campaign was described by the Institute as a legitimate act of self-defense. Israel's efforts to obtain help from America when Russia joined the Arabs were fruitless, the report indicated. The institute charted that "especially after 1952" the U.S. Administration policy was characterized by appeasement of the Arabs "at the expense of our allies, at the expense of the Arab people, of Israel, and, in the final analysis, of our primary interests--without achieving the end objective--security."

According to the report, "a cornerstone of the appeasement policy was the effort to lull the Arab governments into forgetting Western approval of the creation of Israel. To this effort, principle and practicality alike were sacrificed--without winning over the Arab world." The institute openly stated that the Republican Administration's "pro-Arab bias was underscored with the exclusion of Israel from all military pact discussions while the concentration continued to secure Arab acquiescence."

It was charged that the Administration took no action to halt the Arab League's anti-Israel boycott despite boycott threats to American firms. The institute also reported that "the U.S. submitted to Saudi Arabian insistence on the right to bar Jews from serving with American armed forces sent to Saudi Arabia."

Stressing the fact that "at no time" did the United States register a formal complaint in Arab capitals against Arab threats of a second round against Israel, the report stated: "This lack of reaction has only encouraged the Arabs to believe that no price was too high to demand from the United States." The report questioned the policy of President Eisenhower at the time of the Sinai-Suez events. "The turning of that defeat into political victory for the Egyptian dictator, was not in the interests of peace or stability for the area. Yet this was precisely the result produced by the policy of the United States," the institute said.

Findings of the institute's study revealed that the Arab refugee problem "would not exist had not the Arab states launched a war to prevent implementation of the Palestine partition resolution of Nov. 29, 1947 and to destroy the State of Israel in its infancy." The resettlement of the Arab refugees in Arab lands was recommended. Iraq and Syria were recommended as places where the refugees could be resettled.

3,000 HEAR FIRST CONCERT IN NEW ISRAEL AUDITORIUM; BEN GURION SPEAKS

TEL AVIV, Oct. 2. (JTA) -- A first night audience of 3,000 men and women in evening dress turned out today for the first concert to be played in Tel Aviv's brand new Frederick R. Mann Auditorium, by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra under the baton of Leonard Bernstein, leading American composer-conductor.

The new home of Israel's leading symphony orchestra was built with funds contributed by the America-Israel Cultural Foundation. It is named for Mr. Mann, chairman of the board of the foundation who contributed \$250,000 toward the cost of the Auditorium.

Present in the audience were President Itzhak Ben Zvi, Premier David Ben Gurion, members of the government and Parliament, a White House representative Maxwell Rabb and the American Ambassador to Athens, George Allen. Mr. Ben Gurion, in a few words of greeting, expressed the hope that "this auditorium will not be the only home of the orchestra, but the base from which it will make excursions to remote settlements from Dan to Elath and bring the beauty of music to our pioneers." The soloists at the concert were Isaac Stern, violinist, and Arthur Rubinstein, pianist.