

Jewish Telegraphic Agency

DAILY NEWS BULLETIN

660 FIRST AVENUE

NEW YORK 16. N.Y.

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Vol. XXIV No. 9 - 39th year

Monday, January 14, 1957

U. S. ZIONIST GROUPS DEFINE THEIR ATTITUDE TOWARD "EISENHOWER DOCTRINE"

NEW YORK, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- While voicing complete sympathy with the general purpose of the Eisenhower Doctrine as an expression of the determination of the United States to repel Communist aggression in the Middle East, leaders of American Zionist groups today insisted that President Eisenhower must come to grips with the internal situation in that area, including the Suez Canal controversy and Arab-Israel relations.

Addressing several hundred leading Zionists from all parts of the United States assembled at an all-day session of the national executive council of the Zionist Organization of America, Dr. Emanuel Neumann, ZOA president, said: "One searches in vain for a hint of Administration policy regarding the solution of the internal problem in the Middle East, such as the Suz Zonal issue, Egypth official belligerency toward Israel, the fedayeen incursions, the blockade of Israeli shipping, the refugee problem, the bitter conflicts between the Arab states, the const nt incitement to violence."

Declaring ""t Washin; on's referral of all these problems to the United Nations for solution is nothing more than passing the buck, "the ZOA president asked: "Is it not high time that the Administration give a clear indication of the policies it intends to pursue not only to repel external aggression, but to settle the internal problems in the Middle East?"

Similar sentiments were wiced at the opening session here tonight of the four-day mid-winter conference of Hadassah, which is being attended by leaters of the organization from all parts of the country. The conference was called to map a program of meeting emergency problems in Israel.

Dulles' 'estimony Heightens Concern, Mrs. Halprin Says

Mrs. Rose Halprin, Hadassah leader and acting chairman of the American section of the Jewish Agency, addressing the opening session of the convention, stated: "Although all Americans will support the far-reaching objective of keeping Russia from greater penetration into the Middle E-st, the testimony of Secretary of State Dulles before the House Foreign Affairs Committee last week points up the need for very careful analysis of all the implications of the Eisenhower Doctrine and the means by which its purposes are to be achieved. "

Mrs. Halprin stressed that the reported testimony of Mr. Dulles heightens comern by its lack of clarity. From what the Secretary of State told the House Foreign Affai. $_{\circ}$ Committee, she observed, "it would seem that Soviet-armed and Soviet-guided Arab states could openly attack Israel with impunity. This is fantastic."

'So far as the President's measage is a clear statement to the world that the United States will no longer remain isolations tagainst the threat of Soviet penetration in the Middle East—it is welcome. "the Hadassah leader continued. "It is welcome, too, as a charter of freedom from Communist aggression for all the Middle East countries, including Israel But we would be less than frank if we did not call attention to the failure of the President's program to include the pressing problems of the Suez Canal, Arab-Israel relations, and continuing raids within Israel by the fedayeen gangs."

"It is true that the President has declared that these matters are in the hands of the United Nation." But the United Nations, thus far, has been unable to bring about a solution to these attling problems. Despite the United Nations' earnest efforts for peace and security in the Middle East, the situation in that region has steadily deteriorated. Unless we deal with the internal problems of the Middle East, there is little chance of set like ing peace and security there."

U.S. Policy Blind to Menace of Nasserism, Says Dr. Neumann

Dr. Miriam Freund, national president of Hadassah, told the delegates that unless the Eisenhower Doctrine is "revised" to encompass internal problems of the Middle East, the United States will be following "a dangerous, uncharted course of far-reaching implication that will becloud the workd with anxiety. " She said that the present turnoil in the Middle East understores the importance of stepping up Hadassah work in Israel.

Dr. Neumann, in addressing the ZOA national executive, criticized the "Eisenhower Doctrine" for the Middle East as being "strangely silent" on the menace of what he termed

Frampant Nasaerism: which he said "constitutes the more immediate peril to the peace of the Middle Last and consequently the peace of the world." He asserted that the threat of Communist aggression and the menace of expansionist Nasserism go hand in hand.

Dr. Harris J. Levine, president of the Jewish National Fund of America and national vice president of the Zionist Organization of America, volced approval of the proposal made by forms Secretary of State Dean Acheson, in his testimony before the House Foreign Relations Committee on President Eisenhower's new Middle East plan, for an American force for preventing either Arabo or Israel government-supported border raids and even attacks Dr. Levine spoke at the banquet given in homor of the completion of a border billage in Israel, bearing the name of the Borough of the Bronx, which has a population of more than a quarter of a million Jews.

TRUMAN SUPPORTS EISENHOWER DOCTRINE; URGES ACTION FOR ISRAEL

NEW YORK Jan. 13. [JTA] -- Former President Harry S. Truman today came out with an article copyrighted by the North American Newspaper Alliance expressing his support of Eisenhower's request for Congressional authorization to use U.S. armed forces against Communist aggression in the Middle East. At the same time, he emphasized that the United States must "do everything possible to cool the passions of those entermination of the communists who want to destroy Israel."

We must realize that it is naive and fantastic to hope that we can achieve any kind of peace in the Middle East as long as there are bitterness and open clashes between the Arabs and the Jews. The nation of Israel is here to stay, "Mr. Truman emphasized in his article."

The United Sates ≈ well as the United Nations, should do everything possible to cool the passions of those extremists who want to destroy Israel, "he continued. "The boundary lines between Israel and Egypt must be settled and those boundaries guaranteed. The United Nations Emergency Forces could play a highly constructive role in this," Mr. Truman suggested.

ISRAEL CABINET MEETS TO FORMULATE FINAL POLICY ON SINAI WITHDRAWALS

JERUSALEM, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- The Israel Cabinet met today to formulate its policy with regard to further withdrawals from Sinai and the Gaza Strip, following several days of consultations with Foreign Minister Mrs. Golda Meir who is expected to return to New York this week to participate in the United Nations General Assembly.

Although the Cabinet's decision has no been made public, the prevailing mood in leading Israeli circles is that Israel must secure effective guarantees of freedom of navigation through Elath Bay before evacuating its troops from the Tiran Strait. It is feared that this strait, if evacuated unconditionally, will again serve as an Egyptian base for the blockading of Israeli shipping.

An Israeli naval vessel was attacked by Saudin Arabian artillery and machinegun fire Friday afternoon when it passed through the eastern part of the Strait of Tiran at the southern end of the Gulf of Akaba. It suffered no damage or casualties. This was the first military action by Saudi Arabia since 1948 when a small unit of that country took part in the invasion of the newly-proclaimed Jewish State.

U. N. OBSERVERS FIND NO ISRAELI TROOPS MASSED AT JORDAN BORDER

JERUSALEM Jan. 13. (JTA) -- United Nations observers found no basis to Jordan's complaint to the UN last week that Israel was massing troops along the armistice line in the Tulkarm sector, it was reported here today.

While UN headquarters here officially disclaimed any knowledge of a study by observers it was indicated in informed circles that truce headquarters had already dispatched a report to Dag Hammarskjold, UN secretary general, to the effect that no troop concentrations had been observed.

The demilitarized zone along the Syrian border was also inspected this week-end by UN observers apparently searching for a troop build-up.

BRITISH JEWS ASK GOVERNMENT TOSECURE ISRAEL AGAINST ARAB ATTACKS

LONDON, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- The Board of Deputies of British Jews called on the British Government b use its good offices at the United Nations, in cooperation with other freedom-bring nations, to secure Israel against attack from hostile neighbors and to guarantee the Jewish State freedom of passage through the Suez Canal and the Gulf of Akaba.

In unanimously adopted resolutions, the Board declared that the General Assembly resolutions calling on allparties to desist from raiding neighboring territory could be effectively implemated only if Israel's withdrawal from Egypt is phased and is conditioned upon effective guarantee. It was further urged that Gaza and the islands in the Strain of Tiran not be returned to Egypt or any other Arab country to be used as a base for attacks on Israel.

DANGER OF DEPORTATION STILL HANGS OVER THOUSANDS OF EGYPTIAN JEWS

TEL AVIV, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- The danger of deportation still hangs over thousands of Egyptian Jews, particularly those who are officially stateless, newly arriving Egyptian Jewish refugees declared here today. A total of 109 Jews from Egypt arrived in two El Al planes today, one from Athens, the second from Naples.

Among the arrivals were a number of youths who had been arrested during a "Zion-tespionage" trial and later released without any verdict having been reached. They were all deported. Also, they were all beaten and tortured by police investigators, the youths reported. It was estimated hew today that about 2.500 Egyptian Jews have all ready reached Israel. Several thousand more are expected.

ADMISSION OF JEWS FROM EGYPT INTO U.S. SUGGESTED IN CONGRESS

WASHINGTON, Jan 13. (JTA) -- The necessity to expand the refugee program to include Jews deported fron Egypt was called to the attention of both Houses of Congress this week-end.

Addressing the Senate, John O. Pastore, Rhode Island Democrat, spoke out against maltreatment and deportation of Jews. He said he hoped the Administration would use the "same sense of equality" for Jewish refugees from Egyt as it has for refugees from Hungarv Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey, Minnesota Democrat, suggested that President Eisenhower utilize the same parole provisions of the McCarran-Walter Act to give haven to Eovytian Jews as it has to Hungarian refugees.

At the same time Rep. Hugh J. Addonizio, New Jersey Democrat, directed the attention of the House to the need for an expanded refugee program to benefit Egyptian Jews. Referring to Egypt's "ignominous" treatment of Jewish nationals, Rep. Emanuel Celler, New York Democrat, criticized the Administration for its silence "except for mere expressions of 'concern." "He said the U.S. has set up a "duel standard" which pressures England, France, and Israel, but which withholds pressure against the Egyptian Government.

AMERICAN ORT CONVENTION APPROVES \$4,500,000 BUDGET FOR 1957 PLANS

NEW YORK, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- A \$4,500,000 budget for ORT activities in 1957 was approved here tonight by the annual convention of the American ORT Federation attended by 500 delegates from various parts of the country. The convention also adopted a program to provide 25,000 young people in Israel, North Africa and other countries with vocational training and secondary education.

Dr. William Haber, president of the organization, told the delegates that in view of the anticipated influx of 70,000 ir:migrants into Israel during the next twelve months ORT programs in that country would step up activities to provide education and vocational a'd to new arrivals. He announced that a message had been received from Israel's Preside. Ben Zvi requesting that the convention act on this problem.

American Jews looked with disquiet at the "triple crisis" threatening Jews abroad, Dr. Haber said. He described these as "the dangerous insecurity of Israel, the emergence of a new Jewish refugee problem of people coming from Hungary and Egypt, and the smouldeling crisis in North Africa where many of the 450,000 Jews have already suffered severe economic dislocations."

George J. Mintzer, convention chairman, reported that ORT had established eight schools for immigrants and had opened two new technical institutes in Israel last year. There are now 83 trade schools and related facilities in the ORT program in Israel, he noted. Mr. Mintzer also reported that economic distress among North African Jews had required an expansion of ORT work there. He cited the opening of adult training workshops in Marrakech, Morocco and in Tunis.

Decade of Working Cooperation with J. D. C. Marked; Warburg Honored

Edward M. M. Warburg, chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, received a of a decade of financial agreements and working cooperation between the two agencies. Since 1947, the Joint Distribution Committee has made available \$13,390,000 out of the United Jewish Appeal funds, in support of ORT vocational programs.

Mayor Robert F. Wagner of New York, addressing the convention, criticized the existing immigration laws and urged their revision. Touching on 'he discussion in Washington of American policy in the Middle East, the Mayor expressed the hope that 'la prime principle of this policy will be the inalienable sovereignty of the State of Israel." Other convention speakers included New York Congressman Emanuel Celler and Herbert R. Abeles, president of the Council of Jewish Federations and Welfare Funds.

The convention opened last night with a memorial meeting in honor of Dr. Aron Syngalowski, law chairman of the World ORT Union executive committee, who died in Paris October 7. Adolph Held presided at the memorial meeting. Speakers included Jacob Frumkin, Senator Herbert H. Lehman, Dr. Joseph J. Schwartz, Dr. Hauer and others.

CONVENTION OF U.S MIZRACHISTS APPROVES \$2,700,000 BUDGET FOR 1957

ATANTIC CITY, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- A budget of \$2,700,000 for 1957 was approved here today at the closing session of the four-day convention of the American Zionist Religious Organization. formed at the convention of the merger of the Mizrachi and Poale Mizrachi organizations of America.

The 1,000 delegates to the convention adopted a resolution calling on the West to guarantee the security of Israel as a democratic nation in the Middle East. The convention lauded President Eisenhower's new Middle East plan, but noted that the Arab-Israel problem remains unresolved. It asked the U.S. to bring about direct Arab-Israel peace negotiations.

The delegates expressed concern for the "violation of the human rights, security and freedom cf Egyptian Jews" and urged the U.S. to sponsor in the United Nations a resolution to condemn Egypt for persecution of the Jews. They further called on both the U.S. and the U.N. to repudiate any attempt by Egypt to reestablish her former military position in the Sinai Peninsula and to prevent the return of the Gaza Strip to Egyot.

The convention, at its concluding session today, elected new officers. Rabbi Isaac Stollman of Detroit was named president; Samson Krupnick, president of the Traditional Synagogues of Greater Chicago was elected chairman of the board. Rabbi Bernard Bergman president of the former Poale Mizrachi, and Rabbi Max Kirshblum, president of the Mizrachi were named honorary board chairmen.

larael Minister of Religious Affairs Moshe Shapira told the convention last night that all religious denominations in the State of Israel "enjoy complete freedom." At the same time, the leader of the Israeli Poale Mizrachi movement scored the exclusion of religious Jews from worship at the Walling Wall in the Old City of Jerusalem, now in possession of Jordan.

Calling attention to Israel's difficult problems, Mr. Shapino asserted that "as in the past we in Israel have one great and ever loyal ally, the Jewish people." Emphasizing that the Jewish religion through the ages has been the unifying force for the Jewish people and that any weakening of our religion must weaken the Jewish people, Mr. Shapira declared: "It is therefore essential that there be a religious revival in the Jewish communities of the world for the sake of the Jewish people upon which we in Israel rest and must continue to rest for some time in the future."

The Minister called attention to his nation's constant endeavors to find a peace solution to the problems in the Middle East. He stressed that Israel has "extended a hand in friendship to our Arab neighbors who instead of clasping it have given us one rebuff after another."

LESSING ROSENWALD ARRIVES IN ISRAEL; CONFERS WITH PREMIER BEN GURION

JERUSALEM. Jan 13. 'JTA) -- Lessing Rosenwald, founder and honorary president of the American Council for Judaism, arrived here today and will meet with Premier Da-id Ben Gurion tonight prior to the start of a week-long tour of the country. Dorothy Thompson, who is known for her anti-Israel activities in the United States, is expected to arrive here next month.

Mr. Rosenwald came to Israel on an indirect invitation from Premier Ben Gurion after the latter told a mutual acquaintance that the leader of the anti-Zionist American Council for Judaism should see Israel before criticizing it. Israel Government circles hope that the fisit will show Mr. Rosenwald the positive aspects of the Jewish State.

CHIEF RABBI OF IRELAND RECEIVED BY NEW YORK MAYOR AT CITY HALL

NEW YORK, Jan. 13. [JTA] -- Dr. Immanuel Jakobovits, Chief Rabbi of Ireland, who arrived here last week, was received yesterday by Mayor Robert F. Wagner at City Hall in the presence of Eamon Gallagher, vice-consul of Ireland, and Orthodox Jewish dignitaries. The Mayor was especially interested in details of Jewish life in Ireland outlined for him by the rabbi. There are 5,000 Jews in Ireland, most of them residing in Dublin.

Chief Rabbi Jakobovits, who is 38 years old, was born in Germany and brought to London by his parents in his early youth. Be is a graduate of London University, where he received his doctorate for his works "Medical Ethics in the Talmud." He is also a graduate of a London yeshiva. He will remain in the United States for six weeks.

DR SHOSKES RETURES FROM UNITED HIAS; WAS OVERSEAS REPRESENTATIVE

N YORK, Jan. 13. (JTA) -- Dr. Henry Shoskes has retired from his position as overseas representative of United Hias Service, it was announced today by Murray I. Gurfein, president of the agency. Mr. Gurfein said Dr. Shoskes would be available to United His for consultation.

Dr. Shoskes joined the staff of the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society, a predecessor agrey of United HLAC in 1944 as an overseas representative. In that capacity he visited more than 50 nations throughout the world.